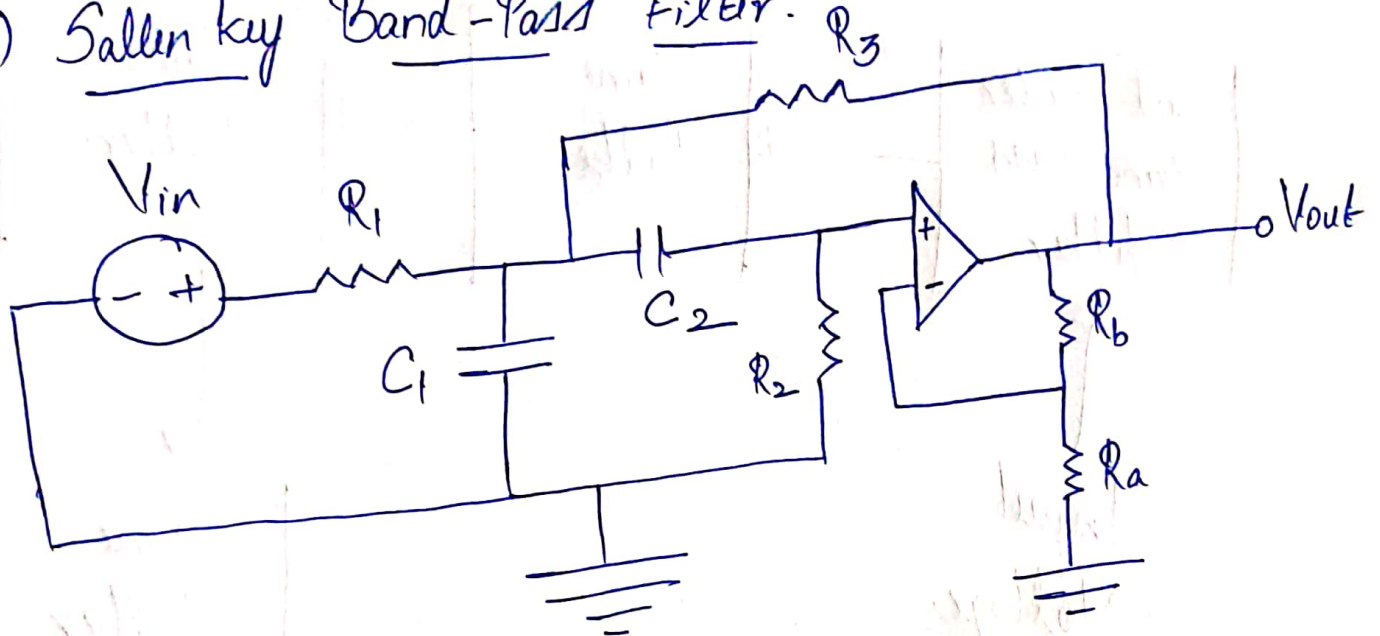


B.E. Theory Project

IMT2019508
K.V.V. Deepesh

1.)

(a) Sallen key Band-Pass Filter:



Component Values:

