2022/2023(1) IF184504 Web Programming

Lecture #3

PHP Basic

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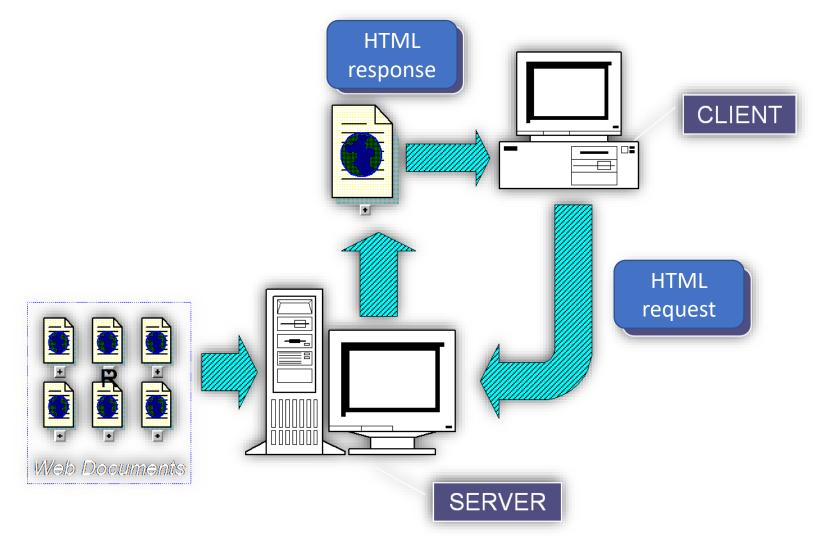
PHP basic

- PHP → Personal Home Page
- PHP: Hypertext Preprocessor

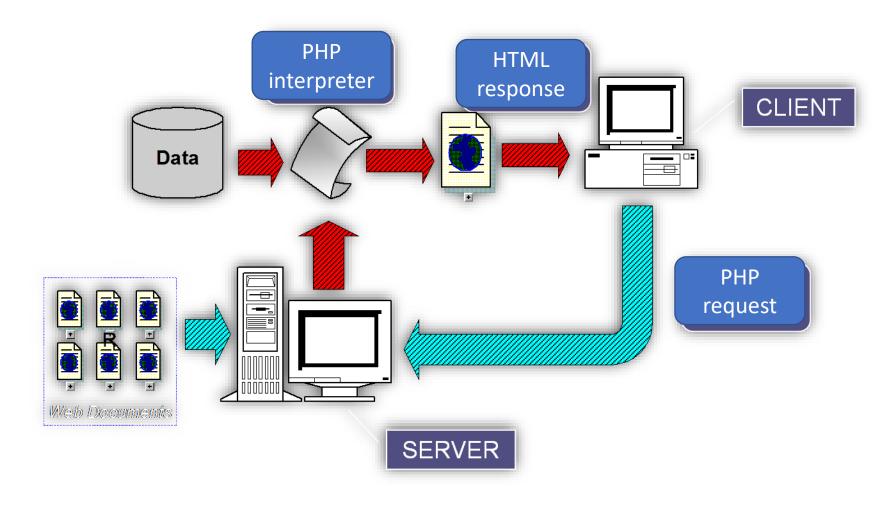
Server Side Scripting (SSS)

- ASP (Active Server Page) and ASP.NET → www.asp.net & dotnet.microsoft.com/apps/aspnet
- ColdFusion → www.adobe.com/products/coldfusion-family.html
- Java Server Pages → Jakarta Server Pages → projects.eclipse.org/projects/ee4j.jsp
- Perl → perl.org
- Python → python.org
- PHP → php.net

Static web architecture



PHP (web) application architecture



Web server & SSS installation

- Separated installation → PHP, Apache, MySQL
- Joined installation
 - XAMPP → <u>apachefriends.org</u> → will be used for now!
 - AppServ
 - WAMP
 - FoxServ
 - PHPTriad

PHP

- What is that?
 - PHP → Personal Home Page
 - PHP: Hypertext Preprocessor

PHP: the preparation

- Basic computer understanding
 - File, directory, creating file, etc.
- Ability for using text editor
 - Notepad, Notepad++, Sublime Text, DreamWeaver, Crimson Ed, vi, etc.
- Web Server for PHP has been installed
 - Apache Web Server, XAMPP, etc.
- Ability for using web browser
 - Chrome, IE, Edge, Firefox, etc.

