# DBMS – Mini Project BUS RESERVATION SYSTEM

## SUBMITTED BY-

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V SEMESTER SECTION B

## **Short Description and Scope of the Project**

This database project helps in booking bus tickets by the new user or a registered user.

It stores all the information of the user and details of the booking is the database.

It has 8 entities which covers all the information needed for the user and for the Admin

It also has special features such as functions and triggers which helps in fast retrieval and easy maintenance of the project With the help of our project a user can book or cancel tickets for a particular ride

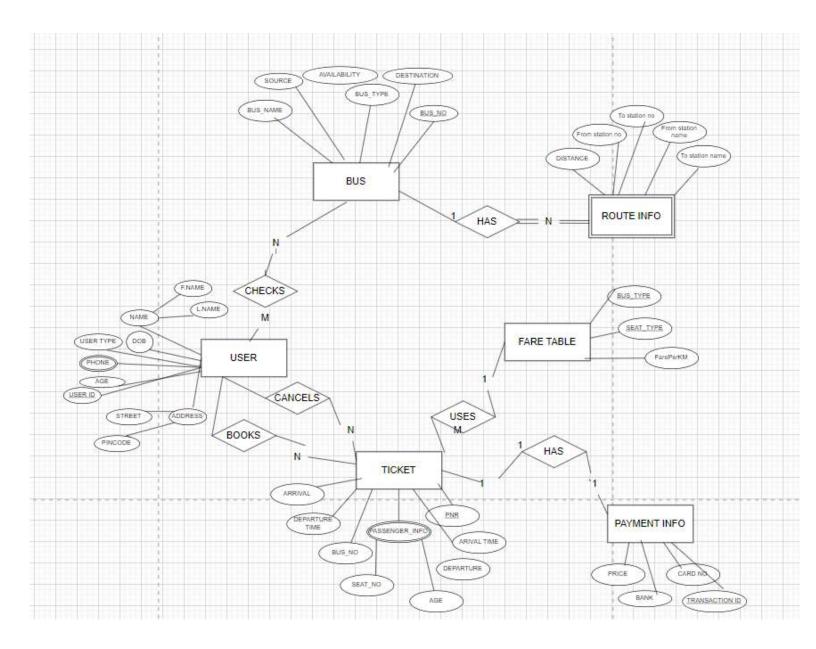
## Scope of the project:

It helps the user to know about the bus timings and details by just looking at the database and can make plans.

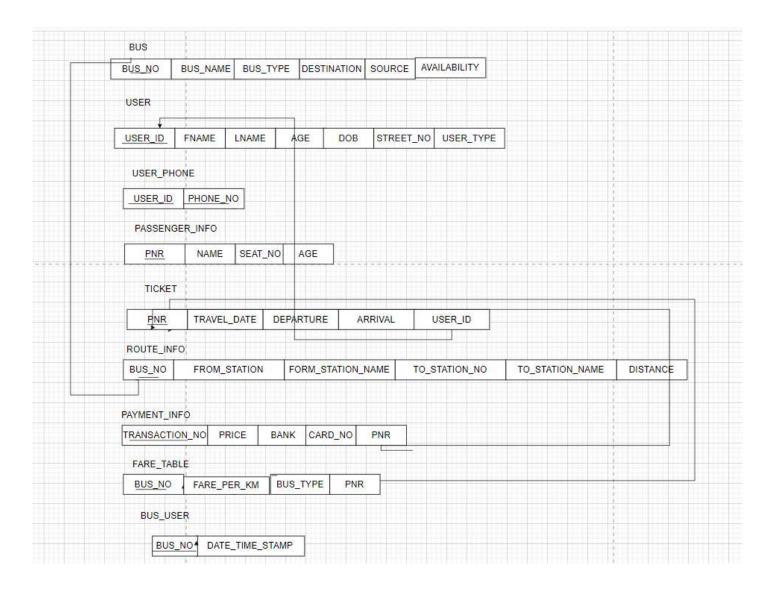
This helps and reduces the time the user spends to bus reservation.

The frontend of this project helps us to create new user to the database or login to the existing user.

