

# IT-Security Cryptography and Secure Communications

**Exercise: Classical Encryption Techniques** 

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## Playfair Cipher

Decrypt the ciphertext: XGAWMGAZ. The password is MONARCHY (as used in the slides.)

Solution

w(i/j)nXnerX => winner

### Vigenère Cipher

Let's assume that you got one plaintext / ciphertext pair.

P: secret
C: HSFGSW

1. Can you recover the key?

Solution

The key is: PODPOD.

2. What type of attack were you able to perform?

Solution

A plaintext attack.

## Rail-fence Cipher

Encrypt the message: "i love crypto" with the key/depth 3.

#### Solution

```
P = I L O V E C R Y P T O
1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2

C = I V R T L E Y O O C P
```

### **Row Transposition Cipher**

You received the following message:

#### YSFRITTUNCOSPJU

Additionally, you were able to extract the key except of one value: 4153.

1. How many possible decryptions are possible?

```
Solution
5: 24153, 42153, 41253, 41523, 41532
```

2. Can you decrypt the text?

#### Solution

We have five colums (len of key) and therefore three rows.

Split up in 5 segments of three letter. YSF RIT TUN COS PJU

Write them down in a table:

```
yrtcp => looks like "crypt"
siuoj
ftnsu
```

P = crypto is just fun (space added for readability.)

3. What is the key?

```
Solution

K = 42153
```

# Steganography

Uncover the text hiden in the spam message.

Solution

Success