General Knowledge: Agriculture

General Knowledge Multiple Choice: Agriculture (Set 1)

Q1.	Q1. Which of the following agricultural produce is not identified as a potential expomodity for Nepal?			otential export com-
	A. tea	B. organic honey	C. chayote	D. cardamom
Q 2.	Scattered diagram is u	used to see:		
	A. Correlation	B. Mean	C. Variance	D. Range
Q3.	Linkage between agro	o-industries and farmer	s is constrained by:	
	A. Scattered production C. Lack of grading and	-	B. Small scale product D. All of above	ion
Q4. In the year 2010/11, the percentage contribution of agriculture, forestry and fish tors on GDP was estimated at about:		stry and fishery sec-		
	A. 28%	B. 36%	C. 46%	D. 56%
Q5.	Zero tillage technolog	y is mainly practiced ir	1:	
	A. Wheat	B. Rice	C. Maize	D. Lentil
Q6.	Altering genetic make	e-up of plants by the lov	w temperature is called:	
	A. Vernalization	B. Freezing	C. Thawing	D. Hydrolisation
Q7.	In-situ conservation re	efers to the conservation	n of germplasm under:	
	A. Indoor lab condition C. Natural conditions		B. Gene bank D. Soil surface	
Q8.	Phalaris minor weed is	a major weed of:		
	A. Maize	B. Wheat	C. Rice	D. Chickpea
Q9.	Replication is essentia	l to reduce:		
	A. Degree of freedom C. Significance level		B. Coefficient of variat D. Experimental error	
Q 10.	<u> </u>	gricultural commodition	es which of the followi mmodities?	ng crop is the most
	A. Ginger	B. Lentil	C. Sugarcane	D. Tea

Q 11.	Area under jute cultiv	vation is nignest in:			
	A. Jhapa	B. Morang	C. Saptari	D. Kailali	
Q 12.	Seed priming is done	to:			
	A. Dry seed C. Increase germinabi	ility	B. Seed wettingD. Sorting seeds		
Q 13.	The type of layout the	at accomodates the high	hest number of fruit pla	ants (saplings) is:	
	A. Rectangular	B. Square	C. Hexagonal	D. Contour	
Q 14.	Rooting stimulant pla	ant growth regulator is:			
	A. Gibberelin	B. Kinin	C. Ethylene	D. Auxin	
Q 15.	The original habitat o	of Arabica coffee is:			
	A. Argentina	B. Peru	C. Ethiopia	D. Brazil	
Q 16.	The pineapple is prop	pagated through			
	A. Sexual method	B. Asexual method	C. Succers	D. All of above	
Q 17.	The appropriate type	of layout for establishi	ng an orchard of fruit i	n a slopy land is:	
	A. Rectangular	B. Square	C. Hexagonal	D. Contour	
Q 18.	Apple stored in region is stored for longest.				
	A. Mid hills	B. High hills	C. Terai	D. All of above	
Q 19.	The example of ex-situ conservation of plant genetic resources is:				
	A. Botanical garden	B. Field gene bank	C. Data bank	D. All of above	
Q 20.	Panel on climate fore Celcius globally by:	casted that the atmosph	neric temperatures will	rise by 1.8-4.0 degree	
	A. 2080 AD	B. 2090 AD	C. 2100 AD	D. 2110 AD	
Q 21.		Which division (Mahasakha) is responsible for planning and implementing Agriculture, environment and agro-biodiversity related programs?			
	A. Planning division B. Monitoring and evaluation division C. Gender equity and environment division				
	D. Agribusiness promotion and statistics division				

Q 22.	22. Which type of erosion is the most hazardous?			
	A. Rill erosion	B. Gully erosion	C. Sheet erosion	D. All of above
Q 23.	When the prospective product value is equal	-	by the marginal efficient	encies of capital, the
	A. The demand price C. Supply price of asse	ets	B. Rate of profitability D. Marginal productiv	
Q 24.	An increase in the ger	neral price level of an ed	conomy is called:	
	A. Inflation	B. Deflation	C. Depression	D. None
Q 25.	Which of the followin	g interprets perfect neg	gative correlation betwe	en two variables?
	A. $r = \pm 1$	B. $r = +1$	C. $r = -1$	D. $r = 0$
Q 26.	"One village one prod	luct" program has beer	conducted for fish in:	
	A. Saptari	B. Dhanusha	C. Bara	D. Rupandehi
Q 27.	227. Which of the following is not a type of sprayer?			
	A. Hand compression sprayer C. Blow sprayer		B. Power sprayer D. Trigger sprayer	
Q 28.	Production decrease of	lue to weeds in differer	nt crops is:	
	A. 10%	B. 15%	C. 20%	D. 25%
Q 29.	Broomrapes are:			
	A. Root parasite	B. Shoot parasite	C. Fruit parasite	D. Leaf parasite
Q 30.	Silk production in dev	veloped countries has b	een slowly coming dov	vn, mainly due to:
	A. Decreased global d C. Increased diasease		B. Increased labor cost D. Climate change effe	
Q31.	Scab disease is mostly	observed in:		
	A. Apple	B. Mango	C. Litchi	D. Banana
Q 32.	Most honey producin	g honey bee is:		
	A. Apis dorsata	B. Apis florae	C. Apis cerena	D. Apis melifera

Q33. Which one of the following is an entopathogenic fungi?

	A. Metarhizium anisopliae C. Entomophthora spp.		B. Beauveria bassiana D. All of above	
Q 34.	Metribuzin is one of the	ne effective:		
	A. Herbicides	B. Nematicides	C. Fungicides	D. Bactericides
Q 35.	The total value of mor	ney of final goods and s	services produced by a	country in a year is:
	A. GDP	B. NNP	C. GNP	D. NI
Q36.	High value commodit	ies production priority	zone in APP is:	
	A. Terai and inner tera C. Inner himalayan reş		B. Hill and mountain D. Terai and mid-hills	
Q37.	7. The main obstacle in agricultural marketing in Nepal is:			
	A. Lack of price policy C. Marketing law		B. Lack of institutional marketing D. Middleman	
Q 38.	8. The contribution of potato crop in AGDP of Nepal is:			
	A. 1.4%	B. 4.4%	C. 6.4%	D. 9.4%
Q 39.	Which of the following	g is not a soil fumigant	?	
	A. DD mixture	B. Nemagon	C. Zireb	D. Vapam
Q 40.	Disease which occurs	occassionally by in ver	y severe form is called:	
	A. Endemic	B. Epidemic	C. Sporadic	D. Pandemic
Q41.	Whiptail disease is car	used by the deficiency	of:	
	A. Iron	B. Iodine	C. Molybdenum	D. Sodium
Q 42.	Which one of the follo	wing is a herbicide:		
	A. Mancozeb	B. Atrazine	C. Cytokinin	D. Furadane
Q 43.	Chemical fertilizers w	ere first introduced in I	Nepal in:	
	A. 1947	B. 1952	C. 1967	D. 1977
Q 44.	Which one of the follo	wing soil possesses hig	gh water holding capaci	ty?
	A. Sandy	B. Loam	C. Clay loam	D. Sandy loam

Q 45.	45. Zinc plays vital role in:				
	A. DNA production	B. Respiration	C. Osmosis	D. Photosynthesis	
Q 46.	Salt tolerant species o	f plants are called:			
	A. Mesophytes	B. Xerophytes	C. Halophytes	D. Hydrophytes	
Q 47.	Which one of the follo	owing is true in case of	IPM ?		
	A. No use of pesticide B. Judicious use of pes C. Using pheromones D. Organic production	sticides with other cont only	rol methods		
Q 48.	The term horizontal re	evolution in agriculture	e refers to:		
	A. Intensive use of all factors of production B. Increased land use by utilizing marginal land C. Use of high yielding varieties D. Techniques of organic farming				
Q 49.	Having an adverse ph	nysiological effect on su	urvival of insect pest is o	called:	
	A. Tolerance	B. Resistance	C. Antibiosis	D. Adoption	
Q 50.	What could be the pos	ssible effects of climate	change in agriculture?		
	A. Insect and disease of C. No seed formation		B. Early ripening of cr D. All of above	rops	
Q 51.	In which of the below ance?	v mentioned crops, Go	N has been instantiatir	ng investment insur-	
	A. Kiwi	B. Coffee	C. Tea	D. Potato	
Q 52.	Transpiration in plant	es is related to			
	A. Photosynthesis	B. Respiration	C. Nutrient uptake	D. Nutrient loss	
Q 53.	The maximum permissible limit of off-type plants in foundation seed fields of cucumber crop is:				
	A. 0.1%	B. 1%	C. 0.5%	D. 2%	
Q 54.	Potato is	plant.			

