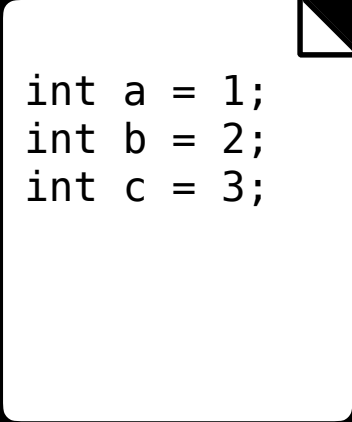


What is Git?

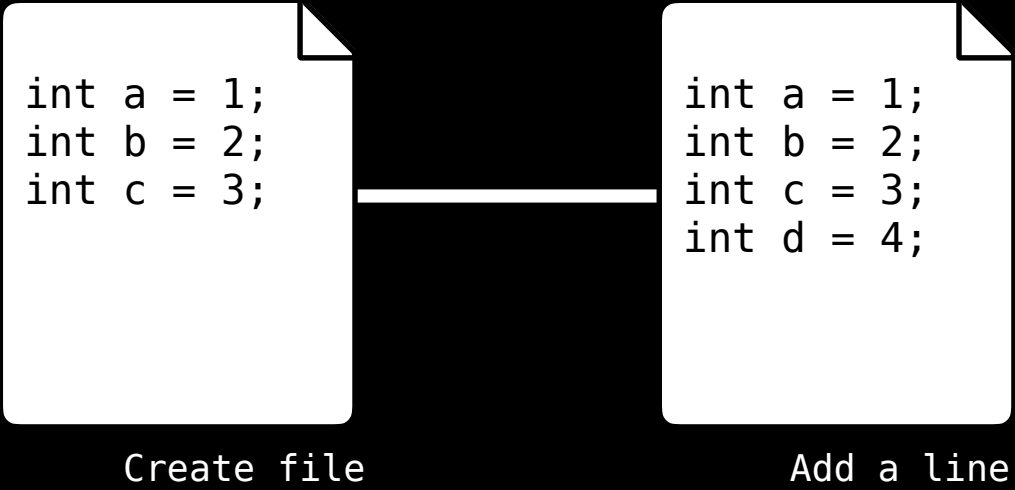
Keep track of changes to code.



```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;
```

Create file

Keep track of changes to code.



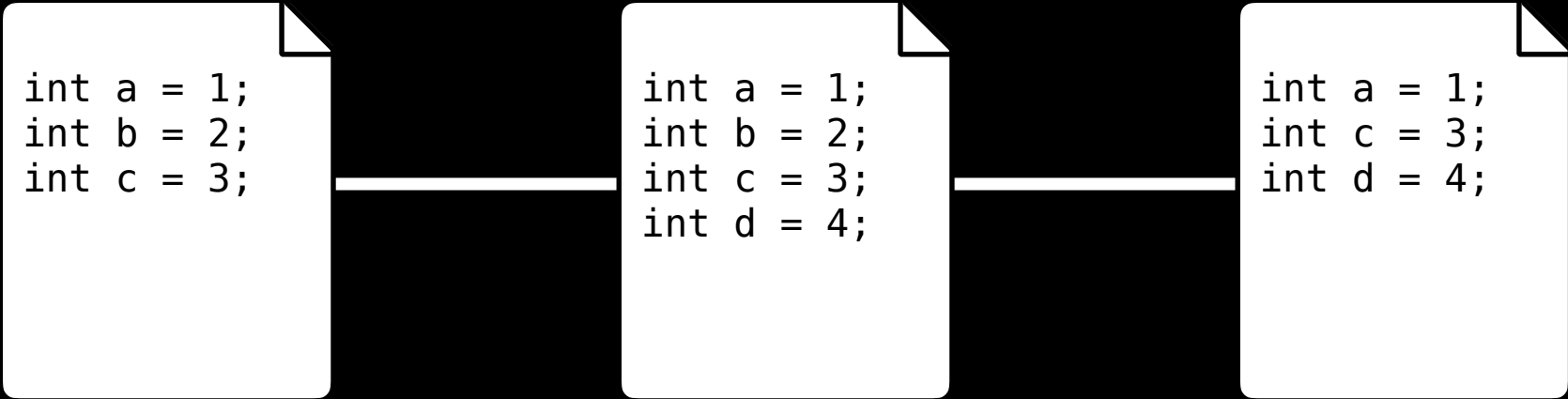
```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;
```

Create file

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

Add a line

Keep track of changes to code.



```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;
```

