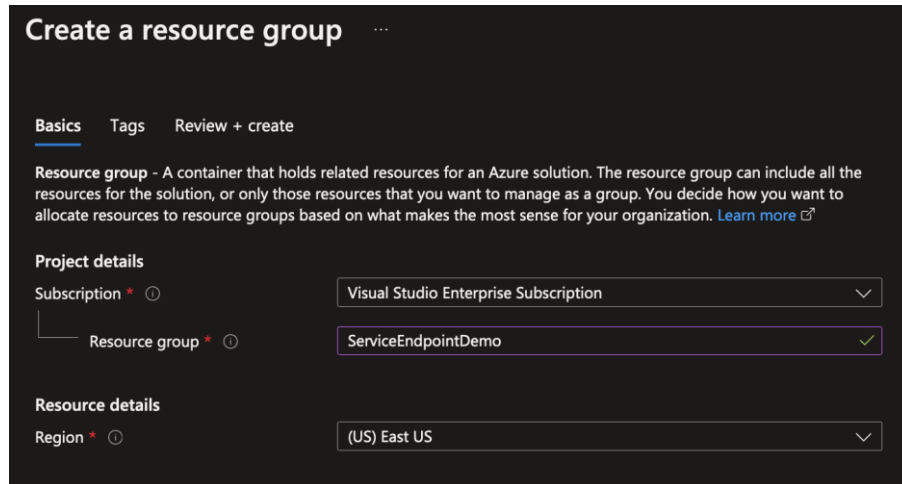


Azure Service Endpoint

Create a new Resource Group:

Login to Azure portal (<https://portal.azure.com/>) and then create a new RG

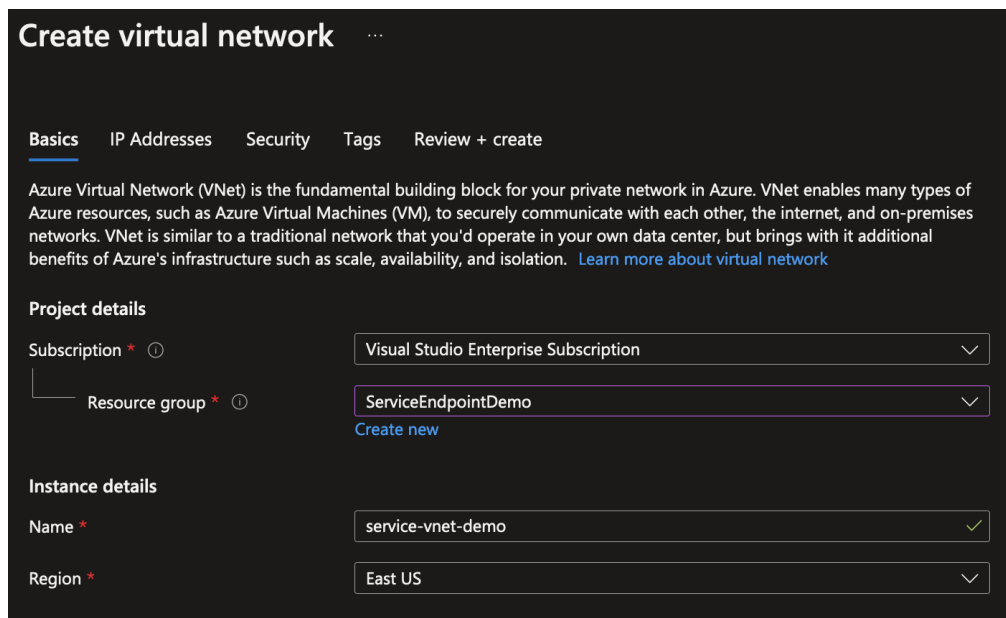


The screenshot shows the 'Create a resource group' page in the Azure portal. The page has a dark theme and a title bar that says 'Create a resource group'. Below the title bar are three tabs: 'Basics', 'Tags', and 'Review + create'. The 'Basics' tab is selected. The page contains a description of a resource group and a form with the following fields:

- Project details**
 - Subscription ***: Visual Studio Enterprise Subscription (dropdown menu)
 - Resource group ***: ServiceEndpointDemo (text input with a green checkmark icon)
- Resource details**
 - Region ***: (US) East US (dropdown menu)

Create a new Virtual Network:

