Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>


 void swap(int *a, int *b) {
  int tmp = *a;
  *a = *b;
  *b = tmp;
 }


 void heapify(int arr[], int n, int i) {
  int max = i; //Initialize max as root
  int leftChild = 2 * i + 1;
  int rightChild = 2 * i + 2;


  //If left child is greater than root
  if (leftChild < n && arr[leftChild] > arr[max])
   max = leftChild;


  //If right child is greater than max
  if (rightChild < n && arr[rightChild] > arr[max])
   max = rightChild;


  //If max is not root
  if (max != i) {
   swap(&arr[i], &arr[max]);
   //heapify the affected sub-tree recursively
   heapify(arr, n, max);
```

```
  }
}

// to perform heap sort
void heapSort(int arr[], int n) {
  //Rearrange array (building heap)
  for (int i = n / 2 - 1; i >= 0; i--)
    heapify(arr, n, i);

  //Extract elements from heap one by one
  for (int i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
    swap(&arr[0], &arr[i]); //Current root moved to the end

    heapify(arr, i, 0); //calling max heapify on the heap reduced
  }
}

//print size of array
void display(int arr[], int n) {
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
    printf("%d ", arr[i]);
  printf("\n");
}

int main() {
  int arr[20],n;
```

```
    printf("enter the number of elements\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("enter the elements\n");
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    scanf("%d",&arr[i]);


    printf("Original array:\n");
    display(arr,n);
    heapSort(arr,n);


    printf("Sorted array:\n");
    display(arr,n);
  }
```

Output: