

Winning Space Race with Data Science

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Outline

- Executive Summary
- Introduction
- Methodology
- Results
- Conclusion
- Appendix

Executive Summary

Summary of methodologies

collecting data

Wrangling data

EDA data visualization and sql handling

Building map and dashboard

Predictive analysis

- Summary of all results
 - EDA result
 - Interactive analytics
 - Predictive analytics

Introduction

- Project background and context
 - SpaceX launches
- Problems you want to find answers



Methodology

Executive Summary

- Data collection methodology:
 - Web sc
 - SpaceX rest API
- Perform data wrangling
 - One hot encoding data fields and cleaning data by cleaning null values and irrevalant columns
- Perform exploratory data analysis (EDA) using visualization and SQL
- Perform interactive visual analytics using Folium and Plotly Dash
- Perform predictive analysis using classification models
 - KNN, SVM, DT models

Data Collection

Describe how data sets were collected.

Launch the data which is gathered from SpaceX rest api

API will produce the data about launch history such as used rockets, launch specifications, outcomes

The URL for the api is https://api.spacexdata.com/v4/launches/past

Next data source for falcon 9 launch data is web scraping using beautiful soup

Data Collection - SpaceX API

- Present your data collection with SpaceX REST calls using key phrases and flowcharts
 - Getting response from API ->
 - convert response to json ->
 - apply functions to cleaned data ->
 - Assign dictoneries to data frame ->
 - filter data and export them to flat file
- Add the GitHub URL of the completed SpaceX API calls notebook (must include completed code cell and outcome cell), as an external reference and peer-review purpose
 - https://github.com/Delaxshana/-IBM-data-analyst-capstone-project/blob/main/data%20collection%20using%20url.ipynb

Data Collection - Scraping

- Present your web scraping process using key phrases and flowcharts
 - Getting response from HTML ->
 - Creating beautifulsoap object ->
 - Finding table ->
 - Getting column details ->
 - Appending data to keys ->
 - Dataframe converted to flat file
- Add the GitHub URL of the completed web scraping notebook, as an external reference and peer-review purpose
 - https://github.com/Delaxshana/-IBM-data-analyst-capstone-project/blob/main/data%20collection%20using%20web%20scrapping.ipynb

Data Wrangling

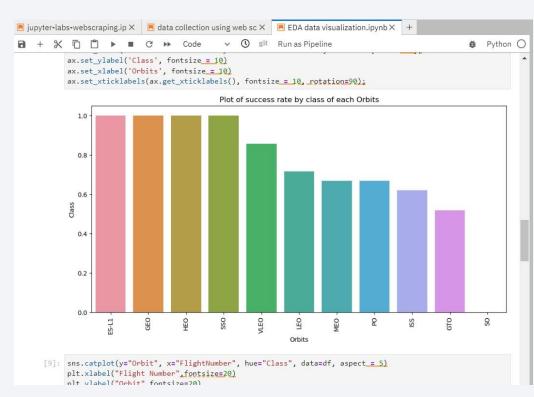
EDA Analysis

- Check null values ->
- calculate the number of launches in each site ->
- Calculate the number and occurance of each orbit >
- Calculate the number and occurance of mission outcome per orbit type ->
- Create a landing outcome label from outcome column >
- Handle null values

https://github.com/Delaxshana/-IBM-data-analyst-capstone-project/blob/main/Data%20Wrangling.ipynb

EDA with Data Visualization





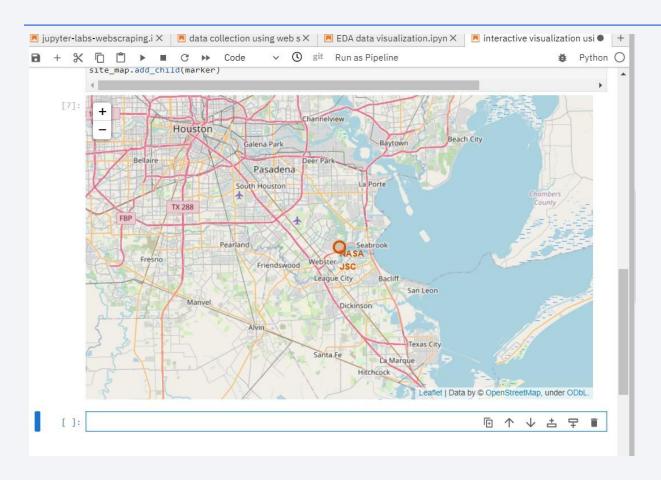
https://github.com/Delaxshana/-IBM-data-analyst-capstone-project/blob/main/EDA%20data%20visualization.ipynb