PHP: the preparation (continued)

- Basic HTML (lecture #2)
- Googling ability

PHP

- Recursive abbreviation of
 - PHP: Hypertext Preprocessor
- Rasmus Lerdorf: the co-author
 - Originally created in 1994
 - A group of developers including Jim Winstead (who later created blo.gs), Stig Bakken, Shane Caraveo, Andi Gutmans, and Zeev Suraski.
- Each statement ended by semicolon ";"
- Case sensitive for the user identifiers (identifier made by user), e.g., variable, constant, function, etc.
- Case insensitive for PHP built-in identifiers

Rasmus Lerdorf: the PHP co-author

• en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rasmus Lerdorf



PHP: the script writing

Need to be surrounded by

```
<? and ?> OR
<?php and ?> OR
<script language = "php"> and </script> OR
<% and %>
```

Hello World: the program

```
File Edit Format View Help
                                                  <html>
                                                          <body>
                                                                   <?php
<html>
                                                                           echo "Hello World!";
                                                                   ?>
         <body>
                                                          </body>
                                                  </html>
                  <?php
                          echo "Hello World!";
                  ?>
                                                                 localhost/webpro/c3p12_hello_w X
                                                                        i localhost/webpro/c3p... ☆
                                                                                         6
        </body>
                                                                Hello World!
</html>
```

c3p12_hello_world.php - Notepad

 \times

Variable

- Saving a value, data or information
- Variable name
 - Started by \$
 - Then the next character can be letter, number and any allowed character (ASCII 127-255)
- Unlimited length
- Case sensitive
- No need to be declared first
- Space is not allowed

PHP data type

- Scalar types
 - Boolean
 - Integer
 - Float
 - String
- Compound types
 - Array
 - Object
- Special types
 - Resource
 - NULL

Operators

- Arithmetic → +, -, *, /, %, ** (exponentiation)
- Assignment \rightarrow =
- Comparison \rightarrow ==, ===, !=, <>, !==, >, <, >=, <=, <=>
 - === (identical), true if they are equal and of the same type)
 - !== (not identical)
 - <=> (spaceship), \$x <=> \$y, returns an integer less than, equal to, or greater than zero, depending on if \$x is less than, equal to, or greater than \$y; introduced in PHP 7
- Increment/decrement → ++, -- (pre & post)
- Logical → and, &&, or, ||, xor, !

Operators (continued)

- String → . (concatenation), .= (concatenation assignment)
 - \$txt1 . \$txt2 → Concatenation of \$txt1 and \$txt2
 - \$txt1 .= \$txt2 → Appends \$txt2 to \$txt1
- Array → + (union), ==, === (identity), !=, <> (inequality), !== (non-identity)
- Conditional assignment → ?: (ternary), ?? (null coalescing)
 - \$x = expr1 ?? expr2
 - Returns the value of \$x.
 - The value of \$x is expr1 if expr1 exists, and is not NULL. If expr1 does not exist, or is NULL, the value of \$x is expr2. Introduced in PHP 7

Comment

```
/* ... */
//
#
```

Selection → branching

Conditional statement

```
if
```

```
if (condition) {
    statement;
if (\$ age >= 17) {
    echo "Eligible to apply a driving license!";
```

if ... else

```
if (condition) {
     statement-for-the-true-condition;
} else {
     statement-for-the-false-condition;
if (\$age >= 17) {
     echo "Eligible to apply a driving license!";
} else {
     echo "Sit in the back seat, please!";
```

?: → ternary

```
$var = (condition) ? true : false;
```

```
$status = ($age >= 17) ? "Eligible to apply a
driving license!" : "Sit in the back seat,
please!";
```

if ... endif

```
if (condition):
     statement-for-the-true-condition;
endif;
if (\$age >= 17):
    echo "Eligible to apply a driving license!";
endif;
```

switch ... case

```
switch ($var) {
     case 1: statement-1; break;
     case 2: statement-2; break;
switch ($ron) {
     case 88: echo "Premium"; break;
     case 90: echo "Pertalite"; break;
     case 92: echo "Pertamax"; break;
     case 98: echo "Pertamax Turbo"; break;
```

