

### ROUND 1

1.	We can decla	re all types of variables in javascript using Keyword
	a.	var
	b.	obj
	c.	jvar
	d.	None of these
	Answer:	var
2.	"What will be	the output of the following code snippet?
	<pre></pre>	
	var a = ""Sc	aler"";
	var result =	a.substring(2, 4);
	console.log	(result);
	"	
	a.	al
	b.	ale
	c.	cal
	d.	caler
	Answer:	al
3.	What keywor	d is used to check whether a given property is valid or not?
	а.	in
	b.	is in
	c.	exists
	d.	lies
	Answer:	in
4.	JavaScript is	ideal to

a.

b.

C.

d.

a.

b.

C.

d.

5.



	Answer	: function/method
6.	What kind of	f expression is "new Point(2,3)"?
	a.	Primary expression
	b.	invocation expression
	c.	Object creation expression
	d.	Constructor calling expression
	Answer	: Object creation expression
7.	The method	or operator used to identify the array is
	a.	isarrayType()
	b.	.==
	c.	.===
	d.	typeof
	Answer	: typeof
8.	What will ha	ppen if a return statement does not have an associated
	a.	It will throw an exception
	b.	It returns the value 0

make computations in HTML simpler

increase the download time for the client

increase the loading time of the website

Answer: minimize storage requirements on the web server

JavaScript code can be calling by using......

function/method

**Triggering event** 

**Preprocessor** 

RMI

minimize storage requirements on the web server

expression?



- c. It will throw an error
- d. It returns the undefined value

Answer: It returns the undefined value

- 9. The method that performs the search-and-replace operation to strings for pattern matching is
  - a replace()
  - b. add()
  - c. edit
  - d. searchandreplace()

Answer: replace()

- 10. When an operator's value is NULL, the typeof returned by the unary operator is:
  - a. Boolean
  - b. Undefined
  - c. Object
  - d. Integer

**Answer: Object** 

11. "What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
 var a = 1;
 var b = 0;
 while (a <= 3)
 {
    a++;
    b += a * 2;
    console.log(b);
}</pre>
```



```
"
               4 10 18
          a.
               123
          b.
               147
                None of the above
          d.
   Answer: 4 10 18
12. "What will be the output of the following code snippet?
             var a = Math.max();
             var b = Math.min();
             console.log(a);
             console.log(b);
             "
               -infinity infinity
          a.
               infinity -infinity
          b.
               infinity infinity
          C.
          d.
               -infinity -infinity
      Answer: –infinity infinity
13. "What will be the output of the following code snippet?
             var a = Math.max() < Math.min();</pre>
             var b = Math.max() > Math.min();
             console.log(a);
             console.log(b);
```

a. true false

"



- b. false true
- true true C.
- false false d.

Answer: true false

14. "What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
var a = true + true + true * 3;
console.log(a)
"
     3
a.
b.
     0
     Error
C.
d.
     5
```

Answer: 15

C.

15. "What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
var a = ""hello"";
var sum = 0;
for(var i = 0; i < a.length; i++) {
 sum += (a[i] - 'a');
}
console.log(sum);
"
a.
     47
b.
     NaN
     0
```

d. None of the above

**Answer: NaN** 

- 16. Initialization of a variable can be done by writing \_\_\_\_\_ operator in between variable name and operand value
  - a. Equals
  - b. 1=
  - c. Value
  - d. ==

Answer: =

17. "What will be the output of the following code snippet?

const obj1 = {Name: ""Hello"", Age: 16};

const obj2 = {Name: ""Hello"", Age: 16};

console.log(obj1 === obj2);

"

- a. TRUE
- b. FALSE
- c. Undefined
- d. None of the above

**Answer: FALSE** 

- 18. Which of the following are not server-side JavaScript objects?
  - a. Date
  - b. FileUpload
  - c. Function
  - d. All of the above

Answer: All of the above



19.	Recursion is a	method in which the solution of a problem depends on
	a.	Larger instances of different problems
	b.	Larger instances of the same problem
	c.	Smaller instances of the same problem
	d.	Smaller instances of different problems
	Answer:	Smaller instances of the same problem
20.	Which of the f	ollowing problems can't be solved using recursion?
	a.	Factorial of a number
	b.	Nth fibonacci number
	c.	Length of a string
	d.	Problems without base case
	Answer:	Problems without base case
21.	In recursion, t	he condition for which the function will stop calling itself is
	а.	Best case
	b.	Worst case
	c.	Base case
	d.	There is no such condition
		Base case
22.	If an array witl	h five elements a=[1,2,3,4,5]; what will do the expression a.length=0
	a.	checks length of array is 0 or not
	b.	deletes all elements
	c.	replaces all elements with 0
	d.	adds 0 at the beginning
	Answer:	deletes all elements

23. While iterating elements of an array a,..... will test the array elements in order to skip

null, undefined and non-existent elements.



	a.	!a[i]
	b.	a[i]= = = undefined
	C.	!(i in a)
	d.	!a.hasOwnProperty(i)
	Answer:	!a[i]
	Theelements from a	method in JavaScript is a general purpose method for inserting or removing an array.
	a.	Array.join()
	b.	Array.concat( )
	C.	Array.slice()
	d.	Array.splice()
	Answer:	Array.splice()
25.	Array indexes	start with
	a.	-1
	b.	0
	C.	1
	d.	Cannot say
	Answer:	0
26.	Arrays always	use numbered indexes.
	a.	Yes
	b.	No
	C.	Can be yes or no
	d.	Cannot say

**Answer: Yes** 

27. "What will happen, if the following JavaScript code is executed?



