Agriculture and Forestry University Office of the Controller of Examination Rampur, Chitwan 2079, *Month*

Faculty	Agriculture		
Exam	Regular		
Level	Bachelor	Full Marks	40
Program	B. Sc. Ag.	Pass Marks	16
Year and	2 nd year, 4 th semester	Time	2:00 hrs.
semester			

Subject:- PLB 202, 3(2+1) Introductory Plant Breeding

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All questions carry equal marks. Answer any 10 questions.

- 1. "Plant breeding is an art as well as science." Justify. (4)
- 2. Define domestication. Describe what domestication syndrome is while providing suitable example. (1+3)
- 3. What is plant introduction? Discuss its relevance in crop breeding. (1+3)
- 4. Differentiate qualitative and quantitative traits. What are transgressive segregants? (2+2)
- 5. What is meant by a variety? Compare and contrast a variety with a genotype. (1 + 3)
- 6. Why breeding for quantitative traits is difficult? For a quantitative character governed by 6 (six) genes in a diploid crop, what is the theoretical minimum size of the population of F2 generation such that even the rarest of phenotypes could be found. Assume each locus is composed of a pair of dominant and recessive alleles in the F1 heterozygote. (2 + 2)
- 7. Write short notes on (any two): (2+ 2)
 - a. Progeny testing
 - b. Pureline selection
 - c. Chimerism
- 8. Write differences between pedigree selection and bulk selection for breeding of self-pollinated crops. (4)
- 9. What are the pre-conditions of successful hybridization? Describe pollination control mechanisms. (2 + 2)
- 10. For a quantitative trait in a random mating population, mean is 100 and variation is 240. The regression of the offspring on mid-parent value is 0.25. Truncation selection is practiced with a selection differential of 32. What is the expected mean in the next generation? (4)
- 11. What are the characteristics of cross-breeding species? What is meant by population improvement? (2 + 2)