

Q2. Solve the following

1. Retrieve the details (Name, Salary and dept no) of the emp who are working in department code 20, 30 and 40.

```
mysql> select ename,sal,deptno
-> from emp
-> where deptno in(20,30,40);
```

ename	sal	deptno
SMITH	800.00	20
ALLEN	1600.00	30
WARD	1250.00	30
JONES	2975.00	20
MARTIN	1250.00	30
BLAKE	2850.00	30
SCOTT	3000.00	20
TURNER	1500.00	30
ADAMS	1100.00	20
JAMES	950.00	30
FORD	3000.00	20

11 rows in set (0.00 sec)

2. Display the total salary of all employees . Total salary will be calculated as sal+comm+sal*0.10

```
mysql> select ename,sal,comm,truncate(sal + ifnull(comm,0) + sal*0.10,2) "Total Salary"
-> from emp;
```

ename	sal	comm	Total Salary
SMITH	800.00	NULL	880.00
ALLEN	1600.00	300.00	2060.00
WARD	1250.00	500.00	1875.00
JONES	2975.00	NULL	3272.50
MARTIN	1250.00	1400.00	2775.00
BLAKE	2850.00	NULL	3135.00
CLARK	2450.00	NULL	2695.00
SCOTT	3000.00	NULL	3300.00
KING	5000.00	NULL	5500.00
TURNER	1500.00	0.00	1650.00
ADAMS	1100.00	NULL	1210.00
JAMES	950.00	NULL	1045.00
FORD	3000.00	NULL	3300.00
MILLER	1300.00	NULL	1430.00

14 rows in set (0.00 sec)

3. List the Name and job of the emp who have joined before 1 Jan 1986 and whose salary range is between 1200 and 2500. Display the columns with user defined Column headers.

```
mysql> select ename,job,hiredate,sal
-> from emp
-> where hiredate < '1986-01-01' and sal between 1200 and 2500;
```

ename	job	hiredate	sal
ALLEN	SALESMAN	1981-02-20	1600.00
WARD	SALESMAN	1981-02-22	1250.00
MARTIN	SALESMAN	1981-09-28	1250.00
CLARK	MANAGER	1981-06-09	2450.00
TURNER	SALESMAN	1981-09-08	1500.00
MILLER	CLERK	1982-01-23	1300.00

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

4. List the empno, name, and department number of the emp works under manager with id 7698.

```
mysql> select empno,ename,mgr,deptno
-> from emp
-> where mgr = 7698;
```

empno	ename	mgr	deptno
7499	ALLEN	7698	30
7521	WARD	7698	30
7654	MARTIN	7698	30
7844	TURNER	7698	30
7900	JAMES	7698	30

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

5. List the name, job, and salary of the emp who are working in departments 10 or 30.

```
mysql> select ename,job,sal,deptno
-> from emp
-> where deptno in (10,30);
```

ename	job	sal	deptno
ALLEN	SALESMAN	1600.00	30
WARD	SALESMAN	1250.00	30
MARTIN	SALESMAN	1250.00	30
BLAKE	MANAGER	2850.00	30
CLARK	MANAGER	2450.00	10
KING	PRESIDENT	5000.00	10
TURNER	SALESMAN	1500.00	30
JAMES	CLERK	950.00	30
MILLER	CLERK	1300.00	10

9 rows in set (0.00 sec)

6. Display name concatenated with dept code separated by comma and space. Name the column as 'Emp info'.

```
mysql> select ename, deptno, concat(ename,', ',deptno) "Emp info"
-> from emp;
```

ename	deptno	Emp info
SMITH	20	SMITH, 20
ALLEN	30	ALLEN, 30
WARD	30	WARD, 30
JONES	20	JONES, 20
MARTIN	30	MARTIN, 30
BLAKE	30	BLAKE, 30
CLARK	10	CLARK, 10
SCOTT	20	SCOTT, 20
KING	10	KING, 10
TURNER	30	TURNER, 30
ADAMS	20	ADAMS, 20
JAMES	30	JAMES, 30
FORD	20	FORD, 20
MILLER	10	MILLER, 10

```
14 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

7. Display the emp details who do not have manager.

