In the ideal scenario we would want to start building our views and dashboards etc. right after connecting to our Excel spreadsheets. However, in the real-world practical applications it is not a simple step.

To make the spreadsheets in a more human readable format we might have added titles, stacked headers, notes, maybe empty rows and columns to add white space (to name a few additions).

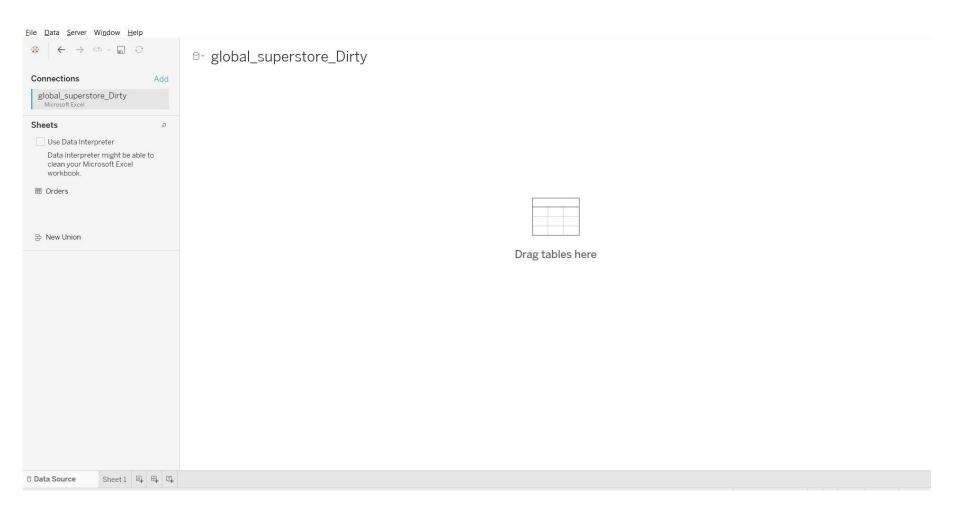
Unfortunately, when we want to proceed with analyzing this type of data, these attributes that were added for aesthetic appeal will make it very tough for Tableau to understand the data. This is where the **Data Interpreter** comes to the rescue.

Data Interpreter can help in performing some initial level of cleaning before starting the actual analysis process. This feature can detect things like titles, notes, footers, empty cells, and so on and bypass them to identify the actual fields and values in the data set.

It can even detect additional tables and sub-tables so that we can work with a subset of the data independently of the other data.

Once the cleaning is done by **Data Interpreter**, we can check the updates done to the data source by using the **Review the results** hyperlink. After reviewing the changes done if required, we can carry out any required adjustments.

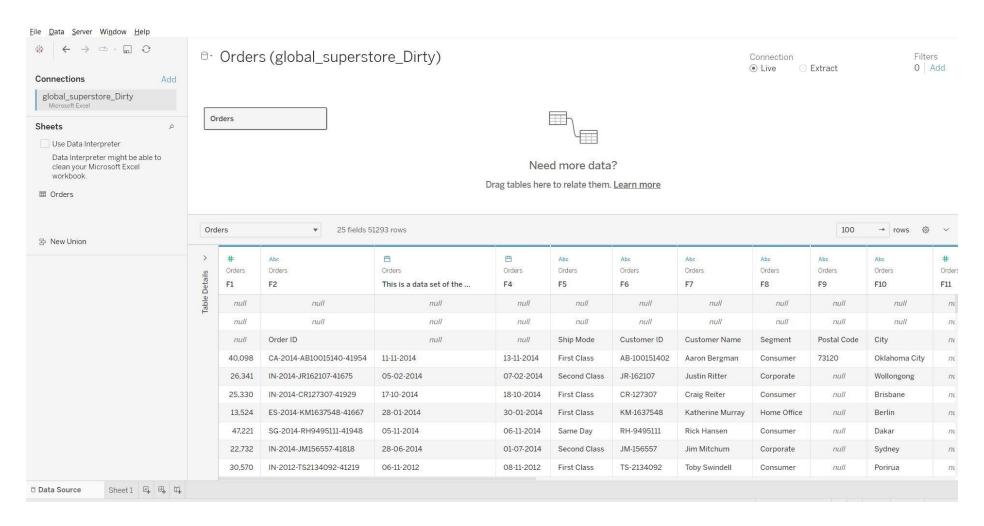
STEP 1: From the **Start Page** of Tableau make use of the **Connect** pane to connect to an Excel spreadsheet or any other connector that supports the **Data Interpreter** option such as Text (.csv) files, PDF files or Google sheets



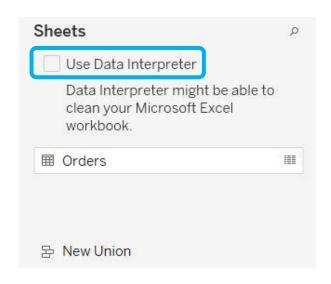
STEP 2: Drag and drop the table e.g., **Orders** to the canvas

We can see that the Column Headers for the Fields are shown as F1, F2,...etc.

