

## Assignment-0

### CS342: Operating System Lab

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#### General Instruction

- Do not use global variable or inbuilt functions like `pow()`, `abs()` etc., unless explicitly instructed.

For this assignment, we will write a C program to sort an array of strings. Assume the length of any string involved in this assignment is, at most, 20.

#### Part-1: Write a function to compare two strings

In the first part, write a function which takes two strings,  $x$  and  $y$ , as input. It outputs 1 if  $x$  appears lexicographically before  $y$  and  $-1$  if  $y$  appears lexicographically before  $x$ . If  $x = y$ , then it outputs 0. The prototype of the function should be as follows.

```
int strcmp(char* x, char* y, int lenx, int leny);
```

`lenx` and `leny` denote the length of string  $x$  and  $y$ , respectively.

#### Part-2: Sort an array of strings

First, take the number  $n$  of strings as input from the user. You can assume that  $n$  is at most 50. So you define a two-dimensional char array  $a$  of size  $50 \times 20$  to store the strings. Now you take  $n$  strings as input from the user and store them in  $a[0], a[1], \dots, a[n-1]$  respectively. The entries  $a[n], \dots, a[49]$  should be NULL. Next, you sort these  $n$  strings in lexicographic order. *However, since copying/swapping strings can be inefficient, we will not copy/swap strings directly.* Instead, we will work with pointers. For that purpose, you define a one-dimensional array  $b$  of pointers to char of size 50. You now write a sorting function which takes the two-dimensional array  $a$  and the one-dimensional array  $b$  as input and stores in  $b$  the sorted order of the strings in  $a$ . For example, if  $a[10]$  is the string which should come first among the  $n$  strings according to the lexicographic order, then  $b[0]$  should store the string at  $a[10]$ . Similarly  $b[1], \dots, b[n-1]$  are defined. The entries  $b[n], \dots, b[49]$  will be NULL. The prototype of your sorting function should be the following. You should use the insertion sorting algorithm to sort these strings.

```
void strsort(char a[][20], char **b, int n);
```

## Sample Output

Write  $n$  : 5

Write  $a[0]$  : rahul

Write  $a[1]$  : krish

Write  $a[2]$  : abdullah

Write  $a[3]$  : john

Write  $a[4]$  : tina

Sorted strings are:

abdullah

john

krish

rahul

tina