EDA with **SQL**

Executed the queries to get the response from the database created

- Display the names of the unique launch sites in the space mission
- Display 5 records where launch sites begin with the string 'CCA'
- Display the total payload mass carried by boosters launched by NASA (CRS)
- Display average payload mass carried by booster version F9 v1.1
- List the date when the first successful landing outcome in ground pad was acheived.
- List the total number of successful and failure mission outcomes
- List the failed landing_outcomes in drone ship, their booster versions, and launch site names for in year 2015
- https://github.com/Delaxshana/-IBM-data-analyst-capstone-project/blob/main/EDA%20with%20SQL.ipynb

Build an Interactive Map with Folium



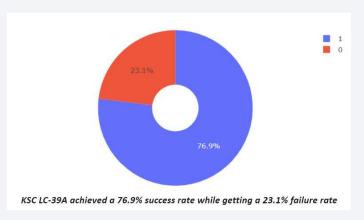
 https://github.com/Delaxshana/-IBM-data-analyst-capstoneproject/blob/main/interactive%20visualization%20using%20foilum.ipynb₁₃

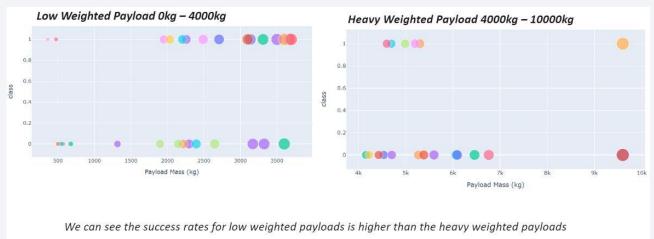
Build a Dashboard with Plotly Dash

- calculated the distances between a launch site to its proximities. We answered some question for instance:
 - Are launch sites near railways, highways and coastlines.
 - Do launch sites keep certain distance away from cities.

https://github.com/Delaxshana/-IBM-data-analyst-capstone-project/blob/main/dashboard%20using%20fplotly.ipynb







Predictive Analysis (Classification)

• https://github.com/Delaxshana/-IBM-data-analyst-capstone-project/blob/main/prediction%20for%20machine%20learning.ipynb

Results

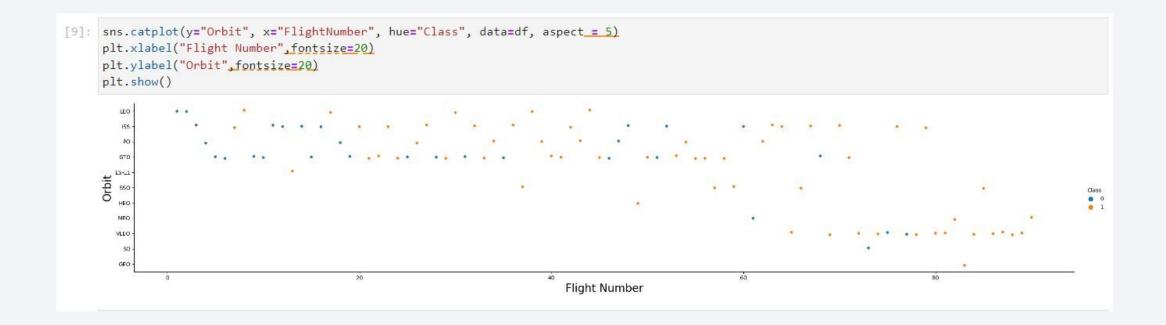
- Exploratory data analysis results
- Interactive analytics demo in screenshots
- Predictive analysis results



