File System Management

COP-5614 Operating System Group 9:

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Contributions

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Md Abdullah Al Mamun	<pre>Bitmap and File name checking bitmap_init() bitmap_first_unused() bitmap_reset() illegal_file_name()</pre>

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Vitalii Stebliankin	<pre>Remove File Unlink() Dir Unlink() remove_file_or_directory() remove_inode()</pre>						
Md Shahadat Iqbal	<pre>Read/Write • File_Read() • File_Write() • File_Seek() • Dir_Read() • Dir_Size()</pre>						

Bitmap Initialization

- Set all '0'
 - memset()
- Set first nbits '1'

```
Buffer = 0

1 (OR)

1 (nbits)
```

Features

- If nbits is zero
- No further checking

```
static void bitmap init(int start, int num, int nbits){
  int bit, byte, sector;
 //initializing 0 in bitmap of every sector
  int flag1 = 1;
  sector = 0;
 while(sector < num){</pre>
   char buffer bitmap[SECTOR SIZE];
                                                 // bitma
   memset(buffer_bitmap, 0, SECTOR_SIZE);
                                                  // fill
    for (byte = 0; byte < SECTOR SIZE; byte++){ // loop
      if(!flag1) {
      break;
        for (bit = 7; bit >= 0; bit--){
                                                   // loo
        if (nbits-- > 0){
                                                  // chekc
          buffer_bitmap[byte] |= (1 << bit);</pre>
        else{
          flag1 = 0;
          break;
                         // set 1 for first nhits (hitwi
      }
    //update on the disk
   Disk_Write(start+sector, buffer_bitmap);
    sector++;
```

Find First Unused

Bitwise AND

```
Buffer= 0

1 (AND)

0
```

• Flip "0" to "1", return loc

```
Buffer = 0

1 (OR)

1
```

Features

- If id > nbits
- No further checking

```
static int bitmap first unused(int start, int num, int nbits){
 int id = 0; //starting index is zero by default
 char check bit empty;
 char buffer_bitmap[SECTOR_SIZE];
 int bit, byte, sector;
 // checking every sectors to find the first unused memory
  sector = 0;
 while(sector < num){
                                                // looping eac
   Disk Read(start+sector, buffer bitmap);
                                                // pull curren
   for (byte = 0; byte < SECTOR_SIZE; byte++){ // looping each
     for (bit = 7; bit >= 0; bit—){
                                             // looping eve
       check_bit_empty = (buffer_bitmap[byte] >> bit) & 1; //
        if (check_bit_empty == 0){
                                                // if used bit
          buffer bitmap[byte] |= 1 << bit;</pre>
         Disk_Write(start+sector, buffer_bitmap); // update t
          return id;
                                                   // return i
        if (id > nbits){
                                // return -1 if the index exten
          return -1;
                                // increament index by 1
   sector++;
                                                // return -1 i
  return -1;
```

Bitmap Reset

Pulling current bitmap

- Set ibit to "0"
 - Bitwise AND

```
static int bitmap_reset(int start, int num, int ibit) {
   char buffer_bitmap[SECTOR_SIZE];
   int bit, byte, sector;
   // loop through each sector in bitmap
   sector = 0;
   while(sector < num){</pre>
    Disk Read(start+sector, buffer bitmap);
    for (byte = 0; byte < SECTOR_SIZE; byte++){ // che
      for(bit = 7; bit >= 0; bit--){
        if(!ibit){
                                               // ond
          // Let
          Disk_Write(start+sector, buffer_bitmap);
          return 0;
        ibit--;
     sector++;
   return -1;
```

