第16周作业

注:本次作业345题答案不唯一。

1

(2)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

(4)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & & \\ 0 & 1 & \ddots & \ddots & \\ -1 & \ddots & 2 & \ddots & -1 \\ & & \ddots & \ddots & 0 \\ & & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

3

(2)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 & -8 \\ 4 & 7 & 4 \\ -8 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

求特征值可得 $\begin{vmatrix} \lambda-1 & -4 & 8 \\ -4 & \lambda-7 & -4 \\ 8 & -4 & \lambda-1 \end{vmatrix} = (\lambda-1)^2(\lambda-7) + 256 - 64(\lambda-7) - 32(\lambda-1) =$

 $\lambda^{3} - 9\lambda^{2} - 81\lambda + 729 = (\lambda - 9)^{2}(\lambda + 9)$

求特征向量得 $x_1 = (1,4,1)^T, x_2 = (1,0,-1)^T, x_3 = (2,-1,2)^T$

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{2}{3} \\ \frac{4}{3\sqrt{2}} & 0 & -\frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix}$$

(4)

$$\begin{pmatrix} & 1 & & \\ 1 & & & \\ & & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

求特征值得
$$(\lambda-1)^2(\lambda+1)^2=0$$

$$x_1 = (1,1,0,0)^T, x_2 = (0,0,-1,1)^T, x_3 = (1,-1,0,0)^T, x_4 = (0,0,1,1)^T$$

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$

4 (2)

$$y_2 = \frac{1}{2}(x_2 + x_3), y_3 = \frac{1}{2}(x_2 - x_3), y_1 = x_1$$

$$Q = y_1^2 + y_2^2 - y_3^2$$

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(3)

5 (2)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$Q = -y_1^2 + y_2^2 + y_3^2$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 \\ & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \\ & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & -1 \\ 1 & \frac{1}{2} & -1 \\ & 1 & \\ & & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$Q = y_1^2 - \frac{1}{4}y_2^2$$

7

$$A^2 = A \rightarrow r(A) + r(I - A) = n$$

设r(A) = r,则r(I - A) = n - r

设A的特征值为 λ ,相应的特征向量为 x,则 $A^2x=\lambda^2x$, $Ax=\lambda x$, $\lambda=0$, Ax=0解空间维数为n-r,(I-A)x=0解空间维数为r

相合标准型为 $diag(I_r, 0)$