```
link null
title: 珠峰架构师成长计划
description: src/react.js
keywords: null
author: null
date: null
publisher: 珠峰架构师成长计划
stats: paragraph=157 sentences=916, words=5615
```

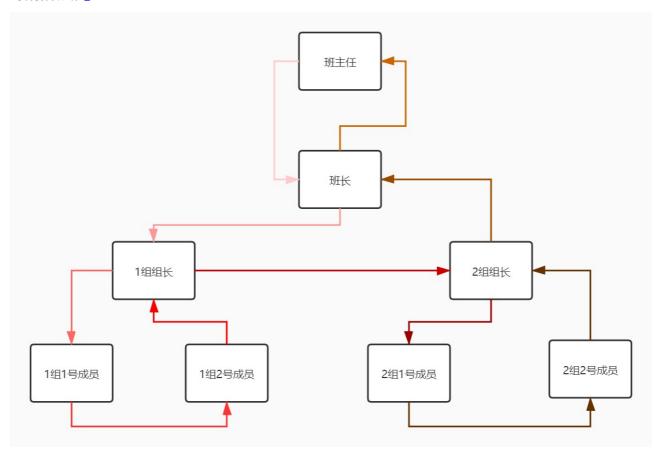
1.实现虚拟DOM **#**

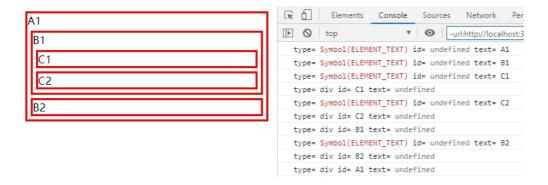
1.1 src\index.js

1.2 src\react.js

src\react.js

2.实现初次渲染





2.1 index.js

2.2 constants.js

src\constants.is

```
texport const ELEMENT TEXT = Symbol.for('ELEMENT_TEXT');
texport const TAG_ROOT = Symbol.for('TAG_ROOT');
texport const TAG_HOST = Symbol.for('TAG_HOST');
texport const TAG_TEXT = Symbol.for('TAG_TEXT');
texport const PLACEMENT = Symbol.for('PLACEMENT');
```

2.3 utils.js

src\utils.js

```
function setProp(dom, key, value) {
    if (/^on/.test(key)) {
         dom[key.toLowerCase()] = value;
    } else if (key === 'style') {
   if (value) {
              for (let styleName in value) {
                   if (value.hasOwnProperty(styleName)) {
   dom.style[styleName] = value[styleName];
}
         dom.setAttribute(key, value);
    return dom;
 export function setProps (elem, oldProps, newProps) {
    for (let key in oldProps) {
    if (key !== 'children') {
        if (newProps.hasOwnProperty(key)) {
                   setProp(elem, key, newProps[key]);
              } else {
                   elem.removeAttribute(key);
         }
    for (let key in newProps) {
   if (key !== 'children') {
              setProp(elem, key, newProps[key])
    }
```

2.4 react-dom.js

src\react-dom.js

```
import { TAG_ROOT } from './constants';
import { scheduleRoot } from './scheduler';
function render (element, container) {
     let rootFiber = {
   tag: TAG_ROOT,
           stateNode: container,
props: { children: [element] },
     scheduleRoot(rootFiber);
 export default {
```

