



Avoid malware evasion during analysis

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Malware Evasion

BluePill



A program analysis technique used to understand the behavior of a binary application at run time through the injection of instrumentation code. Such code executes as part of the normal instruction stream after being injected in the program.

```
counter++;
sub $0xff, %edx
   counter++;
cmp %esi, %edx
   counter++;
ile <L1>
   counter++;
mov $0x1, %edi
   counter++;
add $0x10, %eax
```



DBI Framework



Pin is a software system that performs Dynamic Binary Instrumentation (DBI) of application. It allows a user to place instrumentation for calls to analysis code in arbitrary positions in the executable.



DBI Framework

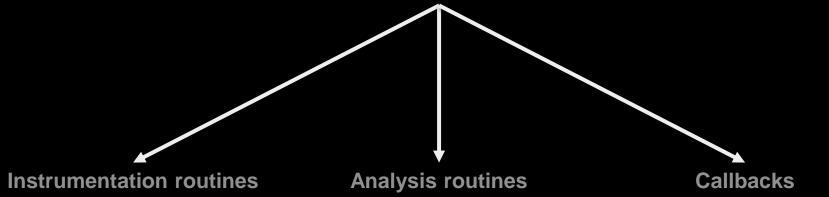
Pin & Pintools:

- Pin The intrumentation engine –> JIT for x86
- PinTool The instrumentation program -> pintool.dll



DBI Framework

PinTools register hooks on events in the program

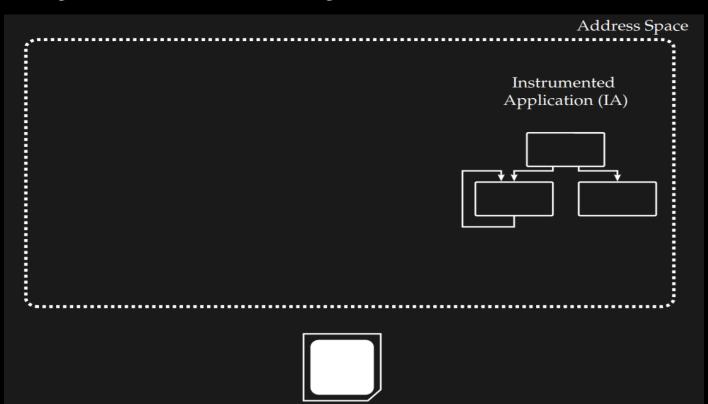


called only on the first time something happens

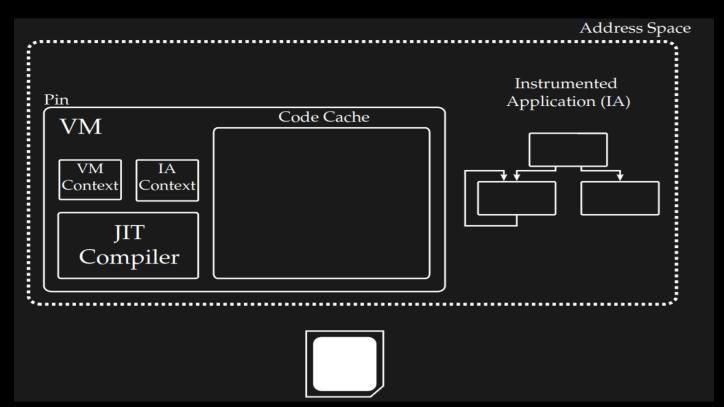
called every time this object is reached

