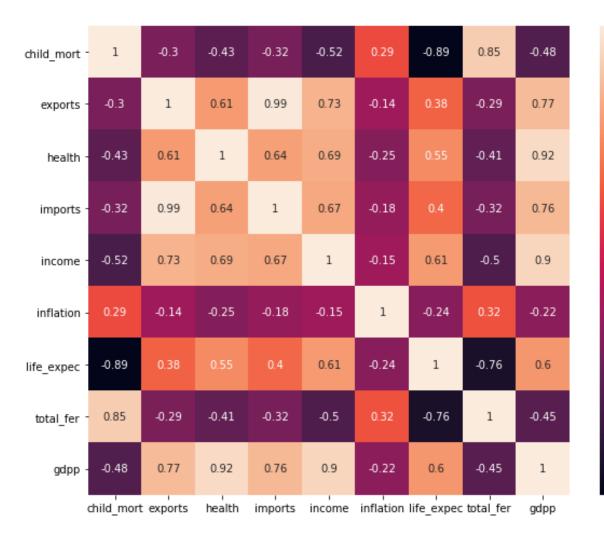
### CLUSTER ASSIGNMENT

#### **HEAT MAP**

- 1. High correlation between child mortality and life expectancy. There is negative correlation between them i.e. inversely proportional to each other.
- 2. High positive correlation between imports and exports i.e. directly proportional to each other



- 0.8

- 0.4

- 0.0

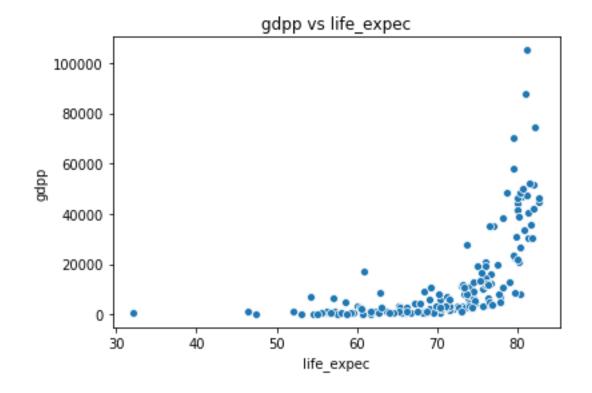
- -0.4

- -0.8

# GDPP VS LIFE EXPECTANCY

There is a positive relation between GDPP and Life expectancy.

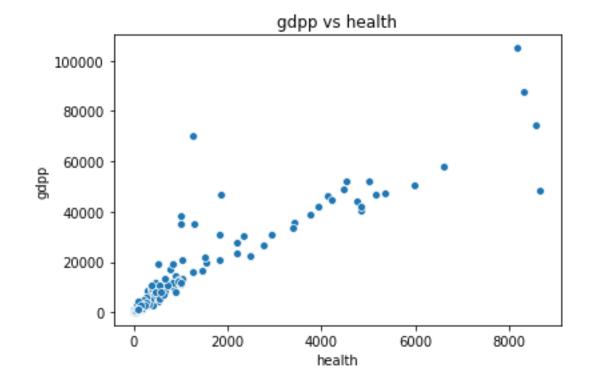
As the GDPP of Countries is increasing Life Expectancy is also increasing.



#### GDPP VS HEALTH

GDPP and Health has a positive relation between them.

There is a cluster at the beginning and then scattered as the GDPP and Health is increased.

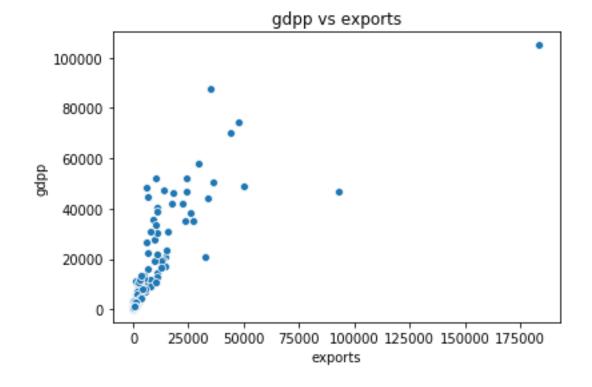


#### GDPP VS EXPORTS

There is a positive relationship between GDPP and Exports and rightly so.