## **ER Diagram**



## **Relational Schema**



## **DDL Statements - Building The Database**

#### **CREATE STATEMENTS:**

```
--table1

CREATE TABLE bus (
    bus_no INT ,
    bus_name VARCHAR(255),
    bus_type VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
    arrival VARCHAR(50),
    destination VARCHAR(50),
    availability VARCHAR(100),
    PRIMARY KEY(bus_no),
    unique(bus_name)
);

DESCRIBE bus;
```

```
create Table User(
    user_id varchar(20),
    user_type varchar(100),
    Fname varchar(255),
    Lname varchar(255),
    age int(11),
    street_no varchar(100),
    pincode int(11),
    DOB date,
    primary key(user_id)

);
describe user;
```

```
CREATE TABLE route_info (
    from_no INT(11),
    from_name varchar(100),
    to_no int(11) ,
    to_name varchar(100),
    dist int(11),
    bus_no int,
    primary key(from_no,to_no),
    foreign key(bus_no) REFERENCES bus(bus_no) on delete set NULL
);
describe route info;
```

```
CREATE TABLE user_bus(
    user_id varchar(20),
    bus_no int(29),
    date_time_stamp datetime,
    primary key(date_time_stamp),
    foreign key(user_id) references user(user_id) on delete set NULL,
    foreign key(bus_no) references bus(bus_no) on delete set NULL
);
describe user_bus;
```

```
CREATE TABLE user_phone(
    user_id varchar(20),
    phone_no bigint(20),
    primary key(phone_no),
    foreign key(user_id) references user(user_id) on delete set NULL
    );
describe user_train;
```

```
--table6

CREATE TABLE payment_info(
    transaction_id int(11),
    bank varchar(20),
    card_no bigint(20),
    price double,
    PNR varchar(20),
    primary key(transaction_id),
    foreign key(PNR) references ticket(PNR) on delete set NULL
    );
```

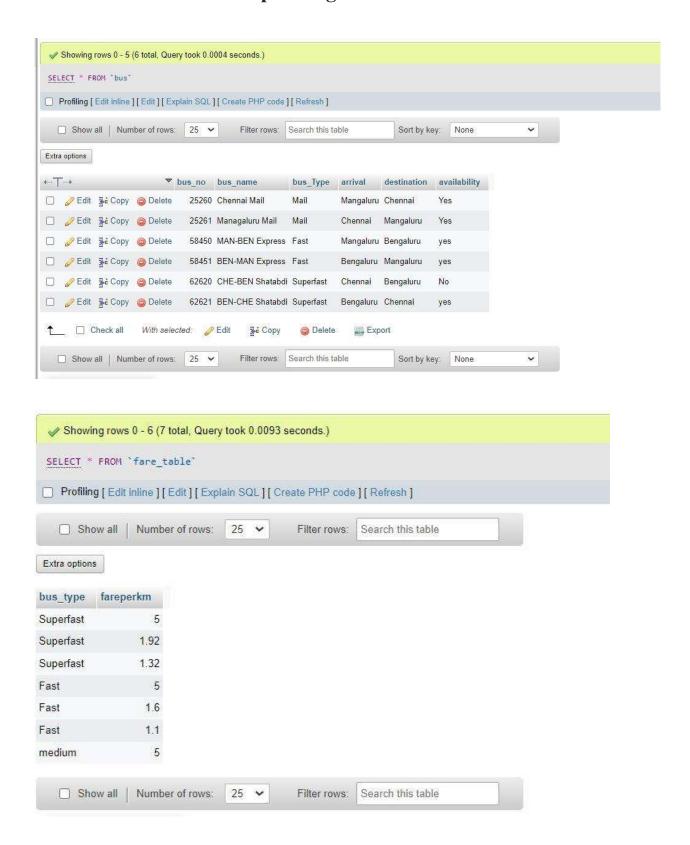
```
create table ticket(
   PNR varchar(20),
   bus_no int,
   travel_date date,
   departure varchar(50),
   arrival varchar(50),
   departure_time time,
   arrival_time time,
   user_id varchar(20),
   bus_type varchar(100),
   primary key(PNR),
   foreign key(user_id) references user(user_id) on delete set NULL,
   foreign key(bus_no) references bus(bus_no) on delete set NULL
);
describe ticket;
```

