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1. webpack的插件机制

- 在具体介绍webpack内置插件与钩子可视化工具之前,我们先来了解一下webpack中的插件机制。 webpack实现插件机制的大体方式是:

 - 创建 webpack在其内部对象上创建各种钩子;
 注册 插件将自己的方法注册到对应钩子上,交给webpack;
 调用 webpack编译过程中,会适时地触发相应钩子,因此也就触发了插件的方法。
- Webpack本质上是一种事件流的机制,它的工作流程就是将各个插件串联起来,而实现这一切的核心就是Tapable,webpack中最核心的负责编译的Compiler和负责创建bundle的Compilation都是Tapable的
- 通过事件和注册和监听,触发webpack生命周期中的函数方法

```
const {
     SyncHook,
     SyncBailHook,
SyncWaterfallHook,
     SyncLoopHook,
AsyncParallelHook,
     AsyncParallelBailHook,
AsyncSeriesHook,
     AsyncSeriesBailHook,
AsyncSeriesWaterfallHook
  = require('tapable');
```

2. tapable分类

2.1 按同步异步分类

• Hook类型可以分为 ω#x540C;ω#x6B65;Sync和 ω#x5F02;ω#x6B65;Async, 异步又分为 ω#x5E76;ω#x884C;和 ω#x4E32;ω#x884C;



2.1 按返回值分类

2.1.1 Basic

• 执行每一个事件函数,不关心函数的返回值,有 SyncHook、AsyncParallelHook、AsyncSeriesHook

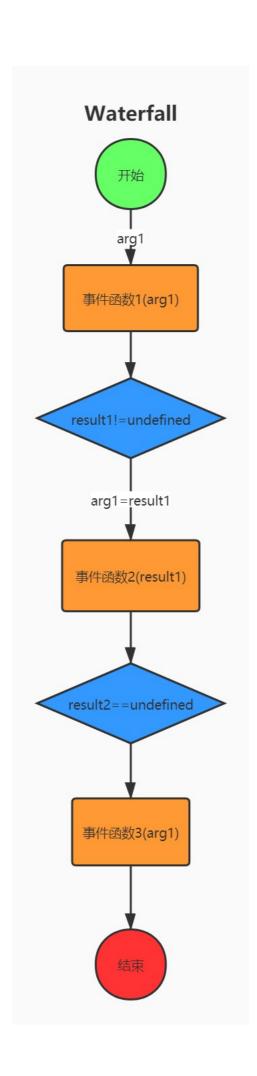


2.1.2 Bail

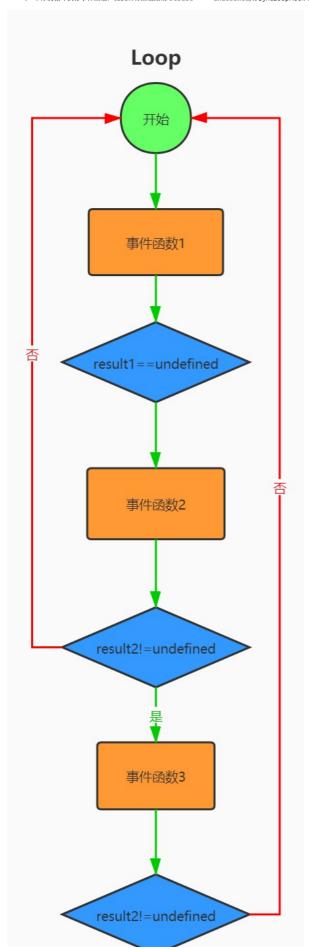
• 执行每一个事件函数,遇到第一个结果 result !== undefined 则返回,不再继续执行。有: SyncBailHook、AsyncSeriesBailHook, AsyncParallelBailHook

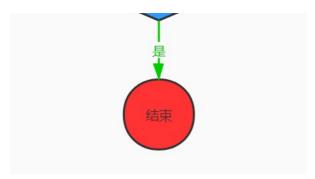
2.1.3 Waterfall

• 如果前一个事件函数的结果 result !== undefined,则 result 会作为后一个事件函数的第一个参数,有SyncWaterfallHook, AsyncSeriesWaterfallHook



