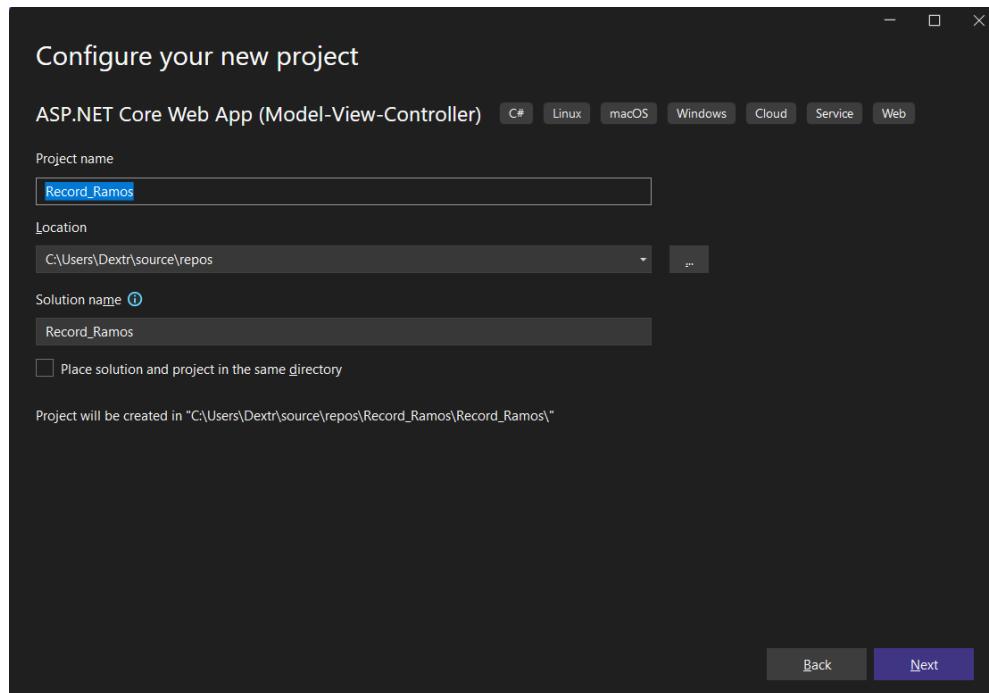


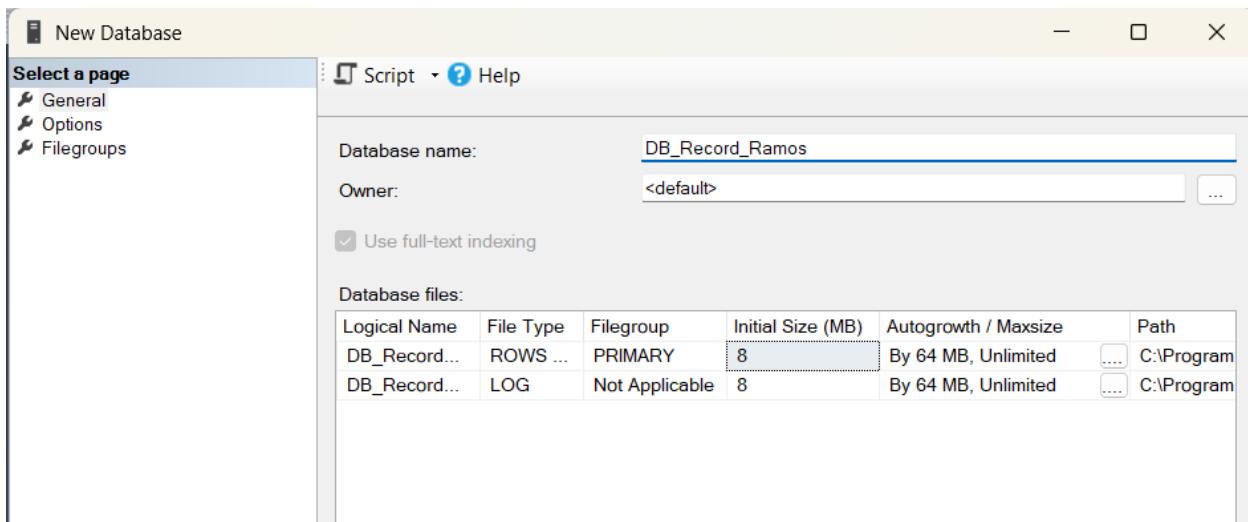
NAME: Dexter Ramos Subject Code: 8441 Time: 10:00-12:00