As the GDPP increased countries will export more.

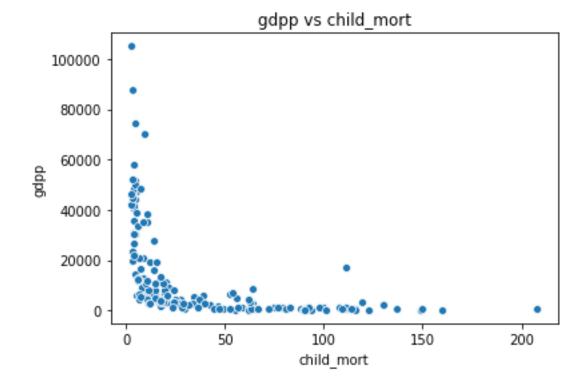
Certain outliers are present.



# GDPP VS CHILD\_MORT

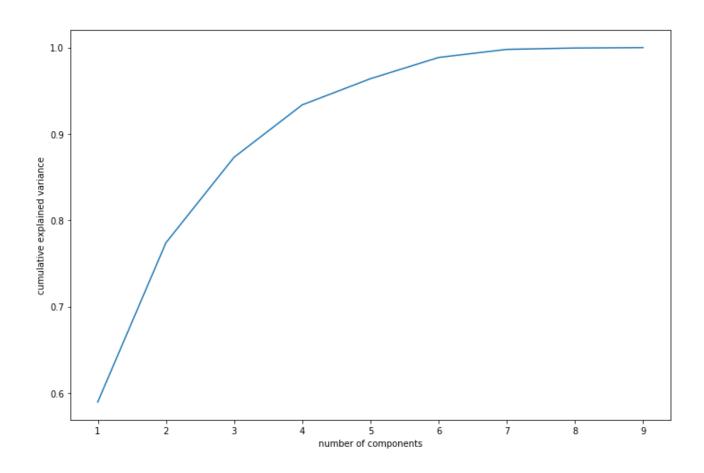
There is a negative relation between GDPP and child mortality.

As the GDPP increased death of child (below 5 years of age) will decrease in the countries.



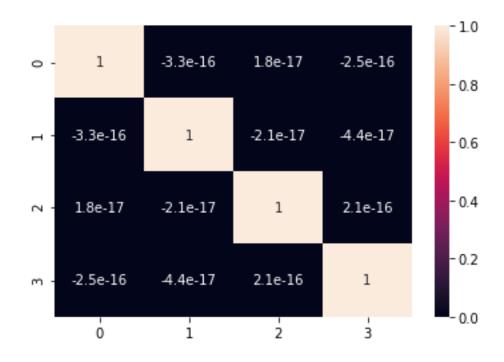
#### **SCREE PLOT**

Through Scree Plot we come to know that 4 components are enough to describe around 92% of the variance in the dataset.



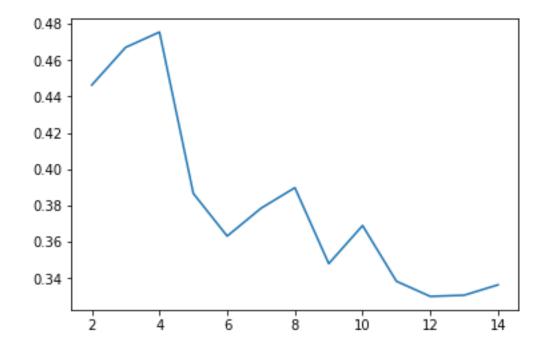
#### **HEAT MAP**

Through Heat map we can see that there is no multicollinearity after we performed PCA.