Flight Number vs. Launch Site

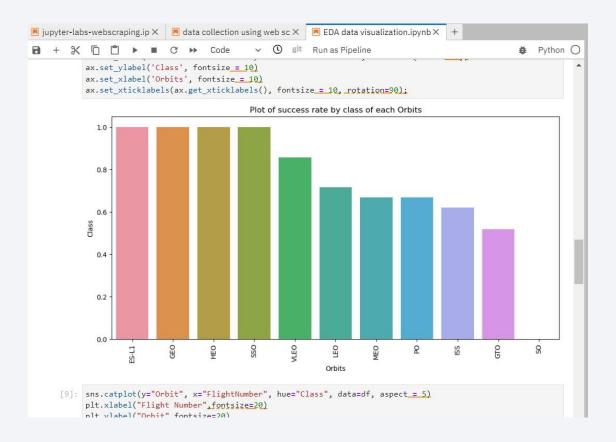


Payload vs. Launch Site



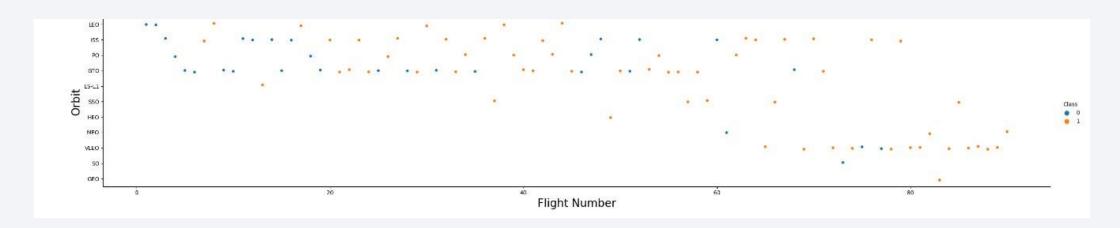
Success Rate vs. Orbit Type

 From the plot, we can see that ES-L1, GEO, HEO, SSO, VLEO had the most success rate and the lease success rate among these types is GTO

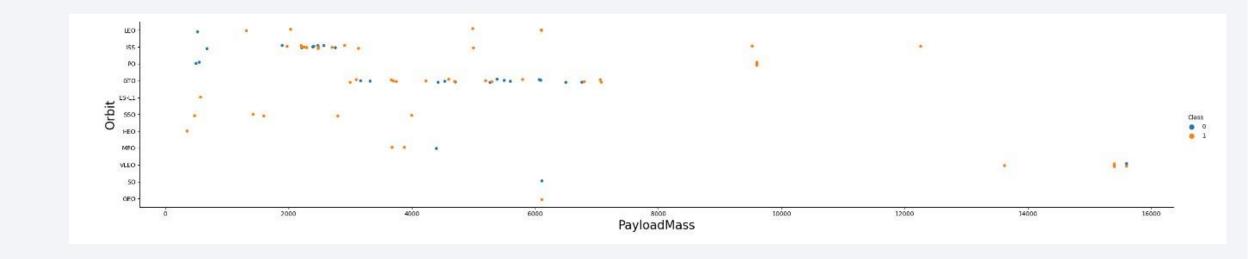


Flight Number vs. Orbit Type

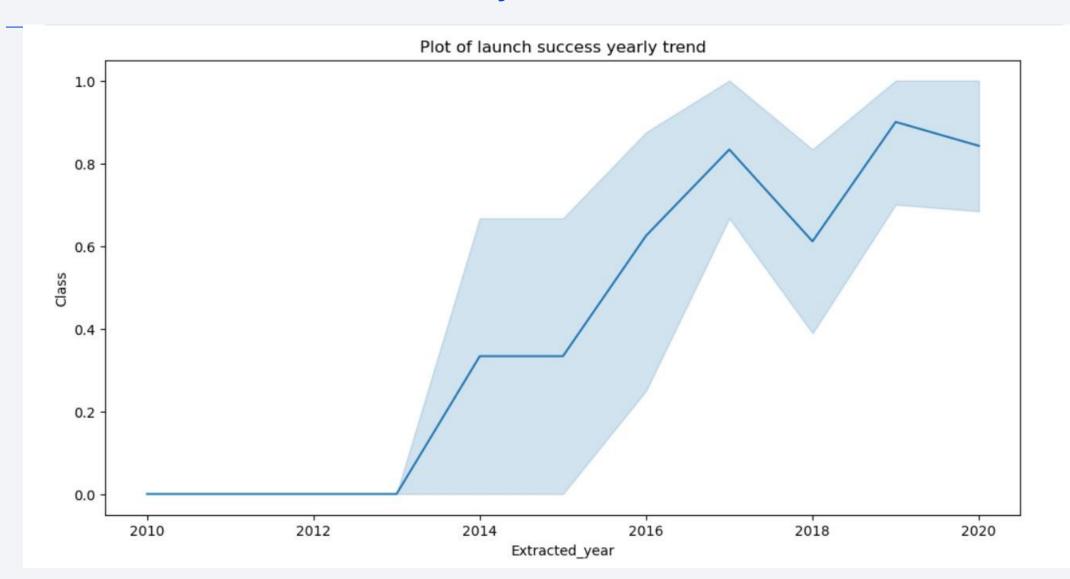
• The plot below shows the Flight Number vs. Orbit type. We observe that in the LEO orbit, success is related to the number of flights whereas in the GTO orbit, there is no relationship between flight number and the orbit.