• 不停的循环执行事件函数,直到所有函数结果 result === undefined,有SyncLoopHook 和 AsyncSeriesLoopHook





3.使用#

3.1 SyncHook

- 所有的构造函数都接收一个可选参数,参数是一个参数名的字符串数组
 参数的名字可以任意填写,但是参数数组的长数必须要根实际接受的参数个数一致
 如果回调函数不接受参数,可以传入空数组
 在实例化的时候传入的数组长度长度有用,值没有用途

- 执行call时,参数个数和实例化时的数组长度有关回调的时候是按先入先出的顺序执行的,先放的先执行

```
const (SyncHook) = require('tapable');
const hook = new SyncHook(['name', 'age']);
hook.tap('1', (name, age) => {
     console.log(1,name,age);
     return 1:
 hook.tap('2',(name,age)=>{
    console.log(2,name,age);
    return 2;
 nook.tap('3',(name,age)=>{
     console.log(3,name,age);
    return 3;
hook.call('zhufeng',10);
```

```
1 zhufeng 10
2 zhufeng 10
3 zhufeng 10
```

3.2 SyncBailHook

- BailHook中的回调函数也是顺序执行的
- 调用call时传入的参数也可以传给回调函数
 当回调函数返回非undefined值的时候会停止调用后续的回调

```
const {SyncBailHook} = require('tapable');
const hook = new SyncBailHook(['name', 'age']);
hook.tap('l', (name, age) =>{
    console.log(1, name, age);
   ook.tap('2',(name,age)=>{
     console.log(2,name,age);
     return 2;
 hook.tap('3',(name,age)=>{
     console.log(3,name,age);
     return 3;
 });
hook.call('zhufeng',10);
```

3.3 SyncWaterfallHook

- SyncWaterfallHook表示如果上一个回调函数的结果不为undefined,则可以作为下一个回调函数的第一个参数
 回调函数接受的参数来自于上一个函数的结果
 调用call传入的第一个参数,会被上一个函数的非undefined结果替换

- 当回调函数返回非undefined不会停止回调栈的调用

```
const {SyncWaterfallHook} = require('tapable');
const hook = new SyncWaterfallHook(['name','age']);
hook.tap('1',(name,age)=>{
    console.log(1,name,age);
   return 1;
hook.tap('2',(name,age)=>{
   console.log(2,name,age);
   return ;
hook.tap('3',(name,age)=>{
   console.log(3,name,age);
   return 3:
hook.call('zhufeng',10);
```

3.4 SyncLoopHook

- SyncLoopHook的特点是不停的循环执行回调函数,直到函数结果等于undefined
- 要注意的是每次循环都是从头开始循环的

```
const { SyncLoopHook } = require('tapable');
let hook = new SyncLoopHook(['name', 'age']);
let counter1 = 0;
let counter2 = 0;
let counter3 = 0;
hook.tap('1', (name, age) => {
    console.log(1, 'counter1', counter1);
    if (++counter1 == 1) {
           counter1 = 0
           return:
     return true;
 in,
hook.tap('2', (name, age) => {
    console.log(2, 'counter2', counter2);
    if (++counter2 == 2) {
           counter2 = 0
           return;
     return true;
 });
 hook.tap('3', (name, age) => {
    console.log(3, 'counter3', counter3);
     if (++counter3 == 3) {
          counter3 = 0
           return:
return true;
});
hook.call('zhufeng', 10);
```

```
1 counter1 0
2 counter2 0
1 counter1 0
2 counter2 1
3 counter3 0
1 counter1 0
2 counter2 0
1 counter1 0
2 counter2 1
3 counter2 0
1 counter1 0
2 counter2 1
3 counter3 1
1 counter1 0
2 counter2 0
1 counter1 0
2 counter2 0
3 counter3 1
1 counter1 0
2 counter3 2
3 counter3 2
```

3.5 AsyncParallelHook

• 异步并行执行钩子

3.5.1 tap

• 同步注册

```
let {AsyncParallelHook}=require('tapable');
let queue = new AsyncParallelHook(['name']);
console.time('cost');
queue.tap('1',function(name) {
    console.log(1);
});
queue.tap('2',function(name) {
    console.log(2);
});
queue.tap('3',function(name) {
    console.log(3);
});
queue.tap('3',function(name) {
    console.log(3);
});
queue.callAsync('zfpx',err=>{
    console.log(err);
    console.log(err);
}
```