called whenever a certain event happens

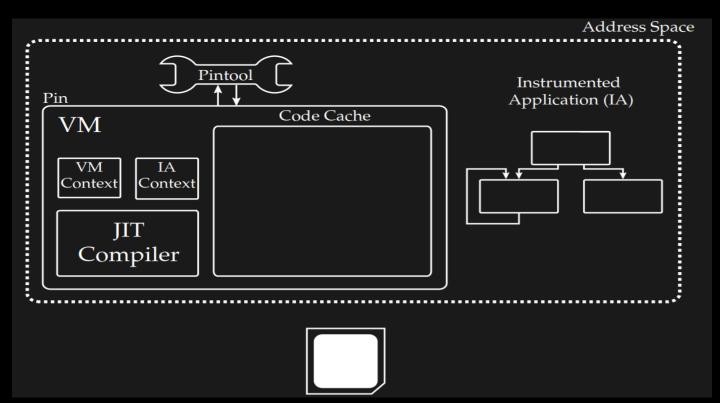




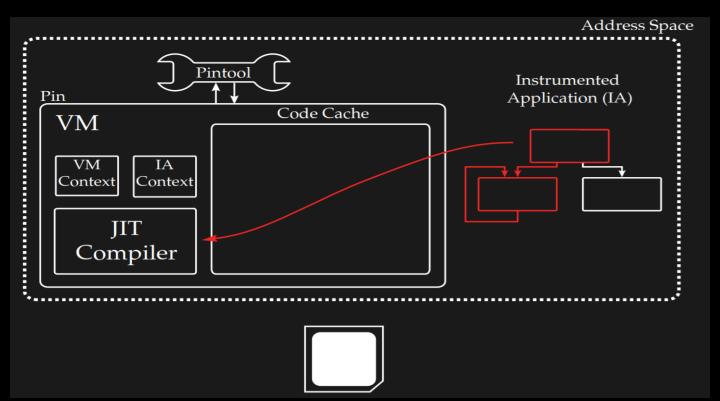




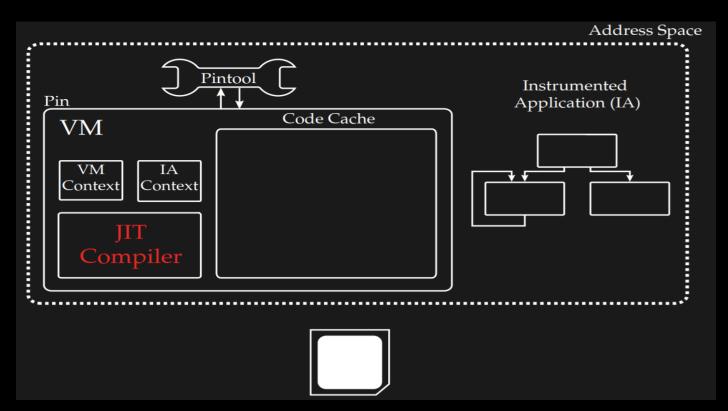




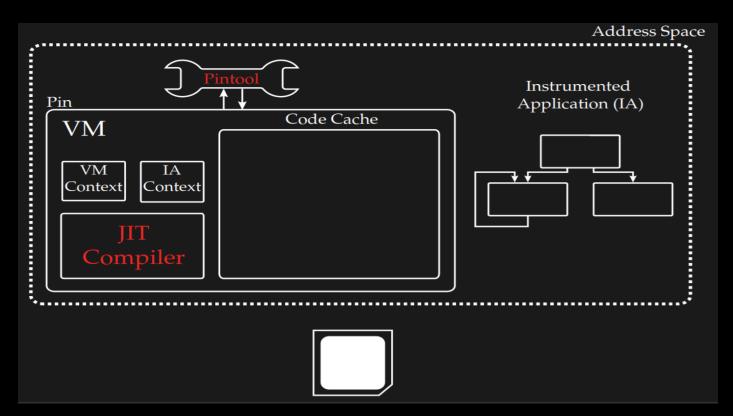




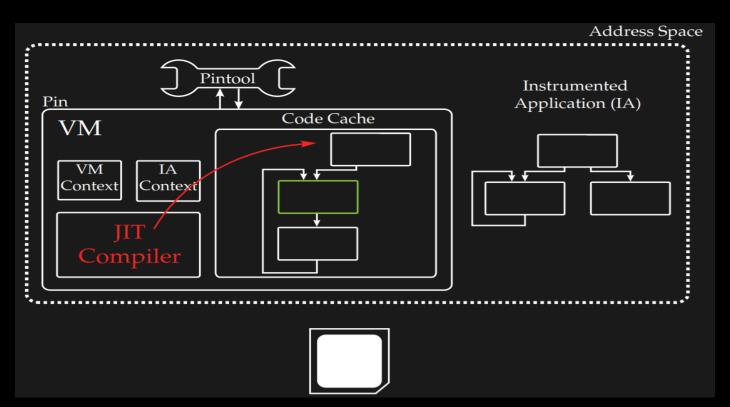




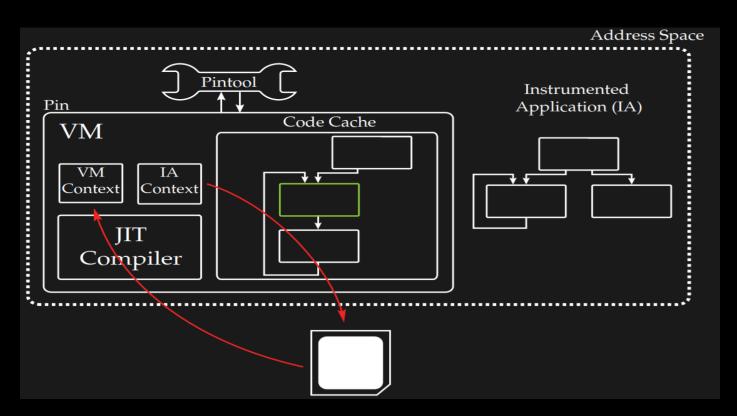




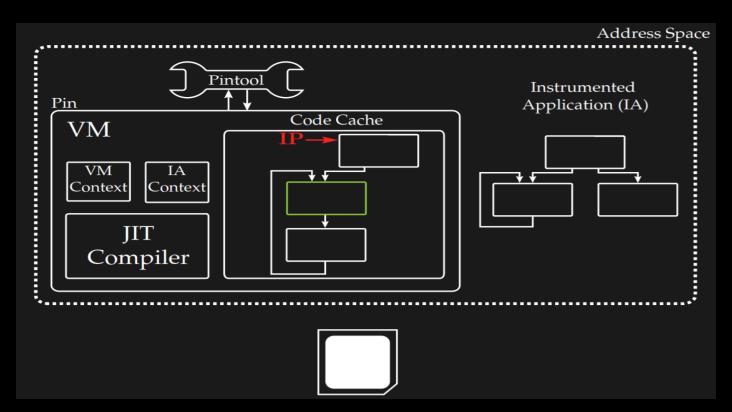




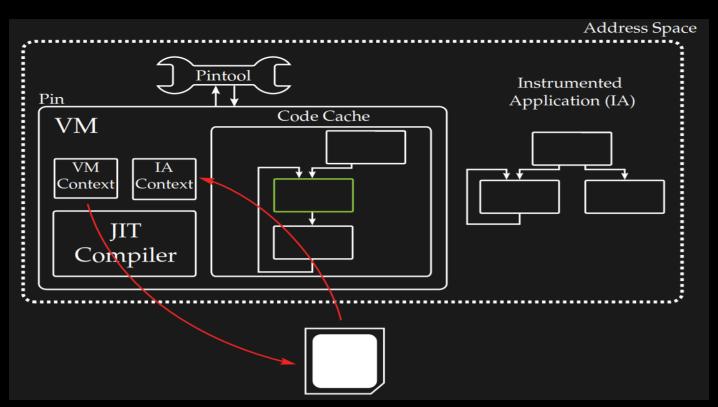














DEMO with code





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SANDBOX

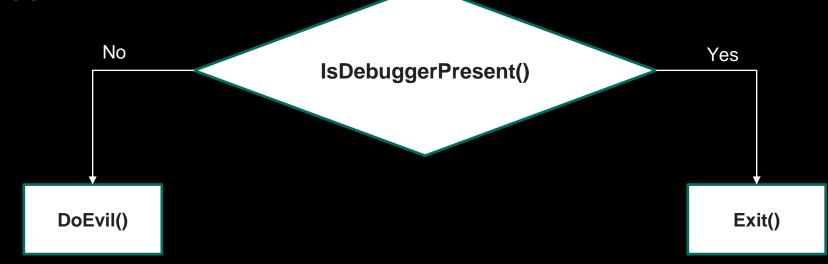
A sandbox is a controlled environment in which analysts can observe the behavior of a malware sample while it is running. These systems are made of virtual machines that can be restored in a fast way after the analysis is complete.

DEBUGGER

A debugger is a computer program used by programmers to test and debug a target program. Debuggers may use instruction-set simulators, rather than running a program directly on the processor to achieve a higher level of control over its execution. This allows debuggers to stop or halt the program according to specific conditions.



In the presence of a hostile environment, malware can change its behavior to try to be categorized as a benign application.





- Anti-debugging attacks
- Anti-injection
- Anti-Dumping
- Timing Attacks [Anti-Sandbox]
- Human Interaction / Generic [Anti-Sandbox]
- Anti-Virtualization / Full-System Emulation
- Anti-Analysis
- 0 ...