Create a new ASP.NET Core Web Application:

- Use **ASP.NET Core MVC** template.
- Enable **Individual User Accounts** for authentication.
- Project Name: **Record_LastName (Screenshot)**



- Set up a connection to **SQL Server (SSMS)** by configuring the `appsettings.json` file.
- Run migrations using `Add-Migration` and `Update-Database` to create Identity tables in SSMS.
- Database Name: **DB_Record_LastName (Screenshot)**



Advanced Identity Page Customization

1. Scaffold All Identity Pages:

- o Scaffold all the Identity pages (Login, Register, Manage, Forgot Password, Reset Password).
- o Ensure that the following Identity views are scaffolded and available in the project:

```
    ▪ Login.cshtml
    ▪ Register.cshtml
    ▪ ForgotPassword.cshtml
    ▪ ResetPassword.cshtml
    ▪ Manage pages for profile editing.
        ▪ Layout
        ▪ ChangePassword
        ▪ PersonalData
        ▪ Email
        ▪ ResetAuthenticator
        ▪ TwoFactorAuthentication
        ▪ EnableAuthenticator
        ▪ SetPassword
```

2. Custom Layout for Identity Pages:

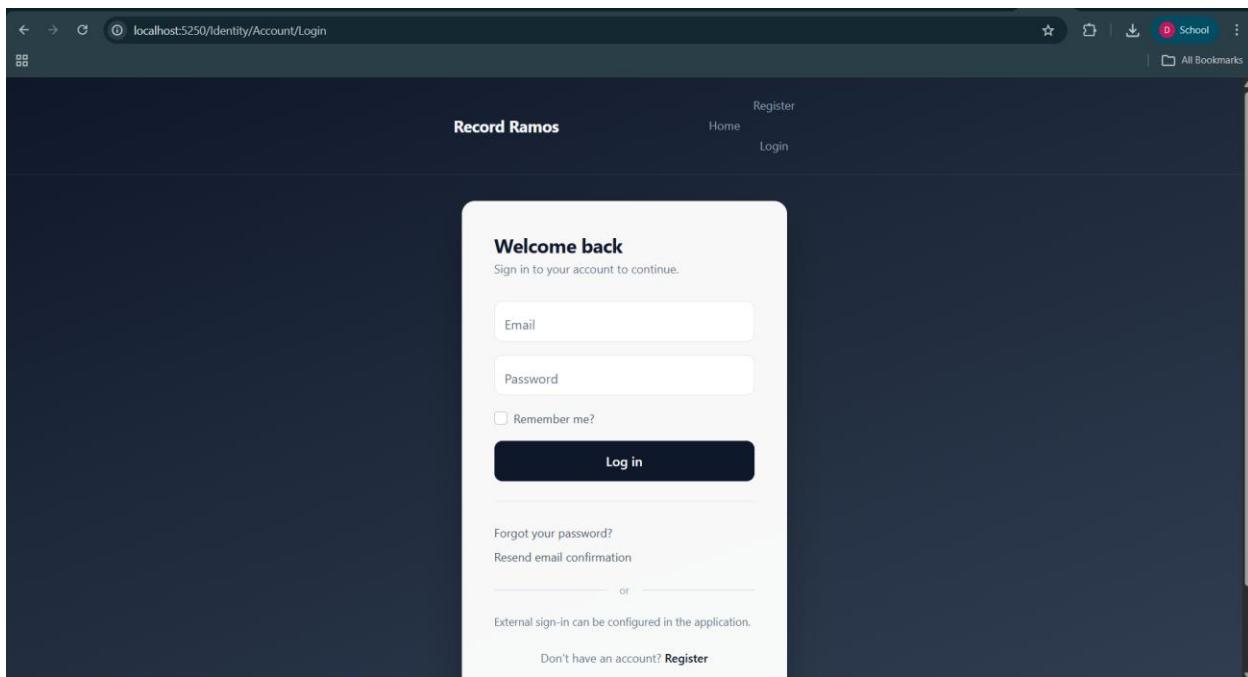
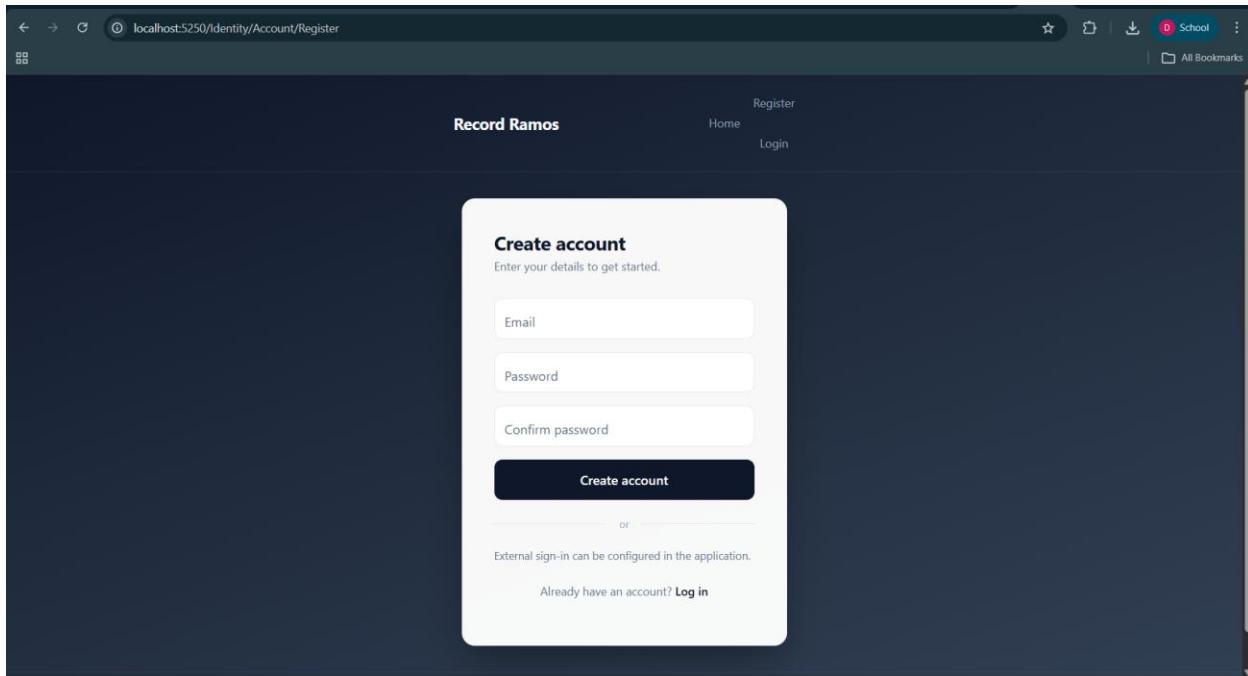
- o Create a new **Identity-specific layout** to give these pages a unique look (separate from the main site layout if required).
- o You can name the layout something like `_IdentityLayout.cshtml` and apply it only to Identity-related views:

```
html
@{
    Layout = "~/Views/Shared/_IdentityLayout.cshtml";
}
```

- o Customize the navigation and branding for these Identity pages to give users a focused and consistent experience during authentication.

Deliverable:

- o Screenshot of at least two Identity pages (Login and Register) with a unique layout.



Part 2: Responsive Design and User Interface Improvements

3. Enhance Forms with Bootstrap:

- Ensure that all forms in the Identity pages (e.g., Login, Register, Forgot Password) are styled using **Bootstrap** for responsiveness.
- Add tooltips, validation messages, and icons to improve the user experience.