3.5.2 tapAsync

• 异步注册,全部任务完成后执行最终的回调

```
let {AsyncParallelHook}=require('tapable');
let queue = new AsyncParallelHook(['name']);
 console.time('cost');
queue.tapAsync('1', function(name, callback){
   setTimeout(function() {
       console.log(1);
        callback();
   },1000)
  queue.tapAsync('2',function(name,callback){
   setTimeout(function() {
    console.log(2);
        callback();
   },2000)
  queue.tapAsync('3',function(name,callback){
   setTimeout(function() {
   console.log(3);
       callback();
   },3000)
 queue.callAsync('zfpx',err=>{
   console.log(err);
console.timeEnd('cost');
```

3.5.3 tapPromise

- promise注册钩子
- 全部完成后执行才算成功

```
let {AsyncParallelHook}=require('tapable');
let queue = new AsyncParallelHook(['name']);
console.time('cost');
 queue.tapPromise('1', function(name){
    return new Promise (function (resolve, reject) {
        setTimeout(function(){
            console.log(1);
        },1000)
    });
queue.tapPromise('2',function(name){
    return new Promise (function (resolve, reject) {
        setTimeout(function(){
            console.log(2);
   resc
},2000)
});
             resolve();
});
queue.tapPromise('3', function(name){
    return new Promise(function(resolve, reject) {
       setTimeout(function(){
             console.log(3);
  resc
},3000)
});
             resolve();
});
queue.promise('zfpx').then(()=>{
    console.timeEnd('cost');
```

3.6 AsyncParallelBailHook

- 带保险的异步并行执行钩子 有一个任务返回值不为空就直接结束

3.6.1 tap

• 如果有一个任务有返回值则调用最终的回调

```
let {AsyncParallelBailHook} = require('tapable');
let queue=new AsyncParallelBailHook(['name']);
console.time('cost');
 queue.tap('1', function(name){
   console.log(1);
   return "Wrong";
  queue.tap('2',function(name){
   console.log(2);
  ueue.tap('3',function(name){
   console.log(3);
  queue.callAsync('zfpx',err=>{
  console.log(err);
console.timeEnd('cost');
```

3.6.2 tapAsync

• 有一个任务返回错误就直接调最终的回调

```
let {AsyncParallelBailHook} = require('tapable');
let queue=new AsyncParallelBailHook(['name']);
console.time('cost');
queue.tapAsync('1', function(name, callback){
  console.log(1);
  callback('Wrong');
 queue.tapAsync('2',function(name,callback){
  console.log(2);
  callback();
 queue.tapAsync('3',function(name,callback){
  console.log(3);
  callback();
 queue.callAsync('zfpx',err=>{
  console.log(err);
console.timeEnd('cost');
```

** 3.6.3 tapPromise #**

• 只要有一个任务有resolve或者reject值,不管成功失败都结束

```
let { AsyncParallelBailHook } = require('tapable');
let queue = new AsyncParallelBailHook(['name']);
console.time('cost');
queue.tapPromise('1', function (name) {
     return new Promise(function (resolve, reject) {
    setTimeout(function () {
              console.log(1);
resolve(1);
resol }, 1000) });
 queue.tapPromise('2', function (name) {
     return new Promise(function (resolve, reject) {
    setTimeout(function () {
              console.log(2);
   resol }, 2000) });
               resolve();
 queue.tapPromise('3', function (name) {
     return new Promise(function (resolve, reject) {
         setTimeout(function () {
             console.log(3);
   resol
}, 3000)
});
              resolve();
 queue.promise('zfpx').then((result) => {
     console.log('成功', result);
console.timeEnd('cost');
     console.error('失败', err);
    console.timeEnd('cost');
```

3.7 AsyncSeriesHook

- 异步串行钩子 任务一个一个执行,执行完上一个执行下一个

```
let { AsyncSeriesHook } = require('tapable');
let queue = new AsyncSeriesHook(['name']);
console.time('cost');
queue.tap('1', function (name) {
    console.log(1);
 queue.tap('2', function (name) {
    console.log(2);
});
queue.tap('3', function (name) {
    console.log(3);
 queue.callAsync('zhufeng', err => {
    console.log(err);
     console.timeEnd('cost');
});
```

