1 6 C 17 11 Introduction to Computer Science Sheet # 5 5.1 b=5 and n=4 a) = 00001  $-1 = a_i = (b-1) - a_i$  $a_3 = (5-1) - 0$  = 492 = C5 - 11 - 0 $a_1 = (5-1) - 0$  = 4 $a_0 = (5-1) - 2$  = 3··· (-1) = 4443 + 1 (8) = (0013) $q_1 = (b - 1) - q_1$ (-8) = 4431+1 93=(5-1)-0=4 = 4432 92= (5-1) -0=4 az=(5-1)-1=3 qu (5-1)-3=1

4432 4 431 93 = (51-1)-1 4 92=(5-1)-4 = (5-1) -3 a0=C5-1)-2 0013 (b-1) complement b complement, : onvorting .- OOLY to box J -(0x: 1x5 + 4x50) -(0x: 1x5 + 4x50) However the sign will be negative to

5.2. a) -273.15 First as the sign is negative the Airst bit will be 1. Now we convort 273 into deci binary. 01273 -01 136-20 (100010001)2 is 273 in binary. Now lets convert(Q.15) in binois O.15 x2 = 0.3 -) 0 0.3 x 2 = 0.6 -> 0 0.6x2=1-2-21 0.2 ×2 =0.4 -) 0 0.412 = 0.8 -20 0.8×2=1.6 ->1

0.6 #2 = 1.2 -71 0.2 ×2 = 0.4 70 0.4x2 = 0.8 70 0.8+2=1.6 21 This is a never ending sequence therefore. Now 273.15 is (10,0010001,001001/10011001 1.00010001001 X X 28 # As it is botwoon -126 to +127 bine add 127 fo it theresove 8+127 = 135 : (135) = (10000111)

Now we know. Sign is 1 Exponent 10060111 Mantiss a 00010001001 1 10000111 00010001001001100110011 00010001001001100011 X 28 = 100010001.001001100110011 Converting only the decimal part, . 061001100110011 =1x(21+1+1+1+1+1+21+21) =1x(21+1+1+1+1+21+21) =1x(21+21+21) - 4015 32768 =0.149993