Create file

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

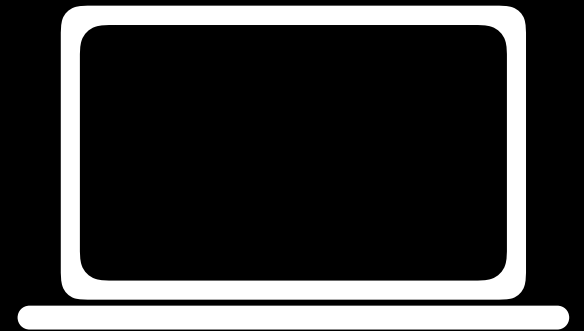
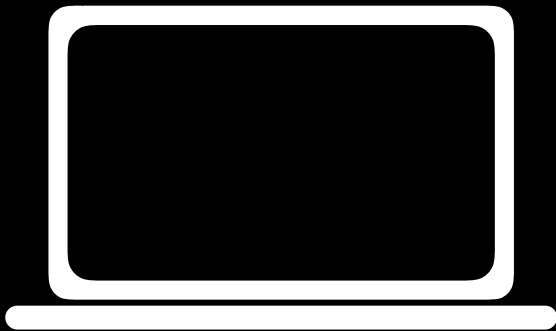
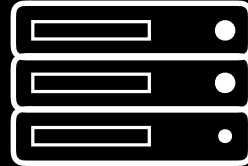
Add a line

```
int a = 1;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

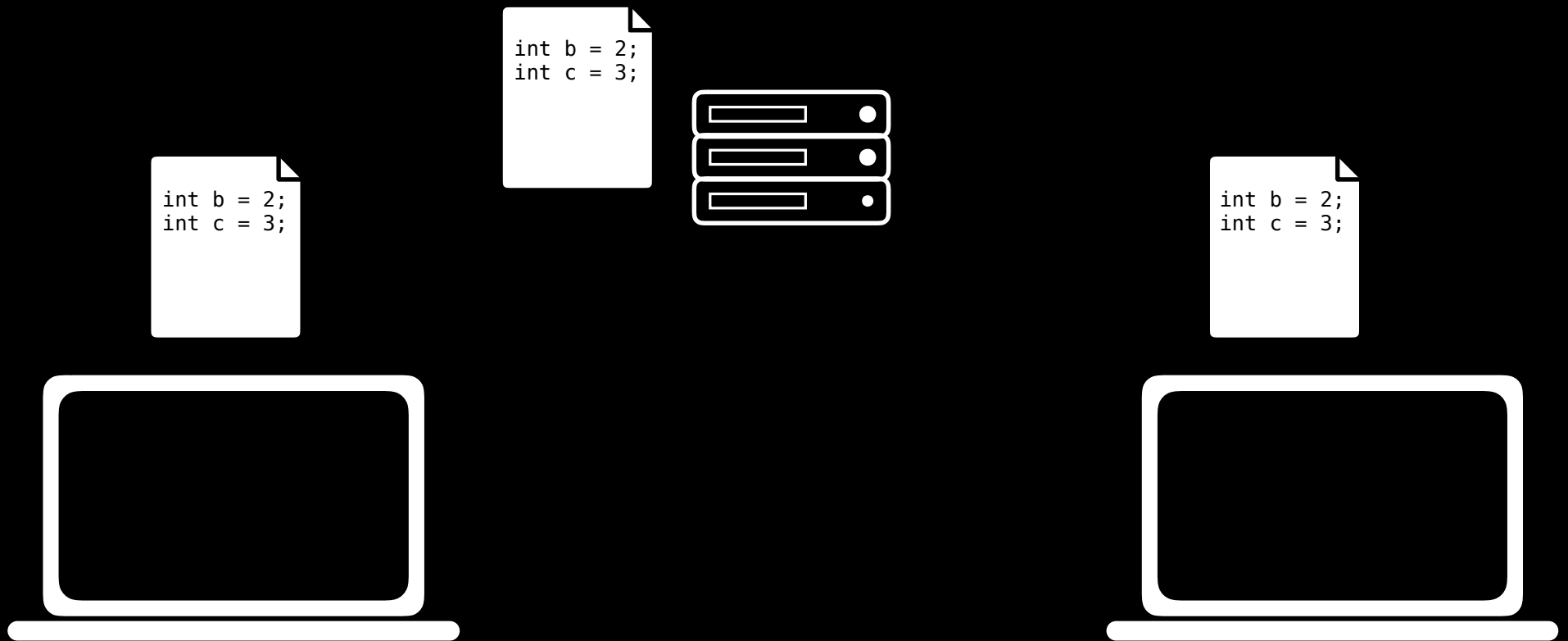
Remove a line

Synchronizes code between different people.

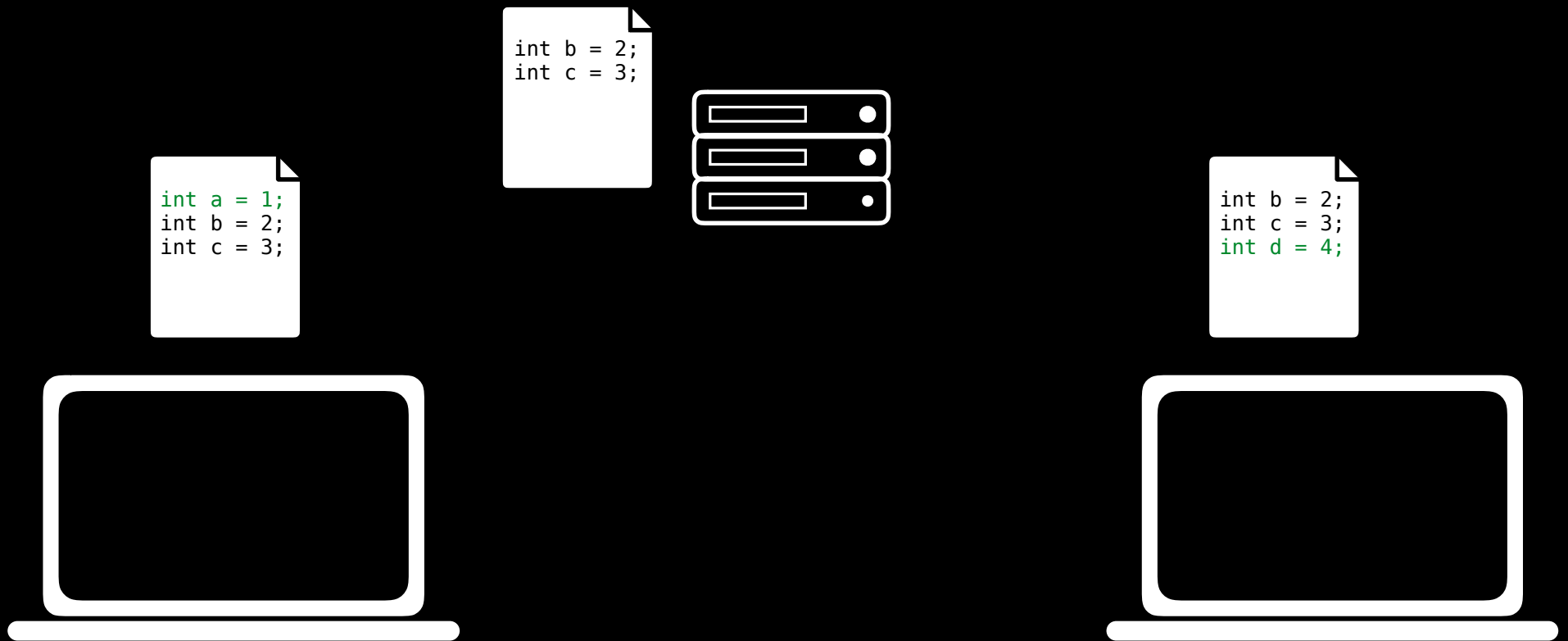
```
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;
```



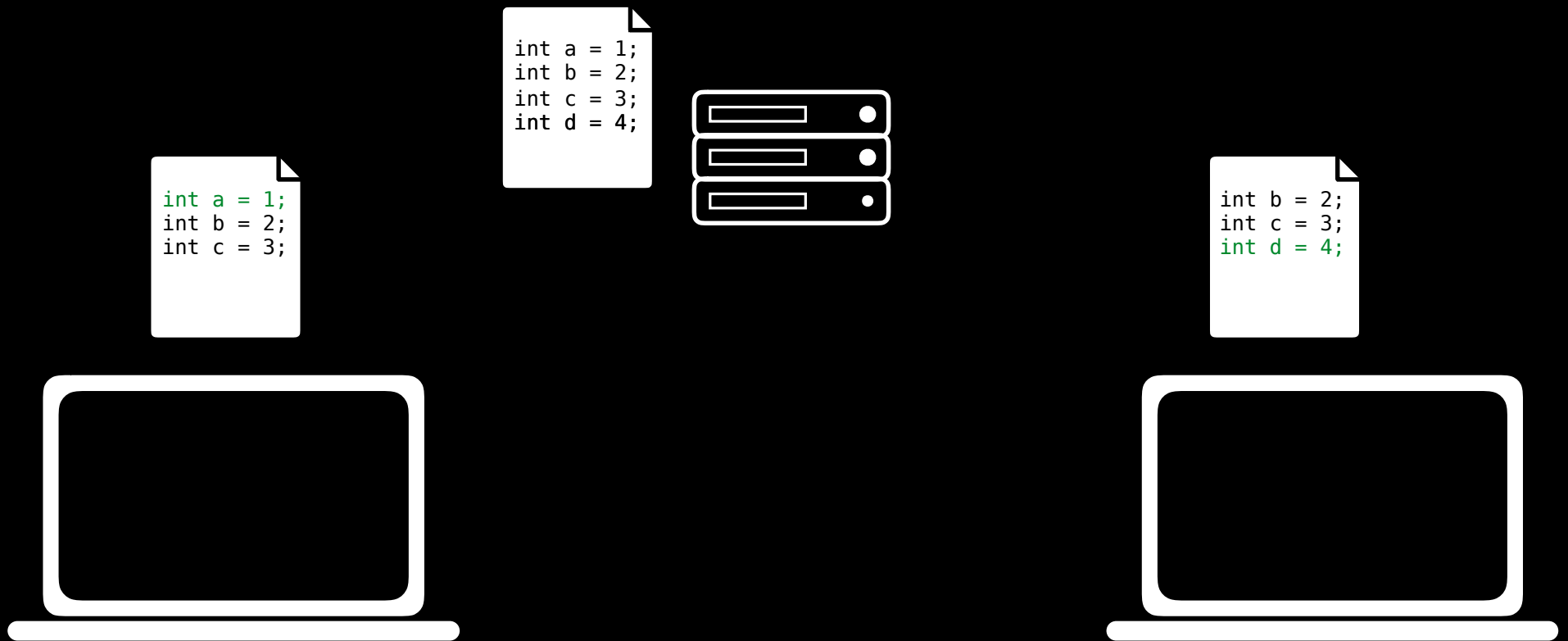
Synchronizes code between different people.



Synchronizes code between different people.

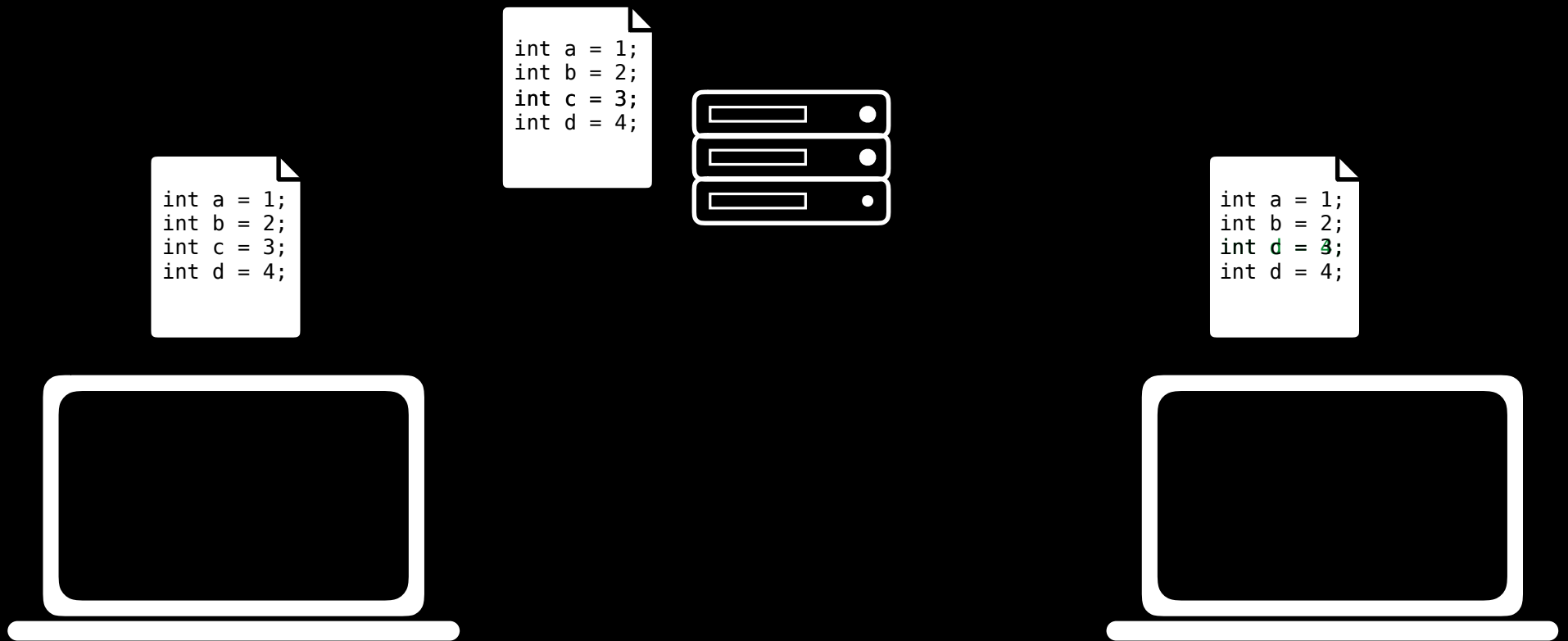


Synchronizes code between different people.

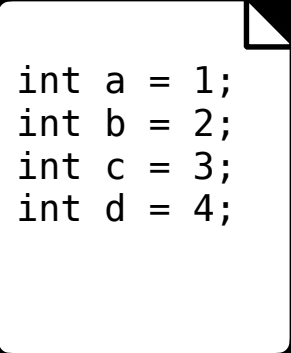




Synchronizes code between different people.

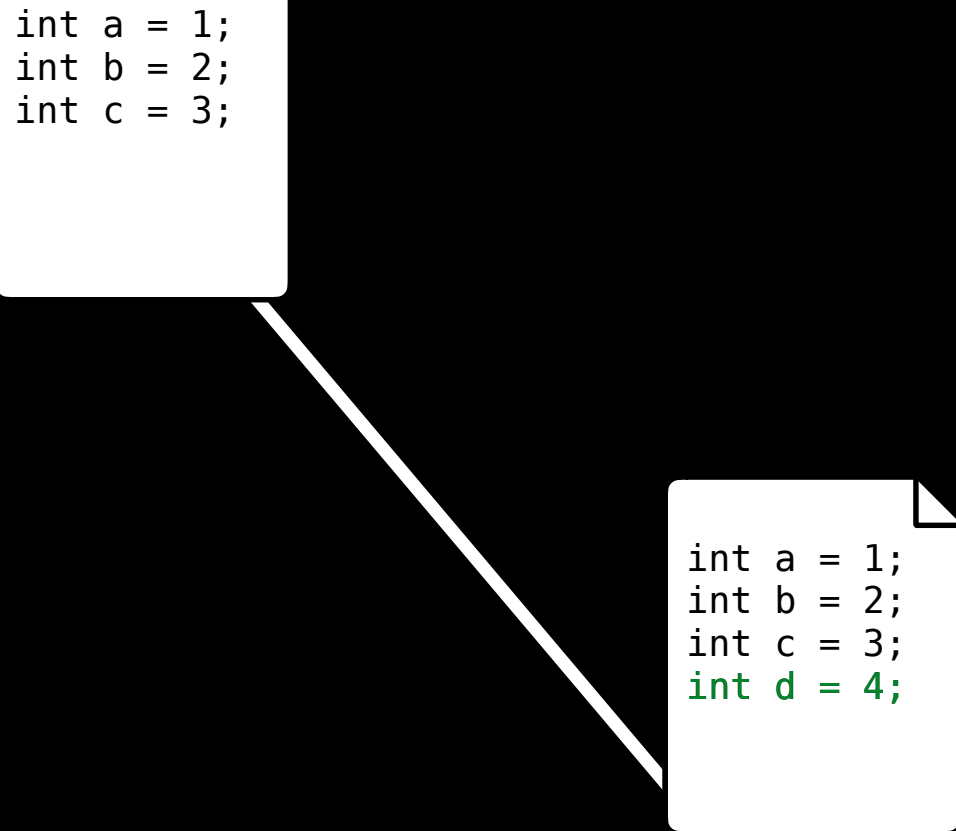


Test changes to code without losing the original.