Illegal filename

Valid characters

- letters
- o dots, dashes, and underscore
- numbers

Length

o MAX_NAME-1

```
static int illegal_filename(char* name) {
   int i;
   char end[] = "-_.";

   //checking character by character
   for(i = 0; i < strlen(name); i++){
      if(!isdigit(name[i]) && !isalpha(name[i]) && !strchr(end, name[i])){
            printf("Illegal character found! %c\n", name[i]);
            return 1;
      }

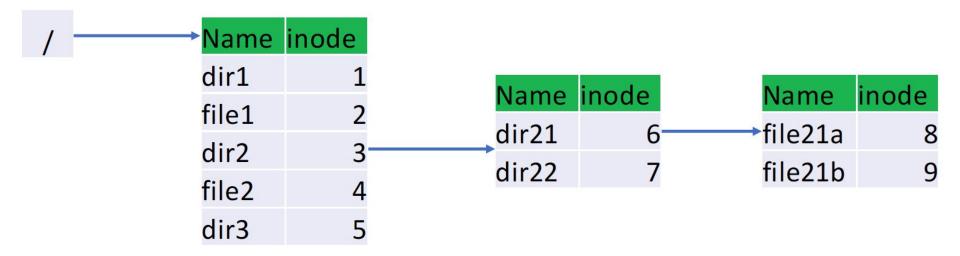
   //checking length
   if(strlen(name) >= MAX_NAME-1){
      printf("Bad Length\n");
      return 1;
   }

   //return false otherwise
   return 0;
}
```

Demo: Bitmap

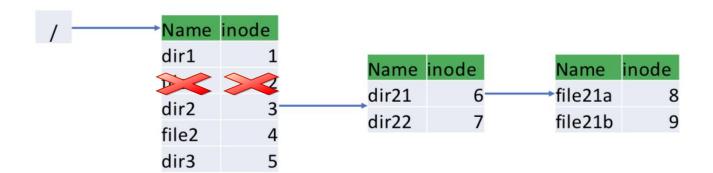
- 1. Simple test
 - a. Create file/directory
 - b. Remove or unlink file/directory
- 2. Customized test: 5 directories and 4 files

A. Initial inode structure

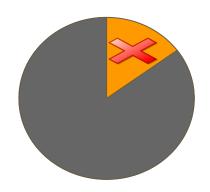


Remove File or Directory

Remove iNode from the disk and update parent iNode



 Remove the content of file from the disk



Update bitmaps

iNode bitmap

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1 <		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0

Disk Sector bitmap

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	1	1	1	1	X	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0
	-	-	-	-	0		-	-				-	

remove_inode() - Part 1

 Load iNode from the disk

Check for errors

 Remove content from the disk

```
int remove_inode(int type, int parent_inode, int child_inode)
 // This function is a modification to add_inode() that removes child inode
 // Load Child iNode from the disk
  // load the disk sector containing the child inode
  int inode_sector = INODE_TABLE_START_SECTOR+child_inode/INODES_PER_SECTOR;
  char inode_buffer[SECTOR_SIZE];
  if(Disk Read(inode sector, inode buffer) < 0){
   dprintf("Error: can't read inode from disk sector");
  //dprintf("%s\n", inode_buffer);
  dprintf("... load inode table for child inode from disk sector %d\n", inode_sector);
  // get the child inode
  int inode_start_entry = (inode_sector-INODE_TABLE_START_SECTOR)*INODES_PER_SECTOR;
  int offset = child inode-inode start entry;
  assert(0 <= offset && offset < INODES_PER_SECTOR);</pre>
  inode_t* child = (inode_t*)(inode_buffer+offset*sizeof(inode_t));
  // Check for errors
  // Check if the type is right
  if(child->type != type){
   dprintf("Error: the actual type of inode doesn't match with parameter specified in function remove_inode()");
   return -3;
  //Check if directory is not empty
  if(child->type==1 && child->size!=0){
    dprintf("Error: directory is not empty");
   osErrno = E_DIR_NOT_EMPTY;
   return -2;
  // Remove the file content from the disk
  char buf sector[SECTOR SIZE];
  int sector_address;
  if(child->size>0){
    dprintf("%s\n", "... Removing file data from the disk");
    for(int i; i<MAX_SECTORS_PER_FILE; i++){</pre>
     sector address = child->data[i];
      if(sector address>0){
        //remove from sector
        if(Disk_Read(sector_address, buf_sector)<0) return -1; //try to read the sector
        memset(buf_sector, 0, SECTOR_SIZE);//set buffer to 0
       Disk_Write(sector_address, buf_sector); //write 0s to the sector
       bitmap reset(SECTOR BITMAP START SECTOR, SECTOR BITMAP SECTORS, sector address);//reset bitmap for the current secto
 } else{
   dprintf("%s\n", "... The directory/file is empty");
```