** 3.7.2 tapAsync #**

```
let { AsyncSeriesHook } = require('tapable');
let queue = new AsyncSeriesHook(['name']);
console.time('cost');
queue.tapAsync('1', function(name, callback) {
    setTimeout(function() {
         console.log(1);
 queue.tapAsync('2',function(name,callback){
    setTimeout(function(){
         console.log(2);
          callback();
     },2000)
 queue.tapAsync('3',function(name,callback){
     setTimeout(function(){
         console.log(3);
          callback();
queue.callAsync('zfpx',err=>{
     console.log(err);
     console.timeEnd('cost');
```

** 3.7.3 tapPromise #**

```
let { AsyncSeriesHook } = require('tapable');
let queue = new AsyncSeriesHook(['name']);
console.time('cost');
queue.tapPromise('1', function (name) {
     return new Promise(function (resolve) {
    setTimeout(function () {
              console.log(1, name);
resolve();
         }, 1000)
});

 queue.tapPromise('2', function (name) {
     return new Promise(function (resolve) {
    setTimeout(function () {
              console.log(2, name);
   resol
}, 2000)
});
               resolve();
queue.tapPromise('3', function (name) {
    return new Promise(function (resolve) {
         setTimeout(function () {
              console.log(3, name);
;ons reso.
}, 3000)
});
                resolve();
queue.promise('zfpx').then(data => {
     console.log(data);
console.timeEnd('cost');
```

3.8 AsyncSeriesBailHook

• 只要有一个返回了不为undefined的值就直接结束3.8.1 tap #

```
let (AsyncSeriesBailHook) = require('tapable');
let queue = new AsyncSeriesBailHook(['name']);
console.time('cost');
queue.tap('1',function(name) {
    console.log(1);
    return "Wrong";
});
queue.tap('2',function(name) {
    console.log(2);
});
queue.tap('3',function(name) {
    console.log(3);
});
queue.tap('3',function(name) {
    console.log(3);
});
queue.callAsync('zfpx',err=>{
    console.log(err);
    console.timeEnd('cost');
});
```

3.8.1 tapAsync

```
let {AsyncSeriesBailHook}=require('tapable');
let queue = new AsyncSeriesBailHook(['name']);
console.time('cost');
queue.tapAsync('1',function(name,callback){
 setTimeout(function(){
     console.log(1);
     callback('wrong');
 },1000)
 });
queue.tapAsync('2',function(name,callback){
  setTimeout(function() {
    console.log(2);
      callback();
  },2000)
 pueue.tapAsync('3',function(name,callback){
  setTimeout(function() {
   console.log(3);
      callback();
  },3000)
 queue.callAsync('zfpx',err=>{
  console.log(err);
console.timeEnd('cost');
```

3.8.1 tapPromise

```
let {AsyncSeriesBailHook} = require('tapable');
let queue = new AsyncSeriesBailHook(['name']);
console.time('cost');
queue.tapPromise('1',function(name){
 return new Promise (function (resolve) {
     setTimeout(function(){
        console.log(1);
resolve();
 },1000)
});
 pueue.tapPromise('2', function(name, callback) {
  return new Promise(function(resolve, reject) {
    setTimeout(function() {
          console.log(2);
reject('失败了');
      },2000)
  });
 queue.tapPromise('3',function(name,callback){
  return new Promise(function(resolve) {
      setTimeout(function(){
          console.log(3);
            resolve();
      },3000)
  });
 queue.promise('zfpx').then(data=>{
  console.log(data);
  console.timeEnd('cost');
 ,error=>{
  console.log(error);
  console.timeEnd('cost');
```

3.9 AsyncSeriesWaterfallHook

• 只要有一个返回了不为undefined的值就直接结束3.9.1 tap #

```
let { AsyncSeriesWaterfallHook } = require('tapable');
let queue = new AsyncSeriesWaterfallHook(['name', 'age']);
console.time('cost');
queue.tap('1', function (name, age) {
    console.log(1, name, age);
    return 'return1';
});
queue.tap('2', function (data, age) {
    console.log(2, data, age);
    return 'return2';
});
queue.tap('3', function (data, age) {
    console.log(3, data, age);
}
queue.tap('3', function (data, age) {
    console.log(3, data, age);
});
queue.callAsync('zfpx', 10, err => {
    console.log(err);
    console.timeEnd('cost');
});
```