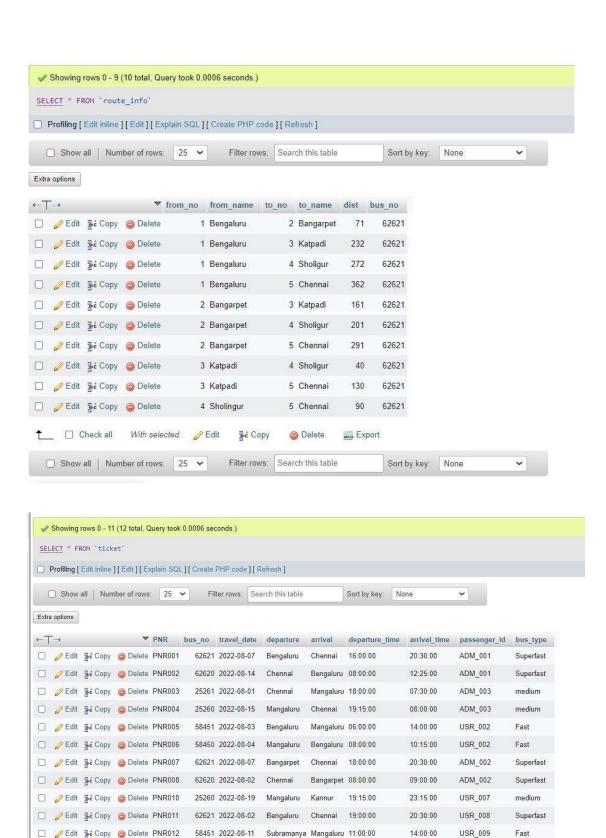
```
create ticket_passenger(
    seat_no varchar(20),
    name varchar(255),
    age int(11),
    PNR varchar(20),
    primary key(seat_no),
    foreign key(PNR) references ticket(PNR) on delete set NULL
);
    describe ticket_passenger;
```

```
--table9

CREATE TABLE fare_table(
bus_type varchar(100),
fareperkm float,
primary key(bus_type)
);
describe fare_table;
```

## Populating the Database





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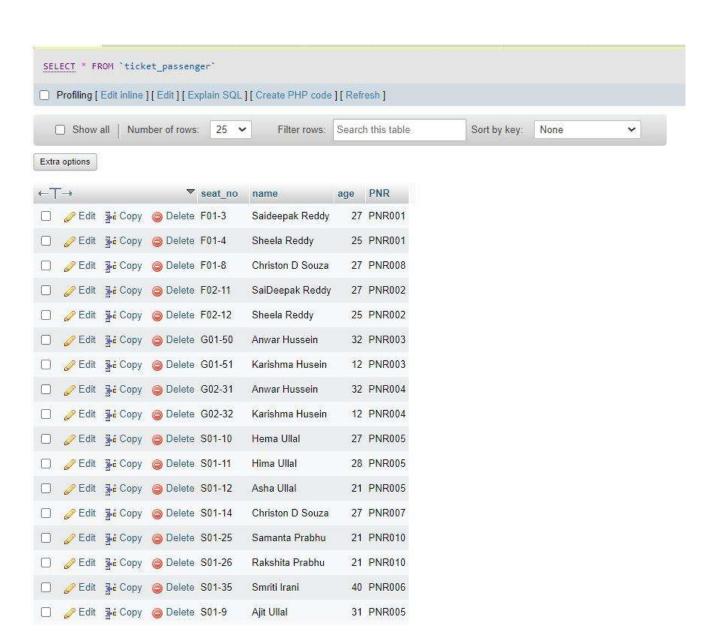
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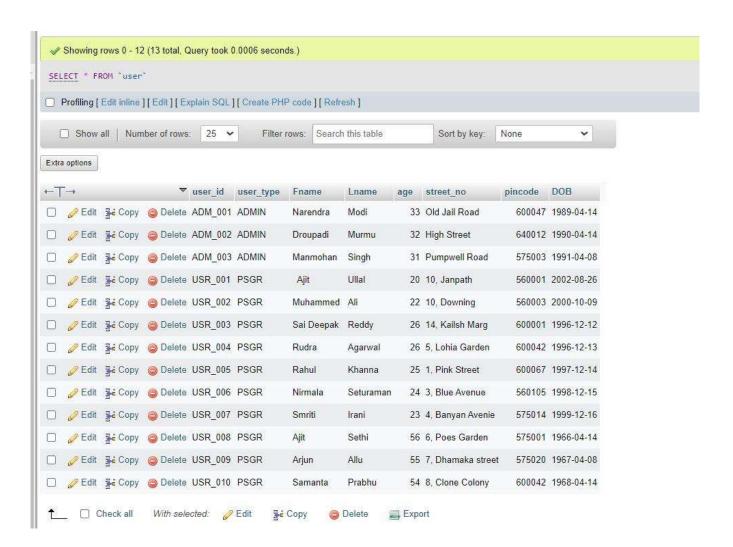
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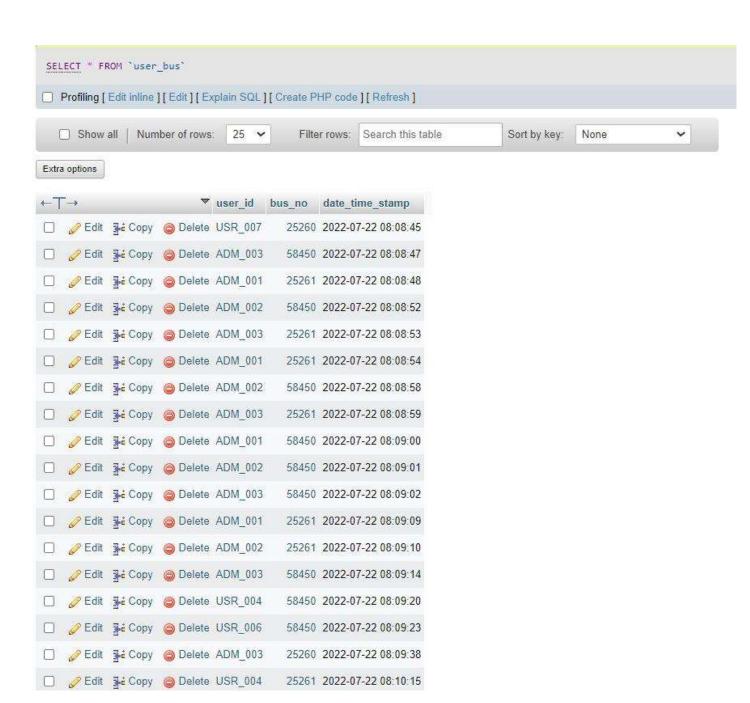
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USR\_010

