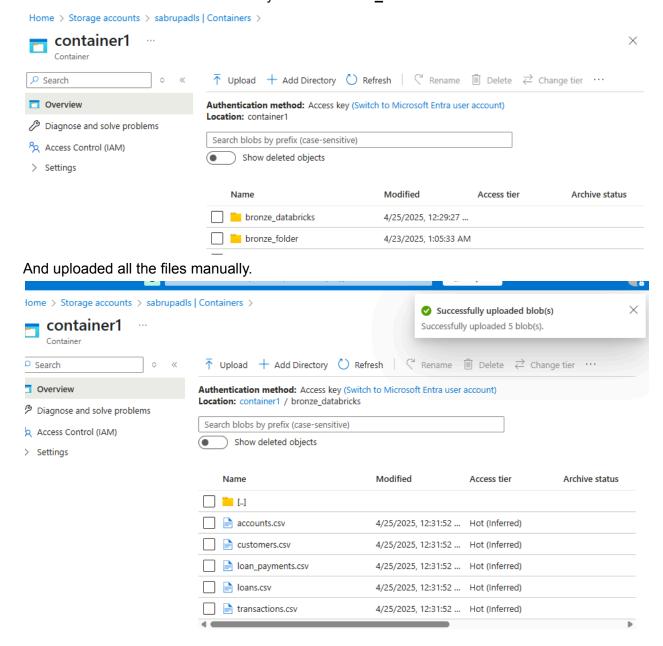
Project 2

1. For the **bronze layer**, we have to store 5 files from the local machine to storage account. For that I have created a new directory named **bronze_databricks**.



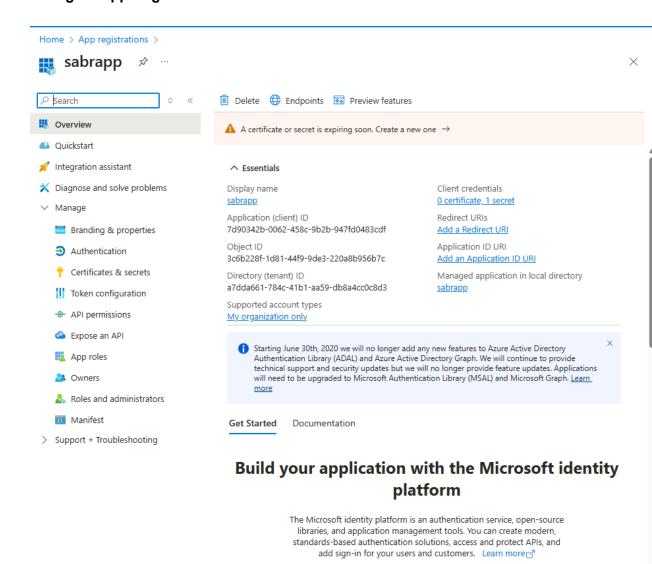
Now all the files are in csv format and in a single folder.

2. The second step is the silver layer where I performed two tasks. One is to fetch all each of the file and perform some transformation on them to clean and store in parquet format in a new directory.

Also have to join all the files based on the primary key and store in delta format.

To establish the connection between ADLS and the databricks, I used **service principle**:

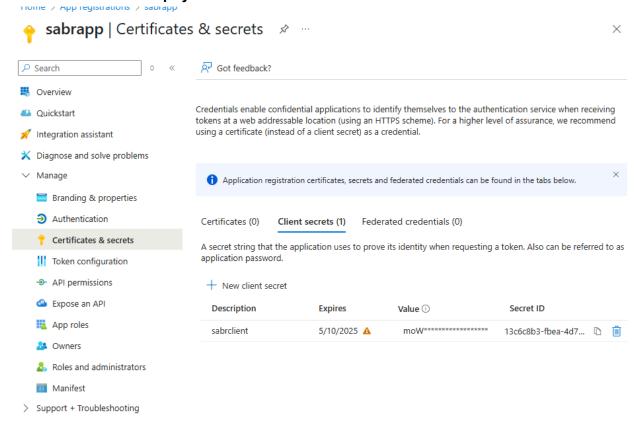
First of all, a new registration is created under Microsoft Entra ID->
 Manage-> App Registration