Repetition \rightarrow looping

Looping statement

for

```
for (init counter; test counter; increment) {
    code to be executed for each iteration;
}

for ($i = 1; $i <= 7; $i++) {
    echo $i;
}</pre>
```

while

```
initialisation;
while (condition) {
     statement-to-be-repeated;
     increment;
$i = 0;
while ($i <= 7) {
     echo $i;
     $i = $i + 1;
```

do ... while

```
initialisation;
do {
     statement-to-be-repeated;
     increment;
} while (condition)
$i = 0;
do {
     echo $i;
     $i = $i + 1;
\} while ($i <= 7);
```

foreach

```
foreach (array as $var) {
    statement-to-be-repeated;
}

foreach ($_POST as $myInput) {
    echo $myInput;
}
```

break & continue

- break → exits/ends a loop completely
- continue

 shortcuts the current iteration & moves on to the next iteration

```
for ($i = 0; $i <= 10; $i++)  {
         if ($i == 3)
                                            <html>
                                               <body>
                                                  <?php
                  continue;
                                                     for (\$i = 0; \$i <= 10; \$i++) {
                                                        if ($i == 3) {
         if ($i == 7)
                                                           continue;
                  break;
                                                        if ($i == 7) {
                                                           break;

    □ localhost/webpro/c3p30_continu x

         echo "$i ";
                                                        echo "$i ";
                                                                              i) localhost/webpro/c3p... ☆
                                        11
                                        12
                                                                     012456
                                        13
                                                  5>
                                               </body>
                                            </html>
```

Form handling

• I/O

Input form: the component

- <FORM> → tag
- <ACTION> → attribute
- <METHOD> → attribute
- Submit BUTTON

Input form: the field

- Text
- Password
- Radio button
- Checkbox
- Combo box
- Text area

<FORM> tag

- Define an input as a whole
- Multiple <FORM> are allowed in a page
- Many input fields are allowed in a <FORM> tag

<ACTION> attribute

- Inside a <FORM> tag
- Define in which page an input form will be processed
- Can be filled by a particular page, e.g., my_page.php, or an empty one ("")

<METHOD> attribute

- Inside a <FORM> tag
- Define in how an input form will be processed
- It has 2 methods
 - POST
 - GET

Submit BUTTON

- A trigger that a <FORM> will be processed
- Can be a button or any HTML component which is functioned as a button

PHP form: the handling

- \$_POST → for a form whose POST method
- \$_GET → for a form whose GET method or for obtaining a variable from a URL
- \$_REQUEST \rightarrow for a form whose POST or GET methods

Array

- An ordered map
- A special variable → hold more than one value a time

Array: the explanation

- A structured data type → save the different types of data
- Element of array → building block of an array
- Array index

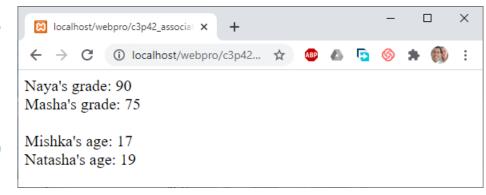
 can be Integer or String

Array: declaration & printing

```
<html>
        <body>
             <?php
                 $tropical fruits = array("durian", "mango", "mangosteen", "pineapple");
                 echo $tropical fruits[0]; echo "<br>"; // durian
                 echo $tropical fruits[2]; echo "<br>"; // mangosteen
                 echo $tropical fruits[3]; echo "<br>"; // pineapple
                 echo "<br>";
                 $myColour = array();
10
                 $myColour[] = "red"; // index 0
                                                                                                                        11
                 $myColour[] = "green"; // index 1
                                                                      Iocalhost/webpro/c3p41_array.ph X
                 $myColour[] = "blue"; // index 2
12
                                                                                (i) localhost/webpro/c3p41... ☆
                 echo $myColour[0]; echo "<br>"; // red
13
14
                 echo $myColour[1]; echo "<br>"; // green
                                                                    durian
15
                 echo $myColour[2]; echo "<br>"; // blue
                                                                    mangosteen
16
             ?>
                                                                    pineapple
17
        </body>
    </html>
                                                                    red
                                                                    green
                                                                    blue
```

