Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) Summary for NSL-KDD Dataset

Dataset Overview

Total rows: 125,973Total columns: 43

Structure and Features

- No missing values detected in any of the columns.
- No duplicate rows found.

Feature Types

- · Categorical columns:
- protocol_type : 3 unique values → ['tcp', 'udp', 'icmp']
- service : 70 unique values \rightarrow e.g., 'http', 'smtp', 'ftp_data', 'private', etc.
- flag: 11 unique values → e.g., 'SF', 'S0', 'REJ', 'RSTR', etc.
- **Continuous/numeric columns**: Most of the other features (like src_bytes), dst_bytes duration, etc.) are numeric and show wide range and variance.

Basic Statistics (Selected Observations)

- duration:
- Mean: 287.14, Max: 42908, Std: 2604.5 → highly skewed
- src_bytes , dst_bytes :
- Values range from 0 to 1.3 billion+ → need scaling
- land , urgent , wrong_fragment , hot :
- Many are zero in most cases → possibly low-variance

Class Distribution (label column)

Label	Count
normal	67,343
neptune	41,214
satan	3,633
ipsweep	3,599
portsweep	2,931
smurf	2,646

Label	Count
nmap	1,493
back	956
teardrop	892
warezclient	890
(others)	< 300 each

- Class imbalance is present.
- Majority class is normal followed by neptune.
- Minority classes like perl , spy , phf have fewer than 10 instances.

©Cleanliness Check

• Missing values: None detected

• **Duplicates**: None found

· Ready for preprocessing

Recommendations Before Preprocessing

🕰 1. Encoding

- Encode categorical columns:
- One-hot encoding: protocol_type , flag
- Frequency or grouping: service (too many unique values)

2. Scaling

- Standardize or normalize high-range features:
- src_bytes, dst_bytes, duration

23. Feature Selection

- Consider dropping or analyzing features with:
- Little or no variance
- Redundant or constant values

🕰 4. Class Imbalance Handling

- Use techniques like:
- SMOTE / ADASYN for oversampling
- Class weighting in models
- Stratified train-test splits

Next Steps

- 1. Feature encoding (start with one-hot for protocol_type, flag)
- 2. Normalize selected numeric columns
- 3. Create label maps if needed (e.g., binary classification: normal vs attack)
- 4. Split into train-test sets
- 5. Begin model prototyping (start with a simple one like Logistic Regression)

Document generated based on preliminary EDA performed on the NSL-KDD dataset.