CS311-Lab4

Josyula V N Taraka Abhishek - 2000
10021

Karthik JP - 200010022

October 2022

1 Data

TEST CASE	Hash of state	Number of instructions	Number of cycles
descending.out	255541867	277	277
evenorodd.out	-224294686	6	6
fibonacci.out	-1518357572	78	78
palindrome.out	155317940	49	49
prime.out	-1414219998	29	29

Table 1: Before Pipeline

TEST CASE	Hash of state	OF stalls	Wrong branch instructions in pipeline	Number of cycles
descending.out	255541867	126	220	658
evenorodd.out	-224294686	10	4	19
fibonacci.out	-1518357572	44	36	157
palindrome.out	155317940	51	18	124
prime.out	-1414219998	19	28	79

Table 2: After Pipeline

TEST CASE	Hash of state	Control Hazards	Data Hazards	Number of cycles	IPC
descending.out	255541867	88	143	11432	0.01469559132260322
evenorodd.out	-224294686	0	3	248	0.020161290322580645
fibonacci.out	-1518357572	16	0	3156	0.019328263624841573
palindrome.out	155317940	7	3	1982	0.020686175580221997
prime.out	-1414219998	5	0	1174	0.013628620102214651

Table 3: Discrete event simulator

2 Observations from data

- 1. The hash of the state remains constant which means functionality does not change.
- 2. The number of cycles required to execute the program increased due to stalls and control hazards.
- 3. We have simulated realistic Memory Access time and realistic Alu result times.