



C Piscine

C 12

Summary: This document is the subject for the module C 12 of the C Piscine @ 42.

Version: 7.2

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Chapter I

Foreword

SPOILER ALERT
DON'T READ THE NEXT PAGE

You've been warned.

- In Star Wars, Dark Vador is Luke's Father.
- In The Usual Suspects, Verbal is Keyser Soze.
- In Fight Club, Tyler Durden and the narrator are the same person.
- In Sixth Sens, Bruce Willis is dead since the beginning.
- In The others, the inhabitants of the house are ghosts and vice-versa.
- In Bambi, Bambi's mother dies.
- In The Village, monsters are the villagers and the movie actually takes place in our time.
- In Harry Potter, Dumbledore dies.
- In Planet of apes, the movie takes place on earth.
- In Game of thrones, Robb Stark and Joffrey Baratheon die on their wedding day.
- In Twilight, Vampires shine under the sun.
- In Stargate SG-1, Season 1, Episode 18, O'Neill and Carter are in Antartica.
- In The Dark Knight Rises, Miranda Tate is Talia Al'Gul.
- In Super Mario Bros, The princess is in another castle.

Chapter II

Instructions

- Only this page will serve as reference: do not trust rumors.
- Watch out! This document could potentially change before submission.
- Make sure you have the appropriate permissions on your files and directories.
- You have to follow the submission procedures for all your exercises.
- Your exercises will be checked and graded by your fellow classmates.
- On top of that, your exercises will be checked and graded by a program called Moulinette.
- Moulinette is very meticulous and strict in its evaluation of your work. It is entirely automated and there is no way to negotiate with it. So if you want to avoid bad surprises, be as thorough as possible.
- Moulinette is not very open-minded. It won't try and understand your code if it doesn't respect the Norm. Moulinette relies on a program called `norminette` to check if your files respect the norm. TL;DR: it would be idiotic to submit a piece of work that doesn't pass `norminette`'s check.
- These exercises are carefully laid out by order of difficulty - from easiest to hardest. We **will not** take into account a successfully completed harder exercise if an easier one is not perfectly functional.
- Using a forbidden function is considered cheating. Cheaters get -42, and this grade is non-negotiable.
- You'll only have to submit a `main()` function if we ask for a program.
- Moulinette compiles with these flags: `-Wall -Wextra -Werror`, and uses `cc`.
- If your program doesn't compile, you'll get 0.
- You cannot leave any additional file in your directory than those specified in the subject.
- Got a question? Ask your peer on the right. Otherwise, try your peer on the left.


- Your reference guide is called `Google / man / the Internet /`
- Check out the "C Piscine" part of the forum on the intranet, or the slack Piscine.
- Examine the examples thoroughly. They could very well call for details that are not explicitly mentioned in the subject...
- By Odin, by Thor ! Use your brain !!!
- For the following exercises, you have to use the following structure :

```
typedef struct          s_list
{
    struct s_list      *next;
    void               *data;
}                      t_list;
```

- You'll have to include this structure in a file `ft_list.h` and submit it for each exercise.
- From exercise 01 onward, we'll use our `ft_create_elem`, so make arrangements (it could be useful to have its prototype in a file `ft_list.h...`).

Chapter III

Exercice 00 : ft_create_elem


	Exercise 00
	ft_create_elem
Turn-in directory : <i>ex00/</i>	
Files to turn in : <code>ft_create_elem.c</code> , <code>ft_list.h</code>	
Allowed functions : <code>malloc</code>	

- Create the function `ft_create_elem` which creates a new element of `t_list` type.
- It should assign `data` to the given argument and `next` to `NULL`.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

```
t_list *ft_create_elem(void *data);
```

Chapter IV

Exercice 01 : ft_list_push_front


	Exercise 01
ft_list_push_front	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex01/</i>	
Files to turn in : <i>ft_list_push_front.c, ft_list.h</i>	
Allowed functions : <i>ft_create_elem</i>	

- Create the function `ft_list_push_front` which adds a new element of type `t_list` to the beginning of the list.
- It should assign `data` to the given argument.
- If necessary, it'll update the pointer at the beginning of the list.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

```
void      ft_list_push_front(t_list **begin_list, void *data);
```


Chapter V

Exercice 02 : ft_list_size


	Exercise 02
	ft_list_size
Turn-in directory : <i>ex02/</i>	
Files to turn in : ft_list_size.c , ft_list.h	
Allowed functions : None	