$$R_1 = 1406.451 \Omega$$

$$C_1 = 1 \mu F$$

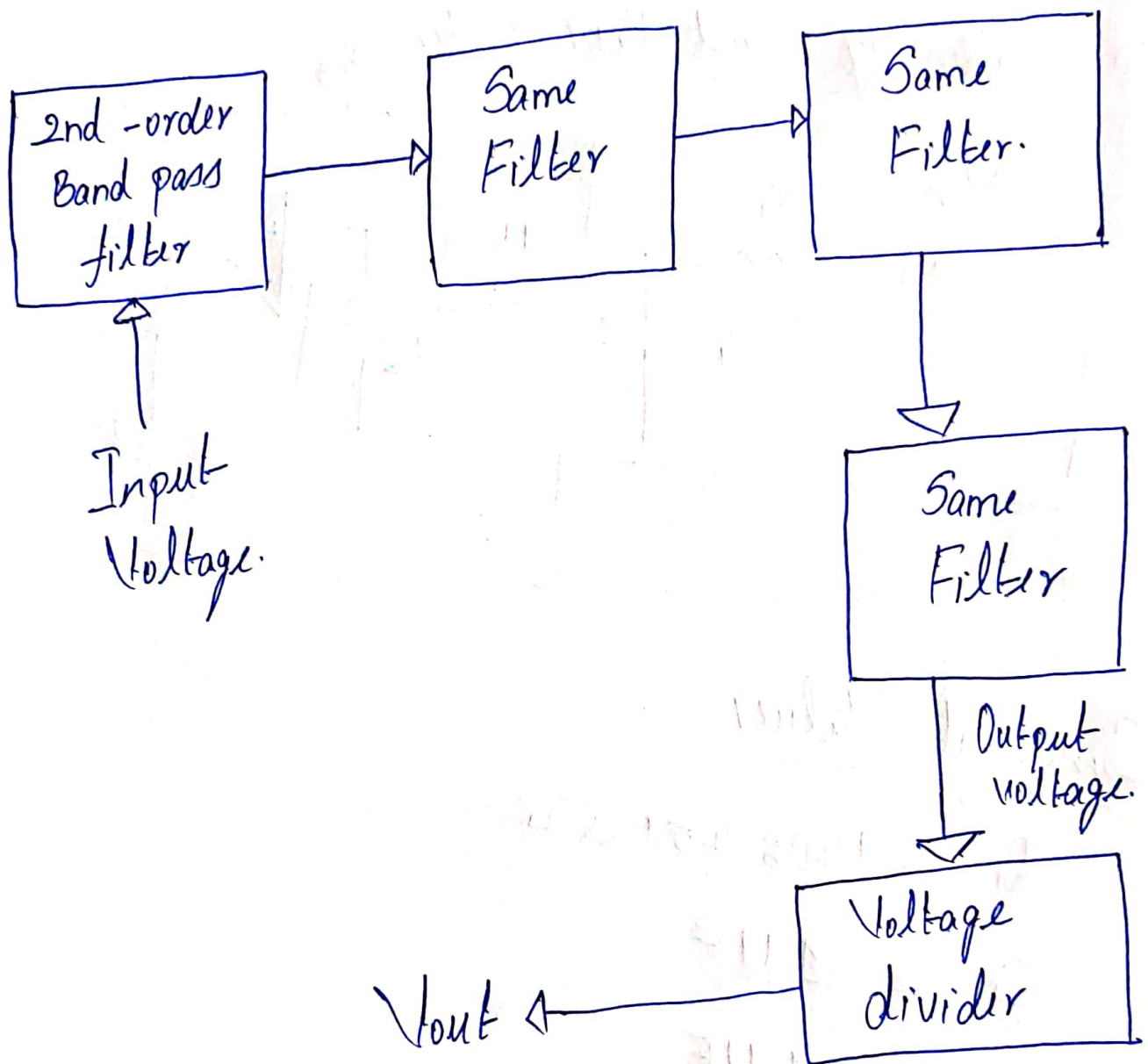
$$C_2 = 1 \mu F$$

$$R_3 = 703.22 \Omega.$$

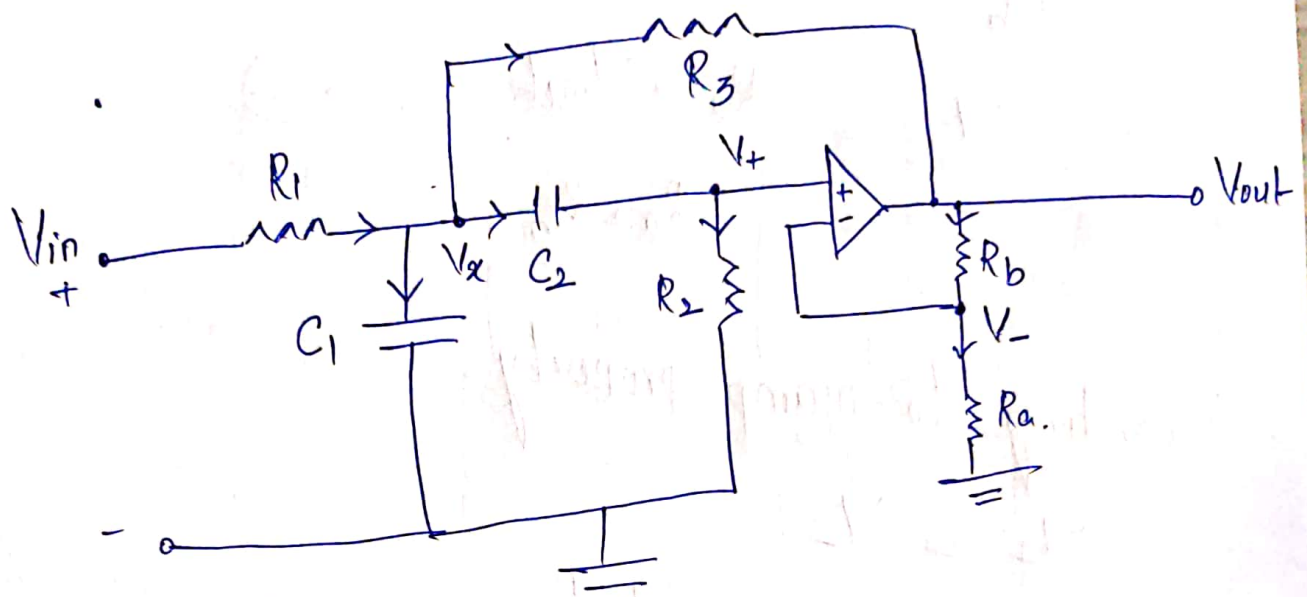
$$R_b = 100 \Omega$$

$$R_a = 100 \Omega.$$

(b) Block diagram showing cascaded stages:



c) Transfer Function of the filter:



Now converting the circuit to frequency domain,

$$Z_C = 1/sC$$

Now Applying KCL at V_a ,

$$\frac{V_{in} - V_a}{R_1} = \frac{V_a - 0}{(1/sC_1)} + \frac{V_a - V_+}{1/sC_2} + \frac{V_a - V_{out}}{R_3}$$

→ ①

~~Accor~~ Applying KCL at ' V_- ',

$$\frac{V_{out} - V_-}{R_b} = \frac{V_-}{R_a}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_{out}}{R_b} = V_- \left(\frac{1}{R_a} + \frac{1}{R_b} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow V_- = \frac{R_a \times V_{out}}{R_a + R_b} \rightarrow (2)$$

According to opamp property.

$$V_+ = V_-$$

$$\Rightarrow V_+ = \frac{R_a \times V_{out}}{R_a + R_b}$$

Applying KCL at V_+ ,

$$\frac{V_x - V_+}{1/sC_2} = \frac{V_+ - 0}{R_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \textcircled{2}. sC_2 V_x = \frac{V_+}{R_2} + sC_2 V_+$$

$$\Rightarrow sC_2 V_x = V_+ \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + sC_2 \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow V_x = \left(\frac{R_a \times V_{out}}{R_b + R_a} \right) \left(\frac{1}{sC_2 R_2} + 1 \right) \rightarrow (3)$$

Now in ①,

$$\frac{V_{in} - V_x}{R_1} = sC_1 V_x + \cancel{sC_2 V_x} \frac{V_+}{R_2} + \frac{V_x - V_{out}}{R_3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_{in} - \left(\frac{R_a \times V_{out}}{R_b + R_a} \right) \left(\frac{1 + sC_2 R_2}{sC_2 R_2} \right)}{R_1}$$

$$= sC_1 \left(\frac{R_a \times V_{out}}{R_b + R_a} \right) \left(\frac{1 + sC_2 R_2}{sC_2 R_2} \right)$$

$$+ \left(\frac{R_a \times V_{out}}{R_b + R_a} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{R_2}$$

$$+ \frac{\left(\frac{R_a \times V_{out}}{R_b + R_a} \right) \left(\frac{1 + sC_2 R_2}{sC_2 R_2} \right) - V_{out}}{R_3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{SC_2 R_2 P_b V_{in} + SC_2 R_2 P_a V_{in} - R_a V_{out} - R_a V_{out} SC_2 R_2}{R_i (R_b + R_a) (SC_2 R_2)}$$

$$= \frac{(R_a V_{out} + R_a V_{out} SC_2 R_2) C_1}{(R_b + R_a) C_2 R_2} + \frac{\cancel{R_a V_{out}} R_a V_{out}}{R_2 (R_b + R_a)}$$

$$+ \frac{R_a V_{out} + R_a V_{out} SC_2 R_2 - R_b V_{out} SC_2 R_2 - \cancel{R_a V_{out}} SC_2 R_2}{R_3 (R_b + R_a) (SC_2 R_2)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{C_1 R_a V_{out} + C_1 R_a V_{out} SC_2 R_2 + C_2 \cancel{R_a V_{out}} R_a V_{out}}{C_2 R_2 (R_b + R_a)}$$

$$+ \frac{\cancel{R_a V_{out}} R_a V_{out} - R_b V_{out} SC_2 R_2}{SC_2 R_2 R_3 (R_b + R_a)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{R_a + R_b}{R_a} \right) \frac{\beta V_{in}}{R_1 C_1}$$

$$= V_{out} \left[\frac{R_1 R_3 R_2 C_1 C_2 s^2 + R_3 R_2 C_2 s + R_1 R_3 C_1 s - \frac{R_b R_1 R_2 C_2 s}{R_a} + R_1 + R_3}{R_1 R_2 R_3 C_1 C_2} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \frac{\left(\frac{R_a + R_b}{R_a} \right) s R_2 R_3 C_2}{R_1 R_2 R_3 C_1 C_2 s^2 + s (R_3 R_2 C_2 + R_1 R_3 C_2 - \frac{C_2 R_b R_1 R_2}{R_a}) + R_1 + R_3}$$

→ (5.)

Multiplying and dividing ⑤ by $R_1 R_2 R_3 C_1 C_2$.

$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = H(s)$$

$$= \left(\frac{R_a + R_b}{R_a} \right) \frac{s}{R_1 C_1}$$

$$\frac{s}{s^2 + \left(\frac{1}{R_1 C_1} + \frac{1}{R_2 C_1} + \frac{1}{R_2 C_2} - \frac{R_b}{R_a R_3 C_1} \right) s + \frac{R_1 + R_3}{R_1 R_3 R_2 C_1 C_2}}$$