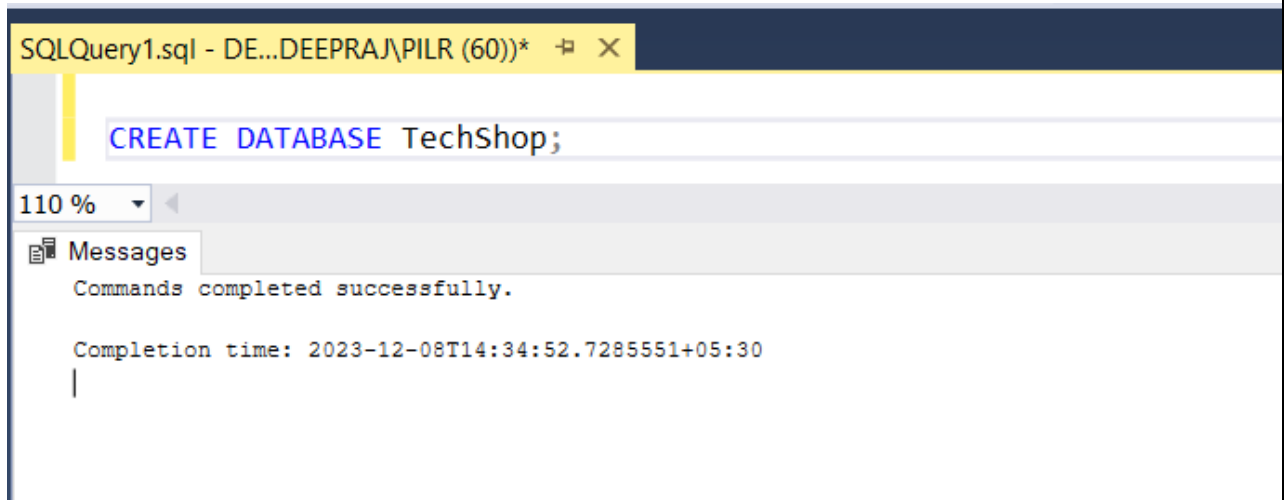


## TechShop, an electronic gadgets shop

### Task:1. Database Design:

1. Create the database named "TechShop"

Ans) `CREATE DATABASE TechShop;`



```
SQLQuery1.sql - DE...DEEPRAJ\PILR (60))*  
  
CREATE DATABASE TechShop;  
  
110 %  
Messages  
Commands completed successfully.  
  
Completion time: 2023-12-08T14:34:52.7285551+05:30
```

2. Define the schema for the Customers, Products, Orders, OrderDetails and Inventory tables based on the provided schema.

Ans )

`USE TechShop;`

```
CREATE TABLE Customers (  
    CustomerID INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    FirstName VARCHAR(50),  
    LastName VARCHAR(50),  
    Email VARCHAR(100),  
    Phone VARCHAR(20),  
    Address VARCHAR(255)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Products (  
    ProductID INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    ProductName VARCHAR(100),  
    Description VARCHAR(5),  
    Price DECIMAL(10, 2)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Orders (  
    OrderID INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    CustomerID INT,  
    OrderDate DATE,  
    TotalAmount DECIMAL(10, 2),  
    FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID) REFERENCES Customers(CustomerID)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE OrderDetails (  
    OrderDetailID INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    OrderID INT,  
    ProductID INT,
```

```

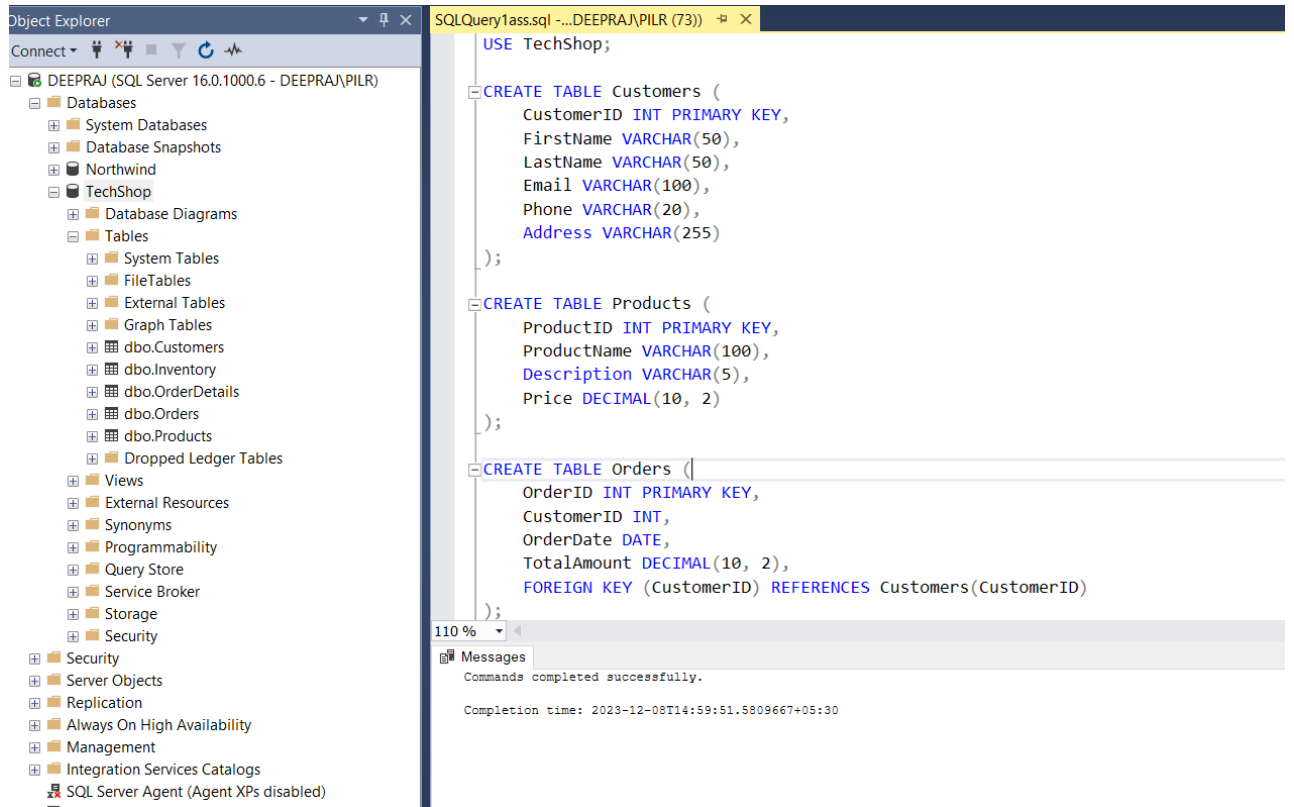
Quantity INT,
FOREIGN KEY (OrderID) REFERENCES Orders(OrderID),
FOREIGN KEY (ProductID) REFERENCES Products(ProductID)
);