2.4 scheduler.js

```
import { setProps } from './utils';
import {
   ELEMENT_TEXT, TAG_ROOT, TAG_HOST, TAG_TEXT, PLACEMENT
 from './constants';
let workInProgressRoot = null;
let nextUnitOfWork = null
export function scheduleRoot(rootFiber) {
    workInProgressRoot = rootFiber;
    nextUnitOfWork = workInProgressRoot;
function commitRoot() {
   let currentFiber = workInProgressRoot.firstEffect;
    while (currentFiber) {
        commitWork(currentFiber);
        currentFiber = currentFiber.nextEffect;
    workInProgressRoot = null;
 function commitWork (currentFiber) {
    if (!currentFiber) {
       return;
    let returnFiber = currentFiber.return;
    const domReturn = returnFiber.stateNode;
   if (currentFiber.effectTag === PLACEMENT && currentFiber.stateNode != null) {
   let nextFiber = currentFiber;
        domReturn.appendChild(nextFiber.stateNode);
    currentFiber.effectTag = null;
function performUnitOfWork(currentFiber) {
    beginWork(currentFiber);
    if (currentFiber.child) {
    while (currentFiber) {
        completeUnitOfWork(currentFiber);
        if (currentFiber.sibling) {
           return currentFiber.sibling;
        currentFiber = currentFiber.return;
  nction beginWork (currentFiber) {
    if (currentFiber.tag === TAG ROOT) {
        updateHostRoot(currentFiber);
    } else if (currentFiber.tag === TAG TEXT) {
   updateHostText(currentFiber);
} else if (currentFiber.tag === TAG HOST) {
       updateHostComponent(currentFiber);
 unction updateHostRoot(currentFiber) {
    const newChildren = currentFiber.props.children;
    reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren);
function updateHostText(currentFiber) {
   if (!currentFiber.stateNode) {
       currentFiber.stateNode = createDOM(currentFiber);
function updateHostComponent(currentFiber) {
    if (!currentFiber.stateNode) {
       currentFiber.stateNode = createDOM(currentFiber);
    const newChildren = currentFiber.props.children;
    reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren);
function createDOM(currentFiber) {
   if (currentFiber.type === ELEMENT_TEXT) {
        return document.createTextNode(currentFiber.props.text);
    const stateNode = document.createElement(currentFiber.type);
updateDOM(stateNode, {}, currentFiber.props);
    return stateNode;
```

```
function reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren) {
    let newChildIndex = 0;
    let prevSibling:
    while (newChildIndex < newChildren.length) {</pre>
        const newChild = newChildren[newChildIndex];
        if (newChild && newChild.type === ELEMENT_TEXT) {
        tag = TAG TEXT;
} else if (newChild && typeof newChild.type === 'string') {
           tag = TAG_HOST;
        let newFiber = {
            tag,
type: newChild.type,
            props: newChild.props,
            stateNode: null,
return: currentFiber,
            effectTag: PLACEMENT,
            nextEffect: null
        if (newFiber) {
            if (newChildIndex === 0) {
                currentFiber.child = newFiber;
            } else {
                prevSibling.sibling = newFiber;
            prevSibling = newFiber;
        prevSibling = newFiber;
        newChildIndex++;
function updateDOM(stateNode, oldProps, newProps) {
   setProps(stateNode, oldProps, newProps);
 unction completeUnitOfWork(currentFiber) {
    const returnFiber = currentFiber.return;
    if (returnFiber) {
        if (!returnFiber.firstEffect) {
            returnFiber.firstEffect = currentFiber.firstEffect;
        if (!!currentFiber.lastEffect) {
            if (!!returnFiber.lastEffect) {
   returnFiber.lastEffect.nextEffect = currentFiber.firstEffect;
            returnFiber.lastEffect = currentFiber.lastEffect;
        const effectTag = currentFiber.effectTag;
        if (effectTag) {
            if (!!returnFiber.lastEffect) {
                 returnFiber.lastEffect.nextEffect = currentFiber;
            } else {
                returnFiber.firstEffect = currentFiber;
            returnFiber.lastEffect = currentFiber;
function workLoop(deadline) {
   let shouldYield = false;
   while (nextUnitOfWork && !shouldYield) {
  nextUnitOfWork = performUnitOfWork(nextUnitOfWork);
        shouldYield = deadline.timeRemaining() < 1;</pre>
   if (!nextUnitOfWork && workInProgressRoot) {
        commitRoot();
    requestIdleCallback(workLoop);
 equestIdleCallback(workLoop);
```

