

## CS60073: Advanced Machine Learning

### Class Test II

Time: 1 hrs, Marks: 20 (10+10)

Solve the problem neatly on paper. Write your Name and Roll number clearly on top of the paper. Take photograph of the paper(s) and convert to a SINGLE pdf file. Upload the file in MS Teams.

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1. In a course the probability that a student gets a grade “A” is  $P(A) = \frac{1}{2}$ , a “B” grade is  $P(B) = \mu$ , a grade “C” is  $P(C) = 2\mu$ , and a grade “D” is  $P(D) = \frac{1}{2} - 3\mu$ . We are told that  $c$  students get “C” and  $d$  students get “D”. We do not know how many students got exactly an “A” or exactly a “B”. But we do know that  $h$  students got either “A” or “B”, i.e.,  $a + b = h$ . Our goal is to use the Expectation Maximization algorithm to obtain an estimate of  $\mu$ . Derive the E-Step and the M-Step. Show your work.

2. Suppose that  $p(\mathbf{x})$  is some fixed distribution and that we wish to approximate it using a Gaussian distribution  $q(\mathbf{x}) = \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{x}|\boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma})$ . By writing down the form of the KL divergence  $\text{KL}(p \parallel q)$ , show that minimization of the KL divergence with respect to  $\boldsymbol{\mu}$  and  $\boldsymbol{\Sigma}$  leads to the result that  $\boldsymbol{\mu}$  is given by the expectation of  $\mathbf{x}$  under  $p(\mathbf{x})$  and that  $\boldsymbol{\Sigma}$  is given by its covariance.