Assignment - Python [Major] by Deepak

Q1. Find the datatype of these two declaration:

```
x = 5
y = "John"
```

Ans:-

Q2. Check whether the following syntax is valid or invalid for naming a variable. :

Example: abc=100 #valid syntax

i. 3a=10

ii. @abc=10

iii. a100=100

iv. a984 =100

v. a9967\$=100

vi. xyz-2=100

Ans:- Variable names in Python cannot begin with a number.

(i) Invalid
Variable names in Python cannot begin with a number.

```
In [16]: 3a=10

Cell In[16], line 1
3a=10

SyntaxError: invalid decimal literal
```

(ii) Invalid
Variable names in Python cannot begin with a Symbol.

```
In [17]: @abc=10

Cell In[17], line 1
    @abc=10

SyntaxError: invalid syntax. Maybe you meant '==' or ':=' instead of '='?
```

(iii) Valid

```
In [18]: a100=100

In [19]: print(a100)

100
```

(iv) Valid

```
In [20]: _a984_=100
In [22]: print(_a984_)
100
```

(v) Invalid

Variable names in Python cannot contain symbol

```
In [23]: a9967$=100

Cell In[23], line 1
a9967$=100

SyntaxError: invalid syntax
```

(Vi) Invalid

Variable names in Python cannot cantain symbol

```
In [24]: xyz-2=100

Cell In[24], line 1
    xyz-2=100

SyntaxError: cannot assign to expression here. Maybe you meant '==' instead of '='?
```

Q3. Check if element exists in list in Python:

```
list = test_list = [1, 6, 3, 5, 3, 4]
```

1. Check if 3 exist or not.

```
In [30]: test_list = [1, 6, 3, 5, 3, 4]

In [31]: if 3 in test_list:
    print("3 is exist")
else:
    print("3 is not exist")

3 is exist
```

Q3(2) Check if 9 exists or not.

Ans:-

```
In [30]: test_list = [1, 6, 3, 5, 3, 4]

In [32]: if 9 in test_list:
    print("9 is exist")
else:
    print("9 is not exist")

9 is not exist
```

Q4 Take the user input to print the current date.

Ans:-

```
In [4]: import datetime
    a = input("Enter the current date in = ")
    now = datetime.datetime.now()
    Date = now.date()

    print("user input", a)
    print(Date)

Enter the current date in = 27/07/2010
    user input 27/07/2010
    2023-07-17
```

Q5 what is the output of the following code:

(a.) print 9//2

Ans:-

Floor Division divides two numbers and rounds the result down to the nearest integer

```
In [3]: print (9//2)

4

(b.) print 9%2
```

Ans:-

% This sign is show as Remainder it means 9 divided 2

Then how many numbers is remain.

```
In [5]: print (9%2)
```

Q6. Print First 10 natural numbers using a while loop.

Ans:-

```
a = 1
while a <= 10:
    print(a)
    a +=1</pre>

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
```

Q 7. Write a program to accept a number from a user and calculate the sum of all numbers from 1 to a given number.

For example, if the user entered 10 the output should be 55 (1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10)

```
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
sum = 0

for i in range(1, num + 1):
    sum += i

print("The sum of numbers from 1 to", num, "is:", sum)

Enter a number: 10
The sum of numbers from 1 to 10 is: 55
```

Q8. Write a Python program which iterates the integers from 1 to 50. For multiples of three print "Fizz" instead of the number and for the multiples of five print "Buzz". For numbers which are multiples of both three and five print "FizzBuzz".

Example:

Fizzbuzz

1

2

fizz

```
4
Buzz
```

Ans:-

```
for num in range(1, 51):
    if num % 3 == 0 and num % 5 == 0:
        print("FizzBuzz")
    elif num % 3 == 0:
        print("Fizz")
    elif num % 5 == 0:
        print("Buzz")
    else:
        print(num)
```

```
for num in range(1, 51):
      if num % 3 == 0 and num % 5 == 0:
        print("FizzBuzz")
elif num % 3 == 0:
       print("Fizz")
elif num % 5 == 0:
          print("Buzz")
        else:
           print(num)
    1
    2
   Fízz
    4
    Buzz
    Fizz
    Fizz
    Buzz
    11
    Fizz
    13
    14
    FizzBuzz
    16
    17
    Fizz
    19
    Buzz
    Fizz
    22
    23
    Fizz
    Buzz
26
    Fizz
    28
    29
    FizzBuzz
    32
    Fizz
    34
    Buzz
    Fizz
    37
    38
Fizz
    Buzz
    41
    Fizz
    43
    FizzBuzz
    47
    Fizz
    49
    Buzz
```