3.实现元素的更新

3.1 public\index.html

3.2 src\index.js

src\index.js

```
import React from './react';
import ReactDOM from './react-dom';
let style = { border: '3px solid red', margin: '5px' };
let element = (
     C2
console.log(element);
 leactDOM.render(
 element,
 document.getElementById('root')
+let reRender2 = document.getElementById('reRender2');
+reRender2.addEventListener('click', () => {
  let element2 = (
       A1-new
         B1-new
         C1-new
         C2-new
       В2
  ReactDOM.render(
    document.getElementById('root')
+let reRender3 = document.getElementById('reRender3');
reRender3.addEventListener('click', () => {
  let element3 = (
       A1-new2
         B1-new2
         C1-new2
         C2-new2
       В2
  ReactDOM.render(
    element3,
    document.getElementById('root')
```

3.3 src\constants.js

```
export const ELEMENT_TEXT = Symbol.for('ELEMENT_TEXT');

export const TAG_ROOT = Symbol.for('TAG_ROOT');

export const TAG_HOST = Symbol.for('TAG_HOST');

export const TAG_TEXT = Symbol.for('TAG_TEXT');

export const PLACEMENT = Symbol.for('PLACEMENT');

texport const UPDATE = Symbol.for('UPDATE');

texport const DELETION = Symbol.for('DELETION');
```