```

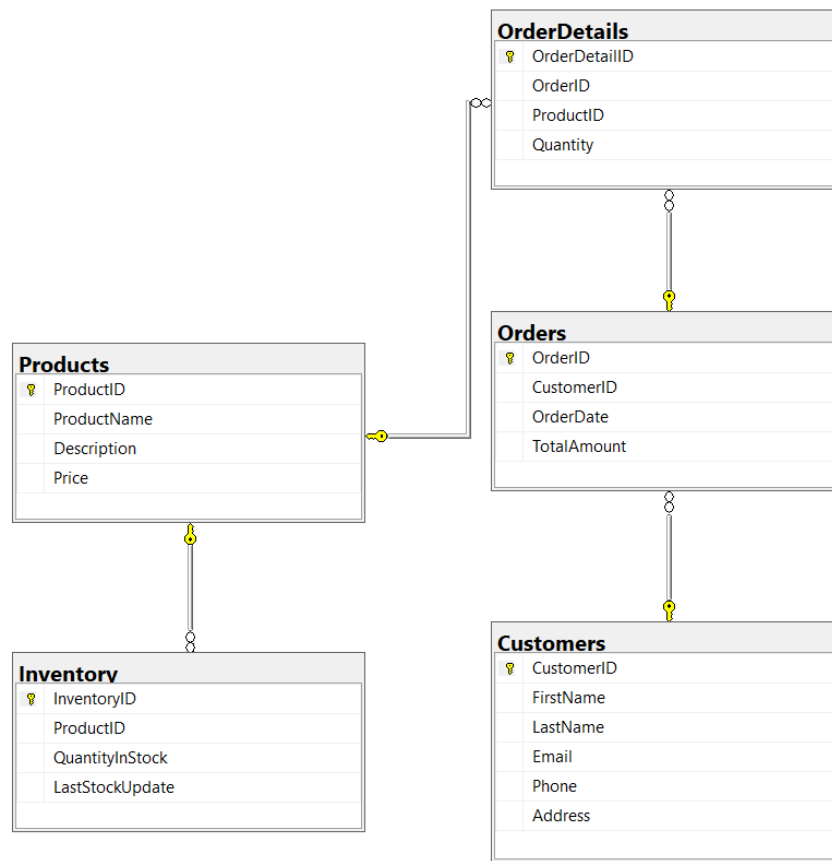
```

CREATE TABLE Inventory (
    InventoryID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    ProductID INT,
    QuantityInStock INT,
    LastStockUpdate DATE,
    FOREIGN KEY (ProductID) REFERENCES Products(ProductID)
)

```



3. Create an ERD (Entity Relationship Diagram) for the database.  
Ans)



4. Create appropriate Primary Key and Foreign Key constraints for referential integrity.

Ans) Already did in above question 1

5. Insert at least 10 sample records into each of the following tables.

- Customers
- Products
- Orders
- OrderDetails
- Inventory

ANS)

-- Sample data for Customers

INSERT INTO Customers VALUES

```
(1, 'John', 'Doe', 'john.doe@example.com', '1234567890', '123 Main St'),
(2, 'Jane', 'Smith', 'jane.smith@example.com', '9876543210', '456 Oak St'),
(3, 'Bob', 'Johnson', 'bob.johnson@example.com', '5678901234', '789 Pine St'),
(4, 'Alice', 'Williams', 'alice.williams@example.com', '4567890123', '234 Cedar St'),
(5, 'Charlie', 'Brown', 'charlie.brown@example.com', '3456789012', '678 Maple St'),
(6, 'Eva', 'Taylor', 'eva.taylor@example.com', '2345678901', '901 Elm St'),
(7, 'David', 'Lee', 'david.lee@example.com', '7890123456', '345 Birch St'),
(8, 'Grace', 'Miller', 'grace.miller@example.com', '8901234567', '567 Walnut St'),
(9, 'Frank', 'Clark', 'frank.clark@example.com', '9012345678', '678 Pine St'),
(10, 'Helen', 'Davis', 'helen.davis@example.com', '1230987654', '789 Oak St');
```

-- Sample data for Products

INSERT INTO Products VALUES

```
(1, 'Laptop', 'High performance laptop', 999.99),
(2, 'Smartphone', 'Latest smartphone model', 699.99),
(3, 'Tablet', '10-inch tablet', 299.99),
(4, 'Headphones', 'Wireless headphones', 79.99),
(5, 'Camera', 'Digital camera with zoom', 499.99),
(6, 'Smartwatch', 'Fitness tracking smartwatch', 149.99),
(7, 'Printer', 'Color inkjet printer', 199.99),
(8, 'External Hard Drive', '1TB portable hard drive', 129.99),
(9, 'Gaming Console', 'Next-gen gaming console', 499.99),
(10, 'Bluetooth Speaker', 'Waterproof Bluetooth speaker', 59.99);
```

-- Sample data for Orders

INSERT INTO Orders VALUES

```
(1, 1, '2023-01-01', 1500.00),
(2, 2, '2023-02-01', 1200.00),
(3, 3, '2023-03-01', 800.00),
(4, 4, '2023-04-01', 500.00),
(5, 5, '2023-05-01', 2000.00),
(6, 6, '2023-06-01', 1000.00),
(7, 7, '2023-07-01', 700.00),
(8, 8, '2023-08-01', 900.00),
(9, 9, '2023-09-01', 300.00),
(10, 10, '2023-10-01', 1200.00);
```

-- Sample data for OrderDetails

INSERT INTO OrderDetails VALUES

```
(1, 1, 1, 2),
(2, 1, 2, 1),
(3, 2, 3, 3),
(4, 3, 4, 1),
(5, 4, 5, 2),
(6, 5, 6, 1),
(7, 6, 7, 2),
(8, 7, 8, 1),
(9, 8, 9, 3),
(10, 9, 10, 1);
```

-- Sample data for Inventory

INSERT INTO Inventory VALUES

```
(1, 1, 50, '2023-01-01'),
(2, 2, 100, '2023-02-01'),
(3, 3, 30, '2023-03-01'),
(4, 4, 20, '2023-04-01'),
(5, 5, 10, '2023-05-01'),
(6, 6, 40, '2023-06-01');
```

```
(7, 7, 25, '2023-07-01'),
(8, 8, 15, '2023-08-01'),
(9, 9, 5, '2023-09-01'),
(10, 10, 35, '2023-10-01');
```

```
SQLQuery1ass.sql -...DEEPRAJ\PILR (73))*
-- Sample data for Customers
INSERT INTO Customers VALUES
(1, 'John', 'Doe', 'john.doe@example.com', '1234567890', '123 Main St'),
(2, 'Jane', 'Smith', 'jane.smith@example.com', '9876543210', '456 Oak St'),
(3, 'Bob', 'Johnson', 'bob.johnson@example.com', '5678901234', '789 Pine St'),
(4, 'Alice', 'Williams', 'alice.williams@example.com', '4567890123', '234 Cedar St'),
(5, 'Charlie', 'Brown', 'charlie.brown@example.com', '3456789012', '678 Maple St'),
(6, 'Eva', 'Taylor', 'eva.taylor@example.com', '2345678901', '901 Elm St'),
(7, 'David', 'Lee', 'david.lee@example.com', '7890123456', '345 Birch St'),
(8, 'Grace', 'Miller', 'grace.miller@example.com', '8901234567', '567 Walnut St'),
(9, 'Frank', 'Clark', 'frank.clark@example.com', '9012345678', '678 Pine St'),
(10, 'Helen', 'Davis', 'helen.davis@example.com', '1230987654', '789 Oak St');

-- Sample data for Products
INSERT INTO Products VALUES
(1, 'Laptop', 'High performance laptop', 999.99),
(2, 'Smartphone', 'Latest smartphone model', 699.99),
(3, 'Tablet', '10-inch tablet', 299.99),
(4, 'Headphones', 'Wireless headphones', 79.99),
(5, 'Camera', 'Digital camera with zoom', 499.99),
(6, 'Smartwatch', 'Fitness tracking smartwatch', 149.99),

110 %
Messages
(10 rows affected)
(10 rows affected)
(10 rows affected)
(10 rows affected)
(10 rows affected)
Completion time: 2023-12-08T15:17:47.7779468+05:30
110 %
```