	A. Monocot	B. Dicot	C. Both of above	D. None of above
Q 55.		is known as father of C	Green revolution.	
	A. Dr. Abdul Kalam C. Einstein		B. Dr. Norman E. Borl D. Darwin	aug
Q 56.	Which one of the follo	owing is true in case of	drought problems in cr	ops?
	A. No seed formation	B. Dwarfing	C. Sterility	D. All of above
Q 57.	Climate change effects	s can be mitigated by:		
	A. Awareness and var. C. Following monitori	· 1	B. Management D. All of above	
Q 58.	Ninja is a hybrid varie	ety of:		
	A. Zucchini	B. Cucumber	C. Radish	D. Tomato
Q 59.	Which one of the follo	wing is a major weed i	n rice ?	
	A. Echinochloa colonum	B. Blue mustard	C. Anagalis arvensis	D. None of above

General Knowledge Multiple Choice: Agriculture (Set 2)

Q1.	1. Which of the following elements is found in highest content in the urine of cattle a buffalo?			e urine of cattle and
	A. Nitrogen	B. Phosphorus	C. Potassium	D. Zinc
Q 2.	What affects the nutric	ent availability to a pla	nt from the soil ?	
	A. Soil color C. Soil moisture conte	nt	B. Soil composition D. Soil pH	
Q3.	Which among the follo	owing is used for amel	erioration of acidic soil	?
	A. Urea	B. Potassium fertilizer	<u>C.</u> Agricultural lime	D. DAP
Q4.	Which among the follo	owing nutrients, plants	DO not obtain from th	e air ?
	A. Nitrogen	B. Carbon	C. Oxygen	D. All of above
Q5.	Constitution of Nepal mental rights?	l, 2072 has endowed fa	armers with which of t	he following funda-
	B. Freedom of choice fC. Conservation of incD. All of above	for cultivation of local s digenous species	seed	
Q6.	What does food secur	ity signifiy for Nepal?		
	 A. Food production at constant levels B. Storage of food at constant levels C. Production, distribution and consumption of necessary food commodities D. Production of cash crops in required amounts 			
Q7.	Civil service act, 2049	has granted	number of days a	as home leave.
	A. 12 days	B. 18 days	C. 24 days	<u>D.</u> 30 days
Q8.	Which among the follo	owing policies, falls un	der the National Agric	ıltural Policy, 2061?
	 A. Increase in agricultural production and productivity B. Conservation of natural resources and environment C. Development of commercial and competitive agricultural system D. All of above 			

Q9.	Agriculture Development Strategy, 2072 has envisioned which among the following agriextension strategies?				
	A. Modern	B. De-centralized	C. Scientific	D. None of above	
Q 10.	As of current, how ma	any deputy directors are	e there under Departmo	ent of Agriculture?	
	A. 2	<u>B.</u> 4	C. 6	D. 8	
Q 11.	Committee in coordin	` ,	he Insurance Act, 2049, Agriculture Developmo?		
	A. 2067 BS	B. 2068 BS	C. 2069 BS	<u>D.</u> 2070 BS	
Q 12.	Which among the follo	owing the major proble	em of agriculture develo	opment in Nepal ?	
	A. Low investment in agriculture sectorB. Increasing labor out-migrationC. Lack of infrastructures required for agricultureD. All of above				
Q 13.	Apple is a	crop.			
	A. Tropical	B. Sub-tropical	C. Temperate	D. Evergreen	
Q 14.	Which region of the co	ountry is suited for seed	d production of cauliflo	wer?	
	A. High hills	B. Mid hills	C. Terai	D. All of above	
Q 15.	Mango is primarily	crop.			
	A. Temperate region	B. Tropical region	C. Both A and B	D. None of above	
Q 16.	Which among the follow	owing crops does Khur	nal Laxmi variety belor	ng to?	
	A. Potato	B. Pumpkin	C. Tomato	D. Brinjal	
Q 17.	Hayward is the impro	ved variety of	·		
	A. Pomegranete	B. Perssimmon	C. Kiwi	D. Walnut	
Q 18.	Which among the foll in Nepal?	owing is the cheapest	method of off-season v	egetable production	
	A. Utilization of geogr C. Green house cultiva		B. Plastic house cultiva D. Adoption of moder		

Q 19. What is the major reason for decline of citrus fruits in Nepal?						
	A. Citrus greening	B. Fruit fly	C. Root rot	D. Canker		
Q 20.	Which among the foll	owing is the agricultur	re extension education ?	•		
	A. Formal	B. Non-formal	C. Non-continuous	D. Technical		
Q 21.	A group of how many	y members is considere	ed suitable for primary	farmer's group ?		
	<u>A.</u> 20-25	B. 40-45	C. 5-10	D. 50-55		
Q 22.	T and V system was f	irst implemented in wl	nich district in Nepal?			
	A. Chitwan, Makawa C. Rupandehi, Nawal	-	$\frac{B.}{D.}$ Bara, Parsa \overline{D} . Jhapa, Morang			
Q 23.	What is the responsib	What is the responsibility of Agri-extension agent?				
	A. Method demonstra C. Informing farmers	tion of new technologies	B. Result demonstrati D. All of above	on		
Q 24.	With respect to adoption of technology and cost effectiveness, which among the following extension approaches is considered most effective?					
A. Personal contact C. Mass communication		on	$\underline{\underline{B}}$. Group approach $\overline{\underline{D}}$. All of above			
Q 25.	Which category of far	mers adopt a new tech	nology the quickest?			
	A. Early majority	B. Innovator	C. Early adoptor	D. Laggard		
Q 26.	The word "Agronom	y" is derived from				
	A. English	B. Japanese	C. Latin	D. Greek		
Q 27.	Which class of seed has a tag of yellow background with letters printed in black color?					
	A. Breeder seed	B. Foundation seed	C. Improved seed	D. All of above		
Q 28.	The scientific name of	f Pigeon pea is	·			
	A. Vigna mungo	B. Glycine max	C. Cajanus cajan	D. Vicia faba		
Q 29.	Khajura Durum-2 is a	variety	<u></u> .			
	A. Lentil	B. Rice	<u>C.</u> Wheat	D. Maize		
Q 30.	Fingermillet is a crop	of family				