```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

Test changes to code without losing the original.



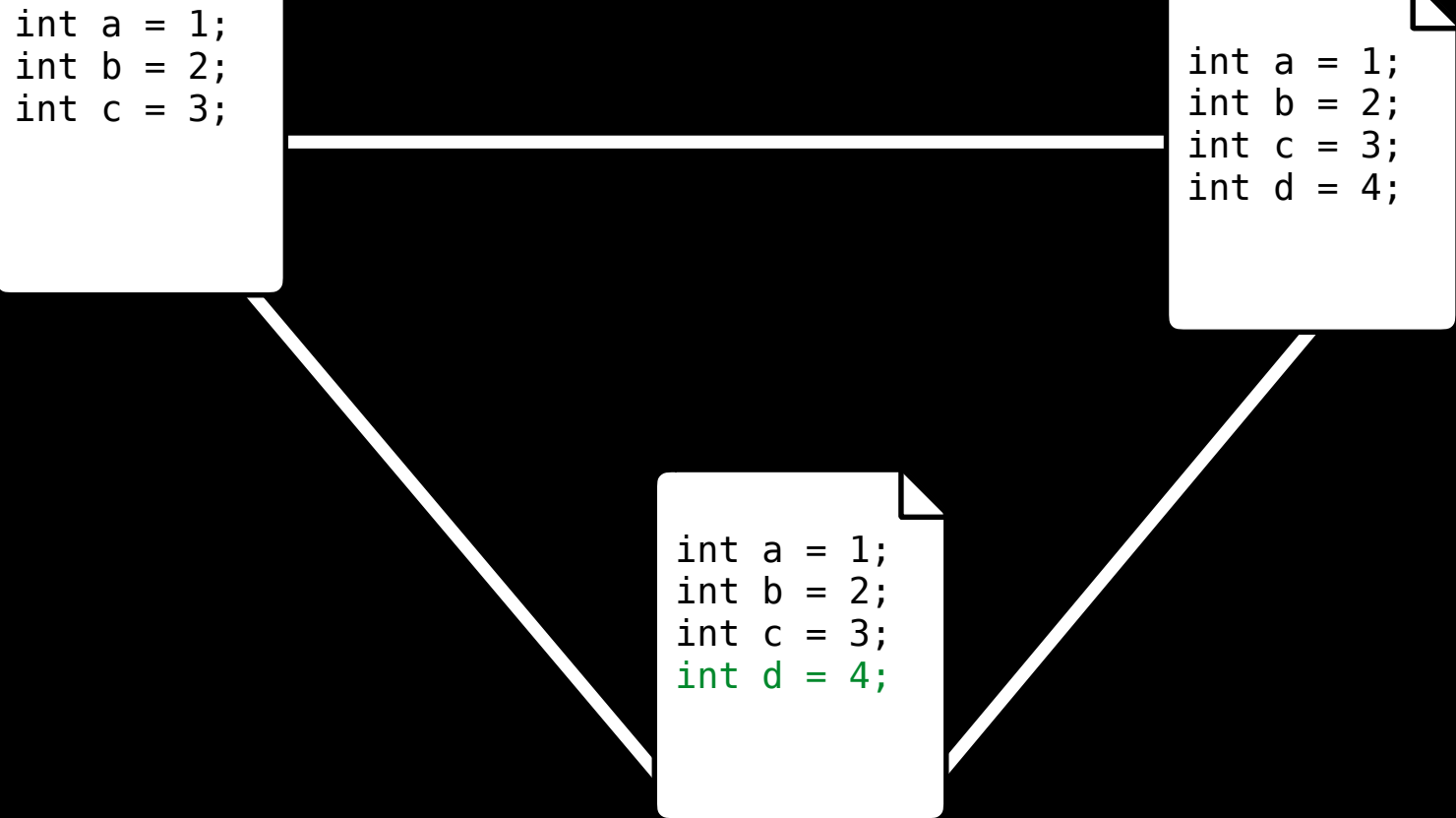
```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;
```

The diagram illustrates a branching process. A horizontal line enters a box containing the original code. A diagonal line then branches off from the bottom of this box to a second box containing the modified code. This visualizes the concept of testing changes without losing the original state.

