

Future Work :-

For banks with smaller average transaction value, we would want high precision because we only want to label relevant transactions as fraudulent. For every transaction that is flagged as fraudulent, we can add the human element to verify whether the transaction was done by calling the customer. However, when precision is low, such tasks are a burden because the human element has to be increased.

For banks having a larger transaction value, if the recall is low, i.e., it is unable to detect transactions that are labelled as non-fraudulent. So we have to consider the losses if the missed transaction was a high-value fraudulent one.

So here, to save the banks from high-value fraudulent transactions, we have to focus on a high recall in order to detect actual fraudulent transactions.

After performing several models, we have seen that in the balanced dataset with SMOTE technique the simplest Logistic regression model has good ROC score and also high Recall. Hence, we can go with the logistic model here. It is also easier to interpret and explain to the business.

