

WorkSheet3b

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11-22-2022

#1. Create a data frame using the table below.

#a. Write the codes.

```
Respondents <- c(seq(1,20))
```

```
Sex <- c(2,2,1,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,1,2,2,2,2,2,2,1,2)
```

```
FathersOccupation <- c(1,3,3,3,1,2,3,1,1,1,3,2,1,3,3,1,3,1,2,1)
```

```
Personsathome <- c(5,7,3,8,5,9,6,7,8,4,7,5,4,7,8,8,3,11,7,6)
```

```
Siblingsatschool <- c(6,4,4,1,2,1,5,3,1,2,3,2,5,5,2,1,2,5,3,2)
```

```
Typesofhouses <- c(1,2,3,1,1,3,3,1,2,3,2,3,2,2,3,3,3,3,3,2)
```

```
dframe <- data.frame(Respondents,Sex,FathersOccupation,Personsathome,Siblingsatschool,Typesofhouses)
```

#b. Describe the data. Get the structure or the summary of the data

```
summary(dframe)
```

#Output:

# Respondents	Sex	FathersOccupation	Personsathome
#Min. : 1.00	Min. :1.00	Min. :1.00	Min. : 3.0
#1st Qu.: 5.75	1st Qu.:2.00	1st Qu.:1.00	1st Qu.: 5.0
#Median :10.50	Median :2.00	Median :2.00	Median : 7.0
#Mean :10.50	Mean :1.85	Mean :1.95	Mean : 6.4
#3rd Qu.:15.25	3rd Qu.:2.00	3rd Qu.:3.00	3rd Qu.: 8.0
#Max. :20.00	Max. :2.00	Max. :3.00	Max. :11.0

#Siblingsatschool	Typesofhouses
#Min. :1.00	Min. :1.0
#1st Qu.:2.00	1st Qu.:2.0
#Median :2.50	Median :2.5
#Mean :2.95	Mean :2.3
#3rd Qu.:4.25	3rd Qu.:3.0
#Max. :6.00	Max. :3.0

#c. Is the mean number of siblings attending is 5?

#The answer is no

#Output:

#None

#d. Extract the 1st two rows and then all the columns using the subsetting functions.

#Write the codes and its output.

```
c1 <- subset(dframe[1:2, 1:6, drop = FALSE])
```

```
c1
```

#Output:

#Respondents	Sex	FathersOccupation	Personsathome	Siblingsatschool	Typesofhouses	
#1	1	2	1	5	6	1
#2	2	2	3	7	4	2

```

#e. Extract 3rd and 5th row with 2nd and 4th column. Write the codes and its result.
c2 <- subset(dframe[c(3,5),c(2,4)])
c2
#Output:
# Sex Personsathome
#3 1 3
#5 2 5

#f. Select the variable types of houses then store the vector that results as types_houses.
# Write the codes.
c3 <- dframe[c(6)]

type_houses <- c3

#g. Select only all Males respondent that their father occupation was farmer.
Write the codes and its output.
c22 <- subset(dframe[c(3,11),c(2,3)])
c22
#Output:
# Sex FathersOccupation
#3 1 3
#11 1 3

#h. Select only all females respondent that have greater than or equal to 5 number
of siblings attending school. Write the codes and its outputs.
c5 <- subset(dframe[c(1:20), c(2,5)])
girling <- c5[dframe$Siblingsatschool >= 5,]
girling
#Output:
# Sex Siblingsatschool
#1 2 6
#7 2 5
#13 2 5
#14 2 5
#18 2 5

#2. Write a R program to create an empty data frame. Using the following codes:
df = data.frame(Ints=integer(),
                Doubles=double(), Characters=character(),
                Logicals=logical(),
                Factors=factor(),
                stringsAsFactors=FALSE)

print("Structure of the empty dataframe:")
print(str(df))
#a. Describe the results.

#Output:
# 'data.frame': 0 obs. of 5 variables:
# $ Ints : int
# $ Doubles : num
# $ Characters: chr
# $ Logicals : logi
# $ Factors : Factor w/ 0 levels:

```

#NULL

#3. Interpret the graph.