Solution 1 Solution 2

Run Code

Our Solution(s)

Run Code

Your Solutions

14рх

Solution 1 Solution 2 Solution 3

```
function mergeSort(array) {
   // Write your code here.
}

// Do not edit the line below.
exports.mergeSort = mergeSort;
```

```
1 // Copyright © 2020 AlgoExpert, LLC. All rights reserved.
 3 // Best: O(nlog(n)) time | O(n) space
 4 // Average: O(nlog(n)) time | O(n) space
 5 // Worst: O(nlog(n)) time | O(n) space
 6 function mergeSort(array) {
     if (array.length <= 1) return array;</pre>
      const auxiliaryArray = array.slice();
     mergeSortHelper(array, 0, array.length - 1, auxiliaryArray);
10
     return array;
11 }
12
13 function mergeSortHelper(mainArray, startIdx, endIdx, auxiliaryArray)
14
     if (startIdx === endIdx) return:
      const middleIdx = Math.floor((startIdx + endIdx) / 2);
      \verb|mergeSortHelper(auxiliaryArray, startIdx, middleIdx, mainArray)|;\\
16
17
      mergeSortHelper(auxiliaryArray, middleIdx + 1, endIdx, mainArray);
      doMerge(mainArray, startIdx, middleIdx, endIdx, auxiliaryArray);
18
19 }
20
21 function doMerge(mainArray, startIdx, middleIdx, endIdx, auxiliaryArra
      let k = startIdx;
     let i = startIdx;
23
      let j = middleIdx + 1;
25
      while (i <= middleIdx && j <= endIdx) {</pre>
26
        if (auxiliaryArray[i] <= auxiliaryArray[j]) {</pre>
27
         mainArray[k++] = auxiliaryArray[i++];
28
       } else {
29
          mainArray[k++] = auxiliaryArray[j++];
30
31
      while (i <= middleIdx) {</pre>
33
        mainArray[k++] = auxiliaryArray[i++];
```

Run or submit code when you're ready.