Create a new VNet in the same RG where we have created the new Service Endpoint plan



The screenshot shows the 'Create virtual network' page in the Azure portal. The page has a dark theme and a title bar that says 'Create virtual network'. Below the title bar are five tabs: 'Basics', 'IP Addresses', 'Security', 'Tags', and 'Review + create'. The 'Basics' tab is selected. The page contains a description of Azure Virtual Network (VNet) and a form with the following fields:

- Project details**
 - Subscription ***: Visual Studio Enterprise Subscription (dropdown menu)
 - Resource group ***: ServiceEndpointDemo (dropdown menu with a 'Create new' link below it)
- Instance details**
 - Name ***: service-vnet-demo (text input with a green checkmark icon)
 - Region ***: East US (dropdown menu)


Create 2 Subnet as one for Public and other for Private endpoint.


Create virtual network

Basics **IP Addresses** Security Tags Review + create



The virtual network's address space, specified as one or more address prefixes in CIDR notation (e.g. 192.168.1.0/24).

IPv4 address space



10.3.0.0/16 10.3.0.0 - 10.3.255.255 (65536 addresses) 


☐ Add IPv6 address space 


The subnet's address range in CIDR notation (e.g. 192.168.1.0/24). It must be contained by the address space of the virtual network.


 Add subnet  Remove subnet

<input type="checkbox"/> Subnet name	Subnet address range	NAT gateway
<input type="checkbox"/> Public	10.3.0.0/24	-
<input type="checkbox"/> Private	10.3.1.0/24	-

 Use of a NAT gateway is recommended for outbound internet access from a subnet. You can deploy a NAT gateway and assign it to a subnet after you create the virtual network. [Learn more](#) 

 **Your deployment is complete**

 Deployment name: Microsoft.VirtualNetwork-20220827213418
Subscription: [Visual Studio Enterprise Subscription](#)
Resource group: [ServiceEndpointDemo](#)

Start time: 8/27/2022, 9:36:32 PM
Correlation ID: f8484449-9fd1-4644-a3c4-c37753be4269 

▼ Deployment details

^ Next steps

[Go to resource](#)

Once the Vnet is created, we need to enable the Service Endpoint for the Storage account so that the traffic goes only to the Storage account and not the external Internet.

Private

service-vnet-demo

Name

Private

Subnet address range *

10.3.1.0/24

10.3.1.0 - 10.3.1.255 (251 + 5 Azure reserved addresses)

☐ Add IPv6 address space

NAT gateway

None

Network security group

None

Route table

None

SERVICE ENDPOINTS

Create service endpoint policies to allow traffic to specific azure resources from your virtual network over service endpoints. [Learn more](#)

Services

Microsoft.Storage

sto

☒ Microsoft.Storage

Service endpoint policies

0 selected

SUBNET DELEGATION

Delegate subnet to a service

None

NETWORK POLICY FOR PRIVATE ENDPOINTS

The network policy affects all private endpoints in this subnet. To use network security groups, application security groups, or user defined routes to control traffic going to a private endpoint, set the private endpoint network policy to enabled. [Learn more](#)

Save

Cancel

Create a new Storage Account:

Create a new Storage Account in the same RG where we need to create a Service Endpoint.

Create a storage account ...

Basics Advanced Networking Data protection Encryption Tags Review

Azure Storage is a Microsoft-managed service providing cloud storage that is highly available, secure, durable, scalable, and redundant. Azure Storage includes Azure Blobs (objects), Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2, Azure Files, Azure Queues, and Azure Tables. The cost of your storage account depends on the usage and the options you choose below. [Learn more about Azure storage accounts](#)

Project details

Select the subscription in which to create the new storage account. Choose a new or existing resource group to organize and manage your storage account together with other resources.

Subscription *

Resource group * [Create new](#)

Instance details

If you need to create a legacy storage account type, please click [here](#).

Storage account name ⓘ *


Region ⓘ *

Performance ⓘ * ☒ Standard: Recommended for most scenarios (general-purpose v2 account)
☐ Premium: Recommended for scenarios that require low latency.