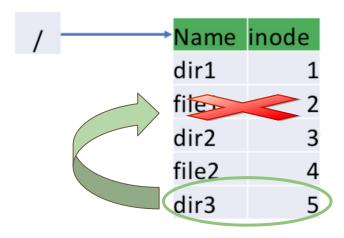
remove_inode() - Part 2

- Remove iNode from the disk
- Reset iNode bitmap
- Read parent iNode to the disk

```
302
         // Remove iNode from the disk sector
303
         dprintf("%s\n", "... Removing inode from the disk");
304
         memset(child, 0, sizeof(inode_t)); //Delete child inodes from memory
         // memset(inode_buffer, 0, SECTOR_SIZE);
307
         if(Disk_Write(inode_sector, inode_buffer)<0) return -1;
308
309
310
311
        bitmap reset(INODE BITMAP START SECTOR, INODE BITMAP SECTORS, child inode); //reset i-node bitmap
312
        // Remove link from parent inode to child inode
313
314
        // Read the parent iNode from the disk
315
316
317
         inode_sector = INODE_TABLE_START_SECTOR+parent_inode/INODES_PER_SECTOR;
318
        if(Disk_Read(inode_sector, inode_buffer) < 0) return -1;</pre>
319
        dprintf("... load inode table for parent inode %d from disk sector %d\n".
320
         parent_inode, inode_sector);
321
322
         // get the parent inode
323
         inode_start_entry = (inode_sector-INODE_TABLE_START_SECTOR)*INODES_PER_SECTOR;
324
        offset = parent inode-inode start entry;
325
        assert(0 <= offset && offset < INODES_PER_SECTOR);</pre>
326
         inode_t* parent = (inode_t*)(inode_buffer+offset*sizeof(inode_t));
327
         dprintf("... get parent inode %d (size=%d, type=%d)\n",
328
         parent_inode, parent->size, parent->type);
329
330
         // Check if parent iNode is a directory
331
332
         if(parent->type != 1){
333
          dprintf("... error: parent inode is not directory\n");
334
           return -2;
335
```