Payload vs. Orbit Type

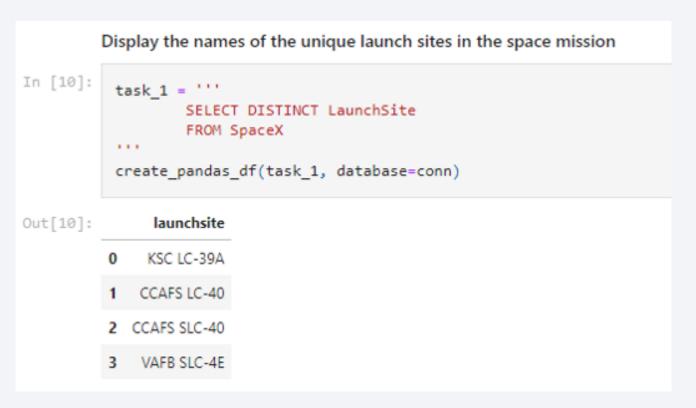


Launch Success Yearly Trend



All Launch Site Names

 We used the key word **DISTINCT** to show only unique launch sites from the SpaceX data.



Launch Site Names Begin with 'CCA'

[11];	La	FRO WHE LIM	ECT * M SpaceX RE Launc IT 5	hSite LIKE 'CC							
t[11]:		date	time	boosterversion	launchsite	payload	payloadmasskg	orbit	customer	missionoutcome	landingoutcom
	0	2010-04- 06	18:45:00	F9 v1.0 B0003	CCAFS LC- 40	Dragon Spacecraft Qualification Unit	0	LEO	SpaceX	Success	Failure (parachute
	1	2010-08- 12	15:43:00	F9 v1.0 B0004	CCAFS LC- 40	Dragon demo flight C1, two CubeSats, barrel of	0	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS) NRO	Success	Failur (parachute
	2	2012-05-	07:44:00	F9 v1.0 B0005	CCAFS LC- 40	Dragon demo flight C2	525	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS)	Success	No attemp
	3	2012-08-	00:35:00	F9 v1.0 B0006	CCAFS LC- 40	SpaceX CRS-1	500	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attemp
	-	10						1.00)			

Total Payload Mass

```
Display the total payload mass carried by boosters launched by NASA (CRS)

In [12]:

task_3 = '''

SELECT SUM(PayloadMassKG) AS Total_PayloadMass
FROM SpaceX
WHERE Customer LIKE 'NASA (CRS)'

'''

create_pandas_df(task_3, database=conn)

Out[12]:

total_payloadmass

0 45596
```

Average Payload Mass by F9 v1.1

- Calculate the average payload mass carried by booster version F9 v1.1
- Present your query result with a short explanation here

```
Display average payload mass carried by booster version F9 v1.1

In [13]:

task_4 = '''

SELECT AVG(PayloadMassKG) AS Avg_PayloadMass
FROM SpaceX
WHERE BoosterVersion = 'F9 v1.1'

'''

create_pandas_df(task_4, database=conn)

Out[13]:

avg_payloadmass

0 2928.4
```

First Successful Ground Landing Date

Successful Drone Ship Landing with Payload between 4000 and 6000

```
In [15]:
          task 6 = '''
                   SELECT BoosterVersion
                   FROM SpaceX
                   WHERE LandingOutcome = 'Success (drone ship)'
                       AND PayloadMassKG > 4000
                       AND PayloadMassKG < 6000
          create_pandas_df(task_6, database=conn)
Out[15]:
            boosterversion
               F9 FT B1022
               F9 FT B1026
              F9 FT B1021.2
              F9 FT B1031.2
```

Total Number of Successful and Failure Mission Outcomes

```
List the total number of successful and failure mission outcomes
In [16]:
          task_7a = '''
                  SELECT COUNT(MissionOutcome) AS SuccessOutcome
                  FROM SpaceX
                  WHERE MissionOutcome LIKE 'Success%'
          task_7b = '''
                  SELECT COUNT(MissionOutcome) AS FailureOutcome
                  FROM SpaceX
                  WHERE MissionOutcome LIKE 'Failure%'
          print('The total number of successful mission outcome is:')
          display(create_pandas_df(task_7a, database=conn))
          print('The total number of failed mission outcome is:')
          create_pandas_df(task_7b, database=conn)
         The total number of successful mission outcome is:
            successoutcome
                      100
         The total number of failed mission outcome is:
Out[16]:
            failureoutcome
```