	A. Leguminosae	B. Poaceae	C. Cucurbitaceae	D. Cruciferae
Q31.	Which variety of mai	ze among the ones liste	d below mature earlies	t?
	A. Arun-3	B. Ganesh-2	C. Manakamana-7	D. Poshilo Makai-2
Q 32.	Radha-14 is a variety	of		
	A. Maize	B. Fingermillet	C. Wheat	D. Rice
Q 33.	IPM technique, which in Nepal in		nanagement of crop pe	sts was first initiated
	A. 1960 AD	B. 1977 AD	C. 1987 AD	<u>D.</u> 1997 AD
Q 34.	What does the red col	ored labelling in pestic	ide container indicate?	
	A. Extremely hazardo C. Moderately hazard		B. Hazardous D. Slightly hazardous	
Q 35.	Bordeaux mixture is r	made of	_·	
	A. Copper sulphate	B. Sodium chloride	C. Calcium	D. All of above
Q 36.	Chlorpyriphos is a	·		
	A. Fungicide	B. Insecticide	C. All of above	D. Herbicide
Q 37.	What is the training d	luration required for ob	otaining pesticide-retail	trading license?
	A. 2 days	B. 4 days	C. 6 days	D. 8 days
Q 38.	Neck blast is the disea	ase of		
	A. Sugarcane	B. Rice	C. Wheat	D. Mustard
Q 39.	Which pheromone is	useful for the control o	f Fruit fly of cucurbits?	
	A. Methyl eugenol	B. Cu-lure	C. Heli-lure	D. All of above
Q 40.	Which among follows	ing the markets charact	erize agriculture sector	markets of Nepal?
	A. Group market C. Cooperative marke	t	$\frac{B.}{D.}$ Hat bazzar $\frac{B.}{D.}$ All of above	
Q41.	Which among the foll	owing are the compon	ents of agricultultural n	narket system ?
	A. Middlemen/broke C. Producers	r	B. Collectors D. All of above	

Q 42.	2. Which among the following definitions best describes "Hat bazzar"?			
	B. It is also called a run	to specific location at s ral market ntact of consumers and	·	
Q 43.	What is market-orient	ed agriculture system	,	
	 A. An agricultural system which produces based on market demands. B. Export-oriented agricultural system C. An agricultural system which produces based on demand of wholesale market D. An agricultural system which produces based on demand of retail market 			
Q 44.	44. Farm gate price refers to			
	A. Market price C. Price obtained by fa	armers	B. Retail price D. Price paid by consu	ımers
Q 45.	245. What is primary data?			
	\underline{A} . Unprocessed and u \overline{C} . Both of above	npublished data	B. Processed and publ D. None of above	ished data
Q 46.	While taking a crop of What is the production	9	x 10 m, 100 kg of produ	iction was obtained.
	<u>A.</u> 10 mt	B. 5 mt	C. 20 mt	D. 25 mt
Q 47.	Which among the foll	owing are the principle	of organic agriculture	?
	A. Principle of ecology C. Principle of soil ma		B. Principle of health D. All of above	
Q 48.	What is the appropria?	te depth to be sampled	while obtaining soil sai	mple for cereal crops
	<u>A.</u> Upper 10 cm (?)	B. Upper 15 cm	C. Upper 20 cm	D. Upper 30 cm

General Knowledge Multiple Choice: Agricultural Economics and Farm Management (Set 2)

Q1.	Wind is the example of	ot?		
	A. Flow resource C. Renewable resource	e	B. Stock resource D. Both I and III	
Q2.	is als	o called Mini cycle with	hin the project cycle.	
	A. Identification C. Appraisal		B. Preparation and ar <u>D.</u> Implementation	nalysis
Q3.	The project plan may	cost up to	?	
	A. 7-10% of total investor. 50% of total investor		B. 20-30% of total inv D. None	estment
Q4.	In sh	adow price or accounti	ng price are used.	
	A. Economic analysis	B. Financial analysis	C. Commercial aspec	t D. Technical aspect
Q5.	Which is the correct for	ormula of calculation o	f IRR ?	
	B. IRR=UDR+D(NPV	at UDR)/sum of NPV at LDR)/sum of NPV a at LDR)/sum of NPV a	at TDRs	
Q6.	is tru	e type of externality.		
	A. Pecuniary external C. Both	ity	B. Technical externali D. None	ty
Q7.	-	-	to report their willing cept (WTA) to give up a	
	A. Hedonic pricing m C. Opportunity cost n		B. Contingent valuati D. Travel cost method	
Q8.	Which is the process of	of determination of valu	ue or worth of a project	?
	A. Planning	B. Monitoring	C. Evaluation	D. None
Q9.	The evaluation condu	acted during the impl	ementation phase of p	orogram or project is
	A. Pre-evaluation C. Terminal evaluation	n	B. Ongoing evaluation D. Ex-post evaluation	
Q 10.	Forest and grassland	covers	area of Nepal in 2017	′18.
	A. 39%	B. 40%	C. 42%	D. 44%

General Knowledge Multiple Choice: Agriculture (Set 4)

Q1.	Blue revolution is abo	ut?		
	$\frac{A.}{C.}$ Fish production $\frac{A.}{C.}$ Tomato and meat p	roduction	B. Petroleum and biod D. Egg and poultry pr	1
Q2.	Egg and poultry are re	elated to?		
	A. Golden revolution	B. Red revolution	C. Silver revolution	D. Grey revolution
Q3.	Breeder seed has	?		
	A. White tag C. Yellow tag		B. White tag with blue <u>D.</u> Brown tag	e border
Q4.	1 kattha of land is	square me	eters.	
	A. 182.25	<u>B.</u> 338.63	C. 508.72	D. 256
Q5.	is entitle	ed vegetable meat.		
	A. Brinjal	B. Cowpea	C. Bitter gourd	D. Tomato
Q6.	defici	ency causes dieback of	shoots.	
	A. Boron	B. Copper	C. Molybdenum	D. Zinc
Q7.	Which among the follo	owing is the most cultiv	vated rice variety in Ne	pal ?
	A. Ghaiya	B. Radha-14	C. Sona mansuli	D. Chaite
Q8.	Which fruit is called a	miracle fruit ?		
	A. Mandarin	B. Banana	C. Kiwi	D. Avocado
Q9.	Chekurmanis (Sauropu	ıs androgynus) is a	·	
	A. Pteridophyte and vegetable C. Gymnosperm and vegetable		B. Angiosperm and ve D. 20th century vegeta	0
Q 10.	Oleoresin is extracted	from?		
	A. Papaya	B. Chillies	C. Jackfruit	D. Brinjal
Q 11.	Chaubatia paste is ma	nde in		

	A. Water	B. Linseed oil	C. Kerosine	D. Palm oil
Q 12.	Carbamates are			
	A. Sulfur fungicides C. Alkylating agents		B. Mercurial insecticion D. Chlorinated hydrod	
Q 13.	Angle of repose of page	ddy is		
	<u>A.</u> 30-45 degrees	B. 23-28 degrees	C. 20-30 degrees	D. 15-20 degrees
Q 14.	Cellulose is absent in	·		
	A. Primay cell wall	B. Middle lamella	C. Secondary cell wall	D. Tertiary cell wall
Q 15.	Q 15. Which technology is used to produce monoclonal antibodies?			
	A. Hybridoma C. Serial dilution		B. Antibody fragment D. Conjugation	ation
Q 16.	Q16. What is the composition of bordeaus mixture?			
Q 17.	A. 10 lb CusSO4 + 5 lb Lime + 100 gallon water B. 5 lb CuSO4 + 5 lb Lime + 100 gallon water C. 10 lb CuSO4 + 10 lb Lime + 100 gallon water D. 5 lb CuSO4 + 5 lb Lime + 50 gallon water 17. Which of the following disasters does crop insurance does not cover?			
	A. Biotic (insect and d C. Frost and hail	isease) damage	B. Fire D. Non-germination	
Q 18.	perce	entage of population of	Gandaki province are	engaged in agricul-
	<u>A.</u> 64	B. 60	C. 66	D. 72
Q 19.	able commodities (inc	has announced subsideluding cereals) from prees is provisioned for su	oduction site to nearby	*
	A. 25 percent	B. 20 percent	C. 30 percent	D. 40 percent
Q 20.	Government imposed trol COVID-19 pander	l nationwide lockdown nic.	from	to prevent and con-
	A. March 20	B. April 8	<u>C.</u> March 24	D. April 3