```
var count =0;
while (count <10)
{
          console.log(count);
          count++;
}
</pre>"
```

- a. An error is displayed
- b. An exception is thrown
- c. The values of count variable are logged or stored in a particular location or storage
- d. The value of count from 0 to 9 is displayed in the console

Answer: The value of count from 0 to 9 is displayed in the console

28. "Which of the following is the correct output for the following JavaScript code:

```
var x=3;
var y=2;
var z=0;
if(x==y)
document.write(x);
else if(x==y)
document.write(x);
else
document.write(z);
"
a. 3
b. 0
```

**Error** 

2

C.

d.



	Answer:	0
29.	n JavaScript tl	ne x===y statement implies that:
	a.	Both x and y are equal in value, type and reference address as well.
	b.	Both are x and y are equal in value only.
	C.	Both are equal in the value and data type.
	d.	Both are not same at all.
	Answer:	Both are equal in the value and data type.
30.	Variable decla	red without a value will have the value
	a.	undefined
	b.	0
	C.	Null
	d.	None of these
	Answer:	undefined
31.	What is the wo	orst case time complexity of merge sort?
	a.	O(n log n)
	b.	O(n2)
	C.	O(n2 log n)
	d.	O(n log n2)
	Answer:	O(n log n)
32.	What is the wo	orst case time complexity of a quick sort algorithm?
	a.	O(n log n)
	b.	O(n2)
	C.	O(n2 log n)
	d.	O(n log n2)



Answer: O(n2)	

- 33. Which of the following method is used for sorting in merge sort?
  - a. merging
  - b. partitioning
  - c. selection
  - d. exchanging

**Answer: merging** 

- 34. Which of the following methods is the most effective for picking the pivot element?
  - a. first element
  - b. last element
  - c. median of three element
  - d. random element

Answer: median of three element

- 35. Which of the following is not a variant of merge sort?
  - a. bottom up merge sort
  - b. in-place merge sort
  - c. top down merge sort
  - d. linear merge sort

**Answer: linear merge sort** 

- 36. How many sub arrays does the quick sort algorithm divide the entire array into?
  - a. 1
  - b. 2
  - c. 3
  - d. 4

Answer: 2

37. Which of the following is not in place sorting algorithm by default?



- a. merge sort
- b. quick sort
- c. heap sort
- d. None of these

Answer: merge sort

- 38. Which is the worst method of choosing a pivot element?
  - a. first element as pivot
  - b. last element as pivot
  - c. median-of-three partitioning
  - d. random element as pivot

Answer: first element as pivot

- 39. Which of the following is a step of merge sort
  - a. Divide
  - b. Conquer
  - c. Combine
  - d. All of the above

Answer: All of the above

- 40. Quick sort uses which of the following algorithm to implement sorting?
  - a. backtracking
  - b. Greedy
  - c. Dynamic
  - d. Divide and Conquer

**Answer: Divide and Conquer** 

**ROUND 2** 



#### **Problem Statement**

Given a value N, if we want to make change for N cents, and we have infinite supply of each of  $S = \{S1, S2, ..., Sm\}$  valued coins, how many ways can we make the change? The order of coins doesn't matter.

#### **Constraint**

Input should be a number

#### **Explanation:**

From the input 4 is the total number when we add the pair of number {1, 2, 3}

Below are the pairs

- 1. { 1, 1, 1, 1 } => 4
- 2. { 1, 2, 1 } => 4
- 3. { 2, 2 } => 4
- 4. { 1, 3 } => 4

Total 4 pairs so the output is 4

#### **Input Format**

First line of Input should be a number N

Second line of input should be a number separated by space

#### **Output Format**

Number of pairs as Number

#### Sample Input 1:

4

123

#### output:

Integer



4
Sample Input 2 :
10
1 2 3 4 5 6
output :
35
Solution Link : <a href="https://www.ideone.com/t3hagK">https://www.ideone.com/t3hagK</a>
Problem Statement
Given the arrival and departure times of all trains that reach a railway station, the task is to find the minimum number of platforms required for the railway station so that no train waits.
We are given two arrays that represent the arrival and departure times of trains that stop.
Constraint
Input should be in the time format (hours:minutes) format
Input Format
Two arrays separated by newline and each array element separated by space
Output Format



#### **Explanation**

From the below input default 1 track should be free for train to be arrived

- 1. 9:00 => 9:10 (default track is booked and it will be released at 9:10)
- 2. 9:40 => 12:00 (default track is released and it is free to use the default track so far required track is 1)
- 3. 9:50 => 11:20 (Need one more track as the default track is not free at that interval so far required track is 2)
- 4. 11:00 => 11:30 (Need one more track as the existing track is not free at that interval so far required track is 3)
- 5. 15:00 => 19:00 (No additional track is required since all tracks are free at that interval so far required track is 3)
- 6. 18:00 => 20:00 (No additional track is required since all tracks are free at that interval so far required track is 3)

So, the output is 3

#### Sample Input 1:

900 940 950 1100 1500 1800

910 1200 1120 1130 1900 2000

#### output:

3

#### Sample Input 2:

900 940

910 1200

#### output:

1



Solution Link: <a href="https://www.ideone.com/bFmhv5">https://www.ideone.com/bFmhv5</a>

Round 3

Create a Calendar

application which will perform the following operation

a.

While opening show the current month and its date

Round 4

- a. When click left arrow on the top show the previous month
- b. When click right arrow on the top show the next month

Application will be similar to the below attached image

Solution Link - https://codesandbox.io/s/admiring-https-q5renr?file=/package.json