# Test Strategy

## 1. Objective:

The objective of this test strategy is to ensure robust testing coverage for the Campaign API, validate its functionality, and provide recommendations for a stable test environment that supports both manual and automated testing.

## 2. Testing Layers:

# 2.1 Unit Tests:

Test individual components or functions of the API to ensure they perform as expected.

#### 2.2 Integration Tests:

- Validate interactions between different modules of the API.
- Mock external services (like third-party APIs) where applicable to isolate the API functionality.

#### 2.3 API Contract Tests:

- Ensure the API adheres to predefined contract and schema expectations.
- Verify that API responses are consistent with the schema and meet the defined expectations.
- Framework: Postman

## 2.4 End-to-End (E2E) Tests:

- Simulate real-world scenarios, covering user workflows and end-user interactions.
- Focus initially on critical endpoints such as POST /campaign and GET /campaign.
- Framework: Cypress

## 3. Environment Recommendations (for DevOps):

## 3.1 Stable Staging Environment:

- Use Docker to containerize the API and database for a consistent testing environment.
- Implement CI/CD pipelines for automated deployment and testing (e.g., using GitHub Actions).

### 3.2 Mocking External Dependencies:

• Use tools like Wire Mock to mock external services, ensuring consistent responses during testing.

## 4. Documenting and executing the API Tests:

## 4.1 Tool Selection:

Postman will be used for detailed API documentation, making it easier for developers and product owners to interact
with the API.

#### 4.2 Implementation Steps:

#### 1. Overview of API Testing Approach:

- Testing the following CRUD operations on the Campaign API:
  - Create Campaign (POST)
  - o Get Campaign (GET)
  - Update Campaign (PUT)
  - Delete Campaign (DELETE)
- These tests will be implemented using Postman and automation tools to ensure reliable and repeatable testing.

### 2. Pre-requisites for Testing:

- Postman should be installed and configured.
- Set up environment variables in Postman:
  - o baseUrl: API base URL (e.g., http://localhost:8081)
  - $\circ \quad \text{ campaignId: Dynamically created campaign ID} \\$
  - o campaignData: JSON object with campaign details for creating a campaign.
  - o updatedCampaignData: JSON object for updating the campaign.

## 5. Postman Request and Test Details:

#### 5.1 Create Campaign (POST Request):

- Method: POST
- Endpoint: {{baseUrl}}/campaign
- Test Implementation:
  - Verify response status code is 201 (Created).
  - O Verify the response contains a campaign ID.
  - Verify response body matches the input data (e.g., name, client, category).

#### 5.2 Get Campaign (GET Request):

- Method: GET
- Endpoint: {{baseUrl}}/campaign/{{campaignId}}
- Test Implementation:
  - Verify response status code is 200 (OK).
  - O Verify the campaign name matches the original name passed in the creation request.

#### 5.3 Update Campaign (PUT Request):

- Method: PUT
- Endpoint: {{baseUrl}}/campaign/{{campaignId}}
- Request Body: Use environment variables for passing updated campaign data.
- Test Implementation:
  - Verify response status code is 200 (OK).
  - Verify the updated campaign name is as expected.

#### 5.4 Delete Campaign (DELETE Request):

- Method: DELETE
- Endpoint: {{baseUrl}}/campaign/{{campaignId}}
- Test Implementation:
  - O Verify response status code is 200 (OK) indicating successful deletion.

## 5.5 Verify Campaign Deletion (GET Request):

- Method: GET
- Endpoint: {{baseUrl}}/campaign/{{campaignId}}
- Test Implementation:
  - O Verify response status code is 404 (Not Found) after deletion.

### 6. Test Automation Execution:

## 6.1 Manual Execution:

• Tests can be executed manually by running the collection directly from Postman.

#### **6.2** Automated Execution:

- Use Newman (a command-line collection runner for Postman) to run the Postman collection in an automated manner.
  - O Example command:

newman run campaign-api-collection.json -e environment.json

# 7. Continuous Integration (CI) Integration:

## 7.1 CI Pipeline Integration:

- Install Newman to run the tests in the CI pipeline (e.g., using Jenkins, GitLab CI, or GitHub Actions).
  - Example Jenkins command:

node --max\_old\_space\_size=8192 \$(npm bin)/newman run campaign-api-collection.json -e environment.json

## 8. Reporting and Logs:

- Generate detailed logs during test execution using **Newman**.
  - Example command to generate an HTML report:

newman run campaign-api-collection.json -e environment.json -r html

The output report provides insights into the status of each request, enabling easier troubleshooting.

#### 9. Additional Considerations:

#### 9.1 Data Cleanup:

• Ensure any created test data is cleaned up after each run to avoid conflicts with subsequent tests.

#### 9.2 Environment and Configuration:

• Ensure the correct API environment (e.g., staging or production) and configurations are set before running tests.

#### 9.3 Error Handling:

• Implement robust error handling in Postman scripts to ensure graceful test failures when unexpected conditions occur.

## 10. Implementing Cypress Automated Tests:

#### 10.1 Framework: Cypress

- Cypress is ideal for API testing, combining simplicity and power.
  - Test for edge cases (e.g., missing or invalid fields).
  - Framework for automating the tests for the POST /campaign endpoint.

### 10.2 Test Steps:

## POST /campaign:

- O Make a POST request to /campaign with campaign data.
- Verify the response status code is 201 (Created).
- Ensure the response body contains the campaign details and that the id field matches the generated ID.
- o Ensure the response body contains the correct name, client, category, and status.

### GET /campaign/{id}:

- O Description: This endpoint retrieves a campaign by its ID.
- Verify response status code is 200 (OK).
- O Validate the response schema and ensure the returned campaign has the expected details.

### PUT /campaign/{id}:

- O Description: This endpoint updates an existing campaign by its ID.
- Verify response status code is 200 (OK).
- O Ensure the updated campaign data is as expected.

### DELETE /campaign/{id}:

- O Description: This endpoint deletes a campaign by its ID.
- Verify response status code is 200 (OK).

## GET /campaign/{id} (after deletion):

o Ensure that after deletion, a 404 status is returned, indicating the campaign was deleted.

## GET /campaign (for duplicates):

O Verify no duplicate ids exist in the response list.

## POST /campaign (negative case):

- o Test the creation of a campaign with missing required fields.
- Verify that the response status code is 400 (Bad Request), and the appropriate error message is returned.

#### 10.3 Error Handling:

• Simulate invalid input (e.g., missing required fields) and ensure the correct error status codes (e.g., 400 Bad Request) are returned.

# 10.4 Test Automation Execution:

- Use npx cypress run for headless test execution.
- Integrate tests into the CI pipeline to ensure consistent testing after every code change.

## 11. DevOps Recommendations for API Test Automation:

## 11.1 Test Environment Management:

- Set up isolated and consistent test environments that mimic production.
- Use environment variables for configuration (e.g., API keys, base URLs).

## 11.2 CI/CD Integration:

- Integrate automated tests into the CI/CD pipeline.
- Use parallel test execution to reduce test runtime.

## 11.3 Test Reporting and Monitoring:

- Generate detailed reports with logs, screenshots, and videos for failures.
- Set up alerts for test failures to notify relevant stakeholders.

### 11.4 Version Control and Test Data Management:

- Maintain versioning for test scripts, ensuring synchronization with application changes.
- Use mock or test-specific data for tests.

# 11.5 Security and Compliance:

- Avoid hardcoding sensitive data in scripts; use secure storage (e.g., Vault, AWS Secrets Manager).
- Implement security scans to identify vulnerabilities.

#### 11.6 Test Automation Maintenance:

- Regularly review and update test cases to reflect changes in the API.
- Clean up test data to prevent conflicts during subsequent runs.

#### 11.7 Collaboration and Feedback Loop:

- Foster communication between DevOps, Development, and QA teams.
- Provide quick feedback to developers to address issues promptly.

## 12. Conclusion:

This strategy focuses on validating the functionality of the **different campaign** endpoint, ensuring that the API behaves as expected. By using **Postman**, **Cypress**, and continuous integration tools, we can automate testing, streamline the development workflow, and maintain robust API quality standards.