medium









## Join Queries

Showcase at least 4 join queries

Write the query in English Language, Show the equivalent SQL statement and also a screenshot of the query and the results

#### **INNER JOIN:**

.Retrieve first and last name of users who have booked a ticket with price greater than 500

#### LEFT OUTER JOIN

Retrieve the first name, last name, of the Users who have not bought a ticket.

#### RIGHT OUTER JOIN

Retrieve the ticket PNR, BUS number, travel date and along with all users first name andlast name

```
mysql> select ticket.PNR,ticket.bus_no,ticket.travel_date,user.fname,user.lname from ticket righ
t outer join user on ticket.user_id=user.user_id
    ->;
          | bus_no | travel_date | fname
                                                     lname
  PNR012
            62620 | 2022-08-14 | Narendra
                                                       Modi
  PNR014 | 62621 | 2022-08-07 | Narendra
PNR013 | 62620 | 2022-08-02 | Droupadi
                                                       Modi
                                                       Murmu
           62621 | 2022-08-07 | Droupadi
25260 | 2022-08-15 | Manmohan
25261 | 2022-08-01 | Manmohan
  PNR015
                                                      Murmu
  PNR004
                                                      Singh
  PNR008
                                                       Singh
  NULL
             NULL | NULL
                                          Ajit
                                                       Ullal
              58450 | 2022-08-04 | Muhammed
                                                       Ali
  PNR009
```

#### **NESTED QUERIES:**

Retrieve the User ID who has spent more ticket price than the average ticket price.

## **Aggregate Functions**

Showcase at least 4 Aggregate function queries
Write the query in English Language, Show the equivalent SQL statement and also a
screenshot of the query and the results

Find the average distance between subsequent stations for every bus

Display the number of phone numbers corresponding to the user\_id ADM 001, USR 006, USR 10

```
mysql> select user_id,phone_no from user_phone where user_id in('ADM_001','USR_006','USR_10');
+-----+
| user_id | phone_no |
+----+
| USR_006 | 9801212345 |
| ADM_001 | 9845012345 |
| ADM_001 | 9900123456 |
| USR_006 | 9900123999 |
+----++----+
4 rows in set (0.31 sec)
```

Find the average fare per km for each Bus type specified and display the bus type and corresponding average fare per km in decreasing order

