

LectureDoc2 Cheat Sheet

Information

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Admonitions

Standard reStructuredText admonitions: attention, caution, danger, error, hint, important, note, tip and warning

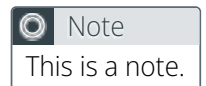
LectureDoc2 specific admonitions: background, definition, proof, theorem, lemma, conclusion, observation, remark, summary, legend, repetition, question, answer, remember, deprecated, assessment, and example.


<div>Generic Admonition with Custom Title</div> <div>This is a generic admonition.</div>	<div> Background</div> <div>This is a background admonition.</div>	<div> Summary</div> <div>This is a summary admonition.</div>
<div> Attention!</div> <div>This is an attention admonition.</div>	<div> Definition</div> <div>This is a definition admonition.</div>	<div> Legend</div> <div>This is a legend admonition.</div>
<div>Caution!</div> <div>This is a caution admonition.</div>	<div> Proof</div> <div>This is a proof admonition. ■</div>	<div> Repetition</div> <div>This is a repetition admonition.</div>
<div> !DANGER!</div> <div>This is a danger admonition.</div>	<div> Theorem</div> <div>This is a theorem admonition.</div>	<div> Question</div> <div>This is a question admonition.</div>
<div>Error</div> <div>This is an error admonition.</div>	<div>Lemma</div> <div>This is a lemma admonition.</div>	<div> Answer</div> <div>This is an answer admonition.</div>
<div> Hint</div> <div>This is a hint admonition.</div>	<div> Conclusion</div> <div>This is a conclusion admonition.</div>	<div> Remember</div> <div>This is a remember admonition.</div>
<div> Important</div> <div>This is an important admonition.</div>	<div> Observation</div> <div>This is an observation admonition.</div>	<div>Deprecated</div> <div>This is a deprecated admonition.</div>
<div> Tip</div> <div>This is a tip admonition.</div>	<div> Remark</div> <div>This is a remark admonition.</div>	<div> Assessment</div> <div>This is an assessment admonition.</div>
<div> Warning</div> <div>This is a warning admonition.</div>	<div> Example</div> <div>This is an example admonition.</div>	

Support for Notes


Text above the note.

Notes are floated to the right w.r.t. the content that follows the note.



 Tip

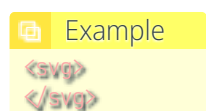
This tip is shown below the **note** because the class `clear-float` is used to *clear the float* of the note.

 Example

```
1 .. note::
2     This is a note.
3
4 .. tip::
5     :class: clear-both
6
7     This tip is shown ..
```

SVGs

SVGs can easily be embedded and animated.



Vertical Titles

Add the class `vertical-title` to rotate the title and to change the layout of the slide to a column-based layout. To get back to a row based layout add a container with the class `width-100`.

```
.. class:: vertical-title
```

```
<Slide Title>
```

```
.. container:: width-100
```

```
<Row based content layout.>
```

Slide Tweaks

Slide without Title

To hide the title of a slide assign the class `no-title`.

Vertically Centered Content

Use the class `center-content`.

```
.. class:: center-content
           no-title
```

```
Hidden on the slide!
```

```
<Slide Content>
```

Sections and Subsections

Create a slide that marks the beginning of a new section or subsection by adding the class `new-section` or `new-subsection` to the slide.

Exercises and Solutions

Associate the class `exercises` with a slide to indicate that the slide contains an exercise.

Use the directive `.. exercise::` to add an exercise. To add a solution use the custom directive `.. solution::` inside of an exercise block and specify the password (optional) using the attribute `:pwd:`.

Example (Solution in supplemental information)

```
.. exercise:: <Title>

    <Description of the exercise.>

.. solution:: <Title>
    :pwd: 1234

    <Solution>
```

You can configure a master-password using meta information:

```
.. meta::
    :master-password: <Master-password>
```

Table of Contents

A navigable table of contents can be created using standard `rst` techniques.

Example

```
Table of Contents
-----

- `Section 1 Title`_
- `Subsection 1.1 Title`_
```

Footnotes

[#] _ and `.. [#]` create footnotes.

```
Test\ [#]_
-----
```

```
.. [#] `test.org`
```

Explicit Footers

A container with the class `footer-left`, `footer-right` or `block-footer`.

References

Use standard `rst` references.

Example

```
...
Like described in [Eic24]_ ...
...
```

```
References
-----
```

```
.. [Eic24] LectureDoc2; 2024
```

Copy to Clipboard

Add `copy-to-clipboard` to a code block to enable copying code to the clipboard.

Example

```
.. code:: java
    :class: copy-to-clipboard

    public static void main(...)
```

Fade-out Content

Add the class `fade-out` to a container to whiten the content.

Supplemental Information

Use the directive `supplemental` for respective information.

Example

```
.. supplemental::
```

<Text>

Text Alignment

Control text alignment: `text-align-[left|center|right]`

Images

Adding a drop-shadow and rounded corners: `picture`.

Tables

The layout can be adapted using: `compact`, `compact-cells`, `no-table-borders`, `no-inner-borders`, `no-column-borders`, `fake-header[-2nd]-row` and `fake-header[-2nd]-column`.