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

Test changes to code without losing the original.

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;
```



```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

# Revert back to old versions of code.

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;
```

Create file

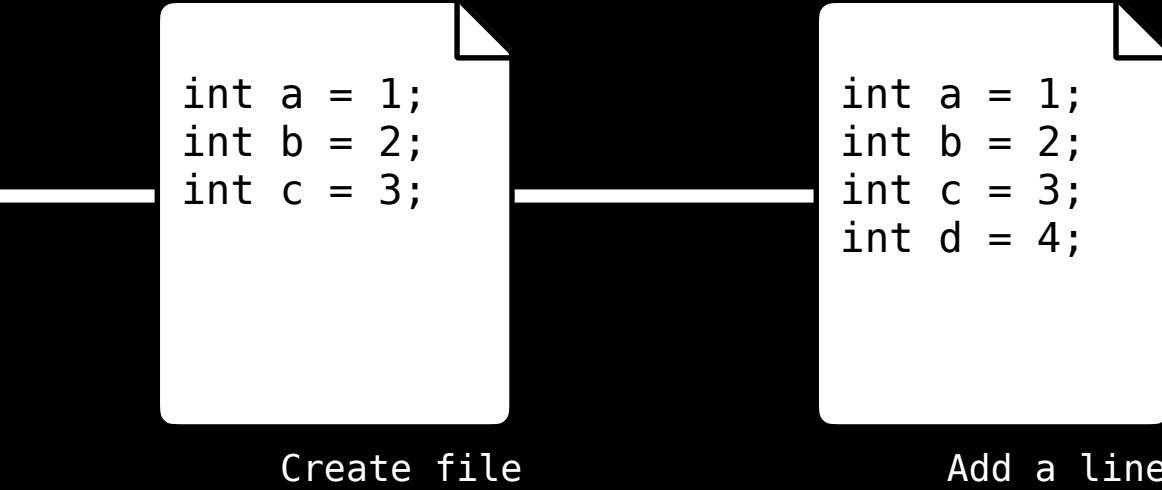
```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

Add a line

```
int a = 1;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

Remove a line

Revert back to old versions of code.



```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;
```

Create file

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

Add a line

# What is Git?

- Keeps track of changes to code.
- Synchronizes code between different people.
- Test changes to code without losing the original.
- Revert back to old versions of code.

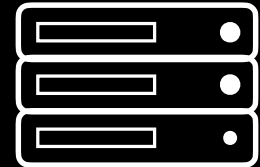
git clone



## git clone <url>

- makes a copy of a repository
- stores it on your computer
- a "fork" creates your own copy of someone else's repository

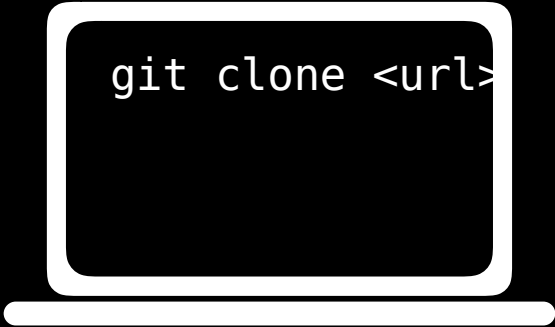
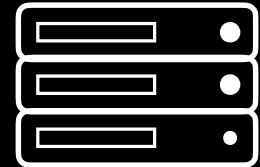
```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```



## git clone <url>

- makes a copy of a repository
- stores it on your computer
- a "fork" creates your own copy of someone else's repository

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```



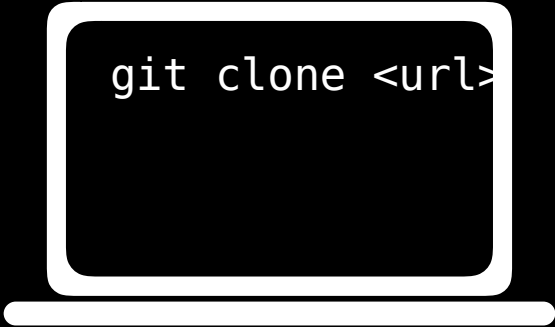
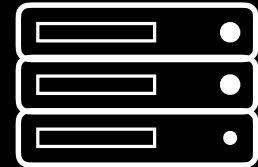
```
git clone <url>
```

A white icon of a laptop computer. The screen of the laptop displays the text "git clone <url>" in a monospaced font.

## git clone <url>

- makes a copy of a repository
- stores it on your computer
- a "fork" creates your own copy of someone else's repository

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```



```
git clone <url>
```

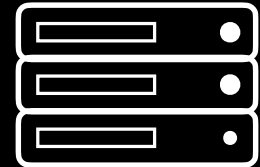
```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

```
git add
```

## git add <filename>

- adds a file to "staging area"
- tells git to include the file in the next revision to the repository
- `git add *` adds all changed files

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

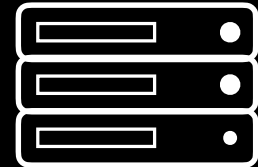


```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

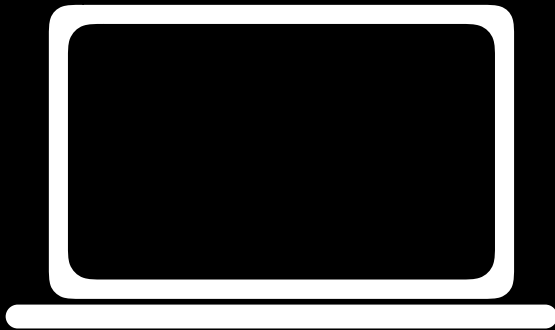
## git add <filename>

- adds a file to "staging area"
- tells git to include the file  
in the next revision to the repository
- git add \* adds all changed files

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```



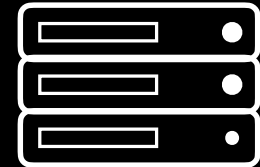
```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;  
int e = 5;
```



## git add <filename>

- adds a file to "staging area"
- tells git to include the file in the next revision to the repository
- `git add *` adds all changed files

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```



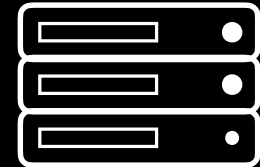
```
git add foo.c
```

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;  
int e = 5;
```

## git add <filename>

- adds a file to "staging area"
- tells git to include the file in the next revision to the repository
- git add \* adds all changed files

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```



```
git add foo.c
```

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;  
int e = 5;
```

Changes to be committed:

modified: foo.c

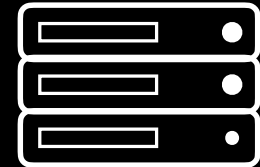


```
git commit
```

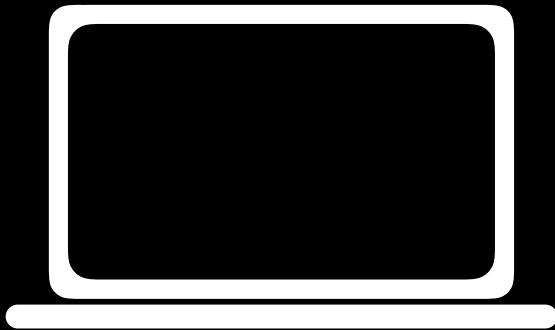
# git commit -m "message"

- saves the changes to repository as a new revision (a "commit")
- records a message
- `git commit -am "message"` adds and commits in same step

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```



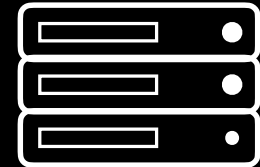
```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;  
int e = 5;
```



## `git commit -m "message"`

- saves the changes to repository as a new revision (a "commit")
- records a message
- `git commit -am "message"` adds and commits in same step