DEMO with Al-Khaser



Malware Evasion





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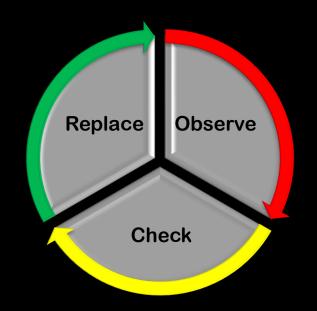
Malware looks for known artifacts of analysis environments

Try to trick a sample by giving it fake responses as if it were in a real environment



BluePill

The process to provide fake responses to malware is based on three steps: Observe, Check and Replace



Observe: monitor all activities (e.g., calls) of running process

Check: analyze input parameters and return values of previously selected actions

Replace: fix "wrong" values with other considered valid (as a real environment would yield)



DEMO with Al-Khaser



DEMO with Furtim



Thank you!

QUESTIONS?



References

USEFUL PAPERS:

Chi-Keung Luk, Robert Cohn, Robert Muth, Harish Patil, Artur Klauser, Geoff Lowney, Steven Wallace, Vijay Janapa Reddi, and Kim Hazelwood. 2005. Pin: building customized program analysis tools with dynamic instrumentation. In Proceedings of the 2005 ACM SIGPLAN conference on Programming language design and implementation (PLDI '05). ACM, New York, NY, USA, 190-200. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1145/1065010.1065034

MORE ABOUT PIN AND EVASIONS

- https://software.intel.com/en-us/articles/pin-a-dynamic-binary-instrumentation-tool
- https://recon.cx/2018/montreal/schedule/events/145.html
- https://github.com/LordNoteworthy/al-khaser
- https://www.sentinelone.com/blog/sfg-furtims-parent/