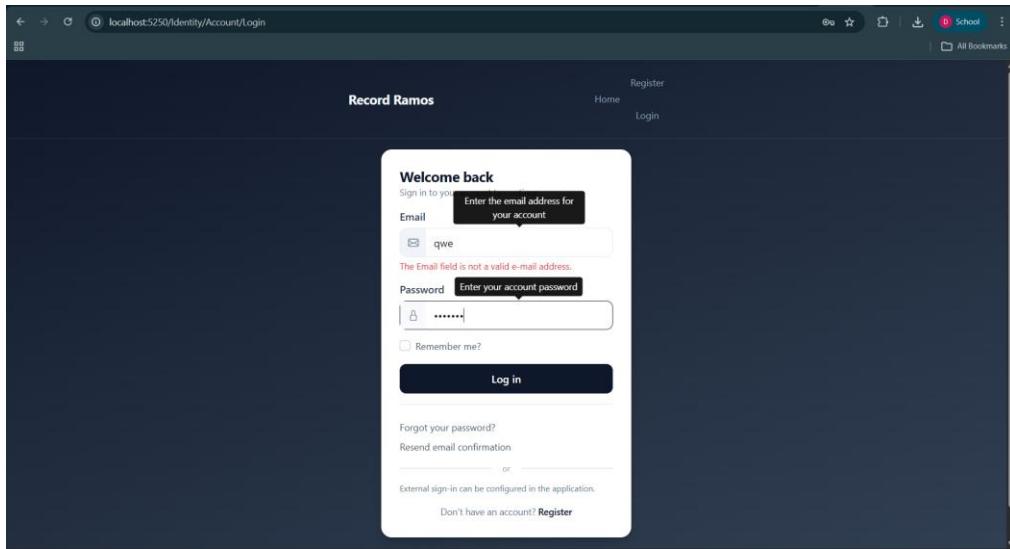
Example for **Register.cshtml**:

```
html
<div class="row justify-content-center">
    <div class="col-md-6">
        <h2>Register</h2>
        <form asp-action="Register">
            <div class="form-group">
                <label asp-for="Input.Email"></label>
                <input asp-for="Input.Email" class="form-control" placeholder="Enter your email" />
                <span asp-validation-for="Input.Email" class="text-danger"></span>
            </div>
            <div class="form-group">
                <label asp-for="Input.Password"></label>
                <input asp-for="Input.Password" class="form-control" placeholder="Enter your password" />
                <span asp-validation-for="Input.Password" class="text-danger"></span>
            </div>
            <div class="form-group">
                <label asp-for="Input.ConfirmPassword"></label>
                <input asp-for="Input.ConfirmPassword" class="form-control" placeholder="Confirm your password" />
                <span asp-validation-for="Input.ConfirmPassword" class="text-danger"></span>
            </div>
            <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary btn-block">Register</button>
        </form>
    </div>
</div>
```

- Add **error messages**, **success notifications**, and **user feedback** elements (such as loading spinners during authentication).

Deliverable:

- Screenshot of at least one form (Login, Register, or Forgot Password) with improved form styling, tooltips, and validation messages.



Part 3: Dynamic Content Based on User Authentication and Roles

4. Display Dynamic Navigation Based on User Authentication:

- Modify the shared layout (`_Layout.cshtml`) or the custom Identity layout to display different navigation items based on whether the user is authenticated or not.
- Use the following Razor syntax to conditionally display links:

html

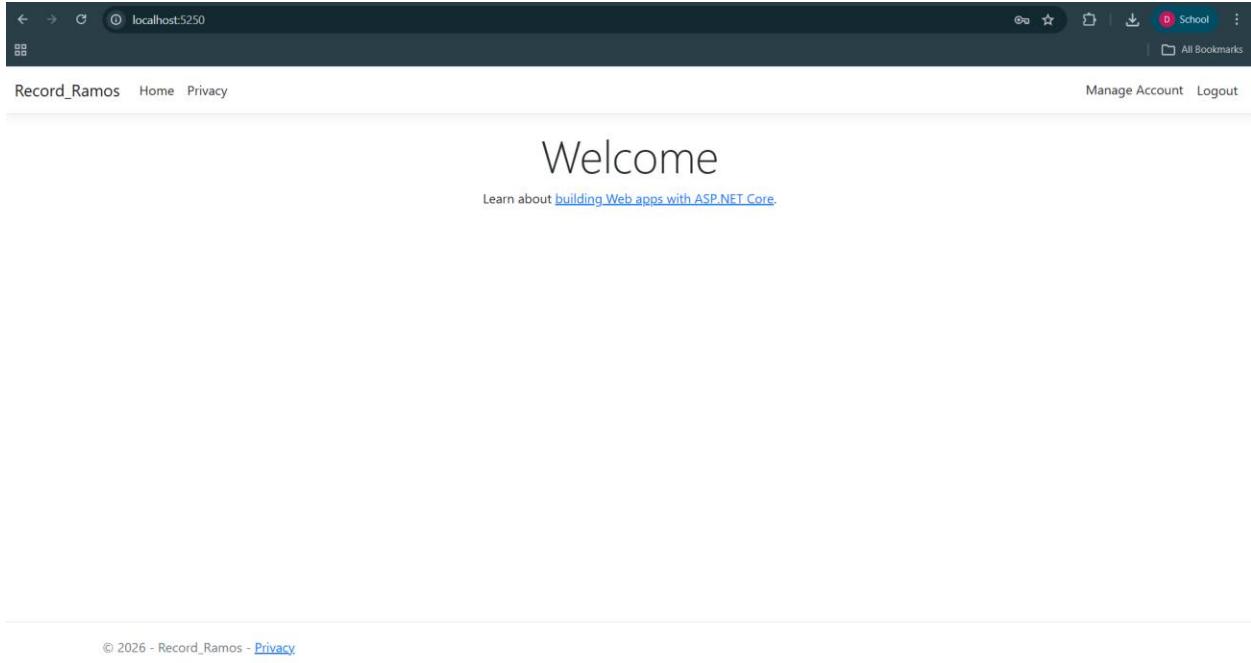
```
@if (User.Identity.IsAuthenticated)
{
    <ul class="navbar-nav ml-auto">
        <li class="nav-item">
            <a class="nav-link"
href="/Identity/Account/Manage">Manage Account</a>
        </li>
        <li class="nav-item">
            <a class="nav-link"
href="/Identity/Account/Logout">Logout</a>
        </li>
    </ul>
}
else
{
    <ul class="navbar-nav ml-auto">
        <li class="nav-item">
            <a class="nav-link"
href="/Identity/Account/Login">Login</a>
        </li>
        <li class="nav-item">
            <a class="nav-link"
href="/Identity/Account/Register">Register</a>
        </li>
    </ul>
}
```

}

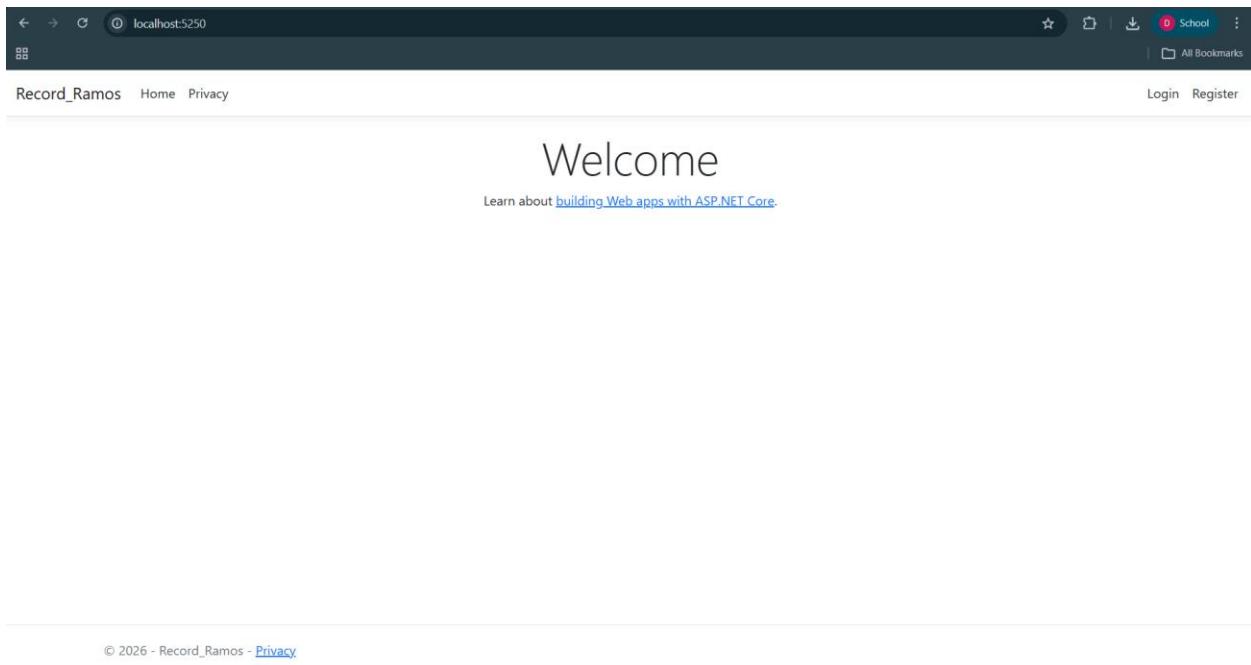
Deliverable:

- o Screenshot showing different navigation menus for authenticated and unauthenticated users.