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```



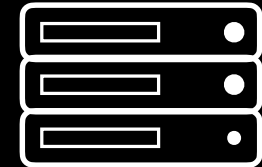
```
git commit -m  
  "Add line"
```

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;  
int e = 5;
```

# git commit -m "message"

- saves the changes to repository as a new revision (a "commit")
- records a message
- `git commit -am "message"` adds and commits in same step

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```



```
git commit -m  
"Add line"
```

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;  
int e = 5;
```

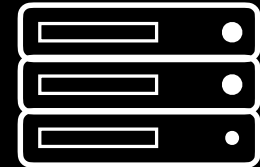
Add line

```
git status
```

# git status

- shows current status of repository

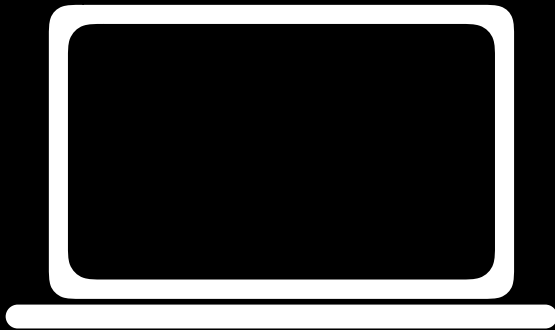
```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```



```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;  
int e = 5;
```

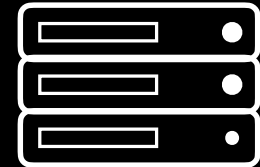
Add line



# git status

- shows current status of repository

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```



```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;  
int e = 5;
```

Add line

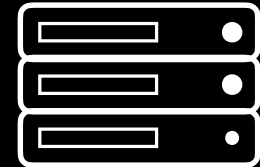


git status

# git status

- shows current status of repository

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```



```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;  
int e = 5;
```

Add line

git status

On branch master

Your branch is ahead of 'origin/master' by 1 commit  
(use "git push" to publish your local commits)

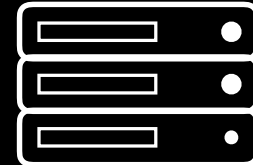


```
git push
```

## git push

- sends committed changes to remote repository
- more explicitly, could write `git push origin master`

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```



```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

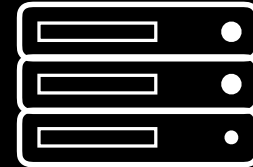
```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;  
int e = 5;
```

Add line

# git push

- sends committed changes to remote repository
- more explicitly, could write `git push origin master`

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```



git push

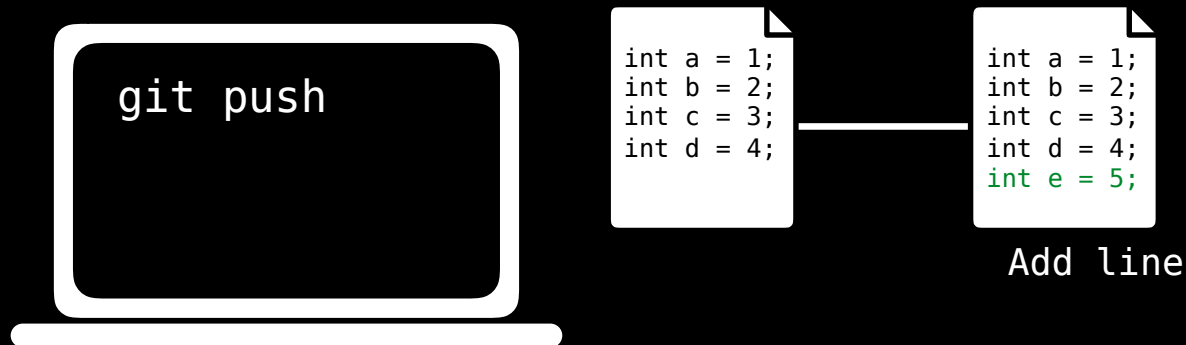
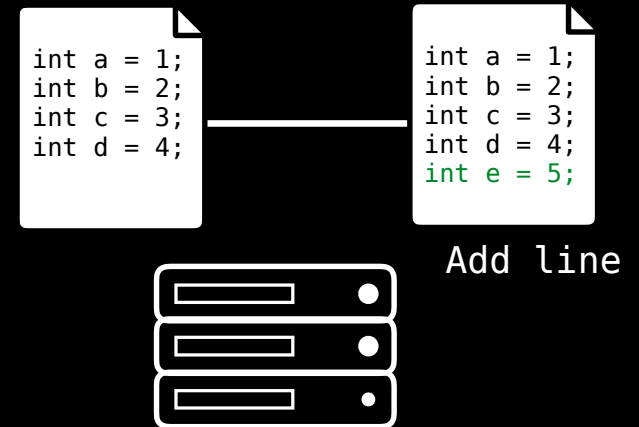
```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;  
int e = 5;
```

Add line

## git push

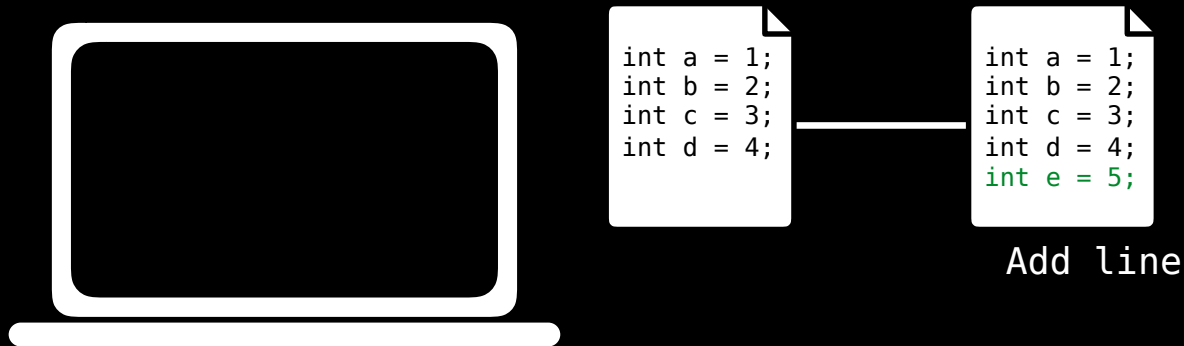
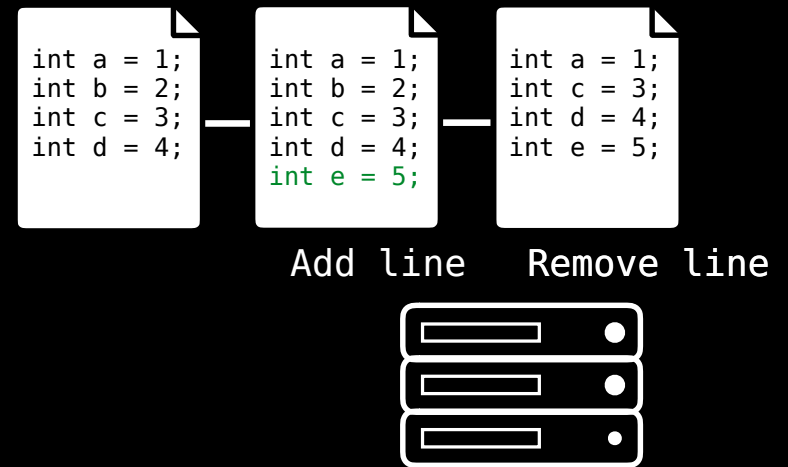
- sends committed changes to remote repository
- more explicitly, could write `git push origin master`



```
git pull
```