Q21.			rance Directives, 2013 osidy in premium as a		
	A. 75 percent	B. 50 percent	C. 85 percent	D. 70 percent	
Q 22.	ADS is in implementa	tion since	year plan.		
	<u>A.</u> 13 th	B. 14 th	C. 12 th	D. 11 th	
Q 23.	In which schedule of to agriculture sector?	the Constitution of Nep	oal is there the provisio	on of combined right	
	A. Schedule 7	B. Schedule 8	C. Schedule 9	D. Schedule 10	
Q 24.	Which of the followin	g diseases is also called	The Yellow Dragon di	sease.	
	A. Citrus gall C. Citrus greening		B. Apple scab D. Mango malformation	on	
Q 25.	Ballot box test is a useful approach in Farmers' field school to				
Q 26.	B. To promote entertaiC. To provide subsidyD. To access environm	nment for farmers ental status	they have any gap in kr rain weevil damages th	Ü	
	<u>A.</u> Maize (?)	B. Wheat	C. Rice	D. Lentil	
Q 27.	Province 4 is not self-s	sufficient in	·		
	A. Fruit	B. Vegetable	C. Maize	D. Rice	
Q 28.	According to Vision 2076-2100 of the Gandaki province, what is the productivity goal of major agricultural commodities by the end of Long term plan period?				
	A. 2.8 ton per hectare	B. 4 ton per hectare	C. 5 ton per hectare	D. 6 ton per hectare	
Q 29.	Which among the folionhibits its activity?	lowing chemical pestic	ide(s) binds with Acety	ylcholinesterase and	
	A. Carbamates	B. Organophosphates	C. Both of above	D. None of above	
Q 30.	What amount of land	(in hectares) is required	d to plant 10 square kild	ometers of apple?	
	A. 10 ha	B. 100 ha	<u>C.</u> 1000 ha	D. 10000 ha	

Q31.	vvnat is the conseque	nce of use of organic fe	rtilizer in Grape and Su	garcane :
A. Increases pigmentation B. All of above C. Increases sugar content D. None of above				
Q 32.	Fruit cracking is a ser	ious problem in	·	
	A. Walnut	B. Banana	C. Apple	D. Litchi
Q 33.	Which orchard first st	arted apple cultivation	in Nepal ?	
	A. Jumla farm C. Marpha farm of Mu	ıstang	B. Putalibagaicha of KD. Daman farm	athmandu
Q 34.	Goal of extension edu	cation is	·	
	A. To promote income of the farmer C. To promote production of the crop D. To promote new crop D. To promote scientific outlook			
Q 35.	5. Which among the following approach of extension is used in participating rural youths ?			
	A. Tuki	B. Group	C. Charpatey club	D. All of above
Q36.	36. Which approach of extension relies on training of extension agent by scientist of research station ?			
	A. Tuki	B. Block production	C. Training and Visit	D. None of above
Q 37.	What is the purpose of	of agrovet establishmer	nt in Nepal ?	
	A. Sales of agricultura	l products		
	B. Sales of agricultura	l inputs		
	C. Communication of	information on agricul	ture	
	D. All of above (?)			
Q 38.	When does the agricu	lture program broadca	st in TV and radio Nep	al?
	A. 6:30 pm	B. 6:40 am	C. 6:45 am	D. None of above
Q 39.	Which among the foll	owing is not a stage in	Adoption of Innovation	n ?
	A. Evaluation	B. Trialing	C. Interest	D. Need identification
Q 40.	Deficiency of which n	nicronutrient causes lit	tle leaf of cotton ?	
	A. Boron	B. Nitrogen	C. Calcium	D. Zinc

Q41.	plants?	mes available at excess	s in acidic soil thereby	causing toxicity in	
	A. Calcium	B. Magnesium	C. Both	D. Aluminium	
Q 42.	Organically prepared biochar has highest content of				
	A. Nitrogen	B. Potassium	C. Phosphorus	D. Carbon	
Q 43.	Which among the foll	owing elements is not o	essential nitrient of plar	nts?	
	A. Boron	B. Hydrogen	C. Magnesium	D. Sodium	
Q 44.	Use of which of the fo	ollowing is a method of	pH detection of soil?		
	A. Munsell color char	t <u>B.</u> Litmus paper	C. Both	D. None of above	
Q 45.	Which among the following crops requires highest amount of water?				
	A. Rice	B. Wheat	C. Maize	D. Sugarcane	
Q 46.	In an area where both Maize and Soybean can be grown together, which pattern of cultivation relies on planting maize exclusively without inter-space sowing of soybean?				
	A. Mixed cropping	B. Monocropping	C. Relay cropping	D. Intercropping	
Q 47.	Which among the following is a cash crop?				
	A. Sugarcane	B. Oilseeds	C. Potato	<u>D.</u> All	
Q 48.	Which among the following is a popular Rice variety in Kathmandu valley?				
	A. Palung dhan	B. Khumal-4	C. Hardinath-2	D. Radha-12	
Q 49.	Which region of Nepal is suitable for Jute cultivation?				
	A. Central terai	B. Western terai	C. Far-western terai	<u>D.</u> Eastern terai	
Q 50.	Why is rouging done in crop seed production?				
	A. To increase germination rate C. To remove small plants		B. To maintain genetic purityD. To maintain physical purity (?)		
Q 51.	What is/are the altern	native name of Amaran	thus (<i>lattey</i>) in Nepal?		
	A. Ramdana	B. Lunde and Marshi	C. Bet or Chaulai	D. All	
Q 52.	Dual track manageme farms in Nepal initiall	-	been launched in how	many of Agriculture	

	A. 2	B. 1	C. 3	<u>D.</u> 4	
Q 53.	Budwood certification	n system has been star	ted in which of the follo	wing fruit crop?	
	A. Mango	B. Temperate fruits	C. Citrus fruits	D. None of above	
Q 54.	Which of the followi insect-pests?	ng methods of IPM re	elies on use of an attra	ctive lure in alluring	
	A. Biological	B. Physical (?)	C. Both	D. None of above	
Q 55.	Which of the following	ng agricultural crops is	a perishable commodit	y ?	
	A. Leafy vegetable	B. Pulses	C. Both	D. None	
Q 56.	Farmers popularly ac	equire	loan in agri-business op	peration ?	
	A. Unorganized institutions C. Nothing can be said		B. Organized institutionsD. Farmers do not acquire loan		
Q 57. Which among the following aspects is most important in market managem		anagement?			
	A. Roadway	B. Production	C. Storage	D. Ropeway	
Q 58.	Kalimati Fruit and Ve	getable Market is estal	olished with	legal provision.	
	A. Development common C. Market committee		B. Market act D. Local market act		
Q 59.	What is the conseque	nce of increased suppl	y in the market in price	?	
	A. Price decreases C. Price does not char	nge	B. Price increases D. Price fluctuates		
Q 60.	Due to use of Calciur processes is hastened		lango and alike crop, w	hich of the following	
	A. Reduction in sourn C. Control of fungal d		$\frac{B.}{D.}$ Promotes ripening $\frac{B.}{D.}$ Reduction in fruit	drop	
Q 61.	How was Kinnow ma	andarin developed ?			
	A. Hybridization of m	nultiple species of citru	ıs		
	B. Selection of high yi	elding Sweet orange			
	B. Selection of high yielding Sweet orange				
	C. Crossing between I	Mandarin and Sweet o	range		

General Knowledge Multiple Choice: Agriculture (Set 5)