```
mysql> select *
-> from emp
-> where mgr is null;
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7839	KING	PRESIDENT	NULL	1981-11-17	5000.00	NULL	10

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

8. Write a query which will display name, department no and date of joining of all employee who were joined January 1, 1981 and March 31, 1983. Sort it based on date of joining (ascending).

```
mysql> select ename, deptno, hiredate
-> from emp
-> where hiredate between '1981-01-01' and '1983-03-31'
-> order by hiredate asc;
```

ename	deptno	hiredate
ALLEN	30	1981-02-20
WARD	30	1981-02-22
JONES	20	1981-04-02
BLAKE	30	1981-05-01
CLARK	10	1981-06-09
TURNER	30	1981-09-08
MARTIN	30	1981-09-28
KING	10	1981-11-17
JAMES	30	1981-12-03
FORD	20	1981-12-03
MILLER	10	1982-01-23
SCOTT	20	1982-12-09
ADAMS	20	1983-01-12

13 rows in set (0.00 sec)

9. Display the employee details where the job contains word 'AGE' anywhere in the Job

```
mysql> select *
-> from emp
-> where job like '%AGE%';
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	1981-04-02	2975.00	NULL	20
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	1981-05-01	2850.00	NULL	30
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	1981-06-09	2450.00	NULL	10

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select *
-> from emp
-> where job regexp '.*AGE.*';
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	1981-04-02	2975.00	NULL	20
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	1981-05-01	2850.00	NULL	30
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	1981-06-09	2450.00	NULL	10

3 rows in set (0.02 sec)

10. List the details of the employee , whose names start with 'A' and end with 'S' or whose names contains N as the second or third character, and ending with either 'N' or 'S'.

```
mysql> select *
-> from emp
-> where ename like 'A%S' or ename like '_N%' or ename like '__N%' or ename like '_N%S' or ename like '__N%S';
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	1981-04-02	2975.00	NULL	20
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	1983-01-12	1100.00	NULL	20

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> Select *
-> From emp
-> where ename REGEXP '^A.*S$|^..N.*[NS]$|^..N.*[NS]$';
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	1981-04-02	2975.00	NULL	20
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	1983-01-12	1100.00	NULL	20

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

11. List the names of the emp having '_' character in their name.

```
mysql> select ename
-> from emp
-> where ename like '%"_"%';
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select ename
-> from emp
-> where ename regexp '^.*_.*$';
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

Single Row functions

1. To list all employees and their email, to generate email use 2 to 5 characters from ename Concat it with 2 to 4 characters in job and then concat it with '@mycompany.com'

```
mysql> select *, concat (substr(ename,2,5),".",substr(job,2,4),"@mycomapny.com") Email
-> from emp;
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO	Email
7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	1980-12-17	800.00	NULL	20	MITH.LERK@mycomapny.com
7499	ALLEN	SALESMAN	7698	1981-02-20	1600.00	300.00	30	LLEN.ALES@mycomapny.com
7521	WARD	SALESMAN	7698	1981-02-22	1250.00	500.00	30	ARD.ALES@mycomapny.com
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	1981-04-02	2975.00	NULL	20	ONES.ANAG@mycomapny.com
7654	MARTIN	SALESMAN	7698	1981-09-28	1250.00	1400.00	30	ARTIN.ALES@mycomapny.com
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	1981-05-01	2850.00	NULL	30	LAKE.ANAG@mycomapny.com
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	1981-06-09	2450.00	NULL	10	LARK.ANAG@mycomapny.com
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	1982-12-09	3000.00	NULL	20	COTT.NALY@mycomapny.com
7839	KING	PRESIDENT	NULL	1981-11-17	5000.00	NULL	10	ING.REST@mycomapny.com
7844	TURNER	SALESMAN	7698	1981-09-08	1500.00	0.00	30	URNER.ALES@mycomapny.com
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	1983-01-12	1100.00	NULL	20	DAMS.LERK@mycomapny.com
7900	JAMES	CLERK	7698	1981-12-03	950.00	NULL	30	AMES.LERK@mycomapny.com
7902	FORD	ANALYST	7566	1981-12-03	3000.00	NULL	20	ORD.NALY@mycomapny.com
7934	MILLER	CLERK	7782	1982-01-23	1300.00	NULL	10	ILLER.LERK@mycomapny.com

```
14 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

2. List all employees who joined in September.