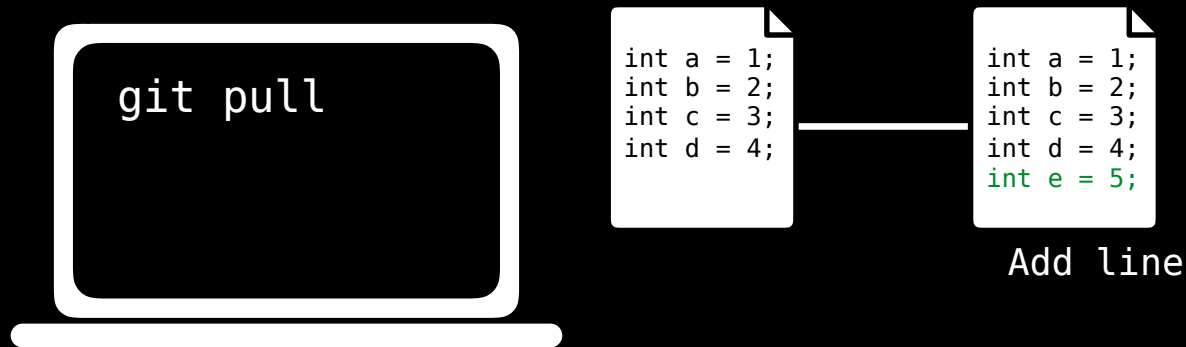
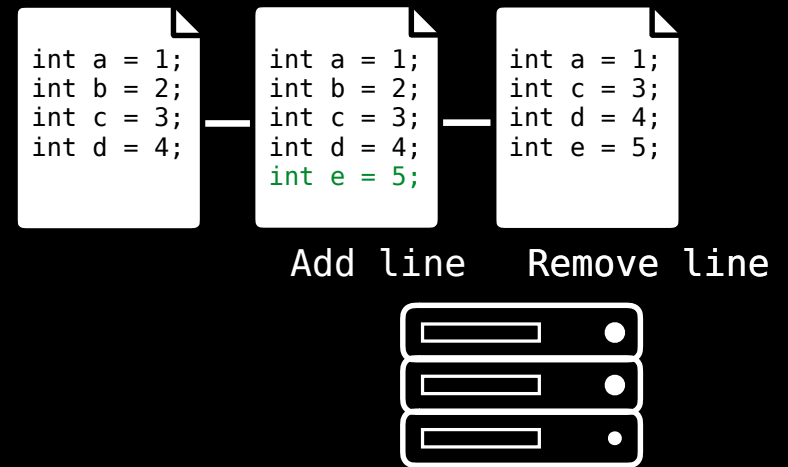
# git pull

- retrieves changes from remote repository



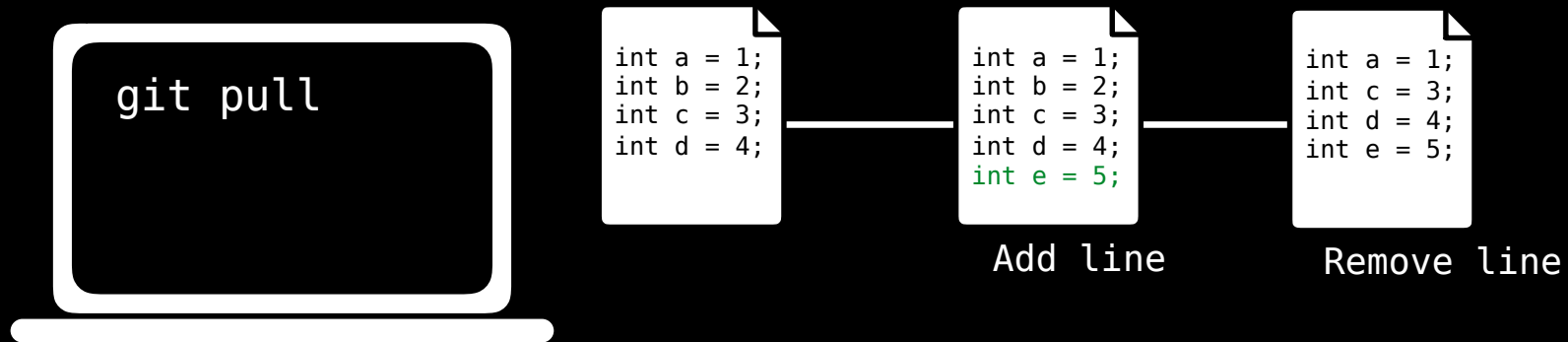
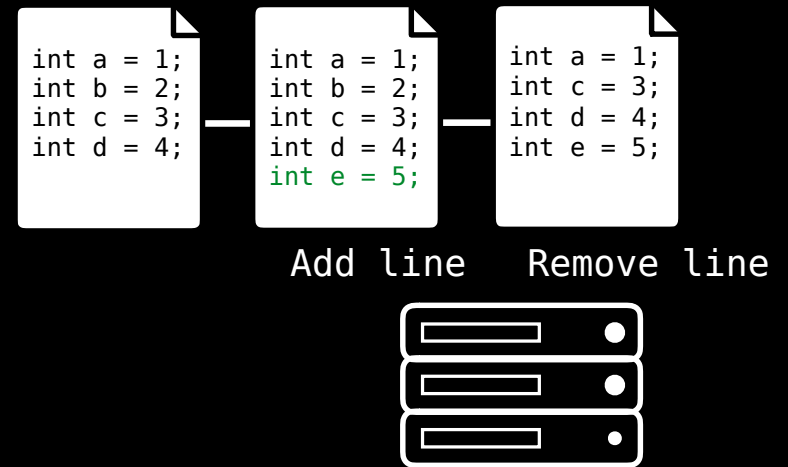
# git pull

- retrieves changes from remote repository



# git pull

- retrieves changes from remote repository





# Merge Conflicts


# Merge Conflicts

- when two different commits can't be automatically merged
- need to be resolved



## Merge Conflicts

- when two different commits can't be automatically merged
- need to be resolved



```
git pull
```

## Merge Conflicts

- when two different commits can't be automatically merged
- need to be resolved



```
git pull
```

```
CONFLICT (content): Merge conflict in foo.c  
Automatic merge failed; fix conflicts and then  
commit the result.
```

# Merge Conflicts

- when two different commits can't be automatically merged
- need to be resolved



git pull

```
int a = 1;
<<<<<< HEAD
int b = 2;
=====
int b = 0;
>>>>>> 5468697320697320435335302e
int c = 3;
int d = 4;
int e = 5;
```

# Merge Conflicts

- when two different commits can't be automatically merged
- need to be resolved




git pull

your  
changes

remote  
changes

```
int a = 1;
<<<<<<< HEAD
{int b = 2;
=====
{int b = 0;
>>>>>>> 5468697320697320435335302e
int c = 3;
int d = 4;
int e = 5;
```

conflicting commit



# Merge Conflicts

- when two different commits can't be automatically merged
- need to be resolved



git pull

```
int a = 1;
<<<<<< HEAD
int b = 2;
=====
int b = 0;
>>>>>> 5468697320697320435335302e
int c = 3;
int d = 4;
int e = 5;
```

# Merge Conflicts

- when two different commits can't be automatically merged
- need to be resolved



```
git pull
```

```
int a = 1;
```

```
int b = 2;
```

```
int c = 3;
```

```
int d = 4;
```

```
int e = 5;
```

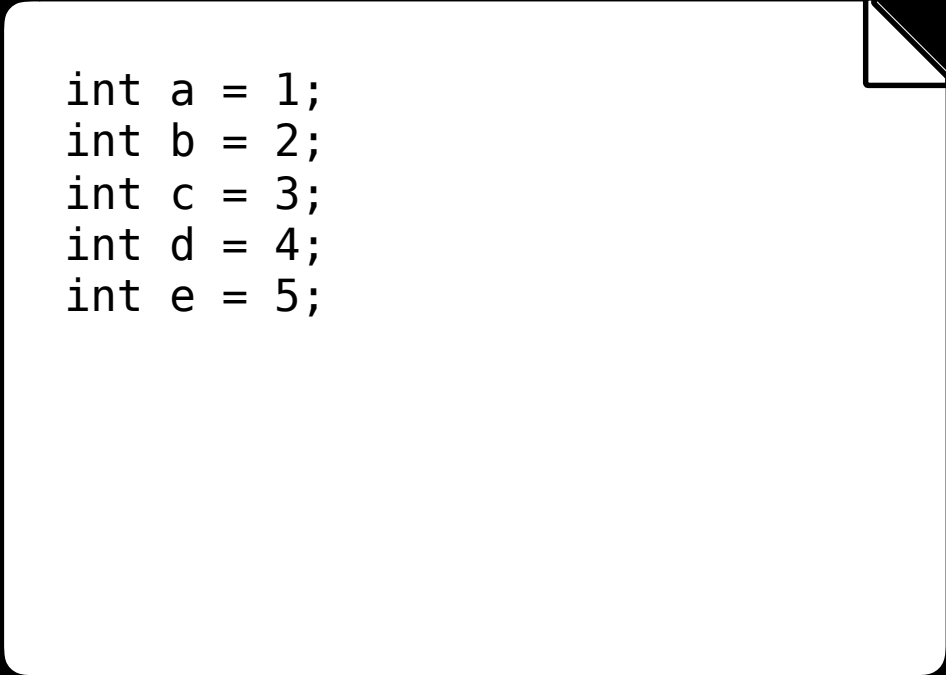


# Merge Conflicts

- when two different commits can't be automatically merged
- need to be resolved



```
git pull
```



```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;  
int e = 5;
```

```
git log
```

