Solution 1 Solution 2

33

while (i < leftHalf.size()) {</pre>

Your Solutions

Run Code

Our Solution(s) Run Code

```
1 // Copyright © 2020 AlgoExpert, LLC. All rights reserved.
   #include <vector>
   using namespace std;
 6 vector<int> mergeSortedArrays(vector<int> leftHalf, vector<int> right
8 // Best: O(nlog(n)) time | O(nlog(n)) space
   // Average: O(nlog(n)) time | O(nlog(n)) space
10 // Worst: O(nlog(n)) time | O(nlog(n)) space
11 vector<int> mergeSort(vector<int> array) {
12
     if (array.size() <= 1) {</pre>
13
       return array;
14
15
     int middleIdx = array.size() / 2;
16
     vector<int> leftHalf(array.begin(), array.begin() + middleIdx);
17
     vector<int> rightHalf(array.begin() + middleIdx, array.end());
     return mergeSortedArrays(mergeSort(leftHalf), mergeSort(rightHalf));
18
19 }
20
21 vector<int> mergeSortedArrays(vector<int> leftHalf, vector<int> rightF
22
     vector<int> sortedArray(leftHalf.size() + rightHalf.size(), 0);
23
     int k = 0:
24
     int i = 0;
25
     int j = 0;
26
     while (i < leftHalf.size() && j < rightHalf.size()) {</pre>
27
       if (leftHalf[i] <= rightHalf[j]) {</pre>
         sortedArray[k++] = leftHalf[i++];
28
29
30
         sortedArray[k++] = rightHalf[j++];
31
```

Solution 1 Solution 2 Solution 3

```
1 #include <vector>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 vector<int> mergeSort(vector<int> array) {
5   // Write your code here.
6   return {};
7 }
```

Run or submit code when you're ready.