remove_inode() - Part 3

 Update parent iNode



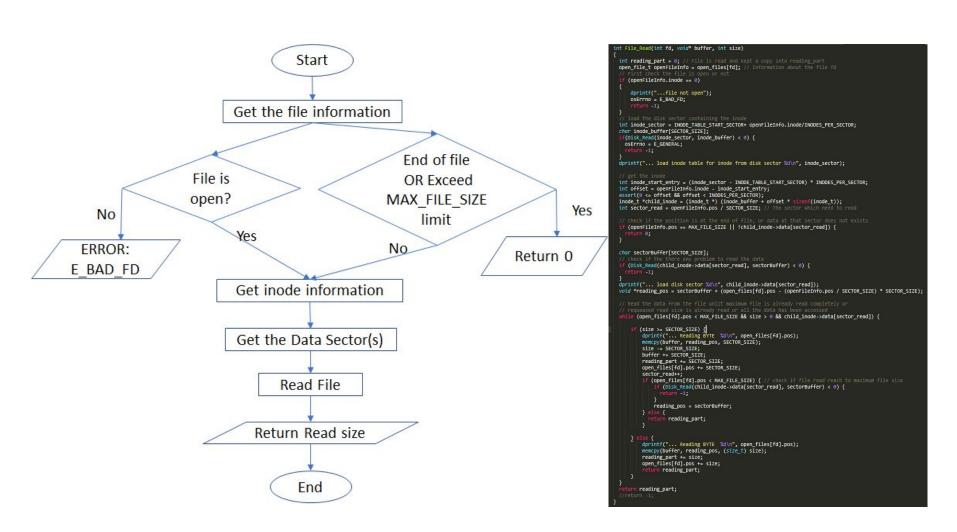
```
337
        // Update parent iNode and dirent table
338
339
        int nentries = parent->size; // remaining number of directory entries
340
         int idx = 0;
341
         int found_flag=0;
342
         while(nentries > 0) {
343
          char dirent_buffer[SECTOR_SIZE]; // cached content of directory entries
          if(Disk_Read(parent->data[idx], dirent_buffer) < 0) return -2;
344
345
          for(int i=0; i<DIRENTS PER SECTOR; i++) {
346
          if(i>nentries) break;
347
          dirent_t* tmp_dirent = (dirent_t*)(dirent_buffer +i*sizeof(dirent_t));
348
349
          if(tmp dirent->inode==child inode){//dirent found
350
                 dprintf("... Corresponding dirent found\n");
                char dirent_buffer2[SECTOR_SIZE];
351
352
353
                int group = parent->size/DIRENTS PER SECTOR;
354
                if(Disk_Read(parent->data[group], dirent_buffer2) < 0) return -2;
355
                int start_entry = group*DIRENTS_PER_SECTOR;
356
                offset = parent->size-start entry;
357
                dirent_t* tmp_dirent1 = (dirent_t*)(dirent_buffer2+offset*sizeof(dirent_t));
358
359
                 strncpy(tmp dirent->fname, tmp dirent1->fname, MAX NAME);
360
                 tmp dirent->inode = tmp dirent1->inode;
361
                memset(tmp_dirent1, 0, sizeof(dirent_t));
362
                parent->size--;
363
                 if(Disk_Write(inode_sector, inode_buffer)<0) return -1;//update parent inode
364
                if(Disk_Write(parent->data[group], dirent_buffer2)) return -1;//update dirent
365
                 if(Disk_Write(parent->data[idx], dirent_buffer)) return -1;//update dirent
366
                found flag=1;
367
368
369
          idx++; nentries -= DIRENTS PER SECTOR;
370
371
        if(found_flag==1) return 0;
372
373
        dprintf("... could not find dirent\n");
374
         return -1: // not found
375
```

Read/Write

- 1. File_Read()
- 2. File_Write()
- 3. File_Seek()
- 4. Dir_Read()
- 5. Dir_Size()

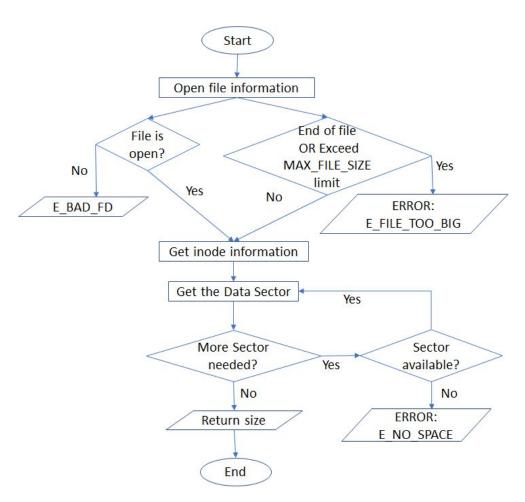
File Read

int File_Read(int fd, void* buffer, int size)



File Write

int File_Write(int fd, void* buffer, int size)