- Create the function **ft_list_size** which returns the number of elements in the list.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

```
int ft_list_size(t_list *begin_list);
```

Chapter VI

Exercice 03 : ft_list_last


	Exercise 03
	ft_list_last
Turn-in directory : <i>ex03/</i>	
Files to turn in : ft_list_last.c , ft_list.h	
Allowed functions : None	

- Create the function **ft_list_last** which returns the last element of the list.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

```
t_list *ft_list_last(t_list *begin_list);
```

Chapter VII

Exercice 04 : ft_list_push_back


	Exercise 04
	ft_list_push_back
	Turn-in directory : <i>ex04/</i>
	Files to turn in : <code>ft_list_push_back.c</code> , <code>ft_list.h</code>
	Allowed functions : <code>ft_create_elem</code>

- Create the function `ft_list_push_back` which adds a new element of `t_list` type at the end of the list.
- It should assign `data` to the given argument.
- If necessary, it'll update the pointer at the beginning of the list.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

```
void      ft_list_push_back(t_list **begin_list, void *data);
```

Chapter VIII

Exercice 05 : ft_list_push_strs


	Exercise 05
ft_list_push_strs	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex05/</i>	
Files to turn in : <code>ft_list_push_strs.c</code> , <code>ft_list.h</code>	
Allowed functions : <code>ft_create_elem</code>	

- Create the function `ft_list_push_strs` which creates a new list that includes all the string pointed by the element in `strs`.
- `size` is the size of `strs`
- The first element should be at the end of the list.
- The first link's address in the list is returned.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

```
t_list *ft_list_push_strs(int size, char **strs);
```

Chapter IX

Exercice 06 : ft_list_clear


	Exercise 06
	ft_list_clear
Turn-in directory : <i>ex06/</i>	
Files to turn in : <i>ft_list_clear.c</i> , <i>ft_list.h</i>	
Allowed functions : <i>free</i>	

- Create the function `ft_list_clear` which removes and frees all links from the list.
- `free_fct` is used to free each data
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

```
void ft_list_clear(t_list *begin_list, void (*free_fct)(void *));
```

Chapter X

Exercice 07 : ft_list_at


	Exercise 07
ft_list_at	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex07/</i>	
Files to turn in : ft_list_at.c , ft_list.h	
Allowed functions : None	

- Create the function **ft_list_at** which returns the Nth element of the list, knowing that the first element of the list is when **nbr** equal 0.
- In case of error, it should return a null pointer.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

```
t_list *ft_list_at(t_list *begin_list, unsigned int nbr);
```

Chapter XI

Exercice 08 : ft_list_reverse


	Exercise 08
ft_list_reverse	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex08/</i>	
Files to turn in : ft_list_reverse.c	
Allowed functions : None	

- Create the function **ft_list_reverse** which reverses the order of a list's elements. The value of each element must remain the same.
- Beware in that function we will use our own **ft_list.h**
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

```
void ft_list_reverse(t_list **begin_list);
```

Chapter XII

Exercice 09 : ft_list_foreach

	Exercise 09
	ft_list_foreach
Turn-in directory : <i>ex09/</i>	
Files to turn in : ft_list_foreach.c , ft_list.h	
Allowed functions : None	

- Create the function **ft_list_foreach** which applies the function given as argument to each of the list's elements.
- **f** should be applied in the same order as the list.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :


```
void ft_list_foreach(t_list *begin_list, void (*f)(void *));
```

- The function pointed by **f** will be used as follows :

```
(*f)(list_ptr->data);
```


Chapter XIII

Exercise 10 : ft_list_foreach_if

	Exercise 10
ft_list_foreach_if	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex10/</i>	
Files to turn in : <i>ft_list_foreach_if.c, ft_list.h</i>	
Allowed functions : None	

- Create the function `ft_list_foreach_if` which applies the function given as argument to some of the list's elements.
- Only apply the function to the elements when `cmp` with `data_ref`, `cmp` returns 0
- `f` should be applied in the same order as the list.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

```
void      ft_list_foreach_if(t_list *begin_list, void (*f)(void *), void  
*data_ref, int (*cmp)())
```

- Functions pointed by `f` and by `cmp` will be used as follows :


```
(*f)(list_ptr->data);  
(*cmp)(list_ptr->data, data_ref);
```