3.9.1 tapAsync <u>#</u>

```
let { AsyncSeriesWaterfallHook } = require('tapable');
let queue = new AsyncSeriesWaterfallHook(('name', 'age'));
console.time('cost');
queue.tapAsync('1', function (name, age, callback) {
    setTimeout(function () {
        console.log(:, name, age);
        callback(null, 1);
    }, 1000)
));
queue.tapAsync('2', function (data, age, callback) {
    setTimeout(function () {
        console.log(2, data, age);
        callback(null, 2);
    }, 2000
));
queue.tapAsync('3', function (data, age, callback) {
    setTimeout(function () {
        console.log(3, data, age);
        callback(null, 3);
    }, 3000)
));
queue.callAsync('2fpx', 10, (err, data) => {
        console.log(cr, data);
        console.log(err, data);
        console.log(err, data);
        console.log(err, data);
        console.log(err, data);
        console.timeEnd('cost');
));
```

3.9.1 tapPromise

```
let {AsyncSeriesWaterfallHook} = require('tapable');
let queue = new AsyncSeriesWaterfallHook(['name']);
console.time('cost');
queue.tapPromise('l', function (name) {
   return new Promise(function (resolve) {
     setTimeout(function () {
            console.log(name, 1);
resolve(1);
  }, 1000);
});
  queue.tapPromise('2', function (data) {
   return new Promise(function (resolve) {
    setTimeout(function () {
            console.log(data, 2);
               resolve(2);
        }, 2000);
   });
 queue.tapPromise('3', function (data) {
    return new Promise(function (resolve) {
       setTimeout(function () {
            console.log(data, 3);
resolve(3);
 resolv
}, 3000);
});
 queue.promise('zfpx').then(err => {
   console.timeEnd('cost');
```

4.SyncHook

- 所有的构造函数都接收一个可选参数,参数是一个参数名的字符申数组
 参数的名字可以任意填写,但是参数数组的长数必须要根实际接受的参数个数一致
 如果回调函数不接受参数,可以传入空数组
 在实例化的时候传入的数组长度长度有用,值没有用途
 执行应组时,参数个数和实例化时的数组长度有关
 回调的时候是按先入先出的顺序执行的,先放的先执行

4.1 使用 <u>#</u>

```
const { SyncHook } = require('tapable');
let syncHook = new SyncHook(["name", "age"]);
syncHook.tap("1", (name, age) => {
    console.log(1, name, age);
syncHook.tap("2", (name, age) => {
console.log(2, name, age);
});
syncHook.call("zhufeng", 10);
```

```
(function anonymous (name, age
;
var _context;
var _x = this._x;
var _fn0 = _x[0];
_fn0(name, age);
var _fn1 = _x[1];
_fn1(name, age);
```

4.2 实现 <u>#</u>

** 4.2.1 index.js#**

tapable\index.js

```
let SyncHook = require('./SyncHook');
module.exports =
   SyncHook
```

** 4.2.2 Hook.js<u>#</u>**

tapable\Hook.js

```
class Hook
     constructor(args) {
         if (!Array.isArray(args)) args = [];
this.args = args;
this.taps = [];
         this._x = undefined;
     tap(options, fn) {
        if (typeof options === "string") options = { name: options };
options.fn = fn;
         \textbf{this.}\_\texttt{insert}(\texttt{options})\;;
    _insert(item)
         this.taps[this.taps.length] = item;
    call(...args) {
        let callMethod = this._createCall();
         return callMethod.apply(this, args);
    _createCall() {
        return this.compile({
            taps: this.taps,
             args: this.args
module.exports = Hook;
```

** 4.2.3 SyncHook #**

tapable\SvncHook.is

```
const Hook = require("./Hook");
const HookCodeFactory = require("./HookCodeFactory");
const factory = new HookCodeFactory();
class SyncHook extends Hook {
    constructor(args) {
        super(args);
    }
    compile(options) {
        factory.setup(this, options);
        return factory.create(options);
    }
}
module.exports = SyncHook;
```