Q1.	Ambient relative hum cent.	nidty for the growth of	Oyster mushroom is ₋	per-		
	<u>A.</u> 85	B. 75	C. 80	D. 90		
Q 2.	Which crop acts as a tr	rap for control of Nema	atodes?			
	A. Marigold	B. Neem	C. Soybean	D. Cucumber		
Q3.	Wart disease is seen ir	ı				
	A. Cabbage	B. Maize	<u>C.</u> Potato	D. Tomato		
Q4.	Which fungicide is bes	st suited to control pow	dery mildew of rose?			
	A. Dithane M45	B. Blitox 50	C. Thiram	D. Sulfex 80 WP		
Q5.	Which part of the caul?	iflower does the knot d	isease due to <i>Plasmodio</i> j	ohora brassicae affects		
	A. Curd	B. Main root	C. Leaf	D. Stem		
Q 6.	Plant protection action	n was implemented in y	year Al	D.		
	A. 2010	<u>B.</u> 2007	C. 2002	D. 2000		
Q7.	How many chemical p	pesticides are currently	banned in Nepal ?			
	A. 26	B. 16	<u>C.</u> 24	D. 12		
Q8.	What is/are the main reason for lagging production of Jute, Cotton and Tobaccoo in Nepal?					
	A. Unfavorable climate					
	B. Lack of labor					
	C. Lack of experienceD. Poor development	of farmers of industrial infrastruc	ture			
Q9.	What is the seed rate of	of Arun-7 maize variety	7?			
	<u>A.</u> 20	B. 40	C. 50	D. 10		
Q 10.	Bahuguni-1 and Bahupattern.	aguni-2 rice varieties a	re best suited in	cropping		

	A. Rice-Wheat	B. Rice-Maize	C. Rice-Lentil	D. All	
Q 11.	Which one of the follo	owing wheat varieties r	eleased the latest?		
	A. Banganga	B. Gautam	C. Annapurna	D. Pshanglhamu	
Q 12.	What is the color of the	ne tag of the seed of Imp	proved class ?		
	A. White	B. Yellow	C. Green	D. Blue	
Q 13.	The productivity of M	lithe fapar variety of Bu	uckwheat is	mt per ha.	
	<u>A.</u> 1.4	B. 2	C. 4	D. 5	
Q 14.	What is the most imp	ortant factor in Adoptio	on of innovation?		
	A. Source C. Adopter		B. Message D. Individual commu	nicating the message	
Q15. What is the goal of an active farmer's group?					
A. Resolve common problem C. Organize meeting and disburse allowance D. All		B. Solve personal prob D. All of above	olem		
Q 16.	How can the training be made effective?				
			B. Talking, Seeing, and D. Seeing only	d Doing	
Q 17.	Recent popular metho	od of agriculture extens	ion and services are do	ne through,	
	A. School children par C. Individual farmer o	*	B. Farmer's group app D. Political leaders	proach	
Q 18.	The medium of comp pictorially for visualiz		eps involved in a new t	technology is shown	
	A. Flip chart	B. Flannel board	C. Still picture	D. Leaflet	
Q 19.	What needs to be con	sidered while planning	local level agriculture	program ?	
	A. Local needs	B. Local potential	C. National policy	D. All of above	
Q 20.	What crop is "Califor	nia" variety related to?	,		
	A. Chilly	B. Cauliflower	C. Tomato	D. Okra	
Q 21.	Citrus greening is cau	ised by			

	A. Citrus aphid	B. Citrus psylla	C. Citrus scale	D. Citrus fruit fly	
Q 22.	What is the seed to see	ed spacing while planti	ng coffee seed for seedl	ing production?	
	A. 5-6 cm	B. 7-8 cm	<u>C.</u> 3-5 cm	D. 8-10 cm	
Q 23.	"President Best Perfordignify agriculture occ	<u>e</u>	has been intitiated since	eto	
	<u>A.</u> 2071 BS	B. 2068 BS	C. 2061 BS	D. 2058 BS	
Q 24.	When was National A	griculture Policy imple	emented ?		
	A. 2058 BS	<u>B.</u> 2061 BS	C. 2059 BS	D. 2063 BS	
Q 25.	Which among the folloactivities.	owing NGOs is involve	d in varietal developme	ent and conservation	
	A. Local Initiatives for	Biodiversity Research	and Development		
	B. Tamakoshi Develop	ment Committee	-		
	C. All-round Develops	ment Society			
	D. Cooperative Rural l	Development Society			
Q 26.	6. Which of the following agricultural products is "Low volume, high value" commodity?				
	A. Fingermillet	B. Rice	C. Maize	D. Fish	

General Knowledge Multiple Choice: Agriculture (Set 6)

Q1.	How long is the service	ce center level training	?		
	A. 15 days	B. 3 days	C. 7 days	<u>D.</u> 1 day	
Q2.	Pocket and annual bas	sic statistics is sent	·		
	A. Monthly	B. Every four months	C. Annually	D. Every two years	
Q3.	KHARDEP was imple	mented in which of the	following districts?		
	A. Dhankuta	B. Bhojpur	C. Sankhuwasabha	D. All of above	
Q4.	SINKALAMA was NO	OT implemented in whi	ich of the following dist	trict?	
	A. Myagdi	B. Lalitpur	C. Makawanpur	D. Sindhupalchow	
Q5.	In extension education	n, the process of deliver	ing education to clients	s is	
	A. Slow	B. Sequential	C. Democratic	D. Loktantrik	
Q6.	Phosphorus uptake in	alkaline soil occurs in	the form of		
	A. H2PO4	B. PO3	<u>C.</u> HPO4	D. H3PO4	
Q7.	Which of the following	g plants is used as indic	cator for permanent wil	ting point?	
	A. Safflower	B. Sunflower	C. Marigold	D. Both a and c	
Q8.	How much Nitrogen i	s found in ThioUrea?			
	A. 46 percent	B. 22.5 percent	C. 36.8 percent	D. 33 percent	
Q9.	What is the minimum required amount of soil for Texture analysis?				
	A. 10 g	B. 30 g	C. 20 g	D. 40 g	
Q 10.	Which of the followin	g bacteria is most abun	dant in the soil ?		
	A. Azobacter	B. Bacillus	C. Pseudomonas	D. All	
Q 11.	When does Denitrifica	ation process quickens	in relation to soil condi	tion?	
	A. Aerobic	B. Anaerobic	C. Both	D. None	
Q 12.	For purchasing of see	d, fertilizers etc. the loa	n distributed is called _		

	A. Short term loan	B. Long term loan	C. Medium term loan	D. None	
Q 13.	The popularity of a bu	ısiness is regarded as _			
	A. Material good	B. Non-material good	C. Both	D. None	
Q 14.	How many farms each	n of 1 ha can be accomo	dated in an area of 1 sq	uare meter ?	
	A. 10	B. 100	C. 50	D. 1000	
Q 15.	WTO was established	in			
	A. 1992	B. 1995	C. 1997	D. 1998	
Q 16.	is not	free good.			
	A. Water	B. Sunlight	C. Air	D. Table	
Q 17.	Economics is a	·			
	A. Social science	B. Political science	C. Natural science	D. None	
Q 18.	Hypogeal germination	n occurs in			
	A. Pea	B. Chickpea	C. Rice	D. All	
Q 19.	What is the isolation of?	distance requirement fo	r rice fields infected wi	th false smut of rice	
	A. 3m	B. 150m	C. 50m	D. None	
Q 20.	What color is the tag of	of Breeder seed ?			
	A. Yellow	B. White	C. Blue	D. Brown	
Q 21.	 National Seed Company and Agricultural Input Company merged and started operation as one in 				
	A. 2074/75	B. 2075/76	C. 2076/77	D. 2073/74	
Q 22.	Small commercial farm	ners generally sell	of their tota	al produce.	
	A. 40 percent	B. 60 percent	C. 30 percent	D. 50 percent	
	According to Cublic So in a year.	ervices regulations, 2050) employees can take sid	ck leave of	
	A. 24 days	B. 12 days	C. 15 days	D. 30 days	