## Tasks 2: Select, Where, Between, AND, LIKE:

1. Write an SQL query to retrieve the names and emails of all customers.

Ans) **SELECT** FirstName, LastName, Email **FROM** Customers;

```
SELECT FirstName, LastName, Email FROM Customers;
```

110 %

Results Messages

|    | FirstName | LastName | Email                      |
|----|-----------|----------|----------------------------|
| 1  | John      | Doe      | john.doe@example.com       |
| 2  | Jane      | Smith    | jane.smith@example.com     |
| 3  | Bob       | Johnson  | bob.johnson@example.com    |
| 4  | Alice     | Williams | alice.williams@example.com |
| 5  | Charlie   | Brown    | charlie.brown@example.com  |
| 6  | Eva       | Taylor   | eva.taylor@example.com     |
| 7  | David     | Lee      | david.lee@example.com      |
| 8  | Grace     | Miller   | grace.miller@example.com   |
| 9  | Frank     | Clark    | frank.clark@example.com    |
| 10 | Helen     | Davis    | helen.davis@example.com    |

2. Write an SQL query to list all orders with their order dates and corresponding customer names.

Ans) `SELECT Orders.OrderID, Orders.OrderDate, Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName FROM Orders  
JOIN Customers ON Orders.CustomerID = Customers.CustomerID;`

```
SELECT Orders.OrderID, Orders.OrderDate, Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName FROM Orders  
JOIN Customers ON Orders.CustomerID = Customers.CustomerID;
```

110 %

Results Messages

|    | OrderID | OrderDate  | FirstName | LastName |
|----|---------|------------|-----------|----------|
| 1  | 1       | 2023-01-01 | John      | Doe      |
| 2  | 2       | 2023-02-01 | Jane      | Smith    |
| 3  | 3       | 2023-03-01 | Bob       | Johnson  |
| 4  | 4       | 2023-04-01 | Alice     | Williams |
| 5  | 5       | 2023-05-01 | Charlie   | Brown    |
| 6  | 6       | 2023-06-01 | Eva       | Taylor   |
| 7  | 7       | 2023-07-01 | David     | Lee      |
| 8  | 8       | 2023-08-01 | Grace     | Miller   |
| 9  | 9       | 2023-09-01 | Frank     | Clark    |
| 10 | 10      | 2023-10-01 | Helen     | Davis    |

3. Write an SQL query to insert a new customer record into the "Customers" table. Include customer information such as name, email, and address.

Ans) `INSERT INTO Customers (CustomerID, FirstName, LastName, Email, Address)  
VALUES (11, 'Deep', 'Raj', 'deep@example.com', '312 Main Un');`

```
INSERT INTO Customers (CustomerID, FirstName, LastName, Email, Address)
VALUES (11, 'Deep', 'Raj', 'deep@example.com', '312 Main Un');
```

110 %

Messages

(1 row affected)

Completion time: 2023-12-09T17:58:06.8352702+05:30

4. Write an SQL query to update the prices of all electronic gadgets in the "Products" table by increasing them by 10%.

Ans) `UPDATE Products SET Price = Price * 1.10;`

```
UPDATE Products SET Price = Price * 1.10;
```

110 %

Messages

(10 rows affected)

Completion time: 2023-12-09T17:58:55.7723051+05:30

5. Write an SQL query to delete a specific order and its associated order details from the "Orders" and "OrderDetails" tables. Allow users to input the order ID as a parameter.

Ans) `DECLARE @OrderIDToDelete INT = 1 /* User input: order ID to delete */;`

`DELETE FROM OrderDetails WHERE OrderID = @OrderIDToDelete;`  
`DELETE FROM Orders WHERE OrderID = @OrderIDToDelete;`

```
DECLARE @OrderIDToDelete INT = 1 /* User input: specify order ID to delete */;
DELETE FROM OrderDetails WHERE OrderID = @OrderIDToDelete;
DELETE FROM Orders WHERE OrderID = @OrderIDToDelete;
```

110 %

Messages

(2 rows affected)

(1 row affected)

Completion time: 2023-12-09T17:59:43.6246443+05:30

6. Write an SQL query to insert a new order into the "Orders" table. Include the customer ID, order date, and any other necessary information.

Ans) `INSERT INTO Orders (OrderID, CustomerID, OrderDate, TotalAmount)`  
`VALUES (11, 11, '2023-11-01', 1500.00);`

```
INSERT INTO Orders (OrderID, CustomerID, OrderDate, TotalAmount)
VALUES (11, 11, '2023-11-01', 1500.00);
```

110 %

Messages

(1 row affected)

Completion time: 2023-12-09T18:00:32.6610825+05:30

7. Write an SQL query to update the contact information (e.g., email and address) of a specific customer in the "Customers" table. Allow users to input the customer ID and new contact information.

Ans) `DECLARE @CustomerIDToUpdate INT = 2`  
`DECLARE @NewEmail VARCHAR(100) = 'newemail@example.com'`  
`DECLARE @NewAddress VARCHAR(255) = '151 new Main'`

`UPDATE Customers`  
`SET Email = @NewEmail, Address = @NewAddress`  
`WHERE CustomerID = @CustomerIDToUpdate;`

```
DECLARE @CustomerIDToUpdate INT = 2
DECLARE @NewEmail VARCHAR(100) = 'newemail@example.com'
DECLARE @NewAddress VARCHAR(255) = '151 new Main'

UPDATE Customers
SET Email = @NewEmail, Address = @NewAddress
WHERE CustomerID = @CustomerIDToUpdate;
```

110 %

Messages

(1 row affected)

Completion time: 2023-12-09T18:01:20.2165023+05:30

8. Write an SQL query to recalculate and update the total cost of each order in the "Orders" table based on the prices and quantities in the "OrderDetails" table.