** 4.2.4 HookCodeFactory.js #**

tapable\HookCodeFactory.js

5. AsyncParallelHook

5.1 使用 <u>#</u>

```
let ( AsyncParallelHook ) = require('./tapable');
let queue = new AsyncParallelHook(['name', 'age']);
console.time('cost');
queue.tapAsync('1', function (name, age, callback) {
    setTimeout(function () {
        console.log(l, name, age);
            callback();
        }, 1000)
});
queue.tapAsync('2', function (name, age, callback) {
    setTimeout(function () {
        console.log(2, name, age);
        callback();
        }, 2000)
});
queue.tapAsync('3', function (name, age, callback) {
    setTimeout(function () {
        console.log(3, name, age);
        callback();
        }, 3000)
});
queue.tapAsync('2', function (name, age, callback) {
    setTimeout(function () {
        console.log(3, name, age);
        callback();
        }, 3000)
});
queue.callAsync('zhufeng', 10, err => {
        console.timeEnd('cost');
});
```

```
(function anonymous (name, age, _callback
     "use strict";
    var _x = this._x;
do {
          var _counter = 3;
          var _done = () => {
    _callback();
};
         _callback(_err0);
_counter = 0;
               if (--_counter === 0) _done();
}
                } else {
          if (_counter 0) break;
          rr __counter 0; brack,
var _fn1 = _x[1];
_fn1(name, age, _err1 => {
    if (_err1) {
        if (_counter > 0) {
                       _callback(_err1);
_counter = 0;
               if (--_counter === 0) _done();
}
          });
          if (_counter 0) break;
          var _fn2 = _x[2];
_fn2(name, age, _err2 => {
    if (_err2) {
                    if (_counter > 0) {
                    ._counter > 0) {
   _callback(_err2);
   _counter = 0;
}
               if (--_counter === 0) _done();
}
     } while (false);
```

5.2 实现 <u>#</u>

** 5.2.1 tapable\index.js#**

tapable\index.js

** 5.2.2 AsyncParallelHookCodeFactory.js #**

AsyncParallelHookCodeFactory.js

```
const HookCodeFactory = require("./HookCodeFactory");
class AsyncParallelHookCodeFactory extends HookCodeFactory {
      args({ before, after } = {}) {
           let allargs = this.options.args || [];
if (before) allargs = [before, ...allargs];
if (after) allargs = [...allargs, after];
if (allargs.length === 0) {
    return "";
            } else {
                  return allArgs.join(",");
           return new Function(
                 this.args({ after: "_callback" }),
this.header() + this.content()
            );
      content() {
            let code = ``;
                       var _counter = ${this.options.taps.length};
                        var _done = () =>{
    _callback();
};
             for (let idx = 0; idx < this.options.taps.length; idx++) {</pre>
                  code +=
                             var _fn${idx} = _x{${idx}};
  _fn${idx} {${this.args()}, _err${idx} =>{
        if (--_counter === 0) _done();
    });
            return code;
module.exports = AsyncParallelHookCodeFactory;
```

** 5.2.3 AsyncParallelHook.js #**

AsyncParallelHook.js

```
const Hook = require("./Hook");
let AsyncParallelHookCodeFactory = require('./AsyncParallelHookCodeFactory');

const factory = new AsyncParallelHookCodeFactory();
class AsyncParallelHook extends Hook {
    constructor(args) {
        super(args);
    }
    tapAsync(options, fn) {
        if (typeof options === "string") options = { name: options };
        options.fn = fn;
        this._insert(options);
    }
    callAsync(...args) {
        let callMethod = this._createCall();
        return callMethod.apply(this, args);
    }
    compile(options) {
        factory.setup(this, options);
        return factory.create(options);
    }
    module.exports = AsyncParallelHook;
```

