

1. A counter is constructed with three D flip-flop. The input-output pairs are named (D_0, Q_0) , (D_1, Q_1) , and (D_2, Q_2) , where the subscript 0 denotes the least significant bit. The output sequence is desired to be the Gray-code sequence 000,001,011,010,110,110,111,101 and 100, repeating periodically. Note that the bits are listed in the Q_2, Q_1, Q_0 format. The combinational logic expression for D_1 is

(A) $Q_2 Q_1 Q_0$

(B) $Q_2 Q_0 + Q_1 \bar{Q}_0$

(C) $\bar{Q}_2 Q_0 + Q_1 \bar{Q}_0$

(D) $Q_2 Q_1 + \bar{Q}_2 \bar{Q}_1$