Animation

`incremental` (and `wobble`).

`highlight-line-on-hover` (always usable), `highlight-on-hover` (explicit column or row headers are not supported) or `highlight-identical-cells`

Lists

- `list-with-explanations` renders text paragraphs of list items less pronounced.

(As shown here.)

- Use `impressive` to make the list more impressive:

- Add `negative-list` to use "❗" for bullet points.

- Add `positive-list` to use "✔" for bullet points.

Example

- Point 1

```
.. class:: negative-list list-with-explanations
```

- Point 2

Some on-slide explanation.

```
.. class:: positive-list
```

- Point 3

Decorations

`line-above` draws a horizontal lines.

`box-shadow` adds a shadow.

`rounded-corners` the corners will be rounded.

Example

```
.. container:: margin-top-1em
               line-above
               padding-top-1em
               box-shadow
```

Text

Font Styling

"rem" based relative sizes: `xx1`, `huge`, `large`, `small`, `footnotesize`, `scriptsize`, `tiny`, `x-tiny`, `xx-tiny`

"em" based relative sizes: `larger`, `smaller`, `far-smaller`

Font weight: bold, light, thin

Font family: monospaced, serif

Font style: italic

Slide Transitions

Available slide transitions: transition-move-left, transition-scale, transition-fade, transition-move-to-top

Example

```
.. class:: transition-move-left
```

```
<Slide Title>  
-----
```

Revealing Slide Content

All elements with the class incremental are revealed incrementally.

Example

```
.. class:: incremental
```

```
- Item 1 - Part 1  
  :incremental: `Item 1 - Part 2`  
- Item 2
```

Column-based Layouts

Use two-columns and three-columns for respective layouts.

Example

```
.. container:: two-columns
```

```
.. container:: column no-separator
```

```
<Column 1>
```

```
.. container:: column
```

```
<Column 2>
```

Add no-default-width to the root container for content based column widths. Use class no-separator on the left column to remove the separator.

Stacked Layouts

Stacked layouts are based on nested layers. Each layer - except of the first one - needs to have the class incremental and/or the class overlay for transparent layers. (Up to 10 layers are supported.) To turn off the numbering of opaque layers use .no-number.

Images in Stacked Layouts

To avoid that a parent element of a floating element is collapsed add the class clearfix to the parent element; i.e., when a layer just contains a floating image.

Example

```
.. deck::
```

```
.. card:: clearfix
```

```
.. image:: <p1.svg>  
  :align: left
```

```
.. card:: overlay
```

```
.. image:: <p2.svg>
```

```
.. card:: warning
```

```
<Content>
```

Semantic-based Text Markup

`peripheral`: for less important text. `obsolete`: for obsolete statements. `ger`: to markup German Words. `eng`: to markup English words.

Box sizes

Use `width-100%` and `width-75%` to control the width of a container.

Colors (roles)

Font Colors

`red`, `gray`, `light-gray`, `blue`, `green`, `orange`, `black`, `shiny-green`, `shiny-red`, `dark-red`

Background Colors

`red-background`, `dhbw-gray-background`, `dhbw-light-gray-background`, `white-background`, `blue-background`, `light-green-background`, `green-background`, `yellow-background`

Example

```
:dhbw-red: Red Text.
```

Fine-grained Control (Try to avoid!)

`margin-none`, `margin-0-5em`, `margin-1em`, `margin-top-1em`, `margin-top-2em`, `margin-bottom-1em`, `margin-bottom-2em`, `margin-right-1em`, `margin-left-1em`, `padding-none`, `padding-0-5em`, `padding-1em`, `padding-top-1em`, `padding-top-2em`

Hiding slides (⚠️ `rst2ld` only)

Use `hide-slide` to exempt it from slide generation.

Example

```
.. class:: hide-slide
```

```
<Hidden Slide >  
-----
```

Configuration

LectureDoc meta information:

`id` The unique identifier for the slide set. Required to store the current state of the presentation.

`slide-dimensions` the slides dimension (default: "1920x1200").

`first-slide` Determines the first slide that is shown (e.g., `<Slide Number>` or "last-viewed").

Example

```
.. meta::  
:id: <unique id>  
:slide-dimensions: 2560x1440  
:first-slide: last-viewed
```

Cheat Sheets with LD²

A cheat-sheet is a slide with the class `cheat-sheet-8-columns`.

Template

```
.. class:: cheat-sheet-8-columns
```

```
<Title>  
-----
```

```
.. container:: cheat-sheet-block
```

```
.. rubric:: <TOPIC>
```

```
.. rubric:: <SUB-TOPIC>
```

Useful Role and Substitution Definitions

Template

```
.. role:: incremental
.. role:: eng
.. role:: ger
.. role:: peripheral
.. role:: obsolete
.. role:: red
.. role:: gray
.. role:: light-gray
.. role:: blue
.. role:: green
.. role:: orange
.. role:: shiny-green
.. role:: shiny-red
.. role:: dark-red
.. role:: black

.. role:: raw-html(raw)
   :format: html
```

Links

[DocUtils \(rst reStructuredText\)](#)

[Example Slide Sets](#)

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