Associative array: unordered index

```
<html>
         <body>
2
             <?php
                 // Associative array -> unordered index
                 $grade = array("Yarik" => 80,
                     "Naya" \Rightarrow 90,
                     "Masha" => 75,
                     "Ivan" => 85);
 8
                 echo "Naya's grade: "; echo $grade['Naya']; echo "<br>"; // 90
                 echo "Masha's grade: "; echo $grade['Masha']; echo "<br>'; // 75
10
                 echo "<br>";
11
12
                 $age = array();
13
                 $age["Sergei"] = 18;
14
                 $age["Mishka"] = 17;
                 $age["Natasha"] = 19;
15
                 echo "Mishka's age: "; echo $age['Mishka']; echo "<br>"; // 17
16
17
                 echo "Natasha's age: "; echo $age['Natasha']; echo "<br>"; // 19
18
             3>
19
         </body>
    </html>
```



Array printing: by using for & foreach

```
    localhost/webpro/c3p43_for_fore x +

    khtml>
         <body>
                                                                                                   ① localhost/webpro/c3p43_f...
 3
              <?php
                                                                                       Printing the content of array by using FOR.
                  $colour = array();
                                                                                       Do you like red?
                  $colour[] = "red";
                                                                                       Do you like green?
                  $colour[] = "green";
                                                                                       Do you like blue?
                  $colour[] = "blue";
                  echo "Printing the content of array by using FOR. <br/> ';
                  FOR ($i = 0; $i < count($colour); $i++) {}
                                                                                       Printing the content of array by using FOREACH.
10
                      echo "Do you like <font color = $colour[$i]>";
                                                                                       Do you like red?
11
                      echo $colour[$i] ."</font>? <br>";
                                                                                       Do you like green?
12
                                                                                       Do you like blue?
                  echo "<br>";
13
                  echo "Printing the content of array by using FOREACH. <br>";
14
15
                  FOREACH ($colour as $clr) {
                      echo "Do you like <font color = $clr>" .$clr ."</font> ?<br>";
16
17
18
             ?>
19
         </body>
    </html>
```

Array printing: while, list & each

```
    □ localhost/webpro/c3p44_foreach x

                                                                                                 ① localhost/webpro/c3p44_for... ☆
    <html>
         <body>
                                                                                      Printing the content of array by using FOREACH
             <?php
                                                                                      Grade of Yarik = 80
                  // Associative array -> unordered index
                                                                                      Grade of Naya = 90
                  $grade = array("Yarik" => 80,
                                                                                      Grade of Masha = 75
                       "Naya" \Rightarrow 90,
                                                                                      Grade of Ivan = 85
                      "Masha" => 75,
8
                      "Ivan" => 85);
                                                                                      Printing the content of array by using WHILE, LIST & EACH
                  echo "Printing the content of array by using FOREACH <br>";
9
                                                                                      Grade of Yarik = 80
10
                  FOREACH ($grade as $name => $grd) {
                                                                                      Grade of Nava = 90
                      echo "Grade of $name = $grd<br>";
11
                                                                                      Grade of Masha = 75
12
                                                                                      Grade of Ivan = 85
13
                  reset($grade);
14
                  echo "<br>";
                  echo "Printing the content of array by using WHILE, LIST & EACH<br/>tr>";
15
                  WHILE (LIST($name, $grd) = EACH($grade)) {
16
                      echo "Grade of $name = $grd<br>";
17
18
19
             ?>
20
         </body>
21
    </html>
```

