The Spark Foundation Internship

Author: Deepak

Task - 1: Predict the percentage of an student based on the no. of study hours.

Prediction using Supervised Machine Learning

STEP - 1: IMPORTING REQUIRED LIBRARIES

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
   import numpy as np
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   %matplotlib inline
```

STEP - 2: READING DATA

```
In [2]: url = "http://bit.ly/w-data"
data = pd.read_csv(url)
```

In [3]: data

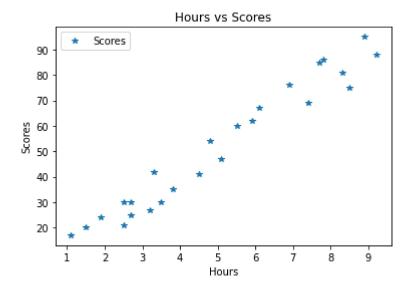
Out[3]:

	Hours	Scores
0	2.5	21
1	5.1	47
2	3.2	27
3	8.5	75
4	3.5	30
5	1.5	20
6	9.2	88
7	5.5	60
8	8.3	81
9	2.7	25
10	7.7	85
11	5.9	62
12	4.5	41
13	3.3	42
14	1.1	17
15	8.9	95
16	2.5	30
17	1.9	24
18	6.1	67
19	7.4	69
20	2.7	30
21	4.8	54
22	3.8	35
23	6.9	76
24	7.8	86

```
In [4]: | data.head()
Out[4]:
            Hours Scores
               2.5
          0
                       21
               5.1
                       47
          1
          2
               3.2
                       27
          3
               8.5
                       75
               3.5
                       30
         #getting shape of data
In [5]:
         data.shape
Out[5]: (25, 2)
In [6]: |data.describe()
Out[6]:
                   Hours
                            Scores
          count 25.000000
                         25.000000
          mean
                 5.012000 51.480000
                 2.525094 25.286887
            std
                 1.100000 17.000000
           min
           25%
                 2.700000 30.000000
           50%
                 4.800000 47.000000
           75%
                 7.400000 75.000000
                 9.200000 95.000000
           max
In [7]:
         #getting info about data
         data.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 25 entries, 0 to 24
         Data columns (total 2 columns):
              Column Non-Null Count Dtype
          #
          0
              Hours
                       25 non-null
                                        float64
              Scores 25 non-null
                                        int64
         dtypes: float64(1), int64(1)
         memory usage: 528.0 bytes
In [8]: |data.isnull().sum()
Out[8]: Hours
                    0
         Scores
                    0
         dtype: int64
```

STEP - 3: PLOTTING THE GIVEN DATA

```
In [9]: data.plot(x = 'Hours', y = 'Scores', style = '*')
    plt.title("Hours vs Scores")
    plt.xlabel("Hours")
    plt.ylabel("Scores")
    plt.show()
```



```
In [10]: # using iloc function we will divide the data
X = data.iloc[:, :-1].values #for hours
y = data.iloc[:, 1].values #for scores
```

STEP - 4: SPLITTING THE DATA FOR TRAINING AND TESTING

```
In [11]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,test_size=0.2,random_standard)
```

STEP - 5: TRAINING THE MODEL

```
In [12]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
model = LinearRegression()
model.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

Out[12]: LinearRegression()

STEP - 6: PREDICTING THE TEST SCORES

```
In [13]: y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
In [14]: y_pred
Out[14]: array([16.88414476, 33.73226078, 75.357018 , 26.79480124, 60.49103328])
```

```
In [15]: df = pd.DataFrame({"Actual Score":y_test,"Predicted Score":y_pred})
df
```

Out[15]:		Actual Score	Predicted Score
	0	20	16.884145
	1	27	33.732261
	2	69	75.357018

30 62

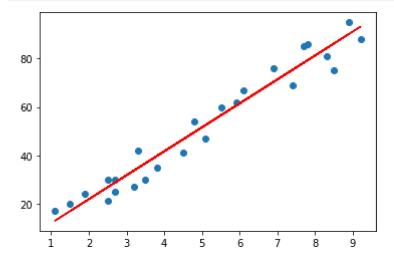
3

STEP 7 - VISUALIZING THE MODEL

26.794801

60.491033

```
In [16]: line = model.coef_*X + model.intercept_
plt.scatter(X, y)
plt.plot(X, line,color = "r")
plt.show()
```



STEP - 8: PREDICTING THE VALUE FOR THE GIVEN HOURS

```
In [17]: hours = 9.25
  res = model.predict([[hours]])
  print(f"The number of hours is {hours}")
  print(f"The predicted value is {res[0]}")
```

The number of hours is 9.25
The predicted value is 93.69173248737538

STEP - 9: EVALUATING THE MODEL

```
In [18]: from sklearn import metrics
print('Mean Absolute Error:', metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred))
```

Mean Absolute Error: 4.183859899002975

THANK YOU