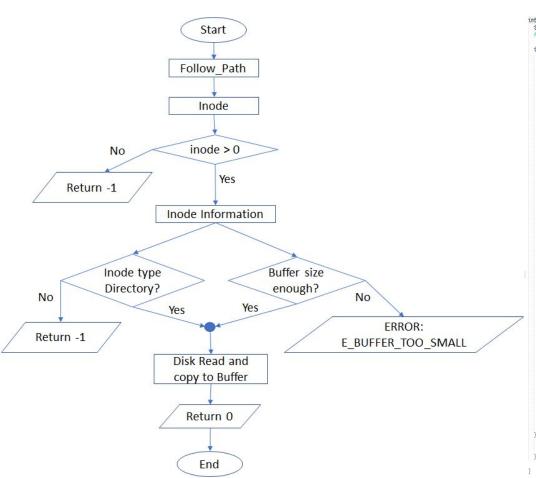
```
nt File_Write(int fd, void* buffer, int size)
int remaining_writing = size;
open_file_t openFileInfo = open_files[fd];
    (gpenFileInfo.inode == 0) {
    dprintf("... file not open");
    oSErrno = E_BAD_FD; // if not open set the osError to E_BAD_FD
    ((openFileInfo.size + Size) > MAX_FILE_SIZE) {
    dprintf("... file is too big.");
    oscrno = E_FILE_TOO_BIG;
// load the disk sector containing the inode
int inode_sector = INODE_TABLE_START_SECTOR+ openFileInfo.inode/INODES_PER_SECTOR;
char inode_buffer[SECTOR_SIZE];
if(Disk_Read(inode_sector, inode_buffer) < 0) {</pre>
   OSETTHO = E_GENERAL;
dprintf("... load inode table for inode from disk sector %d\n", inode_sector);
int inode_start_entry = (inode_sector - INODE_TABLE_START_SECTOR) * INODES_PER_SECTOR;
int offset = openFileInfo.inode - inode_start_entry;
assert(0 <= offset && offset < INODES_PER_SECTOR);
inode_t *fileInode = (inode_t *) (inode_buffer + offset * sizeof(inode_t));</pre>
int sectors_need = (size / SECTOR_SIZE) + 1; // number of sectors needed to write the buffer
     start the process of writting
(int i = 0; i < sectors_need; i++) {
    char sector[SecToR_SIZE];
    int sector_ID = bitmap_first_unused(SECTOR_BITMAP_START_SECTOR, SECTOR_BITMAP_SECTORS, SECTOR_BITMAP_SIZE);
}</pre>
       // Creek if there is any sector left for writing
// Creek if there is any sector left for writing
// Creek if Creek if O (*)
// OSETINO = E_NO_SPACE;
// Opinite(INODE_TABLE_START_SECTOR + (openFileInfo.inode / INODES_PER_SECTOR), inode_buffer);
// Disk_write(INODE_TABLE_START_SECTOR + (openFileInfo.inode / INODES_PER_SECTOR), inode_buffer);
      fileInode->data[i] = sector_ID;
      Disk_Read(sector_ID, sector);
          f (remaining_writing > SECTOR_SIZE) {
  remaining_writing = SECTOR_SIZE;
  memcpy(sector, buffer, SECTOR_SIZE);
  buffer += SECTOR_SIZE;
             fileInode->size += SECTOR SIZE;
            memcpy(sector, buffer, (size_t) remaining_writing);
buffer += remaining_writing;
fileInode->size += remaining_writing;
             remaining_writing = 0;
      openFileInfo.size = fileInode->size;
openFileInfo.pos = fileInode->size;
       Disk_Write(sector_ID, sector);
pisk_write(INODE_TABLE_START_SECTOR + (openFileInfo.inode / INODES_PER_SECTOR), inode_buffer);
           size - remaining_writing;
```

File Seek

int File_Seek(int fd, int offset) int File_Seek(int fd, int offset){ open file t openFileInfo = open files[fd]; if (openFileInfo.inode == 0) { // check if the file is open or not dprintf("... file not open"); Start osErrno = E BAD FD; return -1; //Check if offset is larger than the size of the file or offset is negative Open file information if (offset > openFileInfo.size // offset < 0) {</pre> dprintf("... offset is out of bound"); osErrno = E SEEK OUT OF BOUNDS; return -1; Offset > file size File is open_files[fd].pos = offset; return open_files[fd].pos; OR open? Offset <0 No Yes Yes ERROR: No E BAD FD ERROR: E SEEK OUT OF BOUNDS Return File pointer = offset End

Directory Read

int Dir_Read(char* path, void* buffer, int size)