Ans) `UPDATE Orders`  
`SET TotalAmount = (`  
`SELECT SUM(Products.Price * OrderDetails.Quantity)`  
`FROM OrderDetails`  
`JOIN Products ON OrderDetails.ProductID = Products.ProductID`  
`WHERE OrderDetails.OrderID = Orders.OrderID )`



```

UPDATE Orders
SET TotalAmount = (
    SELECT SUM(Products.Price * OrderDetails.Quantity)
    FROM OrderDetails
    JOIN Products ON OrderDetails.ProductID = Products.ProductID
    WHERE OrderDetails.OrderID = Orders.OrderID
)

```

110 %

Messages

(10 rows affected)

Completion time: 2023-12-09T18:02:31.9967099+05:30

9. Write an SQL query to delete all orders and their associated order details for a specific customer from the "Orders" and "OrderDetails" tables. Allow users to input the customer ID as a parameter.

Ans) `DECLARE @CustomerIDToDelete INT = 3 /* User input:customer ID to delete */;`

`DELETE FROM OrderDetails WHERE OrderID IN (SELECT OrderID FROM Orders WHERE CustomerID = @CustomerIDToDelete);`  
`DELETE FROM Orders WHERE CustomerID = @CustomerIDToDelete;`

```

DECLARE @CustomerIDToDelete INT = 3 /* User input: specify customer ID to delete */;

DELETE FROM OrderDetails WHERE OrderID IN (SELECT OrderID FROM Orders WHERE CustomerID = @CustomerIDToDelete);
DELETE FROM Orders WHERE CustomerID = @CustomerIDToDelete;

```

110 %

Messages

(1 row affected)

(1 row affected)

Completion time: 2023-12-09T18:03:31.5784335+05:30

10. Write an SQL query to insert a new electronic gadget product into the "Products" table, including product name, category, price, and any other relevant details.

Ans) `INSERT INTO Products (ProductID, ProductName, Description, Price)`  
`VALUES (11, 'New Gadget', 'Description of the new gadget', 599.99);`

```

INSERT INTO Products (ProductID, ProductName, Description, Price)
VALUES (11, 'New Gadget', 'Description of the new gadget', 599.99);

```

110 %

Messages

(1 row affected)

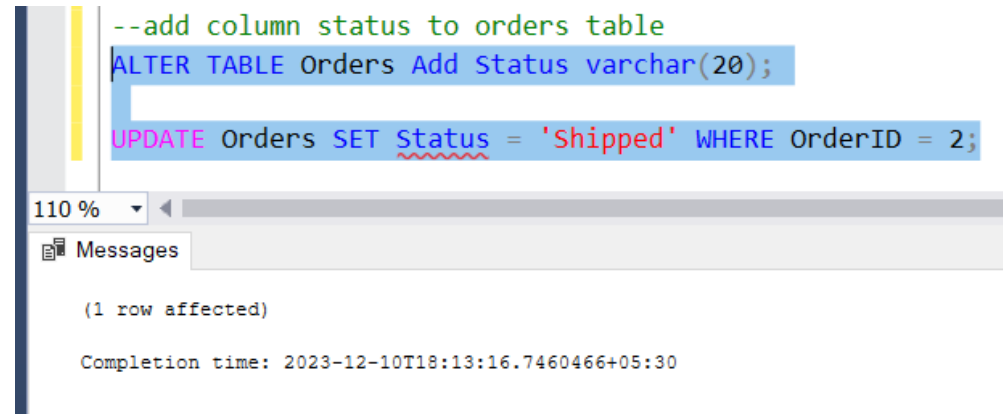
Completion time: 2023-12-09T18:04:40.0801441+05:30

11. Write an SQL query to update the status of a specific order in the "Orders" table (e.g., from "Pending" to "Shipped"). Allow users to input the order ID and the new status.

Ans) `--add column status to orders table`

```
ALTER TABLE Orders Add Status varchar(20);
```

```
UPDATE Orders SET Status = 'Shipped' WHERE OrderID = 2;
```



```
--add column status to orders table
ALTER TABLE Orders Add Status varchar(20);
UPDATE Orders SET Status = 'Shipped' WHERE OrderID = 2;
```

110 %

Messages

(1 row affected)

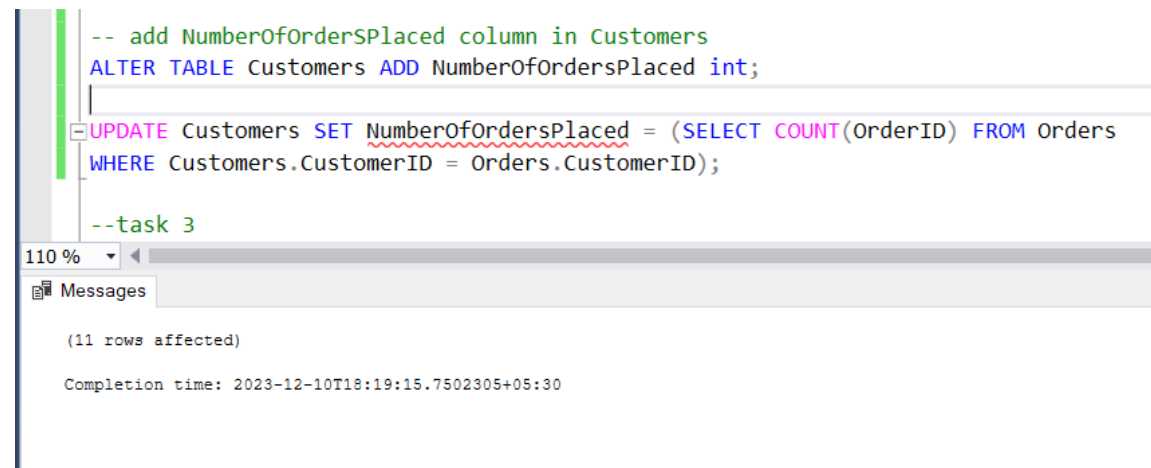
Completion time: 2023-12-10T18:13:16.7460466+05:30

12. Write an SQL query to calculate and update the number of orders placed by each customer in the "Customers" table based on the data in the "Orders" table.

Ans) -- add NumberOfOrderSPlaced column in Customers

```
ALTER TABLE Customers ADD NumberOfOrdersPlaced int;
```

```
UPDATE Customers SET NumberOfOrdersPlaced = (SELECT COUNT(OrderID) FROM Orders
WHERE Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID);
```



```
-- add NumberOfOrderSPlaced column in Customers
ALTER TABLE Customers ADD NumberOfOrdersPlaced int;
UPDATE Customers SET NumberOfOrdersPlaced = (SELECT COUNT(OrderID) FROM Orders
WHERE Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID);
--task 3
```

110 %

Messages

(11 rows affected)

Completion time: 2023-12-10T18:19:15.7502305+05:30

### Task 3. Aggregate functions, Having, Order By, GroupBy and Joins:

1. Write an SQL query to retrieve a list of all orders along with customer information (e.g., customer name) for each order.