Redundancy ⓘ *

✓ Your deployment is complete

Deployment name: servicendpointdemo123_1661622034644
Subscription: [Visual Studio Enterprise Subscription](#)
Resource group: [ServiceEndpointDemo](#)

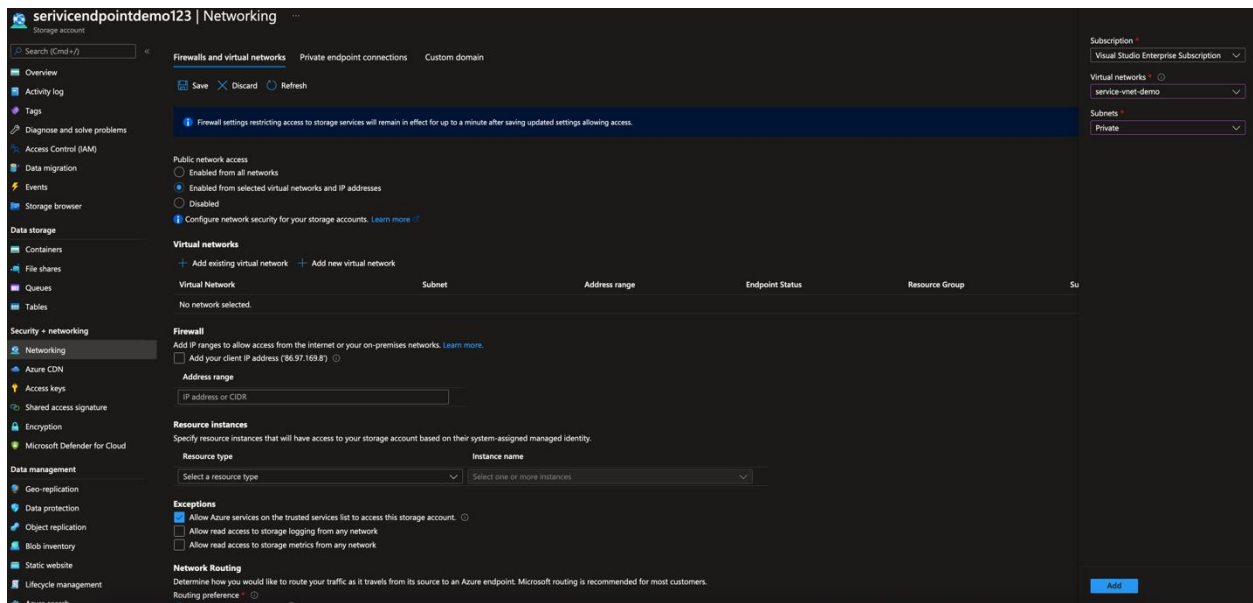
Start time: 8/27/2022, 9:40:47 PM
Correlation ID: 99a07e9e-cac4-4de9-81c2-b543c8bb2f80 

Deployment details

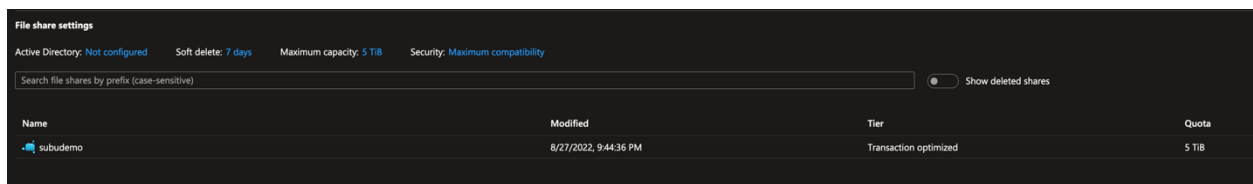
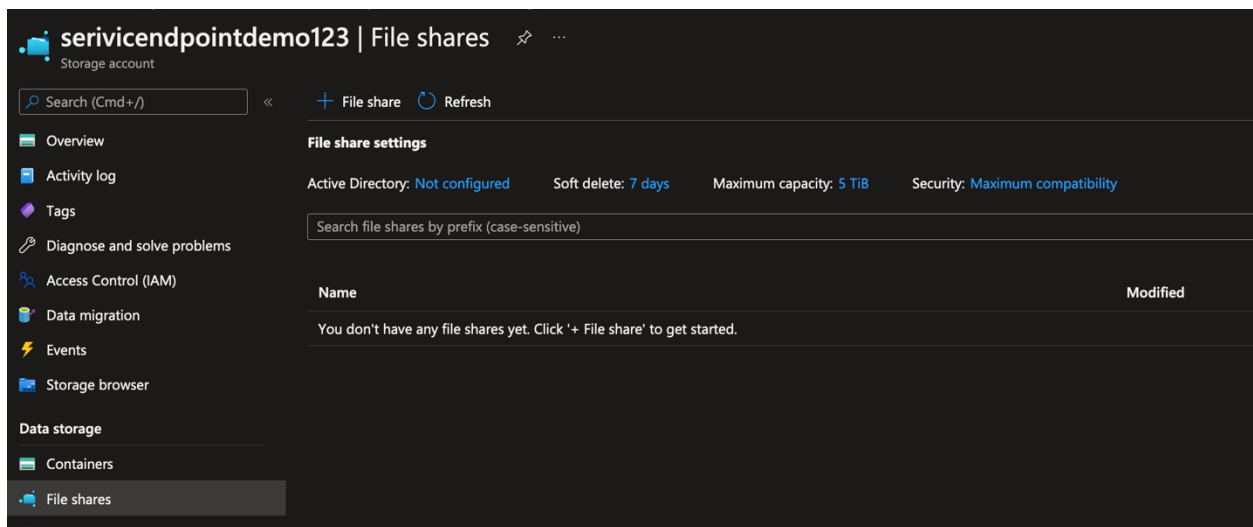
Next steps

