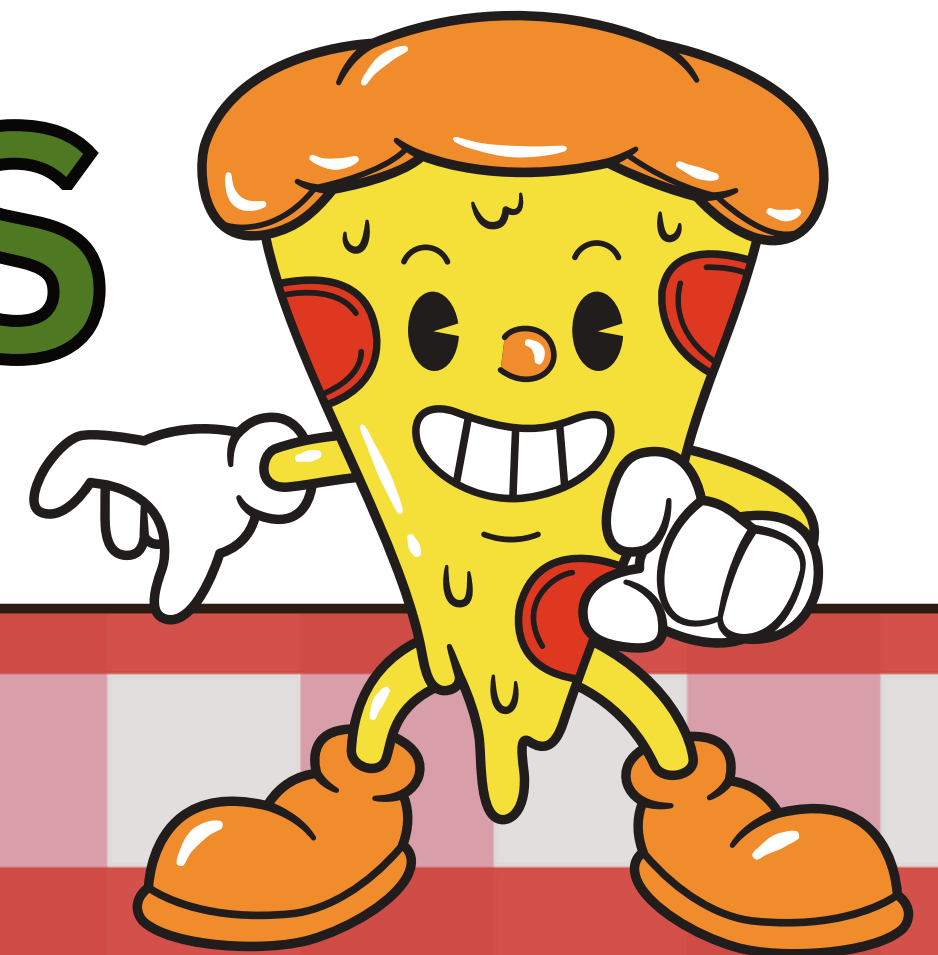


SQL PROJECTIONS ON PIZZA SALES



INTRO



**Hello, I am Deepak, a student at DBE.
In this project, I've leveraged SQL to
uncover valuable insights into pizza
sales.**

Project Steps:

- **Database Creation:** Developed a database named "pizzahut."
- **Data Import:** Imported .csv files into SQL, successfully adding the "pizza" and "pizza_types" tables with fewer than 100 entries each.
- **Manual Table Creation:** Due to import issues with the "orders" table, manually created a new table with columns for order_id, date, and time.
- **Bulk Data Import:** Successfully imported over 21k entries into the "orders" table using the import wizard, followed by the creation of the "order_details" table, which was populated with over 48k entries.
- **Data Analysis:** Performed SQL queries to extract insights from the pizza sales data.

Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
SELECT  
    COUNT(order_id) AS TOTAL_ORDERS  
FROM  
    orders;
```

Result Grid			
	TOTAL_ORDERS		
▶	21350		



Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