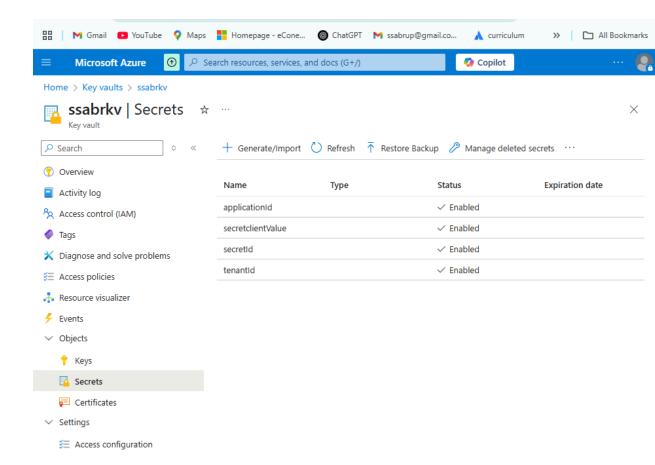
As in the SC new-app I have created.

Secondly, we need to copy Application ID.

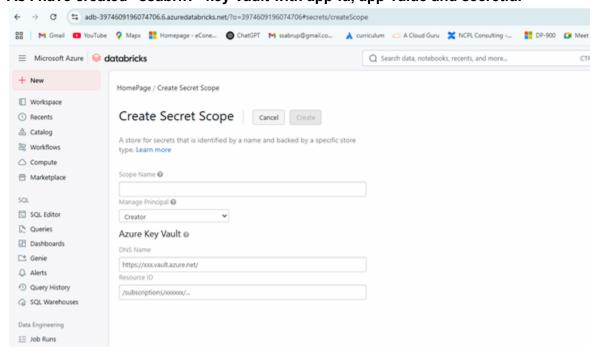
 After that under Certificates and Secrets, we have to create new client secret with custom expiry date.



- As here I have created "sabrclient". And copy the value and the secret ID for further use while connecting.
- Further, key Vaults have to be created to hide the IDs



As I have created "ssabrkv" key Vault with app-id, app-value and secretid.



Here DNS Name and the Resource ID we can get from the "Properties" tab

in Key Vault:

	-
Name	ssabrkv
Sku (Pricing tier)	Standard
Location	canadacentral
Vault URI	https://ssabrkv.vault.azure.net/
Resource ID	/subscriptions/d74c8e4f-2be5-4
Subscription ID	d74c8e4f-2be5-4e1d-9321-ecca
Subscription Name	Azure subscription 1
Directory ID	a7dda661-784c-41b1-aa59-db8
Directory Name	Default Directory
Soft-delete	Soft delete has been enabled on
Days to retain deleted vaults	90
Purge protection	 Disable purge protection (allo purged during retention perio
	Enable purge protection (enfo

• Then in databricks run the following command to check the scope:

```
dbutils.secrets.listScopes()

[SecretScope(name='sabradlsscope'),
    SecretScope(name='sabrscope'),
    SecretScope(name='sabrscope')]
```

 Now, it's time to connect the storage account with the databricks using mounting. For that I have created a mount:

```
V 12:17 AM (14s)
                                            3
                                                               Python
    configs = {
      "fs.azure.account.auth.type": "OAuth",
      "fs.azure.account.oauth.provider.type": "org.apache.hadoop.fs.azurebfs.oauth2.
      ClientCredsTokenProvider",
      "fs.azure.account.oauth2.client.id": "7d90342b-0062-458c-9b2b-947fd0483cdf",
      "fs.azure.account.oauth2.client.secret":
      "moW8Q~XNrZC1dGpj1hwOXCL2CuP5dB102aI9yc9m",
      "fs.azure.account.oauth2.client.endpoint": "https://login.microsoftonline.com/
      a7dda661-784c-41b1-aa59-db8a4cc0c8d3/oauth2/token"
    dbutils.fs.mount(
      source = "abfss://container1@sabrupadls.dfs.core.windows.net/",
      mount_point = "/mnt/container1",
      extra configs = configs
True
```

The below SC showing all the files in bronze_databricks folder:

```
dbutils.fs.ls("/mnt/container1/bronze_databricks")

[FileInfo(path='dbfs:/mnt/container1/bronze_databricks/accounts.csv', name='accounts.cs
v', size=2331, modificationTime=1745555512000),
FileInfo(path='dbfs:/mnt/container1/bronze_databricks/customers.csv', name='customers.csv', size=4603, modificationTime=1745555512000),
FileInfo(path='dbfs:/mnt/container1/bronze_databricks/loan_payments.csv', name='loan_payments.csv', size=2613, modificationTime=1745555512000),
FileInfo(path='dbfs:/mnt/container1/bronze_databricks/loans.csv', name='loans.csv', size=2340, modificationTime=1745555512000),
FileInfo(path='dbfs:/mnt/container1/bronze_databricks/transactions.csv', name='transactions.csv', size=3513, modificationTime=1745555512000)]
```

Here I created 5 dataframes to store the data from the 5 files:

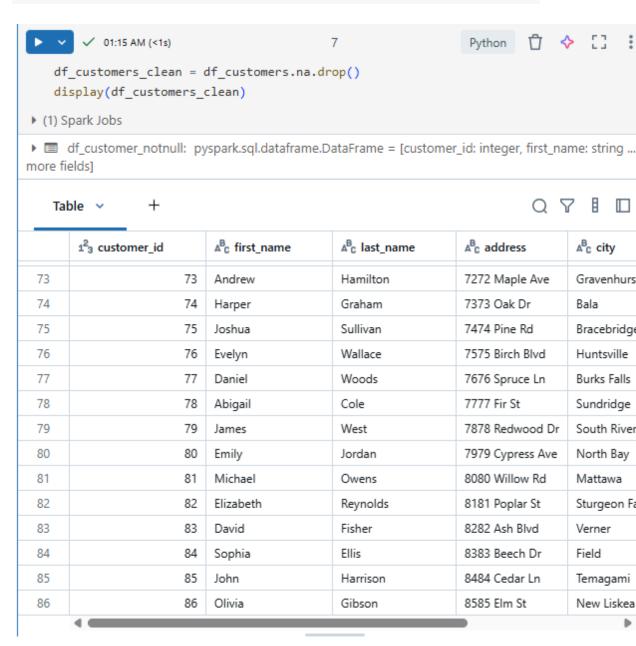
```
↑ ← □
                                              Just now (3s)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      Python
                      df_accounts=spark.read.format("csv").option("header", "true").option
                      ("inferSchema", "true").load("/mnt/container1/bronze_folder/accounts.csv")
                      df customers=spark.read.format("csv").option("header", "true").option
                      ("inferSchema", "true").load("/mnt/container1/bronze_folder/customers.csv")
                      df loan payments=spark.read.format("csv").option("header", "true").option
                       ("inferSchema", "true").load("/mnt/container1/bronze_folder/loan_payments.csv")
                      df loans=spark.read.format("csv").option("header", "true").option("inferSchema",
                      "true").load("/mnt/container1/bronze_folder/loans.csv")
                      df_transactions=spark.read.format("csv").option("header", "true").option
                      ("inferSchema", "true").load("/mnt/container1/bronze folder/transactions.csv")
    ▶ (10) Spark Jobs
   ▶ 🔳 df_accounts: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame = [account_id: integer, customer_id: integer ... 2 more
fields]
  ▶ 🔳 df_customers: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame = [customer_id: integer, first_name: string ... 5 more
fields1
   Image: Interpret interpret interpret interpret interpret integer in
more fields]
   Image: Interpret interpret interpret interpret interpret integer in
   Image: Interpret interp
more fields]
                                                                                                                                                                                                         + Code
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          + Text
```

• If I display customers dataframe, it has null values:

74	(Graham	7373 Oak Dr	Bala	ON	P0C0A1
75	S	ullivan	7474 Pine Rd	Bracebridge	ON	P1L0A1
76	V	Vallace	7575 Birch Blvd	Huntsville	ON	P1H0A1
77	V	Voods	7676 Spruce Ln	Burks Falls	ON	P0A0A1
78	C	Cole	7777 Fir St	Sundridge	ON	P0A0A1
79	V	Vest	7878 Redwood Dr	South River	ON	P0A0A1
80	J	ordan	7979 Cypress Ave	North Bay	ON	P1B0A1
81	C	Owens	8080 Willow Rd	Mattawa	ON	P0H0A1
82	R	Reynolds	8181 Poplar St	Sturgeon Falls	ON	P2B0A1
83	F	isher	8282 Ash Blvd	Verner	ON	P0H0A1
84	E	Ilis	8383 Beech Dr	Field	ON	P0H0A1
85	H	larrison .	8484 Cedar Ln	Temagami	ON	P0H0A1
86	G	iibson	8585 Elm St	New Liskeard	ON	P0J0A1
87	N	/IcDonald	8686 Maple Ave	Haileybury	null	null
	4					

 The following command removed the null values. Actually it removes the whole row.

```
df_customers_clean = df_customers.na.drop()
display(df_customers_clean)
```



The below SC showing the commands to remove all the null values from all the 5 dataframes.

```
✓ Just now (<1s)</p>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             9
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Python
                          df_customers_clean = df_customers.na.drop()
                         df accounts clean = df accounts.na.drop()
                          df loan payments clean = df loan payments.na.drop()
                          df_loans_clean = df_loans.na.drop()
                          df transactions clean = df transactions.na.drop()
   Image: Interpret of the property of the pro
more fields]
    ▶ 🗐 df_customers_clean: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame = [customer_id: integer, first_name: string ... 5
  Image: Interest of the payment of the payment of the payment id: integer, integer, integer integer integer integer integer.
2 more fields1
  ▶ 🗏 df loans clean: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame = [loan_id: integer, customer_id: integer ... 3 more
   Image: Italian interpretation interpretation in the property of the propert
... 3 more fields]
```

Also to remove the duplicates:

... 3 more fields]

```
1 minute ago (<1s)</p>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  6
                        df_customers_clean = df_customers.na.drop().dropDuplicates()
                       df_accounts_clean = df_accounts.na.drop().dropDuplicates()
                       df loan payments clean = df loan payments.na.drop().dropDuplicates()
                       df_loans_clean = df_loans.na.drop().dropDuplicates()
                        df transactions clean = df transactions.na.drop().dropDuplicates()
    Image: Interpret of the property of the pro
more fields]
    ▶ 🗐 df_customers_clean: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame = [customer_id: integer, first_name: string ... 5
more fields]
    Image: Interest of the property of the prop
2 more fields]
    ▶ 🗐 df loans clean: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame = [loan id: integer, customer id: integer ... 3 more
fields1
    ▶ 🗐 df_transactions_clean: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame = [transaction_id: integer, account_id: integer
```

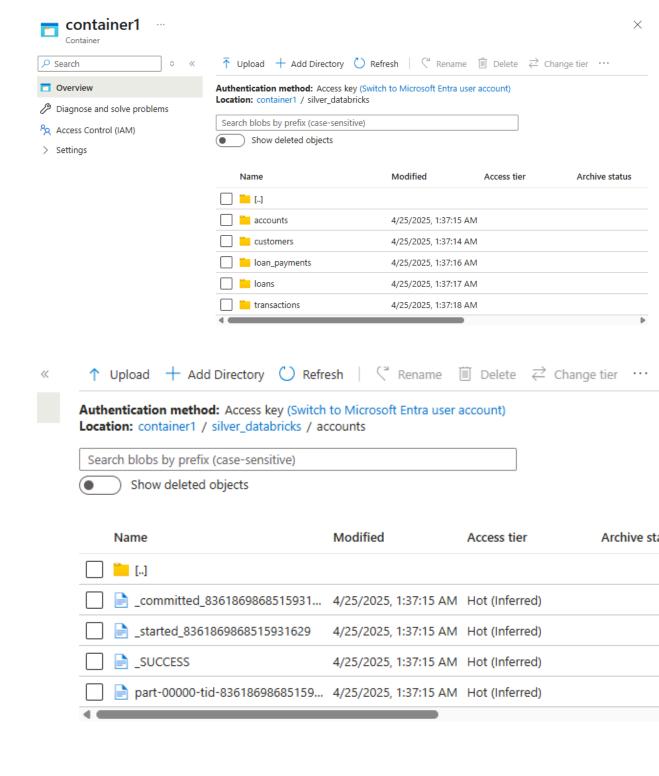
After cleaning the data, we have to write back to storage account but in parquet format.

```
df_customers_clean.write.mode("overwrite").parquet("/mnt/container1/
    silver_databricks/customers")
    df_accounts_clean.write.mode("overwrite").parquet("/mnt/container1/
        silver_databricks/accounts")
    df_loan_payments_clean.write.mode("overwrite").parquet("/mnt/container1/
        silver_databricks/loan_payments")
    df_loans_clean.write.mode("overwrite").parquet("/mnt/container1/silver_databricks/
        loans")
    df_transactions_clean.write.mode("overwrite").parquet("/mnt/container1/
        silver_databricks/transactions")
```

Here's the silver_databricks folder:

Name	Modified	Access tier	Archive s
bronze_databricks	4/25/2025, 12:29:27		
bronze_folder	4/23/2025, 1:05:33 AN	1	
bronzeFiles	4/23/2025, 11:54:08		
silver_databricks	4/25/2025, 1:37:14 AN	1	
4			

All the 5 files in parquet format:

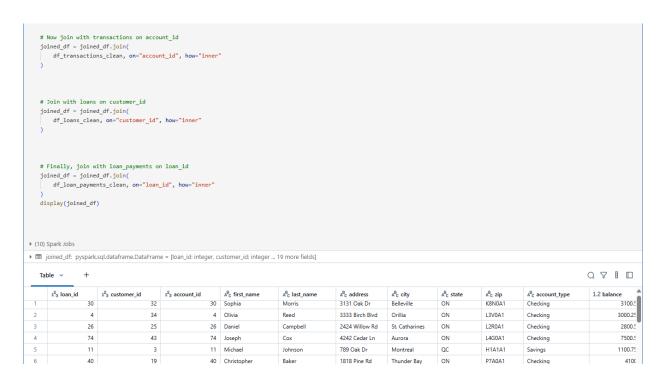


Next step is to join all the files on the common column and store in Delta format in ADLS storage account.

The steps are below:

- 1. As the customers, accounts and loansn all have common column "customer_id". Thus, can be joined.
- 2. This joined df can be joined with transaction since both have account_id common.
- 3. Lastly, loan_payment can be joined on loan_id.

The below Screen Short shows the commands:

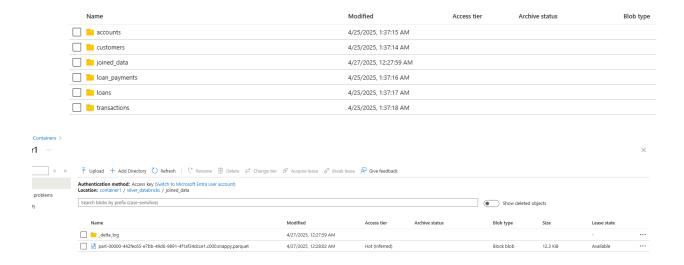


Now this joined data we have to store in the form of Delta.



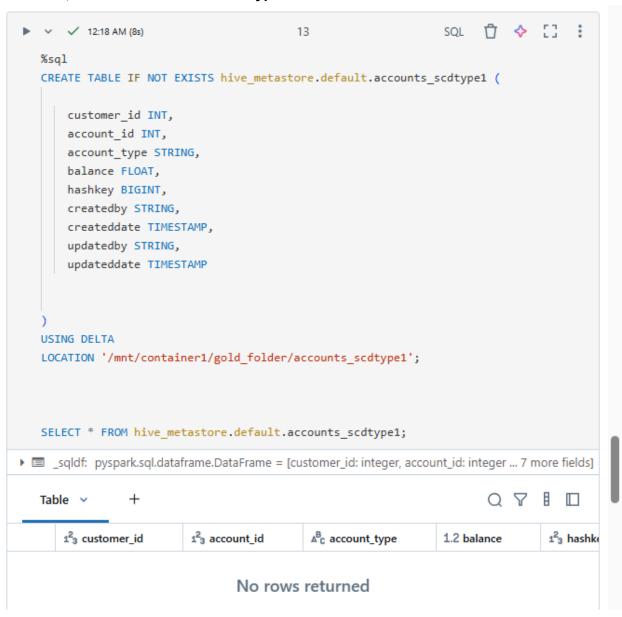
Here's the successfully running command

Got joined_data folder:



Step 3: Storing the joined data as SCD Type 1

1. First of all, we have to create a SCD Type1 table.



2. Here's the delta table for accounts that we just created: container i Container Search ↑ Upload + Add Directory 💍 Refresh | 🤇 Rename 🗓 Delete ⇄ Change tier ··· Overview Authentication method: Access key (Switch to Microsoft Entra user account) Location: container1 / gold_databricks Diagnose and solve problems Search blobs by prefix (case-sensitive) Access Control (IAM)) Show deleted objects > Settings Name Modified Access tier Archive status [..] accounts_scdtype1 4/29/2025, 12:18:50 ... Authentication method: Access key (Switch to Microsoft Entra user account) Location: container1 / gold_databricks / accounts_scdtype1 Search blobs by prefix (case-sensitive) Show deleted objects Modified Archive: Name Access tier [..] _delta_log 4/29/2025, 12:18:50 ...

3. Adding Hashkey:

```
Ů ♦ 🖸
         2 minutes ago (1s)
                                                                        Python
                                                16
    # adding hash key
    src accounts = src accounts.withColumn("hashkey", crc32(concat(*src accounts.
    columns)))
    display(src accounts)
(1) Spark Jobs
Esc accounts: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame = [account id: integer, customer id: integer ... 3 more
fields1
                                                                                               Table v
       t id
                  123 customer_id
                                        ABC account_type
                                                               1.2 balance
                                                                                 123 hashkey
                                        Cnecking
                                                                         8300.3
                                                                                       324/491094
             ŏ۷
                                                                                       2280475706
  4
             52
                                   10
                                        Checking
                                                                          5300
  5
             65
                                                                         550.25
                                                                                       3693472785
                                   69
                                        Savings
  6
                                                                          7700
                                                                                       3359048414
             76
                                   22
                                        Checking
  7
             62
                                   35
                                        Checking
                                                                         6300.5
                                                                                       800230545
  8
             98
                                   49
                                        Checking
                                                                         9900.5
                                                                                       3893038149
  9
                                                                         400.25
                                                                                       1685401127
             53
                                   86
                                        Savings
 10
             66
                                   26
                                        Checking
                                                                         6700.5
                                                                                       372242038
 11
             72
                                   17
                                        Checking
                                                                          7300
                                                                                       1425050024
 12
             86
                                   21
                                        Checking
                                                                         8700.5
                                                                                       2919860885
```

4. Defining source and the target path and reading the parquet file from the silver layer:

5. After importing pyspark.sql functions, I added another column, hashkey:

```
✓ 01:02 AM (<1s) 15
```

from pyspark.sql.functions import *

```
# adding hash key
src_accounts = src_accounts.withColumn("hashkey", crc32(concat(*src_accounts.
columns)))
display(src_accounts)

• (1) Spark Jobs

• asrc_accounts: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame = [account_id: integer, customer_id: integer ... 3 more fields]
```

Table 🗸		Table +		QYID		
	t_id	1 ² ₃ customer_id	A ^B C account_type	1.2 balance	1 ² ₃ hashkey	A
52	20	21	Checking	2000	2020209643	
53	71	73	Savings	625.75	2590228591	
54	13	29	Savings	1300.25	3025925162	
55	64	12	Checking	6500	1796018383	
56	61	52	Savings	500.25	2662432370	
57	32	9	Checking	3300	2957212870	
58	89	54	Savings	850.25	540724915	
59	31	71	Savings	125.75	352326581	П
60	90	38	Checking	9100.5	2053712775	U
61	10	92	Checking	1800.5	533177005	

6. IMport the Delta Table class:

```
▶ ✓ 12:46 AM (2s) 17

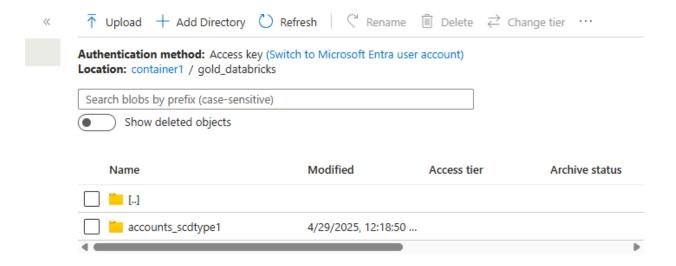
from delta.tables import DeltaTable
  deltatable = DeltaTable.forPath(spark, tgt_path)
  deltatable.toDF().show

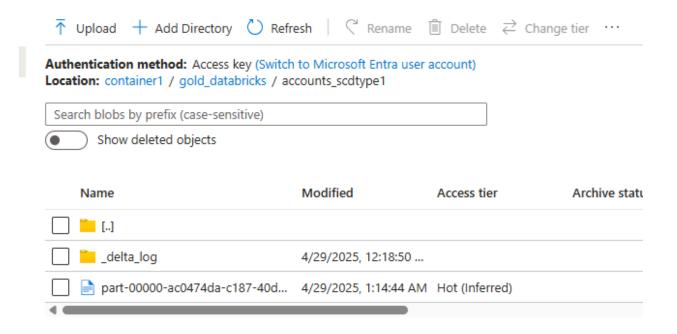
<bound method DataFrame.show of DataFrame[customer_id: int, account_id: int, account_typ
  e: string, balance: float, hashkey: bigint, createdby: string, createddate: timestamp, u
  pdatedby: string, updateddate: timestamp]>
```

7. Merging the delta table with dataframe and map the columns

```
01:06 AM (<1s)</p>
                                            18
   from pyspark.sql.functions import col
   src accounts = src accounts.alias("account").join(deltatable.toDF().alias("tgt"),
    ((col("account.account_id")==col("tgt.account_id")) & (col("account.hashkey")==col
    ("tgt.hashkey"))),"anti").select("account.*")
▶ 🗐 src_accounts: pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame = [account_id: integer, customer_id: integer ... 3 more
fields1
        01:14 AM (13s)
                                            19
                                                                 Python
   deltatable.alias("tgt").merge(
        src_accounts.alias("src"),
        "tgt.account_id = src.account_id")\
      .whenMatchedUpdate(set={"tgt.account_id": "src.account_id ","tgt.customer_id":
      "src.customer_id","tgt.account_type": "src.account_type","tgt.balance": "src.
      balance", "tgt.hashkey": "src.hashkey", "tgt.updatedby":lit("databricks"), "tgt.
      updateddate":current_timestamp()})\
      .whenNotMatchedInsert(values={"tgt.account_id": "src.account_id ","tgt.
      customer_id": "src.customer_id", "tgt.account_type": "src.account_type", "tgt.
      balance": "src.balance", "tgt.hashkey": "src.hashkey", "tgt.createdby":lit
      ("databricks"), "tgt.createddate":current_timestamp(), "tgt.updatedby":lit
      ("databricks"), "tgt.updateddate":current_timestamp()})\
          .execute()
   display(spark.read.format("delta").load(tgt_path))
▶ (8) Spark Jobs
                                                                          QTI
   Table v
                  +
                           1<sup>2</sup>3 has
       123 customer_id
                                              ABC account_type
                                                                   1.2 balance
 1
                                                                             3700
                                                                                         1
                       27
                                          36
                                              Checking
 2
                                                                                         3
                       65
                                          85
                                              Savings
                                                                            800.25
 3
                        2
                                          82
                                              Checking
                                                                            8300.5
                                                                                         3
```

8. Here's the file has created in the gold_databricks folder:



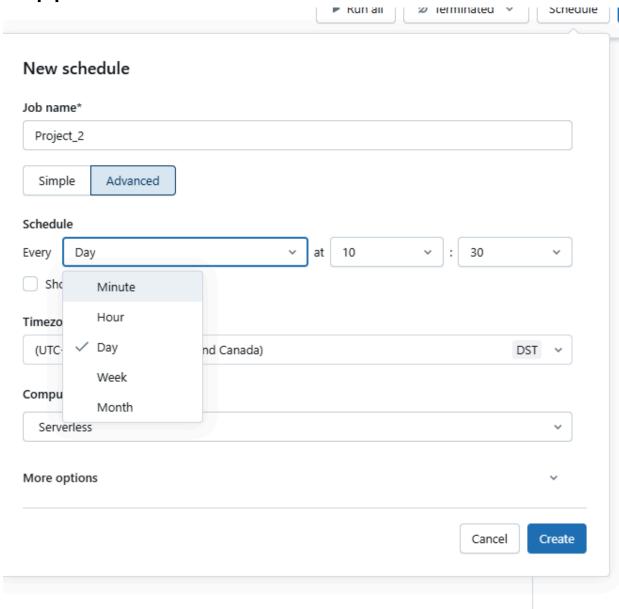


9. The same steps have to repeat for all other 4 files.

Next step is to Schedule the pipeline:

- 1. There is an option "Schedule at the top right corner.
- 2. Give the Job Name.

3. Select the appropriate time. Even can select how often the pipeline should be executed:



4. Select Timezone -> Create