Count the number of passengers whose name consists of 'UllaL'

```
mysql> select count(*) from user where fname like "%ullal%" or lname like "%ullal%";

+-----+
| count(*) |

+-----+
| 1 |

+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

### **Set Operations**

Showcase at least 4 Set Operations queries
Write the query in English Language, Show the equivalent SQL statement and also a screenshot of the query and the results

List of passengers (user\_id, user\_type First name and last name) who have travelled from chennal to bengaluru during the month of Oct 2021 and Aug 2022

```
mysql> insert into ticket (PNR,bus_no,travel_date,departure,arrival,departure_time,arrival_time,
user_id,bus_type)VALUES ('PNR061',62621,'2021-11-22','Chennai','Bengaluru','16:00:00','20:30:00'
,'USR_009','medium')
    ->;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.10 sec)

mysql> update bus set arrival = trim(arrival),destination = trim(destination);
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.08 sec)
Rows matched: 6 Changed: 2 Warnings: 0
```

List of passengers (user\_id, user\_type First name and last name) who have travelled from chennal to bengaluru during the month of Oct 2021 and not Aug 2022

List of passengers (user\_id, user\_type First name and last name) who have travelled from chennal to bengaluru during the month of Oct 2021 and not Aug 2022

List of passengers (user\_id, user\_type First name and last name) who have travelled from chennal to bengaluru during the month of Oct 2021 and not Aug 2022

#### **Functions and Procedures**

Create a Function and Procedure. State the objective of the function / Procedure. Run and display the results.

**Function**: number of tickets booked by a customer. If no of tickets is not more than 3 for the current month then display "can buy ticket " else display error "cannot buy tickets, limit is over"

```
mysql> CREATE FUNCTION ticket no(user id varchar(20))
   -> returns varchar(50)
   -> deterministic
   -> begin
   -> declare result varchar(50);
   -> declare ticket count int;
   -> select count(PNR) into ticket_count
   -> from ticket
   -> where user id = user id and
   -> month(travel_date) = month(sysdate()) and
   -> year(travel date)=year(sysdate());
   -> if ticket count > 3 then
   -> set result = 'cannot buy tickets ,limit is over';
    -> else
   -> set result = 'can buy tickets';
    -> end if;
    -> return result;
    -> end;
    -> $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.38 sec)
```

PROCEDURE: updated age is the stored procedure to calculate the age of the customer when the date of birth is given. Updates the column named age in the customer table.

```
mysql> DELIMITER $$
mysql> create procedure updated_age(IN usr_id varchar(20), in dob date)
   -> begin
   -> declare n_age int;
   -> set n_age =floor(datediff(current_date,dob)/365);
   -> update user set age =n_age where user_id = usr_id;
   -> end;$$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.06 sec)

mysql> DELIMITER;
```

## **Triggers and Cursors**

Create a Trigger. State the objective. Run and display the results.

Trigger to add payment information to the backup table named payment backup when we try to delete some information from the ticket table.

Trigger used: before delete

```
mysql> desc payment_backup
   -> ;
               Type
 Field
                            | Null | Key | Default | Extra
 transaction_id | int
                                    PRI | NULL
                             NO
 card_no
                varchar(20)
                              YES
                                          NULL
               bigint
                              YES
                                        NULL
 price
               double
                            YES
                                         NULL
              varchar(20) YES
                                        NULL
 rows in set (0.01 sec)
mysql> DELIMITER $$
mysql> CREATE TRIGGER payment_backup
   -> before delete on ticket for each row
   -> begin insert into payment backup
   -> select * from payment_info where PNR=old.PNR;
   -> delete from payment info where PNR =old.PNR;
   -> delete from ticket passenger where PNR = old.PNR;
   -> END $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> delimiter ;
```

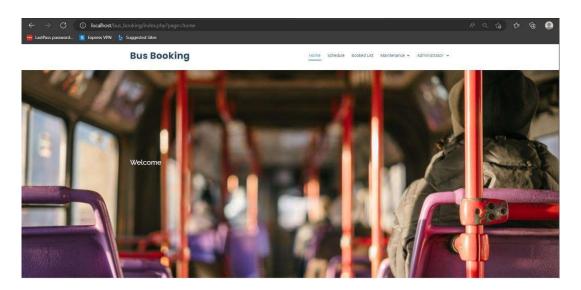
We can see the results from the below screenshots:

## **Developing a Frontend**

## Login page



## Admin page



## User page