```
SELECT
    ROUND(SUM(od.quantity * p.price)) AS TOTAL_REVENUE
FROM
    orders_details od
    JOIN
    pizzas p ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id;
```

Result Grid	
	TOTAL_REVENUE
▶	817860

Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
SELECT
    pt.name AS NAME_OF_PIZZA, p.price AS PRICE
FROM
    pizza_types pt
    JOIN
    pizzas p ON pt.pizza_type_id = p.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY p.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid   Filter Rows:		
	NAME_OF_PIZZA	PRICE
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95

Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
SELECT
    p.size, COUNT(p.size) AS NUMBER_OF_ORDERS
FROM
    orders_details od
    JOIN
        pizzas p ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id
GROUP BY p.size
ORDER BY COUNT(p.size) DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	size	NUMBER_OF_ORDERS	
▶	L	18526	


List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
SELECT
    pt.name AS TYPE_OF_PIZZA, SUM(od.quantity) AS TOTAL
FROM
    orders_details od
    JOIN
    pizzas p ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id
    JOIN
    pizza_types pt ON p.pizza_type_id = pt.pizza_type_id
GROUP BY TYPE_OF_PIZZA
ORDER BY TOTAL DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

	TYPE_OF_PIZZA	TOTAL
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
SELECT
    pt.category AS CATEGORY_OF_PIZZA, SUM(od.quantity) AS TOTAL
FROM
    orders_details od
    JOIN
    pizzas p ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id
    JOIN
    pizza_types pt ON p.pizza_type_id = pt.pizza_type_id
GROUP BY CATEGORY_OF_PIZZA
ORDER BY TOTAL DESC;
```

Result Grid  Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	CATEGORY_OF_PIZZA	TOTAL
▶	Classic	14888
	Supreme	11987
	Veggie	11649
	Chicken	11050

Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
SELECT
    HOUR(o.order_time) AS HOUR_ORDERED,
    COUNT(o.order_id) AS ORDER_PLACED
FROM
    orders o
GROUP BY HOUR_ORDERED
ORDER BY HOUR_ORDERED;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	HOUR_ORDERED	ORDER_PLACED	
▶	9	1	
	10	8	
	11	1231	
	12	2520	
	13	2455	
	14	1472	
	15	1468	
	16	1920	
	17	2336	



Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
SELECT
    category, COUNT(category) AS NUMBER_OF_PIZZAS
FROM
    pizza_types
GROUP BY category
ORDER BY NUMBER_OF_PIZZAS;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	category	NUMBER_OF_PIZZAS	
▶	Chicken	6	
	Classic	8	
	Supreme	9	
	Veggie	9	

Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(orders), 0)
FROM
    (SELECT
        o.order_date AS date, SUM(od.quantity) AS orders
    FROM
        orders o
    JOIN orders_details od ON o.order_id = od.order_id
    GROUP BY o.order_date) AS data;
```

Result Grid			 Filter R
	ROUND(AVG(orders),0)		
▶	138		

Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

SELECT

pt.name AS type_of_pizza,
ROUND(SUM(od.quantity * p.price), 2) AS Revenue

FROM

orders_details od

JOIN

pizzas p ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id

JOIN

pizza_types pt ON p.pizza_type_id = pt.pizza_type_id

GROUP BY type_of_pizza

ORDER BY Revenue DESC

LIMIT 3;

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	type_of_pizza	Revenue	
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768	
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5	



Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
SELECT
    pt.category,
    SUM(od.quantity * p.price) / (SELECT
        SUM(od.quantity * p.price)
    FROM
        orders_details od
        JOIN
        pizzas p ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id) * 100 AS Percentage
FROM
    orders_details od
    JOIN
    pizzas p ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id
    JOIN
    pizza_types pt ON p.pizza_type_id = pt.pizza_type_id
GROUP BY pt.category
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	category	Percentage	
▶	Classic	26.905960255669903	
	Veggie	23.682590927384783	
	Supreme	25.45631126009884	
	Chicken	23.955137556847493	

Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
SELECT order_date, SUM(REVENUE) OVER(ORDER BY order_date) AS CUM_REVENUE
FROM
(SELECT o.order_date, SUM(od.quantity*p.price) AS REVENUE
FROM orders o
JOIN orders_details od
    ON o.order_id = od.order_id
JOIN pizzas p
    ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id
GROUP BY o.order_date) AS SALES
```

Result Grid   Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	order_date	CUM_REVENUE
	2015-12-20	799187.9500000001
	2015-12-21	801288.65
	2015-12-22	803171.6
	2015-12-23	805415.9
	2015-12-24	807553.75
	2015-12-26	809196.8
	2015-12-27	810615.8
	2015-12-28	812253
	2015-12-29	813606.25
	2015-12-30	814944.05
	2015-12-31	817860.05

Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
SELECT name, REVENUE
FROM
  (SELECT name, REVENUE, RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY category ORDER BY REVENUE DESC) AS rn
  FROM
    (SELECT pt.name, pt.category, SUM(od.quantity*p.price) AS REVENUE
    FROM pizza_types pt
    JOIN pizzas p
      ON p.pizza_type_id = pt.pizza_type_id
    JOIN orders_details od
      ON p.pizza_id = od.pizza_id
    GROUP BY pt.category, pt.name) AS a) AS b
WHERE rn <= 3;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	REVENUE	
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768	
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5	
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5	
	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25	
	The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75	
	The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25	
	The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75	
	The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5	
	The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.700000000065	
	The Mexicana Pizza	26780.75	
	The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5	

PIZZA PARTY!