#### SILHOUETTE SCORE

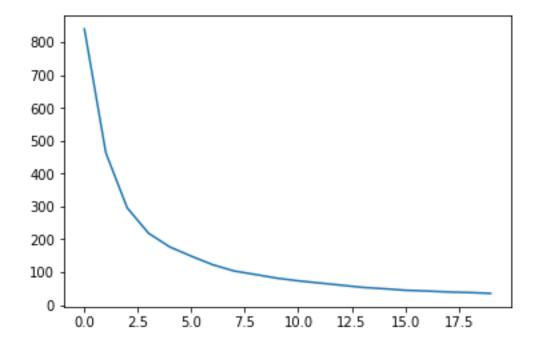
Through The plot we determined the no of clusters will be 4 i.e. K = 4 or K = 5



#### **ELBOW PLOT**

Through Elbow plots we get K = 4 or 5

Where there is a curve, there it shows the value of K.

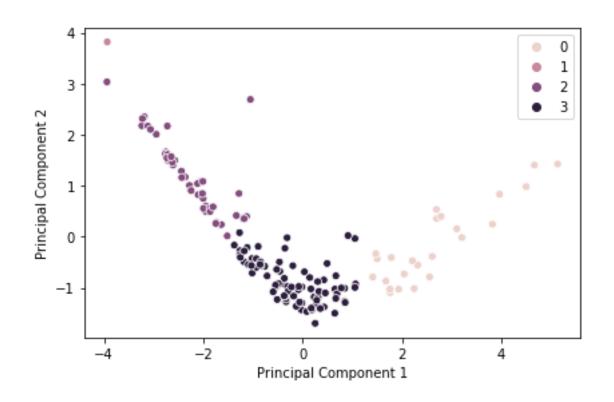


#### PC1 VS PC2

PC1 and PC2 are Principal Components we get from PCA.

In the plot, there are 4 clusters i.e. 0,1,2,3 and these are distinctively separate from each other.

Different clusters are presented by different colors.

