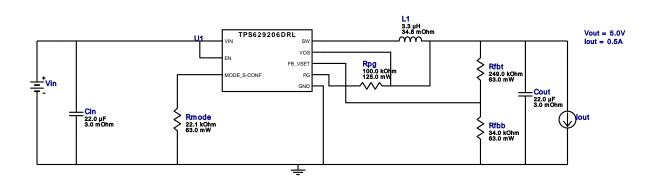


VinMin = 5.5V VinMax = 7.4V Vout = 5.0V Iout = 0.5A Device = TPS629206DRL Topology = Buck Created = 2025-03-05 09:50:59.671 BOM Cost = \$1.19 BOM Count = 8 Total Pd = 0.13W

WEBENCH® Design Report

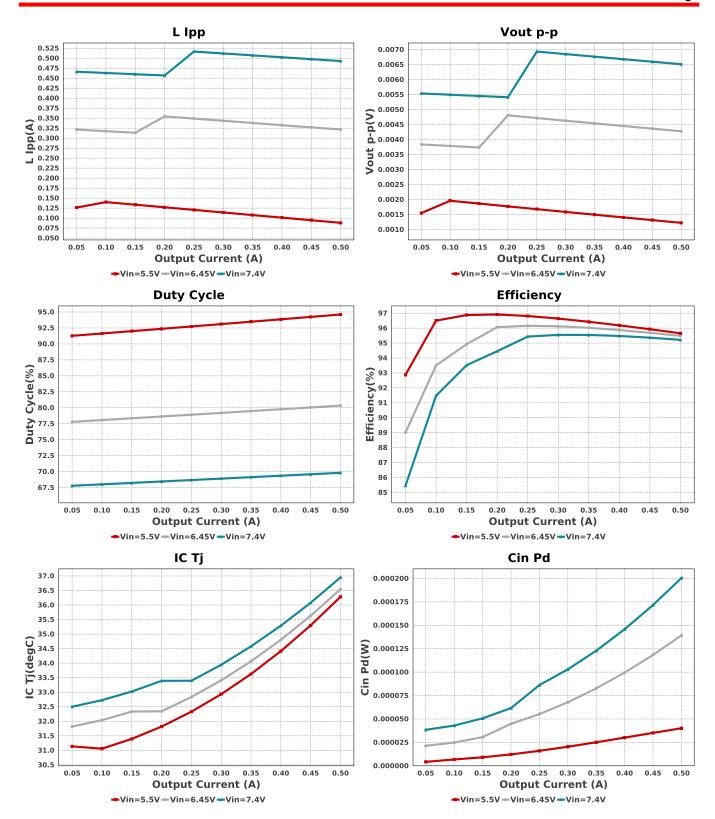
Design: 41 TPS629206DRL TPS629206DRL 5.5V-7.4V to 5.00V @ 0.5A

