

**USING** mySQL

### PIZZA SALES

@DEEPAK PARASHAR



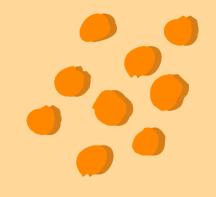






"I,DEEPAK PARASHAR, leveraged a real-world dataset from a pizza store to meticulously design data models, execute advanced SQL queries, and master data manipulation techniques, enabling insightful analysis and informed decision-making within the realm of database management."







### About Project

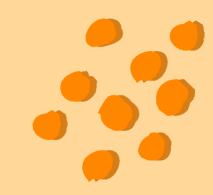


\*"Pizza Sales"\* is a MySQL-based project where advanced SQL querying techniques, including joins and subqueries, are employed to analyze sales data. This project aims to uncover valuable insights into customer preferences, optimize operational efficiencies, and enhance decision-making processes for a fictional pizza chain.



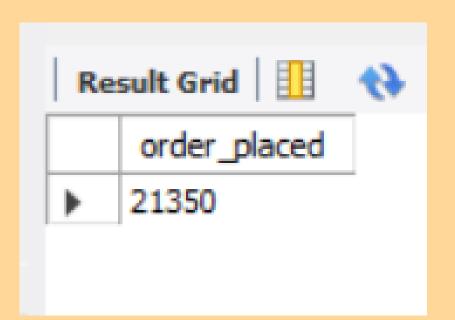


-- Retrieve the total number of orders placed.



QUERY

select count(order\_id) as order\_placed from orders;







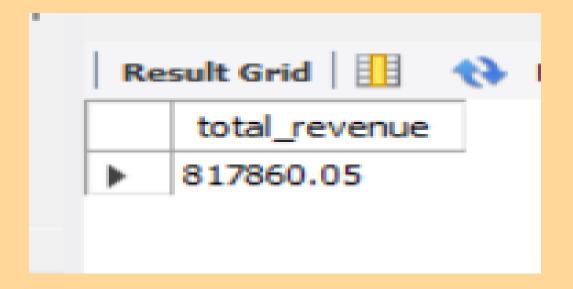


QUESTION -- Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.



#### QUERY

```
select round(sum( order_details.quantity * pizzas.price ),2) as total_revenue
from pizzas
join order_details
on pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id;
```







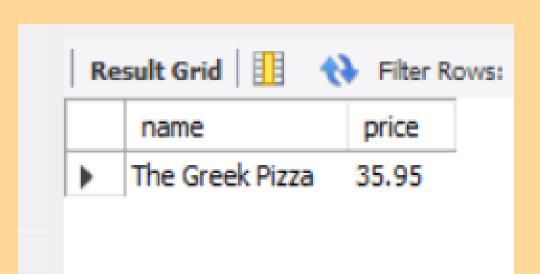


-- Identify the highest-priced pizza.



#### QUERY

select pizza\_types.name , pizzas.price
from pizzas
join pizza\_types
on pizzas.pizza\_type\_id = pizza\_types.pizza\_type\_id
order by pizzas.price desc limit 1;

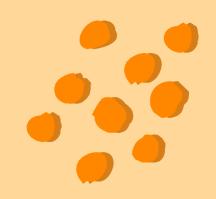








-- Identify the most common pizza size ordered.



#### QUERY

SELECT pizzas.size, COUNT(order\_details.order\_details\_id) AS order\_count
FROM pizzas

JOIN order\_details ON pizzas.pizza\_id = order\_details.pizza\_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size

ORDER BY order\_count DESC;

	esult Gri	
	size	order_count
<b>&gt;</b>	L	18526
	M	15385
	S	14137
	XL	544
	XXL	28







QUESTION -- List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.



#### QUERY

```
SELECT pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS total_quantity
FROM pizza_types
JOIN pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
JOIN order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY total_quantity desc
LIMIT 5;
```

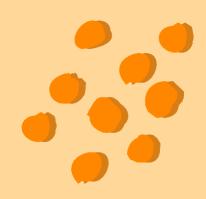


	name	total_quantity	
0	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432	
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422	
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418	
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371	





-- Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.



#### **QUERY**

```
SELECT pizza_types.category, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS total_quantity
FROM pizza_types
JOIN pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
JOIN order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY total_quantity desc;
```

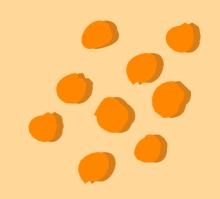
category	total_quantity
Classic	14888
Supreme	11987
Veggie	11649
Chicken	11050







-- Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.