6. AsyncParallelHook promise

6.1 使用

```
let { AsyncParallelHook } = require('tapable');
let queue = new AsyncParallelHook(['name', 'age']);
console.time('cost');
 queue.tapPromise('1', function (name, age) {
    return new Promise(function (resolve) {
          setTimeout(function () {
   console.log(1, name, age);
               resolve();
31.
|});
|});
          }, 1000)
 queue.tapPromise('2', function (name, age) {
    return new Promise(function (resolve) {
          setTimeout(function () {
              console.log(2, name, age);
               resolve();
    });
 queue.tapPromise('3', function (name, age) {
     return new Promise(function (resolve) {
         setTimeout(function () {
   console.log(3, name, age);
                resolve();
    });
 queue.promise('zhufeng', 10).then(result => {
    console.timeEnd('cost');
 }, error => {
     console.timeEnd('cost');
```

```
(function anonymous (name, age
     "use strict":
     return new Promise((_resolve, _reject) => {
         var _sync = true;
function _error(_err) {
             if (_sync)
    _resolve(Promise.resolve().then(() => { throw _err; }));
else
                    _reject(_err);
          var _x = this._x;
          do {
               var _counter = 3;
              var _done = () => {
                  resolve();
               if (_counter 0) break;
              var _fn0 = _x[0];
var _hasResult0 = false;
var _promise0 = _fn0(name, age);
if (!_promise0 || !_promise0.then)
               throw new Error('Tap function (tapPromise) did not return promise (returned ' + _promise0 + ')');
promise0.then(_result0 => {
    _hasResult0 = true;
              __nassesurt0 = true;
if (--_counter === 0) _done();
}, _err0 => {
if (_hasResult0) throw _err0;
                   if (_counter > 0) {
    _error(_err0);
                        _counter = 0;
               });
               if (_counter 0) break;
              var _fn1 = _x[1];
var _hasResult1 = false;
              if (--_counter === 0) _done();
              }, _err1 => {
    if (_hasResult1) throw _err1;
                   if (_counter > 0) {
                        _error(_err1);
                        _counter = 0;
               });
               if (_counter 0) break;
              var [n2 = x[2];
var hasResult2 = false;
var promise2 = fn2(name, age);
if (!promise2 | ! !promise2.then)
                    throw new Error('Tap function (tapPromise) did not return promise (returned ' + _promise2 + ')');
               _promise2.then(_result2 => {
    _hasResult2 = true;
              if (--_counter === 0) _done();
}, _err2 => {
    if (_hasResult2) throw _err2;
                   counter = 0;
               });
          } while (false);
          _sync = false;
    });
```

6.2 实现 <u>#</u>

** 6.2.1 tapable\index.js#**

tapable\index.js

```
let SyncHook = require('./SyncHook');
let AsyncParallelHook = require('./AsyncParallelHook');
+let AsyncParallelHookForPromise = require('./AsyncParallelHookForPromise');
module.exports = {
    SyncHook,
    AsyncParallelHook,
    AsyncParallelHookForPromise
}
```

** 6.2.2 AsyncParallelHookCodeFactoryForPromise.js $\underline{\#}^{**}$

doc\tapable\AsyncParallelHookCodeFactoryForPromise.js

```
const HookCodeFactory = require("./HookCodeFactory");
class AsyncParallelHookCodeFactory extends HookCodeFactory {
     args(( before, after ) = {}) {
  let allArgs = this.options.args || [];
  if (before) allArgs = [before, ...allArgs];
  if (after) allArgs = [...allArgs, after];
           if (allArgs.length === 0) {
   return "";
           } else {
                return allArgs.join(",");
      create() {
           return new Function(this.args(), this.header() + this.content());
      content() {
           let code = ``;
                      return new Promise((_resolve)=>{
  var _counter = ${this.options.taps.length};
  var _done = ()=>{
                            __cone = ()=>
_resolve();
};
           for (let idx = 0; idx < this.options.taps.length; idx++) {</pre>
                  code +=
                           var _fn${idx} = _x[${idx}];
var _promise${idx} = _fn${idx}(${this.args()});
_promise${idx}.then(_result${idx}) =>{
                                    if (--_counter === 0) _done();
            code +=
     });
module.exports = AsyncParallelHookCodeFactory;
```

** 6.2.3 AsyncParallelHookForPromise.js#**

AsyncParallelHookForPromise.js

```
let AsyncParallelHookCodeFactoryForPromise = require('./AsyncParallelHookCodeFactoryForPromise');
let Hook = require('./Hook');
const factory = new AsyncParallelHookCodeFactoryForPromise();
class AsyncParallelHookForPromise extends Hook {
    constructor(args) {
        super(args);
    }
    tapPromise(options, fn) {
        if (typeof options === "string") options = { name: options };
        options.fn = fn;
        this._insert(options);
    }
    promise(...args) {
        let callMethod = this._createCall();
        return callMethod.apply(this, args);
    }
    compile(options) {
        factory.setup(this, options);
        return factory.create(options);
    }
    module.exports = AsyncParallelHookForPromise;
```