# git log

- shows a history of commits and messages



## git log

- shows a history of commits and messages



## git log

- shows a history of commits and messages

```
commit 5468697320697320435335302e
Author: Brian Yu <brianyu@college.harvard.edu>
Date:   Tue Oct 11 21:09:37 2016 -0400
```

Remove a line

```
commit 4920746f6f6b20435335302e
Author: Brian Yu <brianyu@college.harvard.edu>
Date:   Tue Oct 11 21:05:28 2016 -0400
```

Add a line

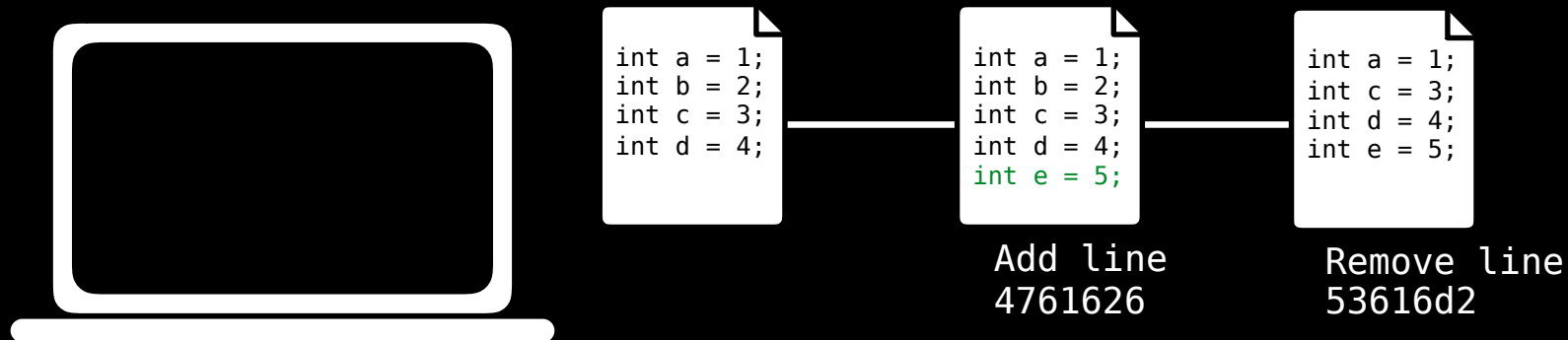


```
git log
```

```
git reset
```

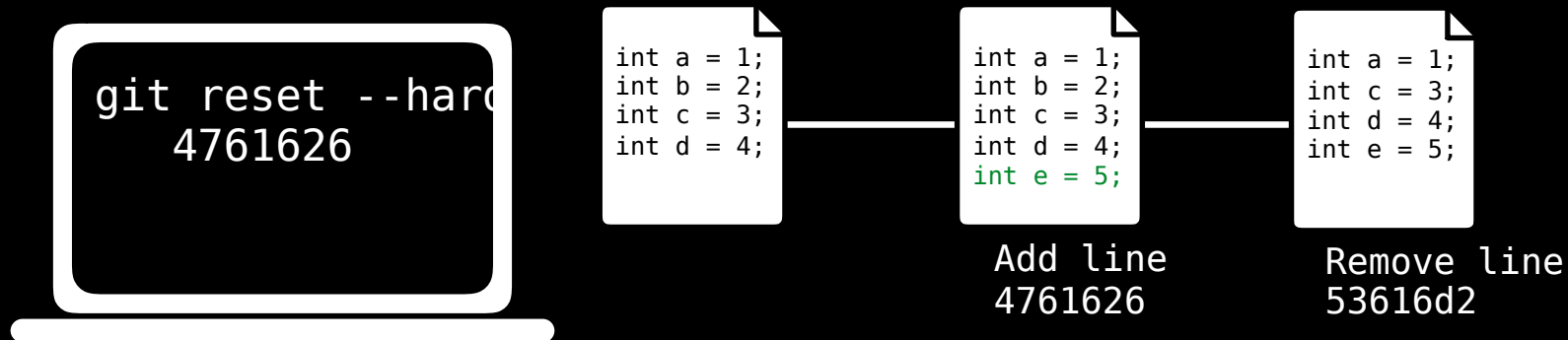
# git reset

- `git reset --hard <commit>`  
reverts code back to a previous commit
- `git reset --hard origin/master`  
reverts code back to remote repository version



# git reset

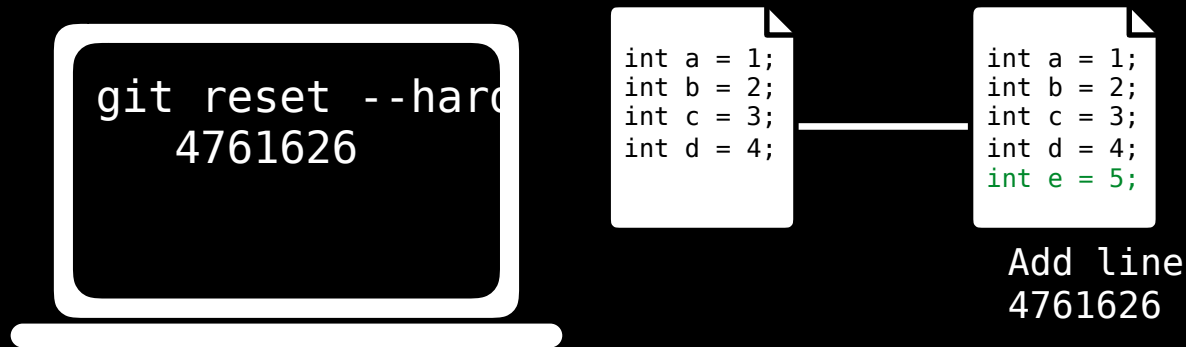
- `git reset --hard <commit>`  
reverts code back to a previous commit
- `git reset --hard origin/master`  
reverts code back to remote repository version





## git reset

- `git reset --hard <commit>`  
reverts code back to a previous commit
- `git reset --hard origin/master`  
reverts code back to remote repository version



# Branching

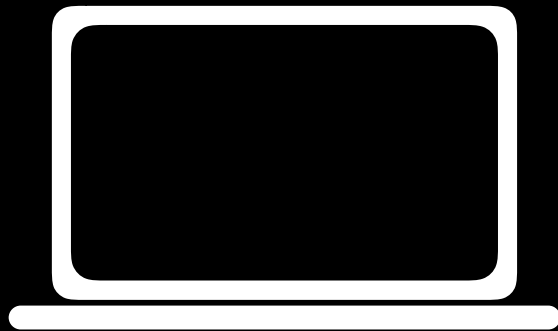
# Branching

- Branch is a version of the repository.
- Each branch has its own commit history and current version.

git branch

## git branch

- shows all branches of code
- create a branch with `git branch <branch_name>`
- switch to ("checkout") a new branch with `git checkout <branch_name>`



master

```
int a = 1;  
int b = 2;  
int c = 3;  
int d = 4;
```

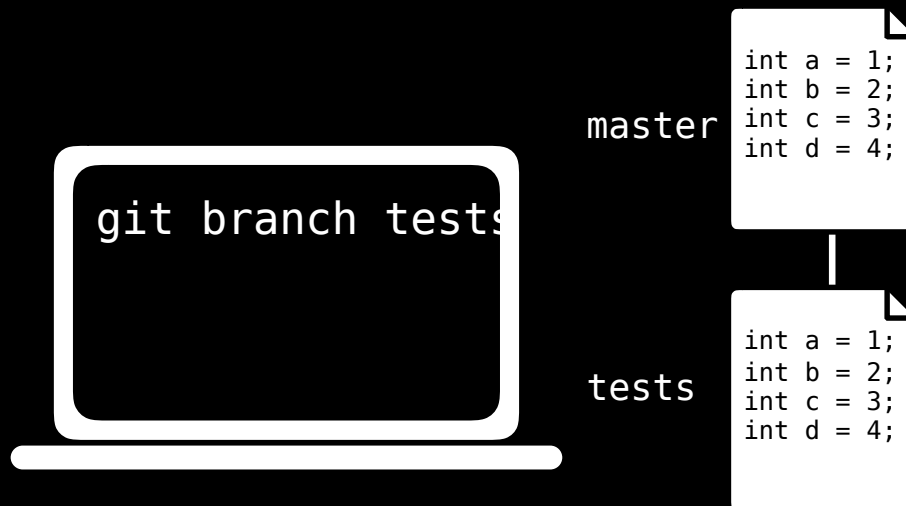
## git branch

- shows all branches of code
- create a branch with `git branch <branch_name>`
- switch to ("checkout") a new branch with `git checkout <branch_name>`