#### **QUERY**

SELECT HOUR(order\_time) AS hour, COUNT(order\_id) AS order\_count
FROM orders
GROUP BY HOUR(order\_time)

ORDER BY hour;

Re	sult Grid	<u>                                    </u>
	hour	order_count
▶-	9	1
	10	8
	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336
	18	2399
	19	2009
	20	1642
	21	1198
	22	663
	23	28







-- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.



**QUERY** 

select pizza\_types.name,
sum(order\_details.quantity \* pizzas.price ) as revenue
FROM pizza\_types
JOIN pizzas
ON pizzas.pizza\_type\_id = pizza\_types.pizza\_type\_id
JOIN order\_details
ON order\_details.pizza\_id = pizzas.pizza\_id
group by pizza\_types.name order by revenue desc
limit 3;

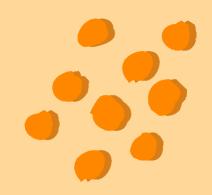
# name revenue The Thai Chicken Pizza 43434.25 The Barbecue Chicken Pizza 42768 The California Chicken Pizza 41409.5







-- Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.



#### **QUERY**

```
select order_date ,
sum(revenue) over(order by order_date )as cum_revenue
from
(select orders.order_date,
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price ) as revenue
from order_details join pizzas
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
join orders
on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```

#### **RESULT**

TOTAL RESULTS OF CUMULATIVE REVENUE IS CANT"T BE TAKEN IN THIS SCREENSHOT .... SO THIS IS LIMITED RESULTS

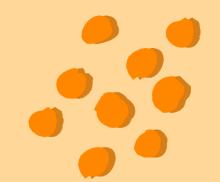
Re	sult Grid	Filter Rows:
	order_date	cum_revenue
<b>▶</b>	2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004
	2015-01-02	5445.75
	2015-01-03	8108.15
	2015-01-04	9863.6
	2015-01-05	11929.55
	2015-01-06	14358.5
	2015-01-07	16560.7
	2015-01-08	19399.05
	2015-01-09	21526.4
	2015-01-10	23990.350000000002
	2015-01-11	25862.65
	2015-01-12	27781.7
	2015-01-13	29831.300000000003
	2015-01-14	32358.700000000004
	2015-01-15	34343.50000000001
	2015-01-16	36937.65000000001







-- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.



#### **QUERY**

```
select name , revenue from
( select category , name , revenue ,
  rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
  from
( select pizza_types.category , pizza_types.name,
  sum((order_details.quantity) * pizzas.price) as revenue
  from pizza_types join pizzas
  on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
  join order_details
  on order_details
  on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
  group by pizza_types.category , pizza_types.name) as a ) as b
  where rn <=3;</pre>
```

revenue

Expo

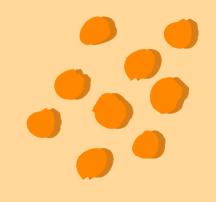
Result Grid Filter Rows:

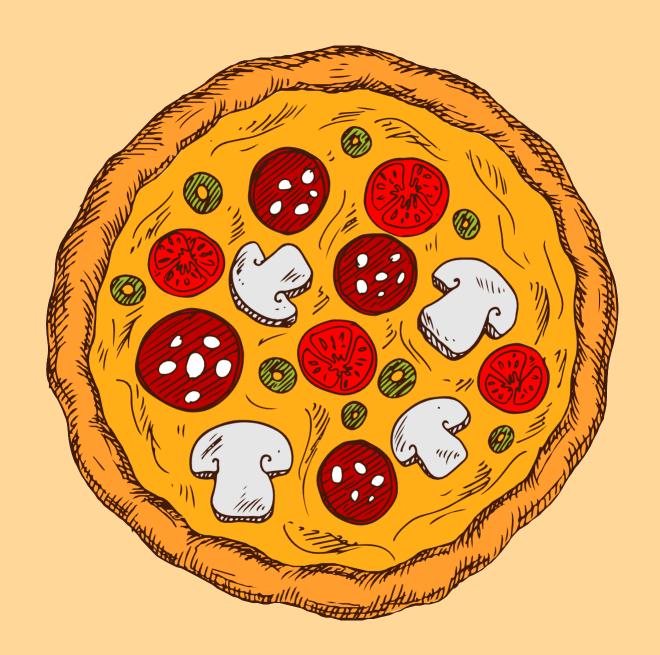


name









**Pizza Sales Project** 

## THANK YOU

@DEEPAK PARASHAR



