

# Capstone project

## Introduction

The Real-Time Stock Market System is a client-server application designed to provide a platform for real-time stock trading and market updates. The system allows clients to execute buy and sell orders, retrieve stock prices, and receive updates on stock information. With the growing need for timely and accurate stock market information, it is crucial to develop a secure, efficient, and scalable platform that can handle multiple transactions and provide up-to-date stock data. The Real-Time Stock Market System aims to meet this need by offering a robust and responsive solution for real-time stock trading.

### Objective:

The primary objective of the Real-Time Stock Market System is to deliver a secure, efficient, and real-time trading platform for users. The system is designed to handle multiple concurrent clients, process buy and sell orders accurately, and provide up-to-date stock market information. The specific objectives of the Real-Time Stock Market System are:

- To develop a secure and reliable real-time trading system capable of handling numerous transactions and clients.
- To provide a user-friendly interface for clients to execute buy/sell orders and retrieve stock data.
- To ensure the accuracy and integrity of stock price information and transaction processing.
- To provide real-time updates on stock prices and trading activity.
- To manage multiple client connections efficiently using a multi-threaded server.

### Methodology:

#### 1. Requirements Gathering

- Identify the requirements of the stock market application:
- Handle GET\_STOCK\_PRICES requests to retrieve current stock prices.

- Handle BUY and SELL requests to process stock transactions.
- Implement a server-client architecture to facilitate communication between clients and the stock market server.

## **2. Design**

- Design the server-side logic:
- Create a `handleRequest` function to process incoming requests from clients.
- Implement a `std::map` to store stock prices and symbols.
- Define the logic for handling `GET_STOCK_PRICES`, `BUY`, and `SELL` requests.
- Design the client-side logic:
- Create a client program that can send requests to the server.
- Implement a user interface to input commands (`GET_STOCK_PRICES`, `BUY`, `SELL`).

## **3. Implementation**

- Implement the server-side logic:
- Create a socket and bind it to a specific address and port.
- Listen for incoming connections and accept them.
- Receive requests from clients, process them using the `handleRequest` function, and send responses back to clients.
- Implement the client-side logic:
- Create a socket and connect to the server.
- Send requests to the server and receive responses.
- Display the received responses to the user.

## **4. Testing**

- Test the server-side logic:
- Verify that the server can handle multiple clients simultaneously.

- Test the `handleRequest` function with different input requests.
- Verify that the server sends correct responses to clients.
- Test the client-side logic:
- Verify that the client can connect to the server successfully.
- Test the client's user interface to input commands.
- Verify that the client receives correct responses from the server.

## **5. Deployment**

- Deploy the server program on a suitable platform (e.g., Linux, Windows).
- Deploy the client program on a suitable platform (e.g., Linux, Windows).
- Configure the server and client programs to communicate with each other.

## **6. Maintenance**

- Monitor the server and client programs for errors and performance issues.
- Update the stock prices and symbols in the server's `std::map` as needed.
- Refactor the code to improve performance, security, and maintainability.
- By following this methodology, you can ensure that your stock market application is designed, implemented, and tested thoroughly to meet the requirements of your users.

## **System Requirements**

### **Hardware Requirements**

- Operating System: Linux/Unix-based
- Processor: Multi-core processor
- Memory: 4 GB RAM or more
- Storage: 10 GB or more

### **Software Requirements**

- Programming Language: C++

- Libraries: sys/socket.h, netinet/in.h, arpa/inet.h, unistd.h
- Compiler: GCC

## Source code :

### Server code :

```
#include <iostream>

#include <string>

#include <map>

#include <sys/socket.h>

#include <netinet/in.h>

#include <arpa/inet.h>

#include <unistd.h>

std::map<std::string, float> stockPrices = {

    {"AAPL", 150.0},

    {"GOOG", 2500.0},

    {"MSFT", 200.0}

};

std::string handleRequest(const std::string& request) {

    if (request == "GET_STOCK_PRICES") {

        std::string response;

        for (const auto& [symbol, price] : stockPrices) {

            response += symbol + ": $" + std::to_string(price) + "\n";

        }

        return response;

    } else if (request.substr(0, 4) == "BUY ") {
```

```

std::string symbol = request.substr(4);

if (stockPrices.find(symbol) != stockPrices.end()) {

    // In a real application, you would handle inventory and purchasing logic

    return "Order placed to buy " + symbol;

} else {

    return "Stock symbol not found.";

}

} else if (request.substr(0, 5) == "SELL ") {

    std::string symbol = request.substr(5);

    if (stockPrices.find(symbol) != stockPrices.end()) {

        // In a real application, you would handle inventory and selling logic

        return "Order placed to sell " + symbol;

    } else {

        return "Stock symbol not found.";

    }

} else {

    return "Invalid command.";

}

}

int main() {

    // Create socket

    int sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);

    if (sockfd < 0) {

        perror("socket creation failed");