```
mysql> select *
-> from emp
-> where month (hiredate) = 09;
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7654	MARTIN	SALESMAN	7698	1981-09-28	1250.00	1400.00	30
7844	TURNER	SALESMAN	7698	1981-09-08	1500.00	0.00	30

```
2 rows in set (0.03 sec)
```

3. List the empno, name, and department number of the emp who have experience of 18 or more years and sort them based on their experience.

```
mysql> select empno, ename, hiredate, deptno, floor(datediff(curdate(),hiredate)/365) "
Experience"
-> from emp
-> where 18 <= floor(datediff(curdate(),hiredate)/365)
-> order by experience asc;
```

empno	ename	hiredate	deptno	Experience
7788	SCOTT	1982-12-09	20	40
7876	ADAMS	1983-01-12	20	40
7654	MARTIN	1981-09-28	30	41
7698	BLAKE	1981-05-01	30	41
7782	CLARK	1981-06-09	10	41
7839	KING	1981-11-17	10	41
7844	TURNER	1981-09-08	30	41
7900	JAMES	1981-12-03	30	41
7902	FORD	1981-12-03	20	41
7934	MILLER	1982-01-23	10	41
7369	SMITH	1980-12-17	20	42
7499	ALLEN	1981-02-20	30	42
7521	WARD	1981-02-22	30	42
7566	JONES	1981-04-02	20	42

14 rows in set (0.00 sec)

4. Display the employee details who joined on 3rd of any month or any year

```
mysql> select *
-> from emp
-> where day(hiredate) = 03;
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7900	JAMES	CLERK	7698	1981-12-03	950.00	NULL	30
7902	FORD	ANALYST	7566	1981-12-03	3000.00	NULL	20

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

5. Display all employees who joined between years 1981 to 1983.

```
mysql> select *
-> from emp
-> where hiredate between '1981-01-01' and '1983-12-31';
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7499	ALLEN	SALESMAN	7698	1981-02-20	1600.00	300.00	30
7521	WARD	SALESMAN	7698	1981-02-22	1250.00	500.00	30
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	1981-04-02	2975.00	NULL	20
7654	MARTIN	SALESMAN	7698	1981-09-28	1250.00	1400.00	30
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	1981-05-01	2850.00	NULL	30
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	1981-06-09	2450.00	NULL	10
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	1982-12-09	3000.00	NULL	20
7839	KING	PRESIDENT	NULL	1981-11-17	5000.00	NULL	10
7844	TURNER	SALESMAN	7698	1981-09-08	1500.00	0.00	30
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	1983-01-12	1100.00	NULL	20
7900	JAMES	CLERK	7698	1981-12-03	950.00	NULL	30
7902	FORD	ANALYST	7566	1981-12-03	3000.00	NULL	20
7934	MILLER	CLERK	7782	1982-01-23	1300.00	NULL	10

13 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Group functions

6. Display the Highest, Lowest, Total & Average salary of all employee. Label the columns Maximum, Minimum, Total and Average respectively for each Department. Also round the result to the nearest whole number.

```
mysql> select deptno, max(sal) Maximum , min(sal) Minimum, round(avg(sal)) Average, sum(sal)Total
-> from emp
-> group by deptno
-> order by deptno;
```

deptno	Maximum	Minimum	Average	Total
10	5000.00	1300.00	2917	8750.00
20	3000.00	800.00	2175	10875.00
30	2850.00	950.00	1567	9400.00

7. Display Department no and number of managers working in that department. Label the column as 'Total Number of Managers' for each department.

```
mysql> select deptno,count(*) "Total number of Manager"
-> from emp
-> where job='Manager'
-> group by deptno
-> order by deptno;
```

deptno	Total number of Manager
10	1
20	1
30	1

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

8. Get the Department number, and sum of Salary of all non managers where the sum is greater than 20000.

```
mysql> select deptno, sum(sal)
-> from emp
-> where job!='manager'
-> group by deptno
-> having sum(sal) > 2000;
```

deptno	sum(sal)
20	7900.00
30	6550.00
10	6300.00

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select deptno, sum(sal)
-> from emp
-> where job!='manager'
-> group by deptno
-> having sum(sal) > 20000;
```

Empty set (0.00 sec)