# git branch

- shows all branches of code
- create a branch with `git branch <branch_name>`
- switch to ("checkout") a new branch with `git checkout <branch_name>`

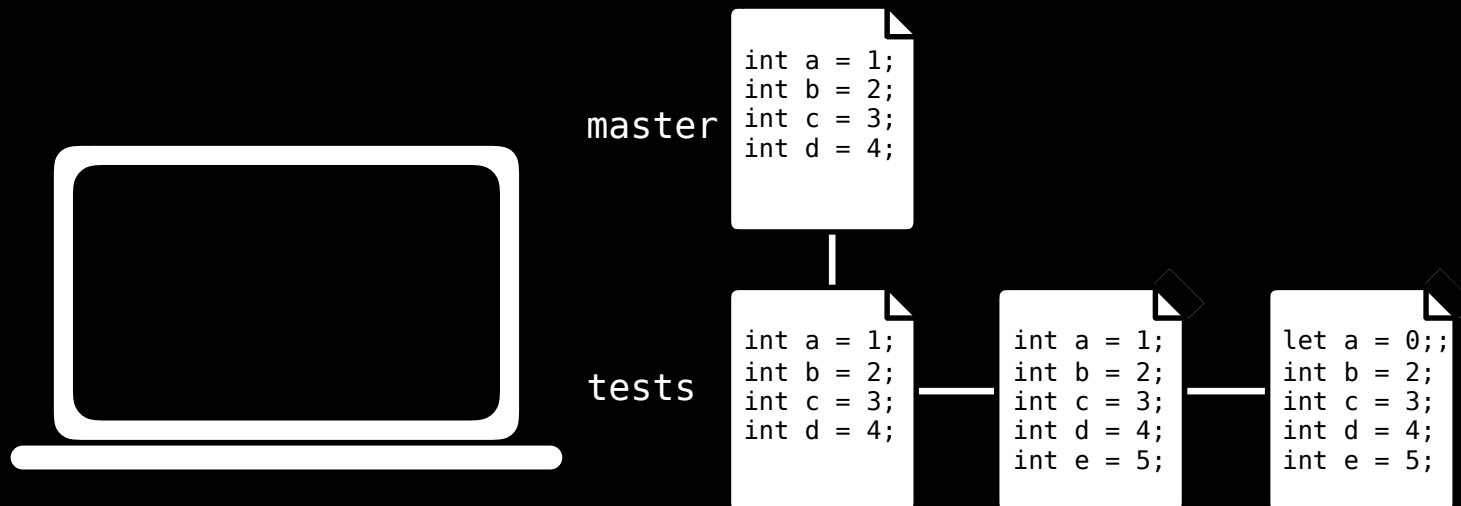


git merge



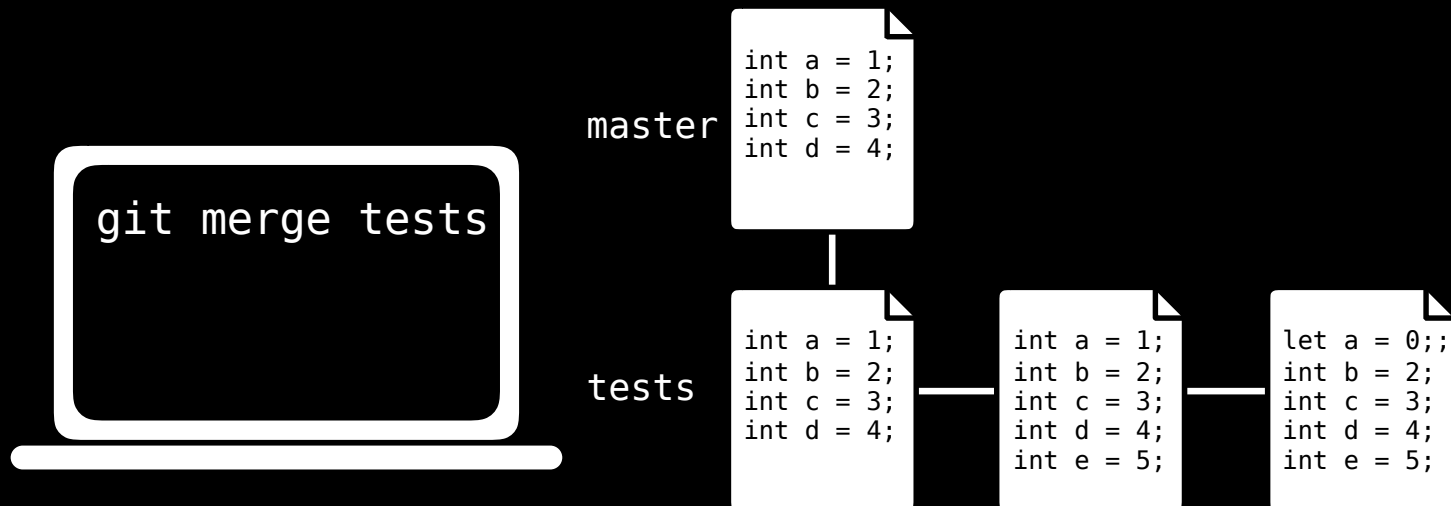
# git merge

- `git merge <branch_name>` merges the branch `branch_name` with current branch



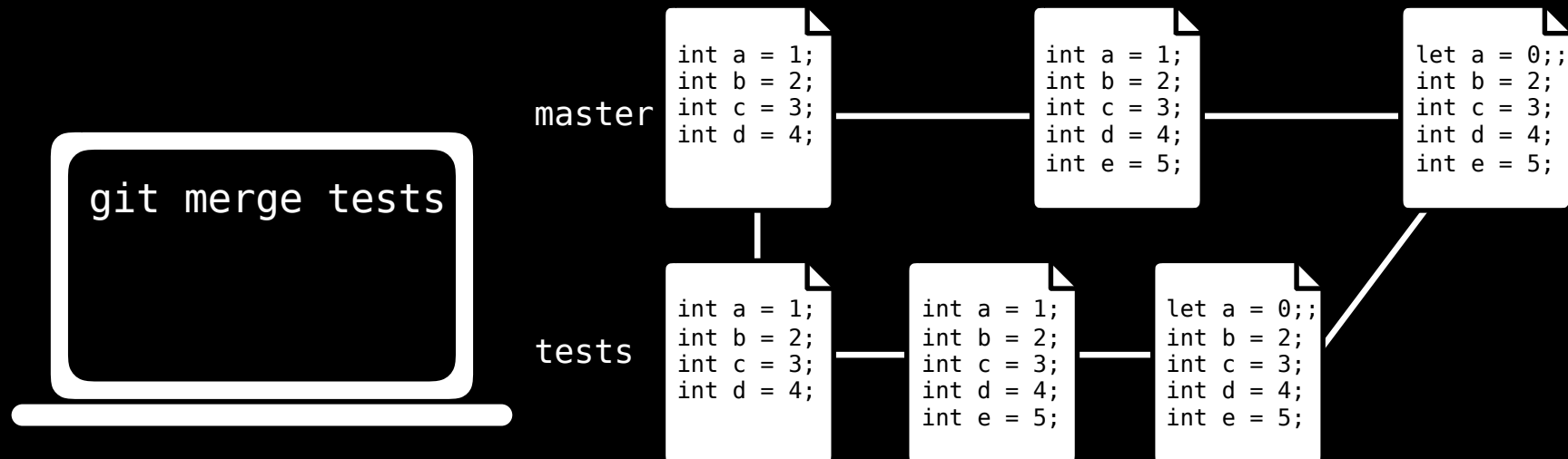
# git merge

- `git merge <branch_name>` merges the branch `branch_name` with current branch



# git merge

- `git merge <branch_name>` merges the branch `branch_name` with current branch



# Pull Requests

# Git

- Keeps track of changes to code.
- Synchronizes code between different people.
- Test changes to code without losing the original.
- Revert back to old versions of code.