Q 24.	4. Which of the following districts is the latest (as of 2078) addition in Honeybee Zone program?			
	A. Dang	B. Jajarkot	C. All of above	D. None of above
Q 25.	How many areas are	identified of being basic	necessity in Sustainab	le Development ?
	A. 2	B. 5	C. 4	D. 3
Q 26.	When did UN declare	ed to celebrate Internati	onal Tea day ?	
	A. 21 March	B. 21 April	C. 21 May	D. 21 June
Q 27. Implementing of agriculture development program at local level is based on				ased on
	A. Bottom up approach C. Both		B. Top down approach D. None	
Q 28.	28. How many horticulture farms are there in Province 4?			
	<u>A.</u> 1	B. 2	C. 3	D. 5
Q 29.	29. Agriculture and livestock development programmes aim at promotingsector.			ting
	A. Government	B. Private	<u>C.</u> Cooperative	D. All
Q 30.	The currently running	g plan of the Province 4	is for the years	·
	<u>A.</u> 2076/77 - 2080/81	B. 2075/76 - 2079/80	C. 2074/75 - 2078/79	D. 2073/74 - 2077/78
Q31.	The largest driver of §	global warming is		
	$\frac{A.}{C.}$ Carbon dioxide $\frac{A.}{C.}$ Nitrous oxide		B. Methane D. Chloro-fluoro carbo	on
Q 32.		il services inclusive, w ed to Indigenous comm	hat proportion of vaca nunities?	ncies to be filled on
	A. 22 percent	B. 27 percent	C. 33 percent	D. 45 percent
Q 33.	In terms of value whi	ch is not exporting agri	culture commodity in N	Nepal ?
	A. Cardamom	B. Ginger	<u>C.</u> Avocado	D. Coffee
Q 34.	. Which agency is responsible for formulation of annual budget in Agriculure?			

	A. Ministry of Finance	9		
	B. Ministry of Agricul	ture Development, Plai	nning Section	
	C. Department of Agr	iculture		
	D. Depertment of Live	estock Services		
Q 35.	Which institution per Nepal?	forms the Agriculture I	Management Informatio	on System (AMIS) in
	A. Agriculture Inform	ation and Training Cen	itre	
	B. Agriculture Develo	pment Strategy		
	C. Pilot Program for C	Climate Resilience (PPC	R)	
	D. Department of Agr	iculture		
Q 36.	36. Among agriculture enterprises, which of the following features best characterizes si worm farming?			st characterizes silk-
	A. Very slow in progre <u>C.</u> Highly profitable	ess	B. Failing business D. All of above	
Q 37.	237. In which method of communication, the nature of information is most concise?			ost concise ?
	A. Group	B. Community	C. Personal	D. All of above
Q 38.		=	use of integrated technithe adoption is	_
	A. Method demonstra <u>C.</u> Production demons		B. Result demonstration D. Minikit trial and de	
Q 39.		graphs and graphs, co oum in conveying mess	mplemented by audio- age is called	visual aids and pre-
	A. Pamphlet	B. Poster	C. Leaflet	D. Flipchart
Q 40.	Who is the most respo	onsible for conducting	Farmer's field testing?	
	A. Farmer	B. Extension worker	C. Researcher	D. All of above
Q 41.	Which program has the research?	he objective to provide	a brief information abo	out latest agriculture
	A. Farmer's day C. Farmer's workshop)	B. Farmer visit D. Farmer's conference	re
Q 42.	Which among the foll	owing is NOT the pilla	r of food security?	
	A. Stability	B. Access	C. Production	D. Utilization

Q 43.	In a monopoly market				
	 A. All suppy, demand and price can change B. Price is affected to some extent C. Production can be controlled but price cannot be D. Nothing can be controlled 				
O 44.	C	ice is fixed to benefit _			
~	A. Consumer	B. Producer	C. Both	D. None of above	
Q 45.	-	<u> </u>	elationship between end	ds and scarce means	
	A. Adam smith	B. Marshall	<u>C.</u> Robins	D. Keynes	
Q 46.	What are the cautions	s to be considered while	e making use of seconda	ary data ?	
	A. Trustworthiness	B. Suitability	C. Adequacy	D. All	
Q 47.	Which among the following	lowing is market functi	onaries ?		
	A. Producer	B. Trader	C. Consumer	D. All	
Q 48.	Which among the following	lowing crops has the hi	ghest production cost?		
	A. Potato	B. Rice	C. Maize	D. Rapeseed	
Q 49.	Rainfall is expressed	in			
	A. percentage	B. degrees	C. kilogram	D. centimeter	
Q 50.	Soil testing mobile va	n is a concept first star	ted in		
	A. USA	B. UK	<u>C.</u> India	D. Japan	
Q 51.	In general which mic	ro-nutrient is a major n	ecessity in paddy crop	?	
	A. Zinc	B. Boron	C. Sulphur	D. Iron	
Q 52.	When was chemical f	ertilizer first introduce	d in Nepal ?		
	A. 1947 AD	<u>B.</u> 1952 AD	C. 1967 AD	D. 1977 AD	
Q 53.	Which of the following	ng nutrients is regarded	l as secondary ?		
	A. Sulphur	B. Boron	C. Zinc	D. Copper	

Q 54.	Acidic soil generally suffers deficiency of			
	A. Aluminium	B. Iron	C. Both	D. Calcium
Q 55.	Which among the foll to Northern Corn Leaf		d by the NCLB disease	? (note: NCLB refer
	A. Paddy	B. Maize	C. Potato	D. Wheat
Q 56.	Which among the foll	owing is used to correc	et Alkaline soil ?	
	A. Gypsum	B. Borex	C. Lime	D. None
Q 57.	What is the best techr cide?	nique to control white f	ly of tomato without u	se of chemical pesti
	$\frac{A.}{C.}$ Verticillium fungi $\frac{A.}{C.}$ Ash and cattle uring	e	B. Neem fruit powder D. Beuveria fungi	
Q 58.	Stalk rot is	of maize crop.		
	A. Fungal disease	B. Bacterial disease	C. Bug	D. Mycoplasma
Q 59.	Common insect of for	age and grass seeds is	·	
	A. Khapra beetle	B. Bugs	C. Aphids	D. Hispa
Q 60.	Which among the foll	owing is the largest of	all honeybees ?	
	A. Melifera	B. Dorsata	C. Florea	D. Cerana
Q 61.	Which category of the pesticide is completely prohibited?			
	A. Organophosphates C. Carbamates		B. OrganochlorineD. Synthetic pyrethroids	
Q 62.	The Farmer's Field Sc	hool was first attempte	ed in Nepal in	·
	A. 1983	B. 1989	C. 1993	<u>D.</u> 1997
Q 63.	Which of the following factors is a major determinant in seed quality?			
	A. Vigor	B. Physical purity	C. Moisture	D. Genetic purity
Q 64.	Which rice variety do	you suggest for upland	d rice area ?	
	A. Ghaiya-2	B. Radha 12	C. Sona mansuli-1	D. Sukkha-2

 $Q\,65.$ Which among the following crops do not have hybrid varieties imported in Nepal ?