[Go to resource](#)

Once the Storage account is created then try to disable the internet traffic and then allow only the subnet where we created the End point.



Next, create a new file share to check if we can access this file share outside in the internet.



Now, take the script from the file server to connect to the file share and then we can see if its allowed or not.



This machine doesn't seem to have access.

This storage account is located in a VNET.

Recent changes to "Firewalls and virtual networks" settings may not be in effect yet. If you expect this machine to be able to connect to the content of this file share, check that this machine is a part of the VNET or try waiting a few minutes for changes in settings to take effect, and then refresh this page.

[Learn more](#)

Summary

Session ID	Resource ID
a8f7ce886d504d84856d403d06a79e06	/subscriptions/117f6288-70b4-4e64-af5f-04c2bf246f38/...
Extension	Content
Microsoft_Azure_FileStorage	FilesGridBladev2
Error code	
403	
Details	
authMode: 1 code: AuthorizationFailure content: <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?> <Error> <Code>AuthorizationFailure</Code> <Message>This request is not authorized to perform this operation. RequestId:96e79fac-a01a-0009-149d-ba977c000000 Time:2022-08-28T05:20:22.8732896Z</Message> </Error> endpoint: 2 message: This request is not authorized to perform this operation. RequestId:96e79fac-a01a-0009-149d- ba977c000000 Time:2022-08-28T05:20:22.8732896Z name: StorageError otherErrors: [] requestId: 96e79fac- a01a-0009-149d-ba977c000000 url: https://servicendpointdemo123.file.core.windows.net /subudemo?restype=directory&comp=list&marker=&maxresults=30&_ =1661664021503&sv=2021-06-08&ss=bqtf& srt=sco&sp=rwdlacuptfxy&se=2022-08-28T13:20:20Z& sig=c9L3cpFM%2FKHzxAnMZHyjVdhKUWynZ8QWThHFEQvFH0%3D xhr: {}	

If you see the error, it clearly says that only the Vnet has access to the Storage account.

Now let's create a new VM and try to access that to the file server.

Create a new VM to test the Service End point:

Create a new VM and add the same VNet and Storage Account to this VM so that we will be able to test the VM accordingly.

Create a virtual machine

for full customization. [Learn more](#)

Project details

Select the subscription to manage deployed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and manage all your resources.

Subscription *

Resource group * [Create new](#)

Instance details

Virtual machine name *

Region *

Availability options

Security type

Image * [See all images](#) | [Configure VM generation](#)

Run with Azure Spot discount ☐

Size * [See all sizes](#)

Administrator account

Username *

Password *

Confirm password *

Create a virtual machine

Basics Disks **Networking** Management Advanced Tags Review + create

Define network connectivity for your virtual machine by configuring network interface card (NIC) settings. You can control ports, inbound and outbound connectivity with security group rules, or place behind an existing load balancing solution. [Learn more](#)

Network interface

When creating a virtual machine, a network interface will be created for you.