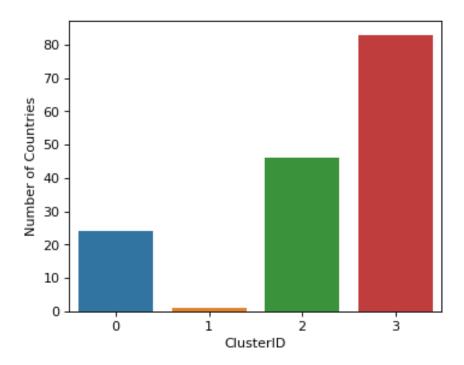


Cluster 0 = 24 countries

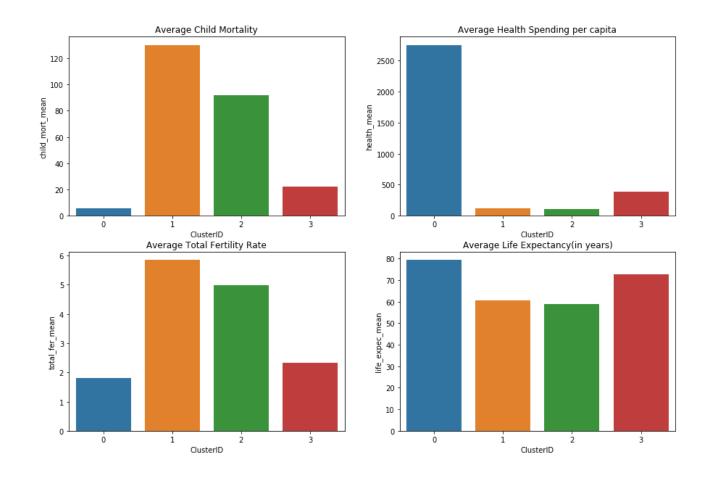
Cluster 1 = 1 country

Cluster 2 = 46 countries

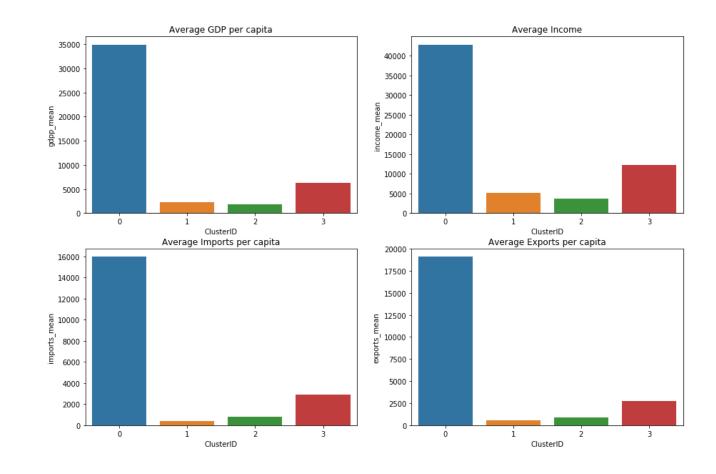
Cluster 3 = 83 countries



- 1. In first Plot we can see that Average Mortality rate is higher in Cluster 1 and least in Cluster 0.
- 2. In 2<sup>nd</sup> plot, Average Health Spending per capita is higher in Cluster 0 i.e the countries in this cluster are developed countries. The least is in Cluster 1 and 2 so they are developing countries.
- 3. In 3rd plot, Average Total Fertility Rate is higher in countries which are in cluster 1 and followed by cluster 2.
- 4. In 4<sup>th</sup> plot, Average Life expectancy is higher in cluster 0 and lowest in cluster 2

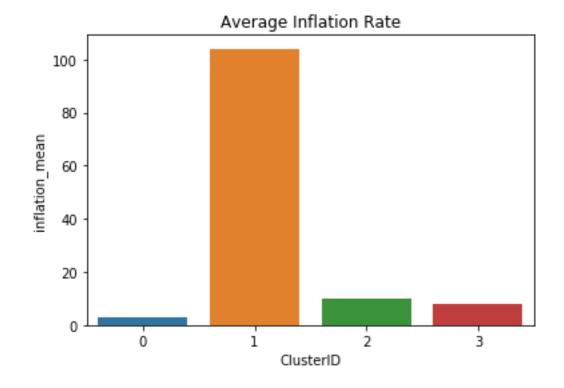


- 1. In 1<sup>st</sup> plot, Average GDP is higher in countries which are in cluster 0 i.e. they are developed countries. And lower in Cluster 2 means they are developing countries and needed to be looed after
- 2. In 2<sup>nd</sup> plot, Avg Income is higher in Cluster 0 countries which are developed
- 3. In 3<sup>rd</sup> plot, Average imports are lower in cluster 1 and cluster 2 and needed to be looked after.
- In 4<sup>th</sup> Plot, Avg Exports is higher and lower in cluster 0 (developed) and cluster 1 & 2 (developing countries)



Average Inflation is higher in countries hich are cluster 1 and 2.

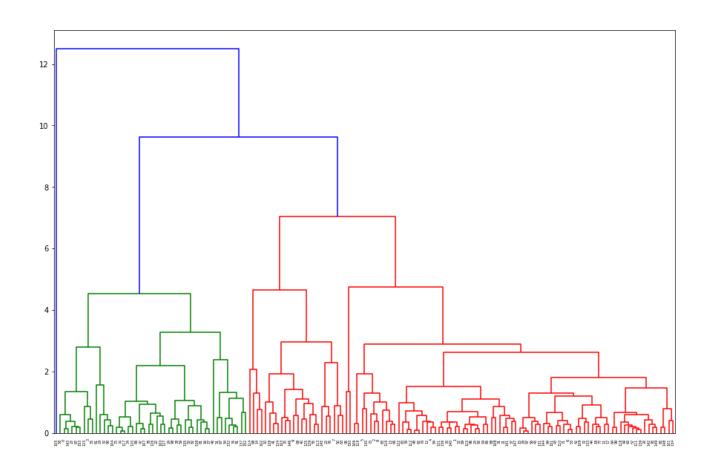
These countries are needed to be looked after by the HELP NGO to help them



