31 32

33

public BinaryTree(int value) {

this.value = value;

Your Solutions

Run Code

Our Solution(s) Run

```
Run Code
```

```
Solution 1 Solution 2
 1 // Copyright © 2020 AlgoExpert, LLC. All rights reserved.
   import java.util.*;
   class Program {
     // O(n) time \mid O(n) space - where n is the number of nodes in the B
     public static BinaryTree flattenBinaryTree(BinaryTree root) {
        List<BinaryTree> inOrderNodes = getNodesInOrder(root, new ArrayLi
        for (int i = 0; i < inOrderNodes.size() - 1; i++) {</pre>
         BinaryTree leftNode = inOrderNodes.get(i);
10
11
          BinaryTree rightNode = inOrderNodes.get(i + 1);
12
          leftNode.right = rightNode;
          rightNode.left = leftNode;
14
15
       return inOrderNodes.get(0);
16
17
     public static List<BinaryTree> getNodesInOrder(BinaryTree tree, List
18
19
       if (tree != null) {
20
         getNodesInOrder(tree.left, array);
21
         array.add(tree);
22
          getNodesInOrder(tree.right, array);
24
       return array;
25
     }
26
27
     static class BinaryTree {
28
       int value;
29
       BinaryTree left = null;
30
       BinaryTree right = null;
```

```
Solution 1 Solution 2 Solution 3
```

```
1 class Program {
     public static BinaryTree flattenBinaryTree(BinaryTree root) {
       // Write your code here.
       return root;
      // This is the class of the input root. Do not edit it.
      static class BinaryTree {
       int value;
10
       BinaryTree left = null;
11
       BinaryTree right = null;
12
13
       public BinaryTree(int value) {
         this.value = value;
14
15
16
17 }
18
```

Run or submit code when you're ready.