Virtual network * [Create new](#)

Subnet * [Manage subnet configuration](#)

Public IP [Create new](#)

NIC network security group ☐ None ☒ Basic ☐ Advanced

Public inbound ports * ☐ None ☒ Allow selected ports

Select inbound ports *

⚠ This will allow all IP addresses to access your virtual machine. This is only recommended for testing. Use the Advanced controls in the Networking tab to create rules to limit inbound traffic to known IP addresses.

Use the same Vnet where we created the Service End Point.

Deployment is in progress

Deployment name: CreateVm-MicrosoftWindowsServer.WindowsS... Start time: 8/28/2022, 9:24:47 AM
Subscription: Visual Studio Enterprise Subscription Correlation ID: 8647a8dc-b8d8-45ae-a530-63645db2de9b

Resource group: ServiceEndpointDemo

Deployment details

Resource	Type	Status	Operation details
serviceendpointde254	Microsoft.Network/networkInterfaces	Created	Operation details
serviceendpointdemovm-nsg	Microsoft.Network/networkSecurityGroups	OK	Operation details
serviceendpointdemovm-ip	Microsoft.Network/publicIpAddresses	OK	Operation details

Your deployment is complete

Deployment name: CreateVm-MicrosoftWindowsServer.WindowsS... Start time: 8/28/2022, 9:24:47 AM
Subscription: Visual Studio Enterprise Subscription Correlation ID: 8647a8dc-b8d8-45ae-a530-63645db2de9b

Resource group: ServiceEndpointDemo

Deployment details

Next steps

Setup auto-shutdown Recommended

Monitor VM health, performance and network dependencies Recommended

Run a script inside the virtual machine Recommended

Go to resource Create another VM

Now connect to the RDP to check the file server using the username and password.

Enter Your User Account

This user account will be used to connect to 20.231.218.186:3389 (remote PC).

Username: adminuser

Password:

☐ Show password

Cancel Continue



You are connecting to the RDP host "20.231.218.186". The certificate couldn't be verified back to a root certificate. Your connection may not be secure. Do you want to continue?



Show Certificate

Cancel

Continue

Connect

subudemo

! 'Secure transfer required' is enabled on the storage account. SMB clients must support 3.0 encryption to connect. Additionally, your storage account is secured to a specific set of supported networks. When firewall rules are configured, only applications requesting data over the specified set of networks can access a storage account. [Click here to learn more about connecting Azure files.](#)

Windows Linux macOS

To connect to this Azure file share from Windows, choose from the following authentication methods and run the PowerShell commands from a normal (not elevated) PowerShell terminal:

Drive letter

Z

Authentication method



Active Directory



Storage account key



Connecting to a share using the storage account key is only appropriate for admin access. Mounting the Azure file share with the Active Directory identity of the user is preferred. [Learn more](#)

Hide Script

```
$connectTestResult = Test-NetConnection -ComputerName
servicendpointdemo123.file.core.windows.net -Port 445
if ($connectTestResult.TcpTestSucceeded) {
    # Save the password so the drive will persist on reboot
    cmd.exe /C "cmdkey /add:"servicendpointdemo123.file.core.windows.net""
    /user:"localhost\servicendpointdemo123" /pass:"dOL0Vd45KAaIJX0ajwG
    /8PZhq1mRVEhUHSHnl/IIAneJWpR70dfXqHSIUplKavEjTNleEaiKbzB+AStmTHT7Q="""
    # Mount the drive
    New-PSDrive -Name Z -PSProvider FileSystem -Root
    "\\servicendpointdemo123.file.core.windows.net\subudemo" -Persist
} else {
    Write-Error -Message "Unable to reach the Azure storage account via port 445.
    Check to make sure your organization or ISP is not blocking port 445, or use Azure P2S
    VPN, Azure S2S VPN, or Express Route to tunnel SMB traffic over a different port."
```

Now in the VM run the PowerShell script to connect the file server since the subnet is on the Vnet created on the subnet which we enabled the service end point.

```
Administrator: Windows PowerShell (x86)
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

Test-NetConnection - 20.150.90.72:445
    Attempting TCP connect
-
    Waiting for response

CMDKEY: Credential added successfully.

Name          Used (GB)  Free (GB) Provider      Root
----          -
Z              0.00      5120.00 FileSystem    \\serVICEndpointdemo123.file.co...

PS C:\Windows\system32>
```

So by this we can understand that the Service End point works only for the Subnet where its active and other areas we cannot do it.