	A. Wheat	B. Fingermillet	C. Both	D. Maize	
Q 66.	66. What is the recommended depth of planting of rice seedling?				
	<u>A.</u> 2-3 cm	B. 3-4 cm	C. 4-6 cm	D. 5-7 cm	
Q 67.	For a good apple proofied?	duction, how many hou	ırs of chilling requirem	ent need to be satis-	
	A. 500 hours	B. 700 hours	<u>C.</u> 1000 hours	D. 1500 hours	
Q 68.	How is the rose best p	propagated ?			
	A. Seed	B. Budding	C. Air layering	D. Inarching	
Q 69.	Which among the foll	owing is the best source	e of Vitamin A?		
	A. Spinach	B. Pumpkin	C. Pea	D. None of above	
Q 70.	The suitable variety of	potato for cultivation in	n Unirrigated hills of No	epal is	
	A. Desiree	B. Cardinal	C. Khumal seto	D. Kufri jyoti	
Q71.	How many seedling o	of mango can be accome	odated in 1 hectare of la	nd ?	
	A. 25	B. 50	<u>C.</u> 100	D. 150	
Q 72.	Which among the follow	owing is a climacteric f	ruit ?		
	A. Banana	B. Papaya	C. Avocado	D. All of above	

General Knowledge Multiple Choice: Agriculture (Set 7)

Q1.	For formulation, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of National Agricultural Policy, 2061, what are the areas of emphasis?			
	A. Participatory response B. Central supervisory C. Responsibility transpose D. None of above	-	Directorate	
Q2.	Function of Pyrhelion	neter is	-	
	A. Measuring rainfall C. Measuring irradiar		B. Measuring wind tu D. Measuring solar in	
Q3.	3. Which year did the first five year plan started in Nepal ?			
	A. 2012 BS	<u>B.</u> 2013 BS	C. 2014 BS	D. 2015 BS
Q4.	Wolly aphid resistant	rootstock of apple is	·	
	A. M-27	B. M-16	<u>C.</u> Northern spy	D. Crab apple
Q5.	Zinc sulphate has			
	A. 5-10 percent zinc	B. 22-35 percent zinc	C. 52-55 percent zinc	D. 72-75 percent zinc
Q6.	OVOP program in Ra	suwa and Nuwakot is o	on	
	A. Goat	B. Hogplum	C. Agrotourism	D. Rainbow trout
Q7.	Phosphorus availabili	ty is the highest at pH	·	
	A. 2.5-4.5	<u>B.</u> 5.5-7.5	C. 4.5-6	D. More than 7
Q8.	For a farmer to use 11?	.5 kg Nitrogen, what an	nount of Urea he has to	broadcast in his field
	<u>A.</u> 25 kg	B. 10 kg	C. 15 kg	D. 20 kg
Q9.	Agreements with WT0	O that directly impact th	ne agriculture sector con	stitute
	A. Agreement on Agr C. Technical Barriers t		B. Sanitary and Phyto D. All of above	sanitary Measures
Q 10.	When was NARC act	implemented?		

	A. 2052	B. 2046	<u>C.</u> 2048	D. 2050
Q 11.	Which among the following	lowing is a bacteria base	ed biological pesticide	,
	A. Bt	B. EPNS	C. NPV	D. Trichogramma
Q 12.	Orabanche is the	parasite.		
	A. Stem	B. Root	C. Leaf	D. All
Q 13.	Mulberry pruning is	generally done on		
	A. Mangsir	B. Falgun	C. Shrawan	D. Ashoj
Q 14.	The seed rate of Cucu	ımber per hectare is		
	A. 75 g	<u>B.</u> 125 g	C. 200 g	D. 250 g
Q 15.	When was National S	Seed Company establish	ned?	
	B. According to Comp	pany act, 2053 on 2059/ pany act, 2054 on 2059/ pany act, 2055 on 2059/	01/25	
Q 16.	The Hardee variety o	f Soybean is recommend	ded in	
	A. Hill C. Terai and inner tera	ai	B. Hill and inner terai D. Terai only	
Q 17.	N, P, K, Ca, P, K, Mg,	S are		
	A. Primary nutrient	B. Major nutrient	C. Secondary nutrient	<u>D.</u> Macro nutrient
Q 18.	Which periodic plan	addressed the issue of p	poverty alleviation for the	ne first time ?
	<u>A.</u> 5th	B. 7th	C. 10th	D. 6th
Q 19.	Use of pheromone bas	sed chemicals in manag	ement of insects is categ	orized under
	A. Microbiological	B. Biological	C. Physical	<u>D.</u> None of above
Q 20.	Which agriculture far	m was first established	in terai ?	
	A. Parwanipur	B. Bhairahawa	C. Tarahara	D. Khajura
Q 21.	Tuki system was supp	ported by		

	A. World bank	B. MoAD	C. Swiss government	D. None	
Q 22.	Who are Tukis?				
	A. SMS	B. Farmer	C. Extension worker	D. All	
Q 23.	In the Tuki, farmers ar	e trained through intens	sive progressive farmer	course in	
	A. 12 days	B. 18 days	C. 25 days	<u>D.</u> 15 days	
Q 24.	T and V was supported	ed by			
	A. MoAD	B. World Bank	C. Swiss Government	D. None	
Q 25.	Tuki is the sub system	of,			
	A. Integrated Rural Do C. Both	evelopment Project	$\frac{B.}{D.}$ Integrated Hill Dev $\frac{B.}{D.}$ None	elopment Project	
Q 26.	When was Tuki system	n started in Nepal?			
	A. 1970	B. 1974	<u>C.</u> 1977	D. 1975	
Q 27.	When was T and V sy	stem started in Nepal?	,		
	A. 1970	B. 1974	C. 1977	<u>D.</u> 1975	
Q 28.	How much organic m	atter in overall was rep	orted in FY 2075/76 in	Nepal?	
	A. 1.5 percent	B. 2 percent	C. 2.5 percent	D. 3 percent	
Q 29.	Block production prog	gram was launched in $_$			
	A. Bara and Parsa C. Parsa and Chitwan		B. Dolakha and Sindu D. None	li	
Q 30.	For how long is the Fa	armer Field School run	?		
	A. 10-12 weeks	B. 12-16 weeks	C. 15-18 weeks	<u>D.</u> 12-15 weeks	
Q31.	PPS was launched to	achieve the goal of	·		
	A. ADS	<u>B.</u> APP	C. Both	D. None	
Q 32.	What is the percentag	e of late majority amon	g adopters category ?		
	A. 13.5	B. 35	<u>C.</u> 34	D. 2.5	
Q 33.	3. Hartley is a variety of				

	A. Pear	B. Walnut	C. Peach	D. Sapota		
Q 34.	Gandaki province Ag	riculture Development	Source Center is located	l in		
	A. Bandipur, Tanahun	B. Dumribot, Kaski	C. Pokhara, Kaski	D. Waling, Syangja		
Q 35.	Anemophily is the po	Anemophily is the pollination mode in which				
	A. Insect pollination occur. Bat pollination occu		B. Wind pollination of D. Bird pollination occ			
Q36.	The Chairperson of N	ational Farmer Coalitic	on of Nepal is			
	A. Dr. Prem Prasad Do. Ramesh Kumar KC	0	B. Dr. Baidhyanath M. D. None of Above	ahato		
Q 37.	37. Which of the following is responsible for leaf curl of Litchi?					
	A. Bacteria	B. Mite	C. Virus	D. All		
Q38. Cu-lure, which is popularly used in vines crops is normally placednumbers per ropani.			d in			
	A. 2	<u>B.</u> 5	C. 8	D. 12		
Q 39.	"Summer Sunlight" is	s the cultivar of which a	among the following flo	owers?		
	A. Carnation	B. Gerbera	C. Rose	D. Gladiolus		
Q 40.	Which places have im	plemented the Agricul	lture Sector Developmen	nt Program ?		
	A. All districts C. Kailali		B. All districts of Karnali Province D. Sindhupalchowk, Nuwakot and Rasuwa			
Q 41.	Which of the followin	g is NOT benefitted by	profile ?			
	A. Program formulation C. Market price determination		B. Program monitoring and evaluation D. All of above			
Q 42.	Which of the followin to rise in demand?	g commodities repond	s most posively to price	change with respect		
	A. Rice	B. Potato	C. Leafy vegetables	D. Onion		
Q 43.	Which of the pesticide	es is the least harmful t	o bees ?			
	A. Iodine endosulpha C. Malathion	n	B. BHC D. Dithane-M45			

Q44. Which statement is correct about Kapurkot-1 variety of Ginger?