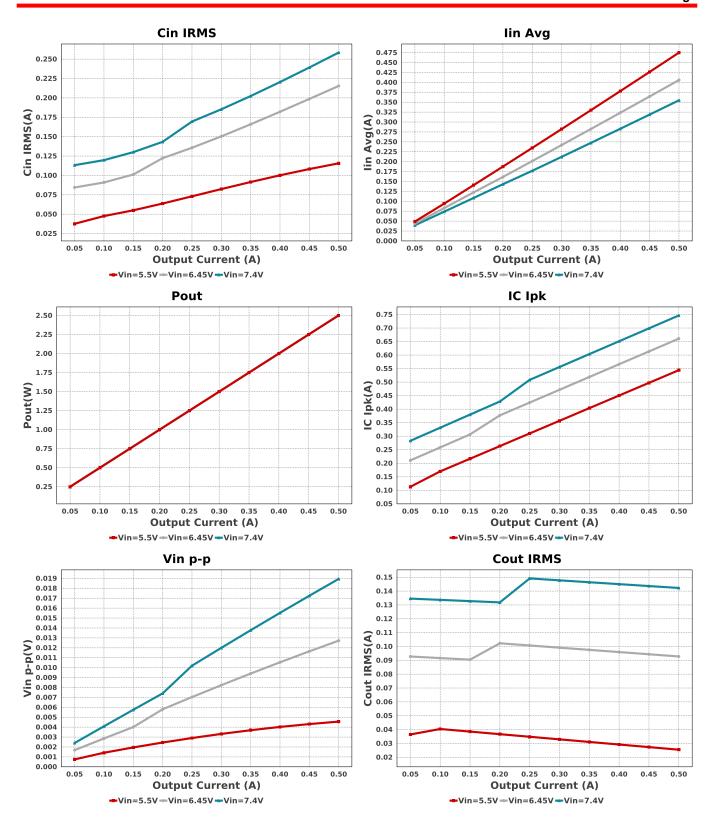


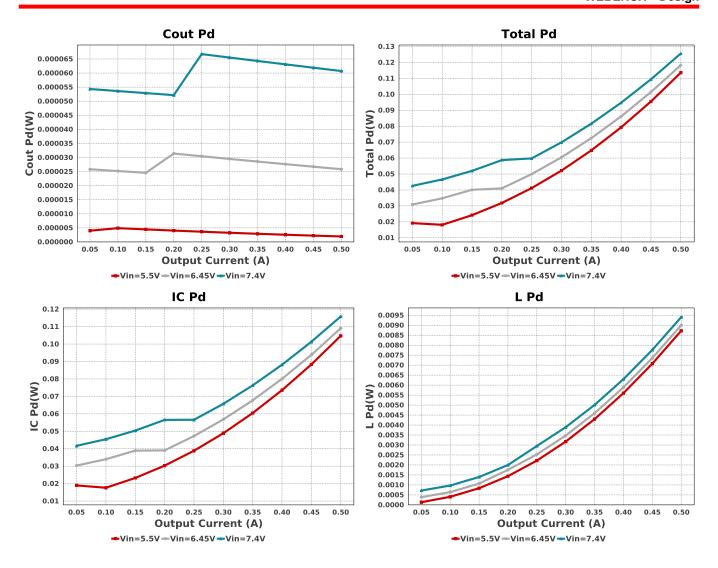
Electrical BOM

Name	Manufacturer	Part Number	Properties	Qty	Price	Footprint
Cin	MuRata	GRM21BR61A226ME44L Series= X5R	Cap= 22.0 uF ESR= 3.0 mOhm VDC= 10.0 V IRMS= 3.84 A	1	\$0.09	0805 7 mm ²
Cout	MuRata	GRM21BR61A226ME44L Series= X5R	Cap= 22.0 uF ESR= 3.0 mOhm VDC= 10.0 V IRMS= 3.84 A	1	\$0.09	0805 7 mm ²
L1	Coilcraft	XFL4020-332MEB	L= 3.3 μH 34.8 mOhm	1	\$0.61	XFL4020 25 mm ²
Rfbb	Vishay-Dale	CRCW040234K0FKED Series= CRCWe3	Res= 34.0 kOhm Power= 63.0 mW Tolerance= 1.0%	1	\$0.01	0402 3 mm ²
Rfbt	Yageo	RC0402FR-07249KL Series= ?	Res= 249.0 kOhm Power= 63.0 mW Tolerance= 1.0%	1	\$0.01	0402 3 mm ²
Rmode	Vishay-Dale	CRCW040222K1FKED Series= CRCWe3	Res= 22.1 kOhm Power= 63.0 mW Tolerance= 1.0%	1	\$0.01	0402 3 mm ²
Rpg	Vishay-Dale	CRCW0805100KFKEA Series= CRCWe3	Res= 100.0 kOhm Power= 125.0 mW Tolerance= 1.0%	1	\$0.01	■ 0805 7 mm²
U1	Texas Instruments	TPS629206DRL	Switcher	1	\$0.36	•

RGT0016C 16 mm²







Operating Values

ralling values			
Name	Value	Category	Description
Cin IRMS	258.482 mA	Capacitor	Input capacitor RMS ripple current
Cin Pd	200.44 μW	Capacitor	Input capacitor power dissipation
Cout IRMS	142.272 mA	Capacitor	Output capacitor RMS ripple current
Cout Pd	60.724 μW	Capacitor	Output capacitor power dissipation
IC lpk	746.422 mA	IC	Peak switch current in IC
IC Pd	115.81 mW	IC	IC power dissipation
IC Tj	36.949 degC	IC	IC junction temperature
ICThetaJA Effective	60.0 degC/W	IC	Effective IC Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance
lin Avg	354.81 mA	IC	Average input current
L lpp	492.84 mA	Inductor	Peak-to-peak inductor ripple current
L Pd	9.404 mW	Inductor	Inductor power dissipation
Cin Pd	200.44 μW	Power	Input capacitor power dissipation
Cout Pd	60.724 μW	Power	Output capacitor power dissipation
IC Pd	115.81 mW	Power	IC power dissipation
L Pd	9.404 mW	Power	Inductor power dissipation
Total Pd	125.582 mW	Power	Total Power Dissipation
BOM Count	8	System	Total Design BOM count
		Information	•
Duty Cycle	69.818 %	System	Duty cycle
• •		Information	, ,
Efficiency	95.217 %	System	Steady state efficiency
•		Information	•
FootPrint	70.0 mm ²	System	Total Foot Print Area of BOM components
		Information	·
Frequency	939.46 kHz	System	Switching frequency
		Information	
lout	500.0 mA	System	lout operating point
		Information	1 01
Mode	CCM	System	Conduction Mode
		Information	
Pout	2.5 W	System	Total output power
		Information	·
	Name Cin IRMS Cin Pd Cout IRMS Cout Pd IC Ipk IC Pd IC Tj ICThetaJA Effective Iin Avg L Ipp L Pd Cin Pd Cout Pd IC Pd IC Pd IC Pd Efficiency FootPrint Frequency Iout Mode	Name Value Cin IRMS 258.482 mA Cin Pd 200.44 μW Cout IRMS 142.272 mA Cout Pd 60.724 μW IC Ipk 746.422 mA IC Pd 115.81 mW IC Tj 36.949 degC ICThetaJA Effective 60.0 degC/W lin Avg 354.81 mA L Ipp 492.84 mA L Pd 9.404 mW Cin Pd 200.44 μW IC Pd 115.81 mW L Pd 9.404 mW Total Pd 125.582 mW BOM Count 8 Duty Cycle 69.818 % Efficiency 95.217 % FootPrint 70.0 mm² Frequency 939.46 kHz lout 500.0 mA Mode CCM	Name Value Category Cin IRMS 258.482 mA Capacitor Cin Pd 200.44 μW Capacitor Cout IRMS 142.272 mA Capacitor Cout Pd 60.724 μW Capacitor IC Ipk 746.422 mA IC IC Pd 115.81 mW IC IC Tj 36.949 degC IC ICThetaJA Effective 60.0 degC/W IC Lin Avg 354.81 mA IC L Ipp 492.84 mA Inductor L Pd 9.404 mW Inductor Cin Pd 200.44 μW Power Cout Pd 60.724 μW Power IC Pd 115.81 mW Power L Pd 9.404 mW Power Total Pd 125.582 mW Power BOM Count 8 System Information Efficiency 95.217 % System Information Frequency 939.46 kHz System Information Information

