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YOUVA

Midpolix Circle Algorithm

9=15; Centre = (1,1)

8

(n, y,) = (1,1)

(no, yo) = (0,15)

: 8 Is an integer

:. Po = 1-0 = 1-15 = -14

i) : (n,,y1) = (nx+1, yx) = (0+1,15) = (1,15)

P, = Po + 2 Mum +1 where 2 xum = 2xu + 2

= -14 + 2(0) + 2+2+1

= -14 + 3 = -11

(") 1, 20  $(n_2, y_1) = (1+1, 15) = (2, 16)$ 

P2 = -11 + &(1) + 2+1 = -6

( 111) P2 × 0

(M3, y3) = (2+1,15) = (3,15)

P3 = -6+2(2) + 2+1 = 1

(iv) P<sub>2</sub> >0

(My, y4) = (M3+1, y3-1) = (3-11, 15-1) = (4,14)

Py = 13 + 2 mm + -2g

2 1+2(3)+3-2-2(16)+2

= - 18

(W) P4 < 0

(ms 148) = (4+1,14) = (5,14)

76 = -16 + 2(4) + 3

= -18+11 = -7

(Ni) P5 < 0

## P10 > 0 (ix)

7=10 center = (2,2) 2. (Moigo) = (0,10) = (0,10) Po = 1-8= 1-10 2-9 3) Po <0 (u, ,y,) = (1,10) P1 = 90 + 268 + 2+1 = -6 (11) P, LO (n, y) = (1+1,10) = (2,10) P1 = -6 + 2(1) + 2+1 = -1 82 40 (n3143) = (3,10) P3 = -1+ 2(2) + 2+1 = 6 Pg 20 ( "1~)  $(M_4, y_4) = (y_1 q)$  $P_4 = 6+8+1-18 = -3$ 94 40  $(\checkmark)$ (Mx, yx) = (819) P6 = -3 + &4) +2H = -3+11=8 P6 >0 Vi) (M, y,) = (6,8) 16 = 8+2 (5) + 3 - 2(4) +225 P6 > 0 (Ma, ya) = (7,7) n = n+n, ; y - y + y c (11.14)= (2,2) : Ports of Circle an 15t Quad. out (n,y): (2,12), (3,12), (4,12), (6,12), (6,11), (8,11), (8,10), (9,9)