```

```

        return 1;
    }

    // Set address and port

    struct sockaddr_in addr;

    addr.sin_family = AF_INET;

    addr.sin_port = htons(8080);

    inet_pton(AF_INET, "127.0.0.1", &addr.sin_addr);

    // Bind socket to address and port

    if (bind(sockfd, (struct sockaddr *)&addr, sizeof(addr)) < 0) {

        perror("bind failed");

        return 1;

    }

    // Listen for incoming connections

    if (listen(sockfd, 3) < 0) {

        perror("listen failed");

        return 1;

    }

    std::cout << "Server listening on port 8080..." << std::endl;

    while (true) {

        // Accept incoming connection

        struct sockaddr_in client_addr;

        socklen_t client_len = sizeof(client_addr);

        int client_sockfd = accept(sockfd, (struct sockaddr *)&client_addr, &client_len);

        if (client_sockfd < 0) {

```

```

        perror("accept failed");

        continue;
    }

    std::cout << "Connected to client" << std::endl;

    // Receive request from client

    char buffer[1024] = {0};

    int bytesReceived = recv(client_sockfd, buffer, 1024, 0);

    if (bytesReceived < 0) {

        perror("recv failed");

        close(client_sockfd);

        continue;
    }

    std::string request(buffer, bytesReceived);

    std::cout << "Received request: " << request << std::endl;

    // Handle request and send response to client

    std::string response = handleRequest(request);

    send(client_sockfd, response.c_str(), response.size(), 0);

    // Close socket

    close(client_sockfd);

}

close(sockfd);

return 0;

}

```

## Client code

```
#include <iostream>

#include <string>

#include <sys/socket.h>

#include <netinet/in.h>

#include <arpa/inet.h>

#include <unistd.h>

int main() {

    // Create socket

    int sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);

    if (sockfd < 0) {

        perror("socket creation failed");

        return 1;

    }

    // Set address and port

    struct sockaddr_in addr;

    addr.sin_family = AF_INET;

    addr.sin_port = htons(8080);

    inet_pton(AF_INET, "127.0.0.1", &addr.sin_addr);

    // Connect to server

    if (connect(sockfd, (struct sockaddr *)&addr, sizeof(addr)) < 0) {

        perror("connect failed");

        return 1;

    }

    std::cout << "Connected to server" << std::endl;
```



```

while (true) {

    // Enter command

    std::string command;

    std::cout << "Enter command (GET_STOCK_PRICES/BUY <symbol>/SELL <symbol>): ";

    std::getline(std::cin, command);

    // Send request to server

    send(sockfd, command.c_str(), command.size(), 0);

    // Receive response from server

    char buffer[1024] = {0};

    int bytesReceived = recv(sockfd, buffer, 1024, 0);

    if (bytesReceived < 0) {

        perror("recv failed");

        return 1;

    }

    // Print received response

    std::string response(buffer, bytesReceived);

    std::cout << "Received response: " << response << std::endl;

}

// Close socket

close(sockfd);

return 0;

}

```

The image shows a web browser window at the top with the address bar displaying "Home / 24NAG1279\_u11\_project". Below the browser are two overlapping terminal windows. The top terminal window shows the compilation and execution of a server program. The bottom terminal window shows the execution of a client program that connects to the server and requests stock prices.

```
rps@rps-virtual-machine: ~/24NAG1279_u11_project
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/24NAG1279_u11_project$ gedit client.cpp
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/24NAG1279_u11_project$ gedit server.cpp
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/24NAG1279_u11_project$ g++ -o server server.cpp
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/24NAG1279_u11_project$ ./server
Server listening on port 8080...
Connected to client
Received request: GET_STOCK_PRICES

rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/24NAG1279_u11_project
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/24NAG1279_u11_project$ g++ -o client client.cpp
rps@rps-virtual-machine:~/24NAG1279_u11_project$ ./client
Connected to server
Enter command (GET_STOCK_PRICES/BUY <symbol>/SELL <symbol>): GET_STOCK_PRICES
Received response: AAPL: $150.000000
GOOG: $2500.000000
MSFT: $200.000000
Enter command (GET_STOCK_PRICES/BUY <symbol>/SELL <symbol>):
```