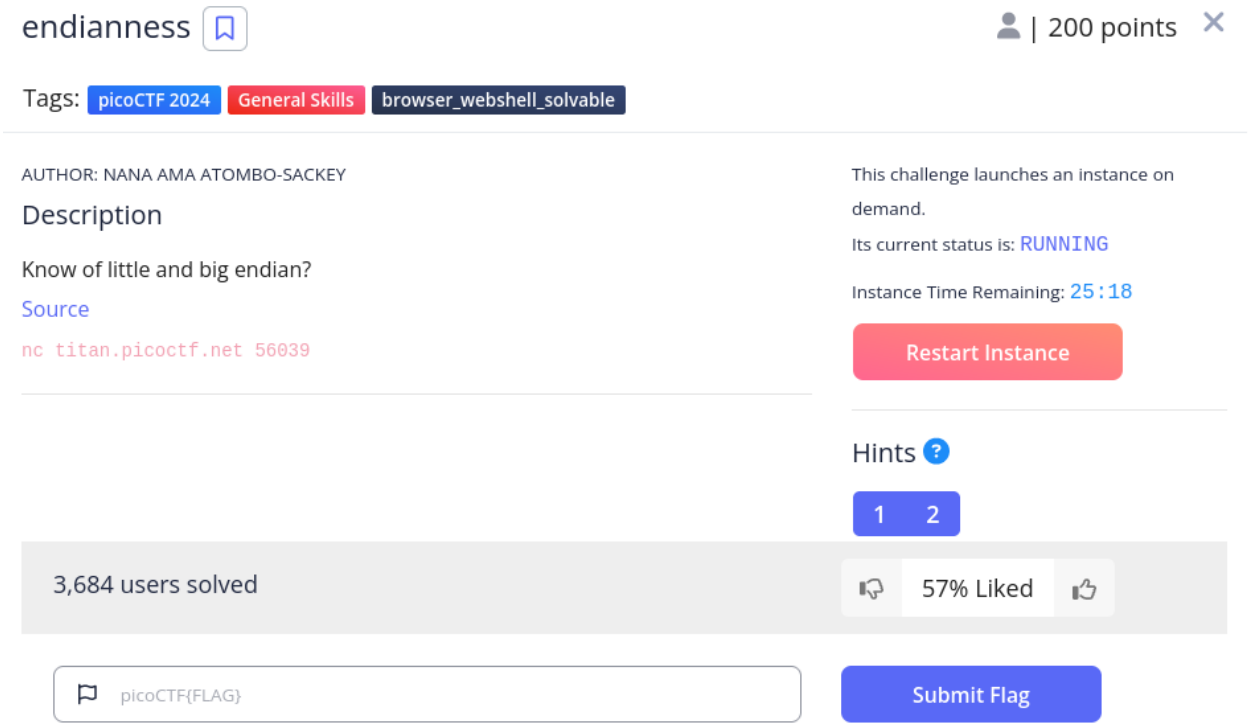
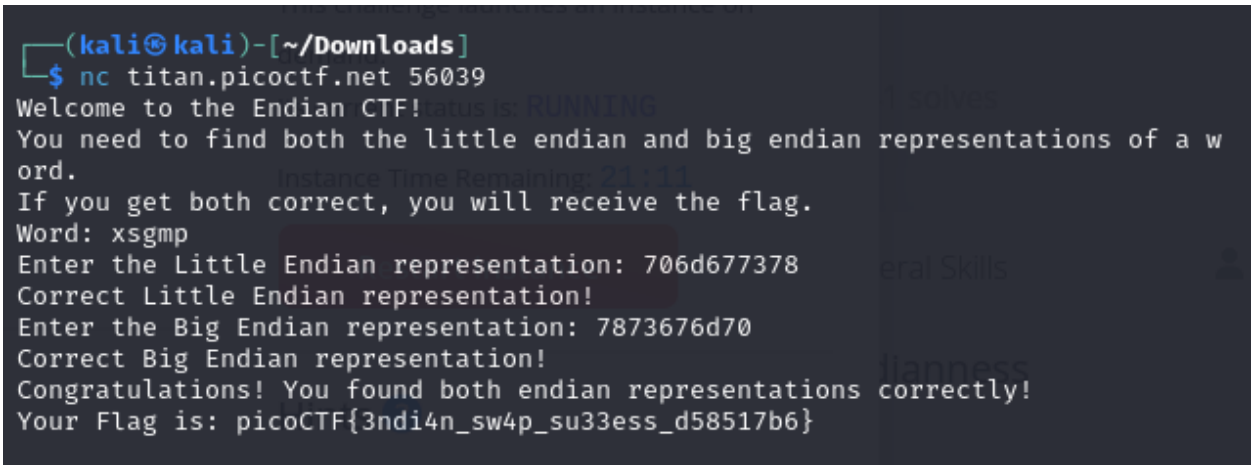
# Endianess




In this challenge we need to know the concept of big endian and little ending. Big endian usually means that a data is stored in memory by it most significant bytes first. While Little endian is the opposite. Say I have 0x1020304050 (don't know if this is possible but just to make it simpler). This is how it will be stored in endian:

Big endian: 10 20 30 40 50

Little endian: 50 40 30 20 10




Just change the word to hexadecimal since that’s how it’s usually stored in memory and perform the endian