

Running sum

Running Sum of 1D Array

Given an array `nums`. We define a running sum of an array as `runningSum[i] = sum(nums[0]...nums[i])`.

Return the running sum of `nums`.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [1,2,3,4]` Output: `[1,3,6,10]` Explanation: Running sum is obtained as follows: `[1, 1+2, 1+2+3, 1+2+3+4]`.

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [1,1,1,1,1]` Output: `[1,2,3,4,5]` Explanation: Running sum is obtained as follows: `[1, 1+1, 1+1+1, 1+1+1+1, 1+1+1+1+1]`.

Example 3:

Input: `nums = [3,1,2,10,1]` Output: `[3,4,6,16,17]`

Constraints:

$1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 1000$ $-10^6 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10^6$

```
In [1]: # Example 1...
num = [1,2,3,4]
def runningSum(num):
    result = []
    x = 0

    for z in num:
        x += z
        result.append(x)
    print(result)

runningSum(num)
```

```
[1, 3, 6, 10]
```

```
In [2]: # Example 2...
numbers = [1,1,1,1,1]
def runningsum(numbers):
    result = []
    p = 0

    for nums in numbers:
        p += nums
        result.append(p)
    print(result)

runningsum(numbers)
```

```
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```

```
In [3]: # Example 3...
nums = [3,1,2,10,1]

def RunningSum(nums):
    result = []
    a = 0

    for c in nums:
        a += c
        result.append(a)

    print(result)

RunningSum(nums)
```

```
[3, 4, 6, 16, 17]
```

Suffle the array

Given the array nums consisting of $2n$ elements in the form $[x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n, y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n]$.

Return the array in the form $[x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2, \dots, x_n, y_n]$.

Example 1:

Input: nums = [2,5,1,3,4,7], $n = 3$ Output: [2,3,5,4,1,7] Explanation: Since $x_1=2$, $x_2=5$, $x_3=1$, $y_1=3$, $y_2=4$, $y_3=7$ then the answer is [2,3,5,4,1,7].

Example 2:

Input: nums = [1,2,3,4,4,3,2,1], $n = 4$ Output: [1,4,2,3,3,2,4,1]

Example 3:

Input: nums = [1,1,2,2], $n = 2$ Output: [1,2,1,2]

Constraints:

1 <= n <= 500 nums.length == 2n 1 <= nums[i] <= 10^3

```
In [4]: # Example 1:

nums = [2,5,1,3,4,7]
n = 3

ans = []
for i in range(n):
    ans.append(nums[i])
    ans.append(nums[i+n])

print(ans)
```

[2, 3, 5, 4, 1, 7]

```
In [5]: # Example 2...

nums = [1,2,3,4,4,3,2,1]
n = 4

ans = []
for i in range(n):
    ans.append(nums[i])
    ans.append(nums[i+n])

print(ans)
```

[1, 4, 2, 3, 3, 2, 4, 1]

```
In [6]: # Example 3...

nums = [1,1,2,2]
n = 2

result = []
for i in range(n):
    result.append(nums[i])
    result.append(nums[i+n])

print(result)
```

[1, 2, 1, 2]

Kids With the Greatest Number of Candies

Example 1:

Input: candies = [2,3,5,1,3], extraCandies = 3 Output: [true,true,true,false,true] Explanation: If you give all extraCandies to:

- Kid 1, they will have 2 + 3 = 5 candies, which is the greatest among the kids.

- Kid 2, they will have $3 + 3 = 6$ candies, which is the greatest among the kids.
- Kid 3, they will have $5 + 3 = 8$ candies, which is the greatest among the kids.
- Kid 4, they will have $1 + 3 = 4$ candies, which is not the greatest among the kids.
- Kid 5, they will have $3 + 3 = 6$ candies, which is the greatest among the kids.

Example 2:

Input: candies = [4,2,1,1,2], extraCandies = 1 Output: [true,false,false,false,false] Explanation: There is only 1 extra candy. Kid 1 will always have the greatest number of candies, even if a different kid is given the extra candy.

Example 3:

Input: candies = [12,1,12], extraCandies = 10 Output: [true,false,true]

Constraints:

$n == \text{candies.length}$ $2 \leq n \leq 100$ $1 \leq \text{candies}[i] \leq 100$ $1 \leq \text{extraCandies} \leq 50$

In [7]: *# Example 1...*

```
candies = [2,3,5,1,3]
extraCandies = 3

result = []
maximum_candies = max(candies)

for i in range(len(candies)):
    if candies[i] + extraCandies >= maximum_candies:
        result.append(True)
    else:
        result.append(False)

print(result)
```

[True, True, True, False, True]

In [8]: *# Example 2...*

```
candies = [4,2,1,1,2]
extraCandies = 1

result = []
maximum_candies = max(candies)

for i in range(len(candies)):
    if candies[i] + extraCandies >= maximum_candies:
        result.append(True)
    else:
        result.append(False)

print(result)
```

[True, False, False, False, False]

In [9]: *# Example 3...*

```
candies = [12,1,12]
extraCandies = 10

result = []
maximum_candies = max(candies)

for i in range(len(candies)):
    if candies[i] + extraCandies >= maximum_candies:
        result.append(True)
    else:
        result.append(False)

print(result)
```

[True, False, True]