For example, the function `cmp` could be `ft_strcmp...`

Chapter XIV

Exercise 11 : ft_list_find

	Exercise 11
	ft_list_find
	Turn-in directory : <i>ex11/</i>
	Files to turn in : <i>ft_list_find.c</i> , <i>ft_list.h</i>
	Allowed functions : None

- Create the function `ft_list_find` which returns the address of the first element's data compared to `data_ref` with `cmp` makes `cmp` to return 0.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :


```
t_list *ft_list_find(t_list *begin_list, void *data_ref, int (*cmp)());
```

- Function pointed by `cmp` will be used as follows :

```
(*cmp)(list_ptr->data, data_ref);
```

Chapter XV

Exercice 12 : ft_list_remove_if

	Exercise 12
ft_list_remove_if	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex12/</i>	
Files to turn in : <i>ft_list_remove_if.c</i> , <i>ft_list.h</i>	
Allowed functions : <i>free</i>	

- Create the function `ft_list_remove_if` which removes from the list, all elements whose data compared to `data_ref` using `cmp`, makes `cmp` return 0.
- The data from an element to be erased should be freed using `free_fct`
- Here's how it should be prototyped :


```
void ft_list_remove_if(t_list **begin_list, void *data_ref, int (*cmp)(), void (*free_fct)(void *))
```

- Function pointed by `cmp` and by `free_fct` will be used as follows :

```
(*cmp)(list_ptr->data, data_ref);  
(*free_fct)(list_ptr->data);
```

Chapter XVI

Exercice 13 : ft_list_merge


	Exercise 13
ft_list_merge	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex13/</i>	
Files to turn in : <i>ft_list_merge.c, ft_list.h</i>	
Allowed functions : None	

- Create the function `ft_list_merge` which places elements of a list `begin2` at the end of an other list `begin1`.
- Element creation is not authorised.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

```
void ft_list_merge(t_list **begin_list1, t_list *begin_list2);
```

Chapter XVII

Exercice 14 : ft_list_sort

	Exercise 14
	ft_list_sort
	Turn-in directory : <i>ex14/</i>
	Files to turn in : ft_list_sort.c , ft_list.h
	Allowed functions : None

- Create the function **ft_list_sort** which sorts the list's elements by ascending order by comparing two elements by comparing their data with a function.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

```
void ft_list_sort(t_list **begin_list, int (*cmp)());
```

- Function pointed by **cmp** will be used as follows :


```
(*cmp)(list_ptr->data, list_other_ptr->data);
```



cmp could be for instance **ft_strcmp**.

Chapter XVIII

Exercice 15 : ft_list_reverse_fun


	Exercise 15
ft_list_reverse_fun	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex15/</i>	
Files to turn in : <code>ft_list_reverse_fun.c</code> , <code>ft_list.h</code>	
Allowed functions : None	

- Create the function `ft_list_reverse_fun` which reverses the order of the elements of the list.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

```
void ft_list_reverse_fun(t_list *begin_list);
```

Chapter XIX

Exercice 16 : ft_sorted_list_insert

	Exercise 16
ft_sorted_list_insert	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex16/</i>	
Files to turn in : <code>ft_sorted_list_insert.c</code> , <code>ft_list.h</code>	
Allowed functions : <code>ft_create_elem</code>	

- Create the function `ft_sorted_list_insert` which creates a new element and inserts it into a list sorted so that it remains sorted in ascending order.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :


```
void ft_sorted_list_insert(t_list **begin_list, void *data, int (*cmp)());
```

- Function pointed by `cmp` will be used as follows :

```
(*cmp)(list_ptr->data, list_other_ptr->data);
```

Chapter XX

Exercice 17 : ft_sorted_list_merge

	Exercise 17
ft_sorted_list_merge	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex17/</i>	
Files to turn in : <i>ft_sorted_list_merge.c, ft_list.h</i>	
Allowed functions : None	

- Create the function `ft_sorted_list_merge` which integrates the elements of a sorted list `begin2` in another sorted list `begin1`, so that `begin1` remains sorted by ascending order.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

```
void ft_sorted_list_merge(t_list **begin_list1, t_list *begin_list2, int (*cmp)());
```

- Function pointed by `cmp` will be used as follows :

```
(*cmp)(list_ptr->data, list_other_ptr->data);
```


Chapter XXI

Submission and peer-evaluation

Turn in your assignment in your `Git` repository as usual. Only the work inside your repository will be evaluated during the defense. Don't hesitate to double check the names of your files to ensure they are correct.



You need to return only the files requested by the subject of this project.