IODClient Library for iOS – SWIFT Version 1.0

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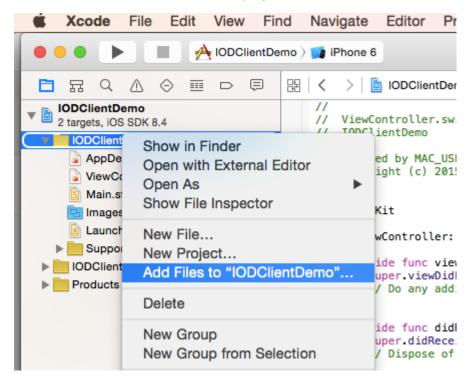
1. Overview

IODClient for iOS - Swift is a utility class, which helps you easily integrate your iOS app with HP IDOL OnDemand Services.

IODClient class exposes source code so you can modify it as you wish.

2. Integrate IODClient into iOS Swift project

- a) Download the IODClient library for iOS.
- b) Create a new or open an existing iOS Swift project
- c) Add the IODClient.swift file to the project.



d) Browse to the folder where you saved the library and select the IODClient.swift file.

3. IODClient API reference

3.1. IODClient(apiKey:String, version:String = "v1");

Description:

Constructor. Creates and initializes an IODClient object

Parameters:

apiKey: your developer apikey.

version: IDOL OnDemand API version. Currently it only supports version 1. Thus, the default value is "v1".

Example code:

```
class MyViewController : UIViewController, IODClientDelegate {
  var iodClient:IODClient = IODClient(apiKey: "your-api-key");

  // implement delegated functions
  func iodClient_requestCompletedWithJobID(response:String) { }
  func iodClient_requestCompletedWithContent(response:String) { }
  func iodClient_onErrorOccurred(errorMessage:String) { }
}
```

3.2. GetRequest(inout params:Dictionary<String, AnyObject>, iodApp:String, requestMode:REQ_MODE = .ASYNC)

Description:

Sends a GET request to an IDOL OnDemand API.

Parameters:

params: a Dictionary object containing key/value pair parameters to be sent to an IDOL OnDemand API, where the keys are the parameters of an IDOL OnDemand API.

Note:

In the case of a parameter type is an array<>, the key must be defined as "arrays" and the value must be a Dictionary<String,String> object with the key is the parameter name and the values separated by commas ",". E.g.:

```
var arrays = Dictionary<String, String>()
arrays["entity_type"] = "people_eng,places_eng"
params["arrays"] = arrays
```

iodApp: a string to identify an IDOL OnDemand API. E.g. "extractentities". Current supported apps are listed in the IODClient.iodApps object.

mode [REQ_MODE.SYNC | REQ_MODE.ASYNC]: specifies API call as Asynchronous or Synchronous.

Return: void.

Example code:

```
var iodApp = iodClient.iodApps.ENTITY_EXTRACTION;
var arrays = Dictionary<String, String>()
arrays["entity_type"] = "people_eng,places_eng"
var params = Dictionary<String, AnyObject>()
params["url"] = http://www.cnn.com
params["arrays"] = arrays
iodClient.GetRequest(&params, iodApp:iodApp, requestMode: IODClient.REQ MODE.SYNC);
```

Response:

- If the mode is "ASYNC", response will be returned via the requestCompletedWithJobID(String response) callback function.
- If the mode is "SYNC", response will be returned via the requestCompletedWithContent(String response) callback function.
- If there is an error occurred, the error message will be sent via the onErrorOccurred(String errorMessage) callback function.
- 3.3. PostRequest(inout params:Dictionary<String, Object>, iodApp:String,
 requestMode:REQ_MODE = .ASYNC)

Description:

Sends a POST request to an IDOL OnDemand API.

Parameters:

params: a Dictionary object containing key/value pair parameters to be sent to an IDOL OnDemand API, where the keys are the parameters of an IDOL OnDemand API.

Note:

In the case of a parameter type is an array<>, the key must be defined as "arrays" and the value must be a Dictionary<String,String> object with the key is the parameter name and the values separated by commas ",". E.g.:

```
var arrays = Dictionary<String, String>()
arrays["entity_type"] = "people_eng,places_eng"
params["arrays"] = arrays
```

iodApp: a string to identify an IDOL OnDemand API. E.g. "ocrdocument". Current supported apps are listed in the IODClient.iodApps object.

mode [REQ_MODE.SYNC | REQ_MODE.ASYNC]: specifies API call as Asynchronous or Synchronous.

Return: void.

Example code:

```
var iodApp = iodClient.iodApps.OCR_DOCUMENT;
var params = Dictionary<String,Object>()
params["file"] = "full/path/filename.jpg"
params["mode"] = "document_photo"
iodClient.PostRequest(&params, iodApp:iodApp, requestMode: IODClient.REQ MODE.ASYNC);
```

Response:

- If the mode is "ASYNC", response will be returned via the requestCompletedWithJobID(String response) callback function.
- If the mode is "SYNC", response will be returned via the requestCompletedWithContent(String response) callback function.
- If there is an error occurred, the error message will be sent via the onErrorOccurred(String errorMessage) callback function.

3.4. GetJobResult(String jobID)

Description:

Sends a request to IDOL OnDemand to retrieve the content identified by the jobID.

Parameter:

jobID: the job ID returned from an IDOL OnDemand API upon an asynchronous call.

Return: void.

Response:

Response will be returned via the requestCompletedWithContent(String response)

Example code:

```
let json = NSJSONSerialization.JSONObjectWithData(data!,
options: nil, error: &jsonError) as! NSDictionary

if let unwrappedError = jsonError {
    println("json error: \( (unwrappedError)") \)
} else {
    var jobId = json.valueForKey("jobID") as! String;
    iodClient.GetJobResult(jobId);
}
```