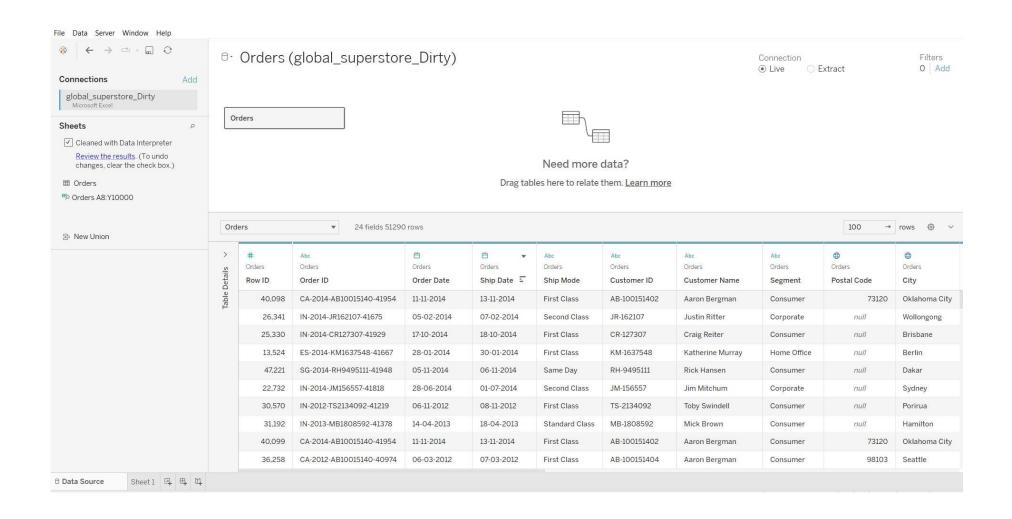
There are also several NULL values present in the **Data Grid**



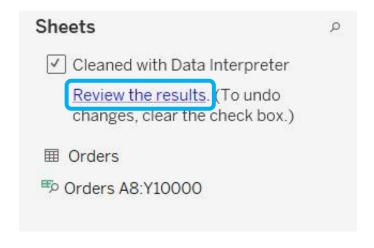
STEP 3: In the Data Source Page, Select the Use Data Interpreter checkbox



STEP 4: It might take some time for Tableau to execute this query depending on the size of the data. After this we can see the correct column names

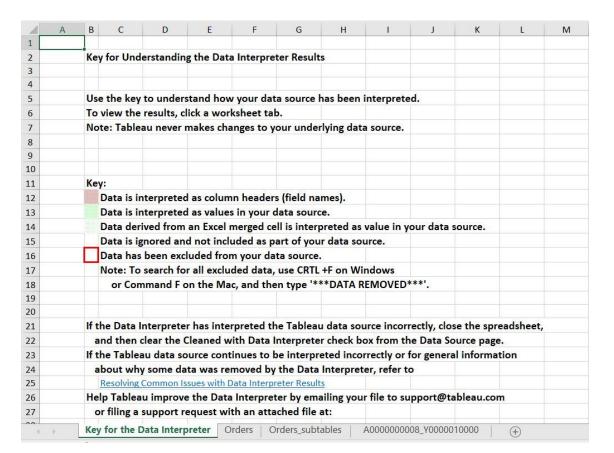


STEP 5: Click the **Review the results** hyperlink to review the results of the **Data Interpreter**



STEP 6: A copy of the data source opens in Excel on the **Key for the Data Interpreter** tab. We can review the key to find out how to read the results

NOTE: This example has only one table hence actual number of tab may differ based on the actual number of tables in the actual data source that is used