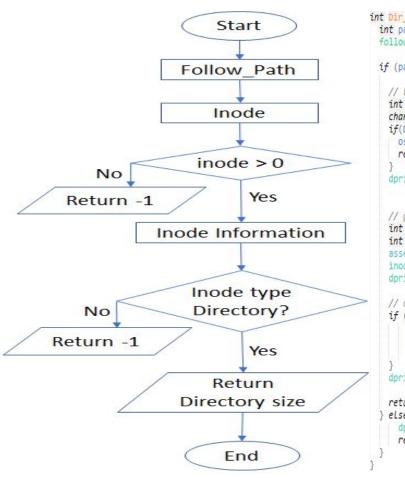


```
int Dir_Read(char* path, void* buffer, int size) {
 int parent inode; //inode of the directory that need to read
 follow_path(path, &parent_inode, NULL);
 if (parent_inode >= 0) { //check the directory is found or not
   // Load the disk sector containing the inode
   int inode sector = INODE TABLE START SECTOR+parent inode/INODES PER SECTOR:
   char inode buffer[SECTOR SIZE]:
   if(Disk_Read(inode_sector, inode_buffer) < 0) {</pre>
     oserrno = E_GENERAL;
     return -1:
   dprintf("... load inode table for inode from disk sector %d\n", inode_sector);
   // get the inode
   int inode_start_entry = (inode_sector-INODE_TABLE_START_SECTOR)*INODES_PER_SECTOR;
   int offset = parent_inode-inode_start_entry;
   assert(0 <= offset && offset < INODES_PER_SECTOR);
inode_t* directory_inode = (inode_t*)(inode_buffer+offset*sizeof(inode_t));</pre>
   dprintf("... inode %d (size=%d, type=%d)\n", parent_inode, directory_inode->size, directory_inode->type);
   // cheack weather the inode type is directory
   if(directory_inode->type != 1) +
     dprintf("... error: '%s' is not a Directory\n", path);
     oserrno = E_GENERAL;
   //check if the read buffer is larger enough to hold the details
   if(directory_inode->size*sizeof(dirent_t) > size){
     dprintf("ERROR: type-%d inode-%d size-%d givensize-%d\n", directory_inode->type, parent_inode, directory_inode->size, size);
     oserrno = E_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL;
     return -1;
   int increase size = 0; // increase the buffer size by this amount
   char dirent buffer[SECTOR SIZE]:
   for(sector = 0; sector < MAX_SECTORS_PER_FILE; sector++){ //iterate over each sector
      if(directory_inode->data[sector]){
       Disk_Read(directory_inode->data[sector], dirent_buffer);

for(i = 0; i < DIRENTS_PER_SECTOR; i++){ // for each directory_read_it_and_copy_it_to_the_buffer}
         dirent_t* dirent = (dirent_t*)(dirent_buffer+i*sizeof(dirent_t));
         if(dirent->inode){
            memcpy(buffer+increase_size, (void*)dirent, sizeof(dirent_t));
            increase_size += sizeof(dirent_t);
   dprintf("%d\n", directory_inode->size);
   return directory_inode->size;
   dprintf("... directory '%s' is not found\n", path);
   return 0;
```

Directory Size

int Dir_Size(char* path)



```
int Dir Size(char* path){
 int parent_inode; //inode of the directory that need to read
 follow path(path, &parent inode, NULL);
 if (parent inode >= 0) { //check the directory is found or not
   // Load the disk sector containing the inode
    int inode sector = INODE TABLE START SECTOR+parent inode/INODES PER SECTOR;
    char inode buffer[SECTOR SIZE]:
    if(Disk_Read(inode_sector, inode_buffer) < 0) {</pre>
     oserrno = E GENERAL;
     return -1;
    dprintf("... load inode table for inode from disk sector %d\n", inode sector);
    // get the inode
    int inode start entry = (inode sector - INODE TABLE START SECTOR) * INODES PER SECTOR;
    int offset = parent inode - inode start entry;
    assert(0 <= offset && offset < INODES PER SECTOR);
    inode_t *directory_inode = (inode_t *) (inode_buffer + offset * sizeof(inode_t));
    dprintf("... inode %d (size=%d, type=%d)\n", parent_inode, directory_inode->size, directory_inode->type);
    // cheack weather the inode type is directory
    if (directory_inode->type != 1) {
       dprintf("... error: '%s' is not a directory\n", path);
       oserrno = E_GENERAL;
       return -1;
    dprintf("... RETURNING SIZE: '%d' \n", (int) (directory inode->size * sizeof(dirent t)));
    return (int) (directory_inode->size * sizeof(dirent_t));
  else {
     dprintf("... directory '%s' is not found\n", path);
     return 0;
```