Authenticated User



Unauthenticated User



5. Role-Based Layout Customization:

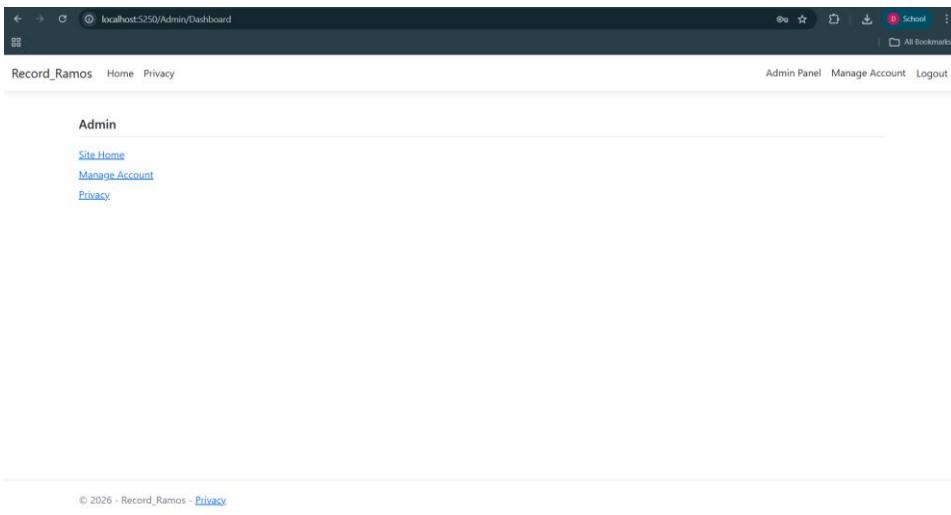
- Customize the layout further to display different navigation elements for users with specific roles (e.g., Admins vs. regular users).
- For example, display an **Admin Panel** link for users with the "Admin" role:

```
html
@if (User.IsInRole("Admin"))
{
    <li class="nav-item">
        <a class="nav-link" href="/Admin/Dashboard">Admin
Panel</a>
    </li>
}
```

Deliverable:

- Screenshot showing different links for Admin users versus regular users.

Admin



Regular User



Part 4: Profile Management Customization

6. Customize Profile Management Pages: IF NEEDED

- Scaffold and customize the **Manage** section under Identity (Account Management).
- Ensure the user can update their profile, change passwords, and manage account settings.
- Add Bootstrap styling to the **Manage** pages and apply consistent UI elements across these pages.

Deliverable:

- Screenshot of the customized **Manage** profile page with a consistent design.

A screenshot of a web browser displaying the 'Manage Account' section of a user profile. The URL in the address bar is 'localhost:5250/identity/Account/Manage'. The top navigation bar includes links for 'Home' and 'Logout'. The main content area shows a 'Profile' section with a sidebar containing 'Email', 'Password', 'Two-factor authentication', and 'Personal data'. A larger 'Profile' form is open, showing fields for 'Username' (set to 'user@gmail.com') and 'Phone number'. A 'Save' button is at the bottom of this form. The footer of the page includes copyright information '© 2026 Record Ramos' and links for 'Privacy'.

A screenshot of a web browser displaying the 'Change password' section of the user profile. The URL in the address bar is 'localhost:5250/identity/Account/Manage/ChangePassword'. The top navigation bar includes links for 'Home' and 'Logout'. The main content area shows a 'Change password' form with a green success message box stating 'Your password has been changed.' Below this, there are fields for 'Current password', 'New password', and 'Confirm new password', each with a corresponding input field. A 'Update password' button is at the bottom of the form. The sidebar on the left contains the same list of profile management options as the previous screenshot. The footer of the page includes copyright information '© 2026 Record Ramos' and links for 'Privacy'.