Ans) 

```
SELECT Orders.OrderID, Orders.OrderDate, Customers.FirstName,
Customers.LastName, Customers.Email, Customers.Phone FROM Orders
```

```
JOIN Customers ON Orders.CustomerID = Customers.CustomerID;
```

```

SELECT Orders.OrderID, Orders.OrderDate, Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName, Customers.Email, Customers.Phone
FROM Orders
JOIN Customers ON Orders.CustomerID = Customers.CustomerID;

```

|   | OrderID | OrderDate  | FirstName | LastName | Email                      | Phone      |
|---|---------|------------|-----------|----------|----------------------------|------------|
| 1 | 2       | 2023-02-01 | Jane      | Smith    | newemail@example.com       | 9876543210 |
| 2 | 4       | 2023-04-01 | Alice     | Williams | alice.williams@example.com | 4567890123 |
| 3 | 5       | 2023-05-01 | Charlie   | Brown    | charlie.brown@example.com  | 3456789012 |
| 4 | 6       | 2023-06-01 | Eva       | Taylor   | eva.taylor@example.com     | 2345678901 |
| 5 | 7       | 2023-07-01 | David     | Lee      | david.lee@example.com      | 7890123456 |
| 6 | 8       | 2023-08-01 | Grace     | Miller   | grace.miller@example.com   | 8901234567 |
| 7 | 9       | 2023-09-01 | Frank     | Clark    | frank.clark@example.com    | 9012345678 |
| 8 | 10      | 2023-10-01 | Helen     | Davis    | helen.davis@example.com    | 1230987654 |
| 9 | 11      | 2023-11-01 | Deep      | Raj      | deep@example.com           | NULL       |

2. Write an SQL query to find the total revenue generated by each electronic gadget product.  
Include the product name and the total revenue.

Ans) `SELECT Products.ProductName, SUM(Products.Price * OrderDetails.Quantity) AS TotalRevenue FROM OrderDetails JOIN Products ON OrderDetails.ProductID = Products.ProductID GROUP BY Products.ProductName;`

```

SELECT Products.ProductName, SUM(Products.Price * OrderDetails.Quantity) AS TotalRevenue
FROM OrderDetails
JOIN Products ON OrderDetails.ProductID = Products.ProductID
GROUP BY Products.ProductName;

```

|   | ProductName         | TotalRevenue |
|---|---------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Bluetooth Speaker   | 65.99        |
| 2 | Camera              | 1099.98      |
| 3 | External Hard Drive | 142.99       |
| 4 | Gaming Console      | 1649.97      |
| 5 | Printer             | 439.98       |
| 6 | Smartwatch          | 164.99       |
| 7 | Tablet              | 989.97       |

3. Write an SQL query to list all customers who have made at least one purchase. Include their names and contact information.

Ans) `SELECT Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName, Customers.Email, Customers.Phone FROM Customers`

`JOIN Orders ON Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID;`

```
SELECT Products.ProductName, SUM(Products.Price * OrderDetails.Quantity) AS TotalRevenue
FROM OrderDetails
JOIN Products ON OrderDetails.ProductID = Products.ProductID
GROUP BY Products.ProductName;
```

110 %

|   | ProductName         | TotalRevenue |
|---|---------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Bluetooth Speaker   | 65.99        |
| 2 | Camera              | 1099.98      |
| 3 | External Hard Drive | 142.99       |
| 4 | Gaming Console      | 1649.97      |
| 5 | Printer             | 439.98       |
| 6 | Smartwatch          | 164.99       |
| 7 | Tablet              | 989.97       |

4. Write an SQL query to find the most popular electronic gadget, which is the one with the highest total quantity ordered. Include the product name and the total quantity ordered.

Ans) `SELECT TOP 1 Products.ProductName, SUM(OrderDetails.Quantity) AS TotalQuantityOrdered FROM OrderDetails`

`JOIN Products ON OrderDetails.ProductID = Products.ProductID`

`GROUP BY Products.ProductName`

`ORDER BY TotalQuantityOrdered DESC;`

```
SELECT TOP 1 Products.ProductName, SUM(OrderDetails.Quantity) AS TotalQuantityOrdered
FROM OrderDetails
JOIN Products ON OrderDetails.ProductID = Products.ProductID
GROUP BY Products.ProductName
ORDER BY TotalQuantityOrdered DESC;
```

110 %

|   | ProductName    | TotalQuantityOrdered |
|---|----------------|----------------------|
| 1 | Gaming Console | 3                    |

5. Write an SQL query to retrieve a list of electronic gadgets along with their corresponding categories.

Ans) `SELECT ProductName, Description FROM Products;`

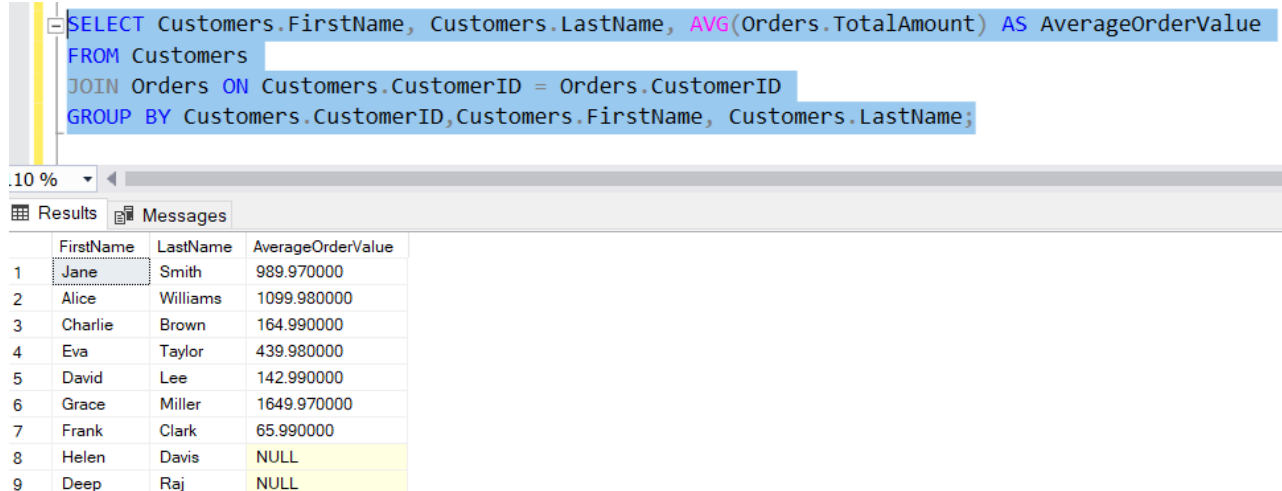
```
SELECT ProductName, Description FROM Products;
```

110 %

|    | ProductName         | Description                   |
|----|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1  | Laptop              | High performance laptop       |
| 2  | Smartphone          | Latest smartphone model       |
| 3  | Tablet              | 10-inch tablet                |
| 4  | Headphones          | Wireless headphones           |
| 5  | Camera              | Digital camera with zoom      |
| 6  | Smartwatch          | Fitness tracking smartwatch   |
| 7  | Printer             | Color inkjet printer          |
| 8  | External Hard Drive | 1TB portable hard drive       |
| 9  | Gaming Console      | Next-gen gaming console       |
| 10 | Bluetooth Speaker   | Waterproof Bluetooth speaker  |
| 11 | New Gadget          | Description of the new gadget |

6. Write an SQL query to calculate the average order value for each customer. Include the customer's name and their average order value.