#	Name	Value	Category	Description
25.	Total BOM	\$1.19	System Information	Total BOM Cost
26.	Vin	7.4 V	System Information	Vin operating point
27.	Vin p-p	18.949 mV	System Information	Peak-to-peak input voltage
28.	Vout	5.0 V	System Information	Operational Output Voltage
29.	Vout Actual	4.994 V	System Information	Vout Actual calculated based on selected voltage divider resistors
30.	Vout Tolerance	2.999 %	System Information	Vout Tolerance based on IC Tolerance (no load) and voltage divider resistors if applicable
31.	Vout p-p	6.514 mV	System Information	Peak-to-peak output ripple voltage

Design Inputs

Name	Value	Description	
lout	500.0 m	Maximum Output Current	
VinMax	7.4	Maximum input voltage	
VinMin	5.5	Minimum input voltage	
Vout	5.0	Output Voltage	
base_pn	TPS629206	Base Product Number	
source	DC	Input Source Type	
Та	30.0	Ambient temperature	

WEBENCH® Assembly

Component Testing

Some published data on components in datasheets such as Capacitor ESR and Inductor DC resistance is based on conservative values that will guarantee that the components always exceed the specification. For design purposes it is usually better to work with typical values. Since this data is not always available it is a good practice to measure the Capacitance and ESR values of Cin and Cout, and the inductance and DC resistance of L1 before assembly of the board. Any large discrepancies in values should be electrically simulated in WEBENCH to check for instabilities and thermally simulated in WebTHERM to make sure critical temperatures are not exceeded.

Soldering Component to Board

If board assembly is done in house it is best to tack down one terminal of a component on the board then solder the other terminal. For surface mount parts with large tabs, such as the DPAK, the tab on the back of the package should be pre-tinned with solder, then tacked into place by one of the pins. To solder the tab town to the board place the iron down on the board while resting against the tab, heating both surfaces simultaneously. Apply light pressure to the top of the plastic case until the solder flows around the part and the part is flush with the PCB. If the solder is not flowing around the board you may need a higher wattage iron (generally 25W to 30W is enough).

Initial Startup of Circuit

It is best to initially power up the board by setting the input supply voltage to the lowest operating input voltage 5.5V and set the input supply's current limit to zero. With the input supply off connect up the input supply to Vin and GND. Connect a digital volt meter and a load if needed to set the minimum lout of the design from Vout and GND. Turn on the input supply and slowly turn up the current limit on the input supply. If the voltage starts to rise on the input supply continue increasing the input supply current limit while watching the output voltage. If the current increases on the input supply, but the voltage remains near zero, then there may be a short or a component misplaced on the board. Power down the board and visually inspect for solder bridges and recheck the diode and capacitor polarities. Once the power supply circuit is operational then more extensive testing may include full load testing, transient load and line tests to compare with simulation results.

Load Testing

The setup is the same as the initial startup, except that an additional digital voltmeter is connected between Vin and GND, a load is connected between Vout and GND and a current meter is connected in series between Vout and the load. The load must be able to handle at least rated output power + 50% (7.5 watts for this design). Ideally the load is supplied in the form of a variable load test unit. It can also be done in the form of suitably large power resistors. When using an oscilloscope to measure waveforms on the prototype board, the ground leads of the oscilloscope probes should be as short as possible and the area of the loop formed by the ground lead should be kept to a minimum. This will help reduce ground lead inductance and eliminate EMI noise that is not actually present in the circuit.



Design Assistance

- 1. Master key: 27AFC3A06A218B6F8EA41ED3B4C0DDB7[v1]
- 2. TPS629206 Product Folder: http://www.ti.com/product/TPS629206: contains the data sheet and other resources.

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