Boosters Carried Maximum Payload

```
List the names of the booster_versions which have carried the maximum payload mass. Use a subquery
                   SELECT BoosterVersion, PayloadMassKG
                   FROM SpaceX
                   WHERE PayloadMassKG = (
                                             SELECT MAX(PayloadMassKG)
                                             FROM SpaceX
                   ORDER BY BoosterVersion
           create_pandas_df(task_8, database=conn)
Out[17]:
              boosterversion payloadmasskg
              F9 B5 B1048.4
                                    15600
               F9 B5 B1048.5
                                    15600
               F9 B5 B1049.4
                                    15600
           3 F9 B5 B1049.5
                                    15600
              F9 B5 B1049.7
                                    15600
              F9 B5 B1051.3
                                    15600
               F9 B5 B1051.4
                                    15600
           7 F9 B5 B1051.6
                                    15600
               F9 B5 B1056.4
                                    15600
               F9 B5 B1058.3
                                    15600
              F9 B5 B1060.2
                                    15600
          11 F9 B5 B1060.3
                                    15600
```

2015 Launch Records

List the failed landing_outcomes in drone ship, their booster versions, and launch site names for in year 2015

In [18]:

task_9 = '''

SELECT BoosterVersion, LaunchSite, LandingOutcome
FROM SpaceX

WHERE LandingOutcome LIKE 'Failure (drone ship)'

AND Date BETWEEN '2015-01-01' AND '2015-12-31'

create_pandas_df(task_9, database=conn)

Out[18]:

boosterversion launchsite landingoutcome

0 F9 v1.1 B1012 CCAFS LC-40 Failure (drone ship)

1 F9 v1.1 B1015 CCAFS LC-40 Failure (drone ship)

Rank Landing Outcomes Between 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20

 Rank the count of landing outcomes (such as Failure (drone ship) or Success (ground pad)) between the date 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20, in descending order

Present your query result with a short explanation here



<Folium Map Screenshot 1>

Replace <Folium map screenshot 1> title with an appropriate title

 Explore the generated folium map and make a proper screenshot to include all launch sites' location markers on a global map

Explain the important elements and findings on the screenshot

<Folium Map Screenshot 2>

Replace <Folium map screenshot 2> title with an appropriate title

 Explore the folium map and make a proper screenshot to show the colorlabeled launch outcomes on the map

Explain the important elements and findings on the screenshot

<Folium Map Screenshot 3>

Replace <Folium map screenshot 3> title with an appropriate title

 Explore the generated folium map and show the screenshot of a selected launch site to its proximities such as railway, highway, coastline, with distance calculated and displayed

Explain the important elements and findings on the screenshot



<Dashboard Screenshot 1>



< Dashboard Screenshot 3>

Replace <Dashboard screenshot 3> title with an appropriate title

 Show screenshots of Payload vs. Launch Outcome scatter plot for all sites, with different payload selected in the range slider

• Explain the important elements and findings on the screenshot, such as which payload range or booster version have the largest success rate, etc.



Classification Accuracy

```
models = { 'KNeighbors':knn cv.best score ,
               'DecisionTree': tree cv.best score ,
               'LogisticRegression':logreg cv.best score ,
               'SupportVector': svm cv.best score }
 bestalgorithm = max(models, key=models.get)
 print('Best model is', bestalgorithm,'with a score of', models[bestalgorithm])
if bestalgorithm == 'DecisionTree':
     print('Best params is :', tree cv.best params )
if bestalgorithm == 'KNeighbors':
    print('Best params is :', knn cv.best params )
if bestalgorithm == 'LogisticRegression':
     print('Best params is :', logreg cv.best params )
if bestalgorithm == 'SupportVector':
    print('Best params is :', svm_cv.best_params_)
Best model is DecisionTree with a score of 0.8732142857142856
Best params is : {'criterion': 'gini', 'max depth': 6, 'max features': 'auto', 'min samples leaf': 2, 'min samples split': 5, 'splitter': 'random'
```

Conclusions

We can conclude that:

- The larger the flight amount at a launch site, the greater the success rate at a launch site.
- Launch success rate started to increase in 2013 till 2020.
- Orbits ES-L1, GEO, HEO, SSO, VLEO had the most success rate.
- KSC LC-39A had the most successful launches of any sites.
- The Decision tree classifier is the best machine learning algorithm for this task.

Appendix

• Include any relevant assets like Python code snippets, SQL queries, charts, Notebook outputs, or data sets that you may have created during this project

https://github.com/Delaxshana/-IBM-data-analyst-capstone-project