Ans) `SELECT Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName, AVG(Orders.TotalAmount) AS AverageOrderValue  
FROM Customers  
JOIN Orders ON Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID  
GROUP BY Customers.CustomerID, Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName;`

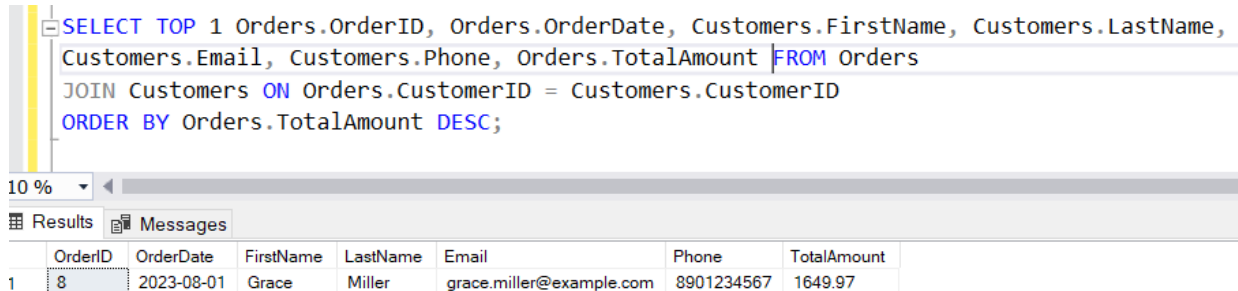


```
SELECT Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName, AVG(Orders.TotalAmount) AS AverageOrderValue  
FROM Customers  
JOIN Orders ON Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID  
GROUP BY Customers.CustomerID, Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName;
```

|   | FirstName | LastName | AverageOrderValue |
|---|-----------|----------|-------------------|
| 1 | Jane      | Smith    | 989.970000        |
| 2 | Alice     | Williams | 1099.980000       |
| 3 | Charlie   | Brown    | 164.990000        |
| 4 | Eva       | Taylor   | 439.980000        |
| 5 | David     | Lee      | 142.990000        |
| 6 | Grace     | Miller   | 1649.970000       |
| 7 | Frank     | Clark    | 65.990000         |
| 8 | Helen     | Davis    | NULL              |
| 9 | Deep      | Raj      | NULL              |

7. Write an SQL query to find the order with the highest total revenue. Include the order ID, customer information, and the total revenue.

Ans) `SELECT TOP 1 Orders.OrderID, Orders.OrderDate, Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName, Customers.Email, Customers.Phone, Orders.TotalAmount FROM Orders  
JOIN Customers ON Orders.CustomerID = Customers.CustomerID  
ORDER BY Orders.TotalAmount DESC;`



```
SELECT TOP 1 Orders.OrderID, Orders.OrderDate, Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName, Customers.Email, Customers.Phone, Orders.TotalAmount FROM Orders  
JOIN Customers ON Orders.CustomerID = Customers.CustomerID  
ORDER BY Orders.TotalAmount DESC;
```

|   | OrderID | OrderDate  | FirstName | LastName | Email                    | Phone      | TotalAmount |
|---|---------|------------|-----------|----------|--------------------------|------------|-------------|
| 1 | 8       | 2023-08-01 | Grace     | Miller   | grace.miller@example.com | 8901234567 | 1649.97     |

8. Write an SQL query to list electronic gadgets and the number of times each product has been ordered.

Ans) `SELECT Products.ProductName, COUNT(OrderDetails.OrderID) AS OrderCount  
FROM Products  
LEFT JOIN OrderDetails ON Products.ProductID = OrderDetails.ProductID  
GROUP BY Products.ProductName;`

```
SELECT Products.ProductName, COUNT(OrderDetails.OrderID) AS OrderCount
FROM Products
LEFT JOIN OrderDetails ON Products.ProductID = OrderDetails.ProductID
GROUP BY Products.ProductName;
```

|    | ProductName         | OrderCount |
|----|---------------------|------------|
| 1  | Bluetooth Speaker   | 1          |
| 2  | Camera              | 1          |
| 3  | External Hard Drive | 1          |
| 4  | Gaming Console      | 1          |
| 5  | Headphones          | 0          |
| 6  | Laptop              | 0          |
| 7  | New Gadget          | 0          |
| 8  | Printer             | 1          |
| 9  | Smartphone          | 0          |
| 10 | Smartwatch          | 1          |
| 11 | Tablet              | 1          |

9. Write an SQL query to find customers who have purchased a specific electronic gadget product.

Allow users to input the product name as a parameter.

Ans) `DECLARE @ProductNameParameter VARCHAR(100) = 'camera'/* User input: */;`

```
SELECT Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName, Customers.Email, Customers.Phone
FROM Customers
JOIN Orders ON Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID
JOIN OrderDetails ON Orders.OrderID = OrderDetails.OrderID
JOIN Products ON OrderDetails.ProductID = Products.ProductID
WHERE Products.ProductName = @ProductNameParameter;
```

```
DECLARE @ProductNameParameter VARCHAR(100) = 'camera'/* User input: specify product name */;
```

```
SELECT Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName, Customers.Email, Customers.Phone
FROM Customers
JOIN Orders ON Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID
JOIN OrderDetails ON Orders.OrderID = OrderDetails.OrderID
JOIN Products ON OrderDetails.ProductID = Products.ProductID
WHERE Products.ProductName = @ProductNameParameter;
```

|   | FirstName | LastName | Email                      | Phone      |
|---|-----------|----------|----------------------------|------------|
| 1 | Alice     | Williams | alice.williams@example.com | 4567890123 |

10. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by all orders placed within a specific time period. Allow users to input the start and end dates as parameters.

Ans) `DECLARE @StartDateParameter DATE = '2023-05-01'/* User input: start date */;`  
`DECLARE @EndDateParameter DATE = '2023-08-02' /* User input: specify end date */;`

```
SELECT SUM(Orders.TotalAmount) AS TotalRevenue FROM Orders
WHERE Orders.OrderDate BETWEEN @StartDateParameter AND @EndDateParameter;
```

```

DECLARE @StartDateParameter DATE = '2023-05-01' /* User input: specify start date */;
DECLARE @EndDateParameter DATE = '2023-08-02' /* User input: specify end date */;

SELECT SUM(Orders.TotalAmount) AS TotalRevenue FROM Orders
WHERE Orders.OrderDate BETWEEN @StartDateParameter AND @EndDateParameter;

```

110 %

Results Messages

|   | TotalRevenue |
|---|--------------|
| 1 | 2397.93      |

#### Task 4. Subquery and its type:

1. Write an SQL query to find out which customers have not placed any orders.

Ans) `SELECT CustomerID, FirstName, LastName, Email, Phone FROM Customers`  
`WHERE CustomerID NOT IN (SELECT DISTINCT CustomerID FROM Orders);`

```

SELECT CustomerID, FirstName, LastName, Email, Phone
FROM Customers
WHERE CustomerID NOT IN (SELECT DISTINCT CustomerID FROM Orders);

```

110 %

Results Messages

|   | CustomerID | FirstName | LastName | Email                   | Phone      |
|---|------------|-----------|----------|-------------------------|------------|
| 1 | 1          | John      | Doe      | john.doe@example.com    | 1234567890 |
| 2 | 3          | Bob       | Johnson  | bob.johnson@example.com | 5678901234 |

2. Write an SQL query to find the total number of products available for sale.

Ans) `SELECT COUNT(*) AS TotalProducts`  
`FROM Products;`

```

SELECT COUNT(*) AS TotalProducts
FROM Products;

```

110 %

Results Messages

|   | TotalProducts |
|---|---------------|
| 1 | 11            |

3. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by TechShop.