STEP 7: We can check the actual data in the Orders tab

Cells in Red Color are interpreted as Column Headers

Cells in Green Color are interpreted as Values of the Data Source

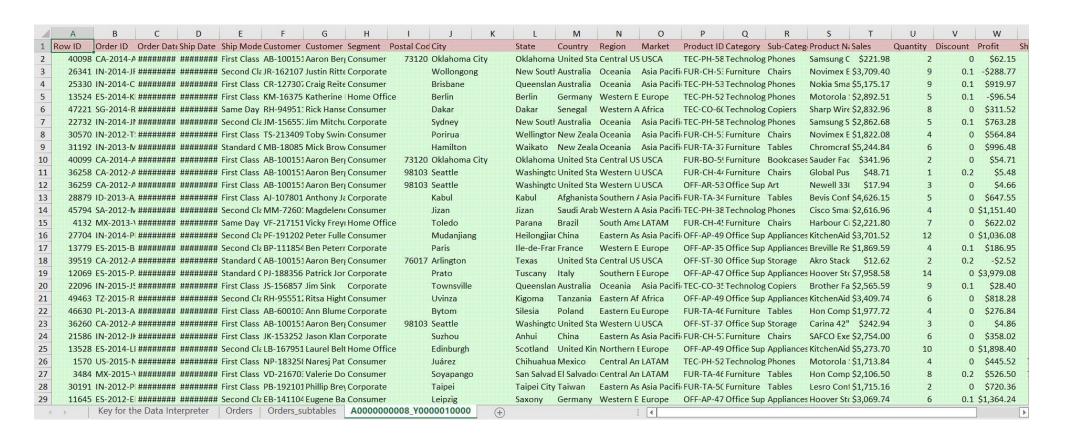
Cells in White are removed

NOTE: This example has only one table hence actual number of tab may differ based on the actual number of tables in the actual data source that is used

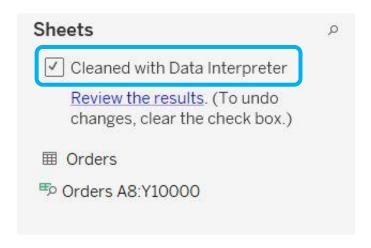
			-						E				-		Н	_		_		-	K	-			-		_	70-7	-		Q	-	10.0	S	-	100	U	V	_	W
								he G	lobal S	Supe	ersto	re																												
				Date:			22																																	
				Time:	15:2	5																																		
Row		Order																				State			***************************************	Region		Market						g Produc			Quantity			
		CA-20:															7:		Oklaho		У					Central			TEC-P							\$221.98		2	0	\$62.15
		IN-201																	Wollon	-								Asia Pacif								\$3,709.40				-\$288.77
		IN-201																	Brisban	ie								Asia Pacif				-				\$5,175.17				\$919.97
		ES-201															e		Berlin			Berlin							TEC-P			85.85) T. 85 (K.)				\$2,892.51			0.1	-\$96.54
		SG-201																	Dakar			Daka		Senega		Wester			TEC-C							\$2,832.96		8		\$311.5
		IN-201																	Sydney									Asia Pacif								\$2,862.68				\$763.2
		IN-201																	Porirua									Asia Pacif								\$1,822.08		4		\$564.84
		IN-201														1			Hamilto	710								Asia Pacif								\$5,244.84		6		\$996.4
		CA-201																	Oklaho		У					Central										\$341.96		2	0	\$54.7
		CA-20:																	Seattle							Wester			FUR-C					Global		\$48.71			0.2	\$5.4
		CA-20:															98		Seattle							Wester			OFF-A					Newell		\$17.94		3	0	\$4.6
		ID-201																	Kabul			Kabu		Ü				Asia Pacif								\$4,626.15		5		\$647.5
		SA-201																	Jizan			Jizan						Asia Pacif								\$2,616.96		4		1,151.4
		MX-20															e		Toledo			Parar		Brazil					FUR-C							\$2,221.80		7		\$622.0
		IN-201																	Mudan	jiang				China									(A			\$3,701.52				1,036.0
		ES-201																	Paris					France		Wester										\$1,869.59				
		CA-20:															71		Arlingto	on		Texas				Central										\$12.62			0.2	-\$2.5
		ES-201																	Prato			Tusca		Italy		Souther						III COMPANIE SE				\$7,958.58				3,979.08
		IN-201																	Towns														1988			\$2,565.59			0.1	\$28.40
		TZ-201												UST BE S					Uvinza			Kigor				Eastern							Market Harry			\$3,409.74		6		\$818.28
4	6630	PL-201	3-A	#####	###	####	####	Firs	t Clas	s Al	3-600	0103	Ann B	ume	Corpo	rate			Bytom			Silesi	а	Poland	E	Eastern	Eu	Europe	FUR-T	A-461	Furnitu	ire Ta	bles	Hon Co	mp S	\$1,977.72		4	0	\$276.84

STEP 8: The last tab will contain the actual data that is finally brought into Tableau Data Grid

NOTE: This example has only one table hence actual number of tab may differ based on the actual number of tables in the actual data source that is used



STEP 9: If **Data Interpreter** does not provide the expected results, clear the **Cleaned with Data Interpreter** check box to revert to the original data source



The **Data Interpreter option** might not be available for certain cases:

- The data source is already in a format that Tableau can interpret: If Tableau Desktop doesn't need additional help from the Data Interpreter to take care of unique formatting etc., the Data Interpreter option itself won't be present
- More rows or many columns: More than 2000 columns or more than 3000 rows and more than 150 columns
- If the data source is not supported: Data Interpreter is only available for Microsoft Excel, Text (.csv) files, PDF files and Google Sheets