## HIERARCHICAL CLUSTERING

In Hierarchical clustering, the horizontal line will cut the dendograms and no of lines it will cut the value of K will be that.

In this case we take K = 4.



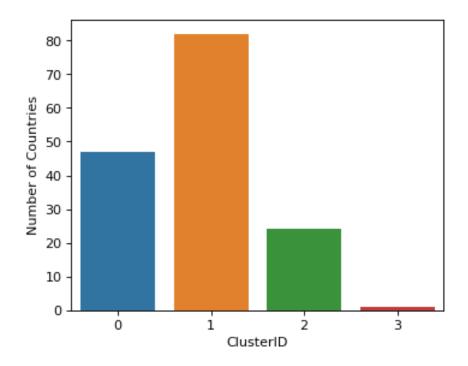
## BAR GRAPH (HIERARCHICAL)

CLUSTER 0 = 47 COUNTRIES

CLUSTER 1 = 82 COUNTRIES

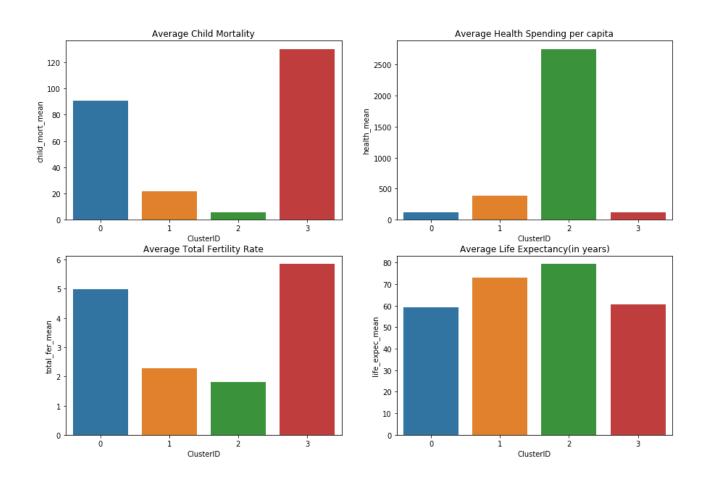
**CLUSTER 2 = 24 COUNTRIES** 

**CLUSTER 3 = 1 COUNTRY** 



## BAR GRAPH (HIERARCHICAL)

- 1. In 1<sup>st</sup> plot, Average Child Mortality is higher in cluster 3 and lower in cluster 2
- 2. In 2<sup>nd</sup> plot, Average Health Spending is higher in cluster 2 countries and lower in cluster 0
- 3. In 3<sup>rd</sup> plot, Average Total Fertility Rate is Higher in cluster 3 and lower in cluster 2
- 4. In 4<sup>th</sup> plot, Average Life expectancy is higher in cluster 2 countries and lower in cluster 3 countries



#### BAR GRAPH (HIERARCHICAL)

- 1. In 1<sup>st</sup> plot, Average GDP per capita is higher in cluster 2 countries (developed) and lower in cluster 0 countries (Developing)
- 2. In 2<sup>nd</sup> plot, Average Income is higher in cluster 2 countries and lower in cluster 0 countries and needed to be looed after
- 3. In 3<sup>rd</sup> plot also the Average Imports per capita is lower in cluster 3 and needed to be looed after by the NGO
- And similarly for Average Exports per capita