Ans) `SELECT SUM(TotalAmount) AS TotalRevenue`  
`FROM Orders;`

The screenshot shows a SQL query window with the following text:

```
SELECT SUM(TotalAmount) AS TotalRevenue
FROM Orders;
```

Below the query window, the 'Results' tab is active, displaying a single row of data:

|   | TotalRevenue |
|---|--------------|
| 1 | 4553.87      |

4. Write an SQL query to calculate the average quantity ordered for products in a specific category. Allow users to input the category name as a parameter.

Ans) `DECLARE @CategoryParameter VARCHAR(100) = 'Camera' /* User input */;`

```
SELECT Products.ProductName, AVG(OrderDetails.Quantity) AS AverageQuantityOrdered
FROM OrderDetails
JOIN Products ON OrderDetails.ProductID = Products.ProductID
WHERE Products.ProductName = @CategoryParameter
GROUP BY Products.ProductName;
```

The screenshot shows a SQL query window with the following text:

```
DECLARE @CategoryParameter VARCHAR(100) = 'Camera' /* User input */;

SELECT Products.ProductName, AVG(OrderDetails.Quantity) AS AverageQuantityOrdered
FROM OrderDetails
JOIN Products ON OrderDetails.ProductID = Products.ProductID
WHERE Products.ProductName = @CategoryParameter
GROUP BY Products.ProductName;
```

Below the query window, the 'Results' tab is active, displaying a single row of data:

|   | ProductName | AverageQuantityOrdered |
|---|-------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Camera      | 2                      |

5. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by a specific customer. Allow users to input the customer ID as a parameter.

Ans) `DECLARE @CustomerIDParameter INT = 5 /* User input: specify customer ID */;`

```
SELECT SUM(TotalAmount) AS TotalRevenue
FROM Orders
WHERE CustomerID = @CustomerIDParameter;
```



```

DECLARE @CustomerIDParameter INT = 5 /* User input: specify customer ID */;

SELECT SUM(TotalAmount) AS TotalRevenue
FROM Orders
WHERE CustomerID = @CustomerIDParameter;

```

110 %

Results Messages

|   | TotalRevenue |
|---|--------------|
| 1 | 164.99       |

6. Write an SQL query to find the customers who have placed the most orders. List their names and the number of orders they've placed.

Ans) `SELECT TOP 2 Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName, COUNT(Orders.OrderID) AS OrderCount FROM Customers JOIN Orders ON Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID GROUP BY Customers.CustomerID, Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName ORDER BY OrderCount DESC;`

```

SELECT TOP 2 Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName, COUNT(Orders.OrderID) AS OrderCount
FROM Customers
JOIN Orders ON Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID
GROUP BY Customers.CustomerID, Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName
ORDER BY OrderCount DESC;

```

110 %

Results Messages

|   | FirstName | LastName | OrderCount |
|---|-----------|----------|------------|
| 1 | Charlie   | Brown    | 1          |
| 2 | Alice     | Williams | 1          |

7. Write an SQL query to find the most popular product category, which is the one with the highest total quantity ordered across all orders.

Ans) `SELECT TOP 1 Products.ProductName, SUM(OrderDetails.Quantity) AS TotalQuantityOrdered FROM OrderDetails JOIN Products ON OrderDetails.ProductID = Products.ProductID GROUP BY Products.ProductName ORDER BY TotalQuantityOrdered DESC;`

```

SELECT TOP 1 Products.ProductName, SUM(OrderDetails.Quantity) AS TotalQuantityOrdered
FROM OrderDetails
JOIN Products ON OrderDetails.ProductID = Products.ProductID
GROUP BY Products.ProductName
ORDER BY TotalQuantityOrdered DESC;

```

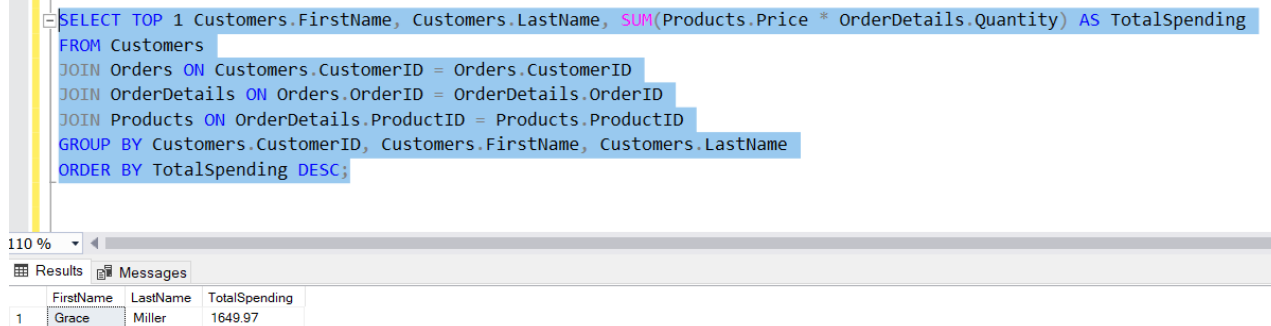
110 %

Results Messages

|   | ProductName    | TotalQuantityOrdered |
|---|----------------|----------------------|
| 1 | Gaming Console | 3                    |

8. Write an SQL query to find the customer who has spent the most money (highest total revenue) on electronic gadgets. List their name and total spending.