• The each() function is deprecated in PHP 7.2

×

Array structure: printing

```
<html>
 2
         <body>
             <?php
                 // Print out the array's structure
 4
                 $colour = array("red", "blue", "green");
                 $age = array("Sergei" => 18,
                     "Mishka" => 17,
                     "Natasha" => 19);
 8
                 echo "";
                                                                                                      localhost/webpro/c3p46_array_st X
                 print r($colour);
10
                 echo "<br>";
11
                                                                  (i) localhost/webpro/c3p...
12
                 print_r($age);
13
                 echo "";
                                                      Array
14
             ?>
15
                                                           [0] => red
         </body>
                                                           [1] => blue
   </html>
                                                           [2] => green
                                                       Array
                                                           [Sergei] => 18
                                                           [Mishka] => 17
                                                           [Natasha] => 19
```

Array: sorting function

```
<html>
2
        <body>
3
            <?php
                // Sorting array
                $grade = array("Yarik" => 80,
                    "Naya" => 90,
                    "Masha" => 75,
8
                    "Ivan" => 85,
9
                    "Sasha" => 65);
10
                echo "<b>The array before sorting</b>";
11
                echo "";
12
                print r($grade);
                echo "";
13
14
                // Sort
15
                sort($grade);
                // Reset
16
                reset($grade);
17
                echo "<b>The array after sorting by sort()</b>";
18
19
                echo "";
20
                print_r($grade);
21
                echo "";
22
                // Reverse Sorting
23
                rsort($grade);
24
                // Reset
                reset($grade);
25
                echo "<b>The array after sorting by rsort()</b>";
26
27
                echo "";
                print_r($grade);
28
29
                echo "";
30
            ?>
        </body>
                                                                ning
    </html>
```

```
\times
 localhost/webpro/c3p46_sorting_ X
             (i) localhost/webpro/c3p46...
The array before sorting
Array
     [Yarik] => 80
     [Naya] => 90
     [Masha] \Rightarrow 75
     [Ivan] \Rightarrow 85
     [Sasha] \Rightarrow 65
The array after sorting by sort()
Array
     [0] => 65
         => 75
         => 80
     [31 => 85]
     [4] => 90
The array after sorting by rsort()
Array
     [0]
         => 90
     [1] => 85
     [2] => 80
     [3] => 75
     [4] => 65
```

Function

• Procedure → function without return

Function: without & with parameter

```
26
                                                                                   $a = 5;
                                                                                   $b = 70;
                                                                 28
                                                                                   echo "Call the function print odd() from $a to $b<br>";
    <html>
1
                                                                                   print odd2($a, $b);
                                                                29
         <body>
                                                                                   echo "<br>";
             <?php
                                                                                   echo "<br>":
                  // Function: no parameter
                                                                                   // Function: with the return
                  function print odd() {
                                                                                   function circleArea($radius) {
                                                                33
                      for (\$i = 0; \$i < 100; \$i++) {
 6
                                                                34
                                                                                       return 3.14 * $radius * $radius;
                           if ($i % 2 == 1) {
                                                                35
                               echo "$i ";
                                                                                   // Call the function
                                                                36
9
                                                                                   r = 100;
                                                                37
10
                                                                                   echo "The area of a circle with the radius $r = ";
11
                                                                                   echo circleArea($r);
12
                  // Call the function
                                                                              ?>
                  echo "Call the function print odd()<br>";
13
                                                                          </body>

☐ localhost/webpro/c3p48 function X

14
                  print odd();
                                                                     </html>
                  echo "<br>";
15
                                                                                                          ① localhost/webpro/c3p48... ☆
                  echo "<br>":
16
                  // Function: with the parameter
                                                                                             Call the function print odd()
17
                  function print odd2($begin, $end) {
18
                                                                                              1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 17 19 21 23 25 27 29 31 33 35 37 39 41 43 45
19
                      for ($i = $begin; $i < $end; $i++) {
                                                                                             47 49 51 53 55 57 59 61 63 65 67 69 71 73 75 77 79 81 83 85 87
20
                           if ($i % 2 == 1) {
                                                                                             89 91 93 95 97 99
21
                               echo "$i ";
22
                                                                                             Call the function print odd() from 5 to 70
23
                                                                                             5 7 9 11 13 15 17 19 21 23 25 27 29 31 33 35 37 39 41 43 45 47
24
                                                                                             49 51 53 55 57 59 61 63 65 67 69
                                                                                             The area of a circle with the radius 100 = 31400
```

// Call the function