

MergeSort PRQ

Score: _____

1. What is **concatenation**?

- ☐ A An agricultural process
- ☐ B Growing cats
- ☐ C Finding square root of a number
- ☐ D Combining two lists into one

2. If **al** = [1, 2, 3] and **bl** = [4, 5, 6], what is the code to modify **al** to contain [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]?

- ☐ A al + bl
- ☐ B bl + al
- ☐ C al.extend(bl)
- ☐ D al.append(bl)

3. If **al** = [4, 5, 6] and **bl** = [1, 2, 3], what is the code to modify **bl** to contain [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]?

- ☐ A al + bl
- ☐ B bl + al
- ☐ C bl.extend(al)
- ☐ D al.append(bl)

4. If **al** = [1, 2, 3] and **bl** = [4, 5, 6], what is the code to generate a **new list** that contains [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]?

- ☐ A al + bl
- ☐ B bl + al
- ☐ C al.extend(bl)
- ☐ D al.append(bl)

5. If **al** = [4, 5, 6] and **bl** = [1, 2, 3], what is the code to generate a **new list** that contains [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]?

- ☐ A al + bl
- ☐ B bl + al
- ☐ C al.extend(bl)
- ☐ D al.append(bl)

6. If `al = [4, 5, 6]` and `bl = [1, 2, 3]` and `cl = [0]`, what is the code to *merge* `al` and `bl` (in that order) into `cl`?

- ☐ A `cl = cl + al + bl`
- ☐ B `cl += al + bl`
- ☐ C `cl.extend(al)`
`cl.extend(bl)`

7. If `al = [1, 2, 3]` and `cl = []`, to make `cl = [1, 2]` and `al = [3]`, what is the right code?

- ☐ A `cl = al.pop(0)`
`cl = al.pop()`
- ☐ B `cl = al.pop(0)`
`cl = al.pop(1)`
- ☐ C `cl += [al.pop(0)]`
`cl += [al.pop(0)]`
- ☐ D `cl += [al.pop(1)]`
`cl += [al.pop(2)]`

8. The default parameter value for the list method `.pop()` is `-1`.

- ☐ A True
- ☐ B False

9. Write a program to demonstrate ternary operator in Python.
Use the ternary operator to assign the minimum of variable `a` and variable `b` to variable `c`.

10. list `al = [1, 2]` and `bl = [3, 4]`.
What is the code to print the first elements of both `al` and `bl`?

- ☐ A `print(1, 3)`
- ☐ B `print(al[1], bl[1])`
- ☐ C `print(al, bl)`
- ☐ D `print(al[0], bl[0])`

11. The integer **100** has to be added as the last element of list **al**. Which code will be correct?

- ☐ A `al.append(100)`
- ☐ B `al.insert(-1, 100)`
- ☐ C `al_len = len(al)`
`al.insert(al_len-1, 100)`
- ☐ D `al.extend([100])`

12. If **al = [1, 3, 5]** and **bl = [2, 4, 6]**, what is the code to extract **al** and **bl** into **cl** so that **cl = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]**?

- ☐ A `cl = cl + al + bl`
- ☐ B `while al and bl:`
`cl = al.pop(0)`
`cl = bl.pop(0)`
- ☐ C `#----- start -----`
`while len(al) != 0 and len(bl) != 0:`
`cl.insert(-1, al.pop(0))`
`cl.insert(-1, bl.pop(0))`
`#----- end -----`
- ☐ D `#----- start -----`
`while al and bl:`
`cl.append(al.pop(0))`
`cl.append(bl.pop(0))`
`#----- end -----`

13. Extract the minimum of the first elements that occur in the list **al** and **bl** and put it at the tail of the list **cl**

- ☐ A `cl = (al if al[0] < bl[0] else bl).pop(0)`
- ☐ B `cl = (al if al[0] < bl[0] else bl).pop(1)`
- ☐ C `# ----- start -----`
`if al[0] < bl[0]:`
`cl.append(al[0])`
`al.pop(0)`
`else:`
`cl.append(bl[0])`
`bl.pop(0)`
`# ----- end -----`
- ☐ D `# ----- start -----`
`candidate = (al if al[0] < bl[0] else bl).pop(0)`
`c.append(candidate)`
`# ----- end -----`
- ☐ E All of the above

14. Write code that creates a list **cl** by merging numbers in sorted list **al** and sorted list **bl** in ascending order. Print the newly formed list **cl**.

Clue: Combine answers from previous two questions.

15. Write a **merge** function which accepts two sorted lists A and B as parameters. It should return a list that is a merge of the elements of A and B so that they are in ascending order.