Ans) `SELECT TOP 1 Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName, SUM(Products.Price * OrderDetails.Quantity) AS TotalSpending  
FROM Customers  
JOIN Orders ON Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID  
JOIN OrderDetails ON Orders.OrderID = OrderDetails.OrderID  
JOIN Products ON OrderDetails.ProductID = Products.ProductID  
GROUP BY Customers.CustomerID, Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName  
ORDER BY TotalSpending DESC;`

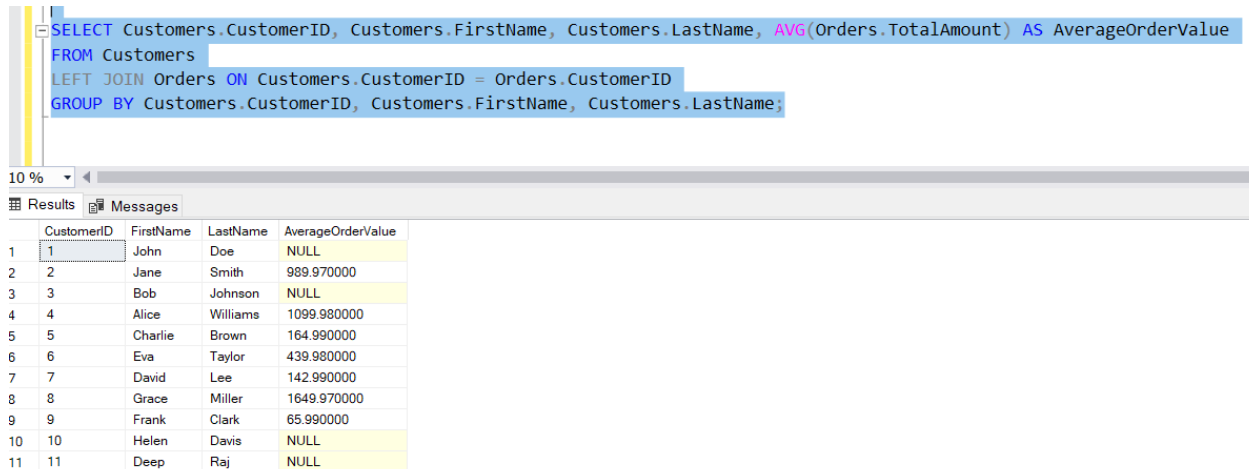


```
SELECT TOP 1 Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName, SUM(Products.Price * OrderDetails.Quantity) AS TotalSpending  
FROM Customers  
JOIN Orders ON Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID  
JOIN OrderDetails ON Orders.OrderID = OrderDetails.OrderID  
JOIN Products ON OrderDetails.ProductID = Products.ProductID  
GROUP BY Customers.CustomerID, Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName  
ORDER BY TotalSpending DESC;
```

|   | FirstName | LastName | TotalSpending |
|---|-----------|----------|---------------|
| 1 | Grace     | Miller   | 1649.97       |

9. Write an SQL query to calculate the average order value (total revenue divided by the number of orders) for all customers.

Ans)  
`SELECT Customers.CustomerID, Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName,  
AVG(Orders.TotalAmount) AS AverageOrderValue  
FROM Customers  
LEFT JOIN Orders ON Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID  
GROUP BY Customers.CustomerID, Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName;`

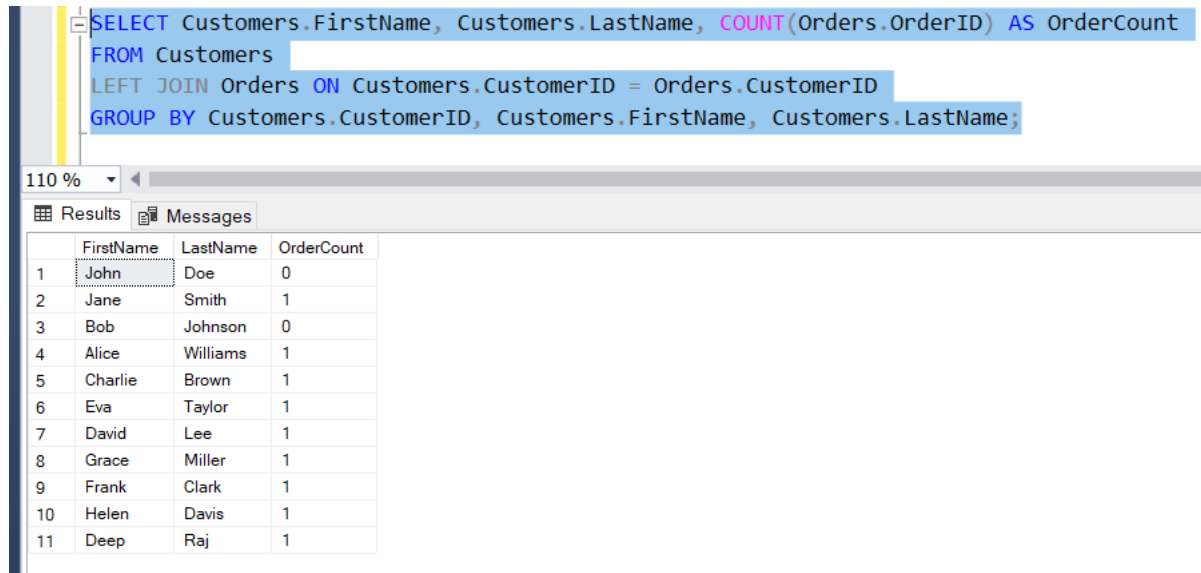


```
SELECT Customers.CustomerID, Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName, AVG(Orders.TotalAmount) AS AverageOrderValue  
FROM Customers  
LEFT JOIN Orders ON Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID  
GROUP BY Customers.CustomerID, Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName;
```

|    | CustomerID | FirstName | LastName | AverageOrderValue |
|----|------------|-----------|----------|-------------------|
| 1  | 1          | John      | Doe      | NULL              |
| 2  | 2          | Jane      | Smith    | 989.970000        |
| 3  | 3          | Bob       | Johnson  | NULL              |
| 4  | 4          | Alice     | Williams | 1099.980000       |
| 5  | 5          | Charlie   | Brown    | 164.990000        |
| 6  | 6          | Eva       | Taylor   | 439.980000        |
| 7  | 7          | David     | Lee      | 142.990000        |
| 8  | 8          | Grace     | Miller   | 1649.970000       |
| 9  | 9          | Frank     | Clark    | 65.990000         |
| 10 | 10         | Helen     | Davis    | NULL              |
| 11 | 11         | Deep      | Raj      | NULL              |

10. Write an SQL query to find the total number of orders placed by each customer and list their names along with the order count.

Ans) `SELECT Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName, COUNT(Orders.OrderID) AS OrderCount  
FROM Customers  
LEFT JOIN Orders ON Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID  
GROUP BY Customers.CustomerID, Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName;`



The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with the following query:

```
SELECT Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName, COUNT(Orders.OrderID) AS OrderCount  
FROM Customers  
LEFT JOIN Orders ON Customers.CustomerID = Orders.CustomerID  
GROUP BY Customers.CustomerID, Customers.FirstName, Customers.LastName;
```

Below the query editor, the 'Results' tab is active, displaying a table with 11 rows and 4 columns: FirstName, LastName, OrderCount, and an implicit ID column. The data is as follows:

|    | FirstName | LastName | OrderCount |
|----|-----------|----------|------------|
| 1  | John      | Doe      | 0          |
| 2  | Jane      | Smith    | 1          |
| 3  | Bob       | Johnson  | 0          |
| 4  | Alice     | Williams | 1          |
| 5  | Charlie   | Brown    | 1          |
| 6  | Eva       | Taylor   | 1          |
| 7  | David     | Lee      | 1          |
| 8  | Grace     | Miller   | 1          |
| 9  | Frank     | Clark    | 1          |
| 10 | Helen     | Davis    | 1          |
| 11 | Deep      | Raj      | 1          |