A. Recommended year: 2048, Production: 22-38 mt/ha

B. Recommended year: 2058, Production: 22-38 mt/ha

C. Recommended year: 2048, Production: 25-32 mt/ha

D. Recommended year: 2058, Production: 25-32 mt/ha

Q45. Full form of SAFTA is ______.

A. South Asian Free Trade Association

B. South Asian Free Trade Agreement

C. South Asian Free Training Association D. South Asian Free Trade Area

General Knowledge Multiple Choice: Agriculture (Set 8)

Q1.	Newspapers fall under		method of communication?		
	A. Group	B. Individual	C. Mass	D. All	
Q 2.	Extension education b	orings about	changes in life of	individual.	
	A. 1	B. 2	<u>C.</u> 3	D. 4	
Q3.	For off season vegeta	ble production plastic	house is built general	ly using silpaulin of	
	A. 20-40 gsm	<u>B.</u> 45-90 gsm	C. 91-120 gsm	D. 120-150 gsm	
Q4.	Manisha, Bhim, Surak	sha are the varieties of	:		
	A. Carrot	B. Cabbage	C. Chilli	D. Tomato	
Q5.	"Complete" fertilizer	contains NPK in the ra	tio		
	A. 20-20-20	<u>B.</u> 19-19-10	C. 20-20-19	D. 20-20-0	
Q 6.	Prime minister agricu	lture modernization pro	oject has the working sp	an of	
	A. 20 years	B. 15 years	<u>C.</u> 10 years	D. 7 years	
Q7.	What is the class of se	ed obtained by growin	g the Breeder seed gene	eration?	
	A. Improved seed	B. Foundation seed	C. Certified seed	D. None of above	
Q8.	When was the Tomato	Leaf Miner (Tuta absol	uta) identified officially	in Nepal?	
	A. 2071, Jestha 3	B. 2072, Jestha 3	<u>C.</u> 2073, Jestha 3	D. 2075, Jestha 3	
Q9.	Mandarin, lime, swee	t orange are categorize	d under	_·	
	A. Tropical fruits	B. Subtropical fruits	C. Temperate fruits	D. B and C	
Q 10.	Name the nutrient w	hose deficiency causes	purpling of maize leave	es.	
	A. Phosphorus	B. Magnesium	C. Sulphur	D. Nigrogen	
Q 11.	How often does the R	Radio Nepal broadcast a	agriculture program in a	a week ?	
	A. 4	B. 5	C. 6	<u>D.</u> 7	

Q 12.	Ca, Mg and S are the	essenti	al nutrient.		
	A. Primary	B. Secondary	C. Tertiary	D. None	
Q 13.	Which cereal crop is c	alled the Queen of Cere	eals?		
	A. Maize	B. Rice	C. Wheat	D. Barley	
Q 14.	Which of the followin given area ?	g methods can accomo	date the highest numbe	r of fruit plants for a	
	A. Square	B. Rectangular	C. Quincunx	D. Both A and B	
Q 15.	Which crop has the hi	ghest of total production	on in Nepal ?		
	A. Maize	B. Rice	C. Wheat	D. Sugarcane	
Q 16.	When was National A	gricultural Policy form	nulated ?		
	A. 2060	<u>B.</u> 2061	C. 2062	D. 2063	
Q 17.	17. Chirkey and Furkey is the disease of				
	A. Tea	B. Coffee	<u>C.</u> Cardamom	D. Surgarcane	
Q 18.	While growing Oyster	mushroom, the straw i	s chopped into pieces of	f size	
	A. 1 inch	<u>B.</u> 2-2.5 inch	C. 10 inch	D. 5 inch	
Q 19.	How many stratas of	the soil are sampled in	fruit crops ?		
	A. 1	B. 2	C. 3	D. 4	
Q 20.	What is the full form	of EM?			
	A. Effective micronutr C. Effective microbiolo		B. Effective microorga D. All	oorganism	
Q 21.	When was the Seed ac	et enforced in Nepal?			
	<u>A.</u> 2045 BS	B. 2050 BS	C. 2055 BS	D. 2040 BS	
Q 22.	Where is the temperat	te horticulture develop	ment centre stationed ?		
	A. Dolakha	B. Daman	C. Mustang	D. Jumla	
Q 23.	What is the GDP grow	vth rate of Agriculture	and Forestry in the fisca	al year 2075/76?	
	A. 7.1	B. 7.42	C. 4.42	<u>D.</u> 2.72	

Q 24.	For what period was Agriculture Perspective Plan implemented?				
	A. 10 years	B. 15 years	<u>C.</u> 20 years	D. 25 years	
Q 25.	Where the rice superz	one located under PM	AMP?		
	A. Kailali	B. Dang	C. Bara	D. Jhapa	
Q 26.	"The crop of famine (a	anikaal)" is entitled to $_$			
	A. Uwa (Naked barley C. Maize	7)	B. Fingermillet D. Barley		
Q 27.	The National Rice Res	search Program in Nepa	al is located in	·	
	A. Parwanipur	B. Bhairahawa	C. Khumaltar	D. Dhanusha	
Q 28.	Which among the foll	owing insecticides is ba	anned in Nepal ?		
	A. Phorate	B. Endosulfan	C. Monocrotophos	D. All	
Q 29.	What is the recommended dose of chemical fertilier for Maize crop?				
	A. 100-30-30	B. 100-50-25	<u>C.</u> 60-30-30	D. 50-50-20	
Q 30.	Which methods of planting is suitable for cultivating in slopes?				
	A. Contour	B. Square	C. Rectangle	D. Hexagonal	
Q 31.	Which of the following is the property of agricultural road?				
	A. Connects to Haat bazzar C. Connects to highway		$\underline{\underline{B}}$. Connects production $\overline{\underline{D}}$. All	n zone to market	
Q 32.	In what frequency is t	he Agriculture census	conducted ?		
	A. Every 5 years	B. Every 10 years	C. Every 15 years	D. Every 20 years	
Q 33.	Which among the foll	owing is the disease of	Wheat?		
	A. Blight	B. Brown rust	C. Loose smut	D. All	
Q 34.	In the soil of pH value	e less than 6, toxicity of	which of the following	elements occurs?	
	A. Zinc	B. Manganese	C. Iron	D. All	
Q 35.	How much nitrogen is	s found in the Farm Ya	rd Manure ?		
	A. 1.2 - 1.5	B. 1.5 - 2	<u>C.</u> 0.4 - 0.5	D. 0.8 - 1	

Q36.	. Which district of Nepal is popular for Sweet Orange ?			
	A. Gorkha	B. Parbat	<u>C.</u> Sindhuli	D. Chitwan
Q 37.	School is the	method of exte	nsion.	
	A. Individual	B. Group	C. Mass	D. None of above
Q 38.	Which acid is found in	n Mandarin orange ?		
	A. Malic acid	B. Citric acid	C. Ascorbic acid	D. None
Q 39.	. Rainbow trout fish was first imported from			
	A. China	B. Japan	C. Iran	D. Taiwan