3.4 scheduler.js

src\scheduler.js

```
import { setProps } from './utils';
import {
   ELEMENT_TEXT, TAG_ROOT, TAG_HOST, TAG_TEXT, PLACEMENT, DELETION, UPDATE
 from './constants';
+let deletions = [];//要删除的fiber节点
export function scheduleRoot(rootFiber) {
   //{tag:TAG_ROOT,stateNode:container,props: { children: [element] }} if (currentRoot && currentRoot.alternate) {/偶數次更新
         workInProgressRoot = currentRoot.alternate;
workInProgressRoot.firstEffect = workInProgressRoot.lastEffect = workInProgressRoot.nextEffect = null;
          workInProgressRoot.props = rootFiber.props;
         workInProgressRoot.alternate = currentRoot;
     } else if (currentRoot) {//奇数次更新 rootFiber.alternate = currentRoot;
         workInProgressRoot = rootFiber;
     } else {
         workInProgressRoot = rootFiber;//第一次渲染
    nextUnitOfWork = workInProgressRoot;
function commitRoot() {
    deletions.forEach(commitWork);
let currentFiber = workInProgressRoot.firstEffect;
    while (currentFiber) {
```

```
commitWork(currentFiber);
    deletions.length = 0;//先把要删除的节点清空掉
    currentRoot = workInProgressRoot
   workInProgressRoot = null;
 unction commitWork(currentFiber) {
   if (!currentFiber) {
   ,
let returnFiber = currentFiber.return;//先获取父Fiber
const domReturn = returnFiber.stateNode;//获取父的DOM节点
   if (currentFiber.effectTag
       let nextFiber = currentFiber;
domReturn.appendChild(nextFiber.stateNode);
    } else if (currentFiber.effectTag === DELETION) {//如果是删除则删除并返回
         domReturn.removeChild(currentFiber.stateNode);
    } else if (currentFiber.effectTag === UPDATE && currentFiber.stateNode != null) {//如果是更新
         if (currentFiber.type === ELEMENT_TEXT) {
            if (currentFiber.alternate.props.text != currentFiber.props.text) {
                 currentFiber.stateNode.textContent = currentFiber.props.text;
            updateDOM(currentFiber.stateNode, currentFiber.alternate.props, currentFiber.props):
   currentFiber.effectTag = null;
unction performUnitOfWork(currentFiber) {
   beginWork(currentFiber);//开始渲染前的Fiber,就是把子元素变成子fiber
   if (currentFiber.child) {//如果子节点就返回第一个子节点
       return currentFiber.child;
   while (currentFiber) {//如果没有子节点说明当前节点已经完成了渲染工作completeUnitOfWork(currentFiber);//可以结束此fiber的渲染了
       if (currentFiber.sibling) {//如果它有弟弟就返回弟弟
            return currentFiber.sibling;
       currentFiber = currentFiber.return;//如果没有弟弟让爸爸完成,然后找叔叔
 unction beginWork(currentFiber) {
   if (currentFiber.tag
       updateHostRoot(currentFiber);
   } else if (currentFiber.tag
       updateHostText(currentFiber);
   } else if (currentFiber.tag
   updateHostComponent(currentFiber);
function updateHostRoot(currentFiber) {//如果是根节点
   const newChildren = currentFiber.props.children;//直接渲染子节点
   reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren);
function updateHostText(currentFiber) {
    if (!currentFiber.stateNode) {
        currentFiber.stateNode = createDOM(currentFiber);//先创建真实的DOM节点
function updateHostComponent(currentFiber) {//如果是原生DOM节点
  if (!currentFiber.stateNode) {
    currentFiber.stateNode = createDOM(currentFiber);//先创建真实的DOM节点
   const newChildren = currentFiber.props.children;
   reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren);
function createDOM(currentFiber) {
   if (currentFiber.type
       return document.createTextNode(currentFiber.props.text);
   const stateNode = document.createElement(currentFiber.type);
   updateDOM(stateNode, {}, currentFiber.props);
   return stateNode;
function reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren) {
   let newChildIndex = 0;//新虚拟DOM数组中的索引
    let oldFiber = currentFiber.alternate && currentFiber.alternate.child;//父Fiber中的第一个子Fiber
    let prevSibling;
    while (newChildIndex < newChildren.length || oldFiber) {
        const newChild = newChildren[newChildIndex];
         const sameType = oldFiber && newChild && newChild.type === oldFiber.type;//新旧都有,并且元素类型一样
         let tag;
        if (newChild && newChild.type === ELEMENT_TEXT) {
             tag = TAG_TEXT;//文本
        } else if (newChild && typeof newChild.type === 'string') {
tag = TAG_HOST;//原生DOM组件
         if (sameType) {
             if (oldFiber.alternate) {
                 newFiber = oldFiber.alternate;
                 newFiber.props = newChild.props;
                 newFiber.alternate = oldFiber;
                 newFiber.effectTag = UPDATE;
                 newFiber.nextEffect = null;
             } else {
                 newFiber = {
                     tag:oldFiber.tag,//标记Fiber类型,例如是函数组件或者原生组件
```

```
type: oldFiber.type,//具体的元素类型
                      props: newChild.props,//新的属性对象
                       stateNode: oldFiber.stateNode,//原生组件的话就存放DOM节点,类组件的话是类组件实例,函数组件的话为空,因为没有实例
                       return: currentFiber,//父Fiber
                      alternate: oldFiber,//上一个Fiber 指向旧树中的节点
effectTag: UPDATE,//副作用标识
nextEffect: null //React 同样使用链表来将所有有副作用的Fiber连接起来
         } else {
             if (newChild) {//类型不一样, 创建新的Fiber, 旧的不复用了
                 newFiber = {
tag,//原生DOM组件
                       type: newChild.type,//具体的元素类型
                      props: newChild.props,//新的属性对象
stateNode: null,//stateNode肯定是空的
return: currentFiber,//父Fiber
                      effectTag: PLACEMENT//副作用标识
             if (oldFiber) {
                  oldFiber.effectTag = DELETION;
                  deletions.push(oldFiber);
         if (oldFiber) { //比较完一个元素了,老Fiber向后移动1位
             oldFiber = oldFiber.sibling;
       if (newFiber) {
             if (newChildIndex
                 currentFiber.child = newFiber;//第一个子节点挂到父节点的child属性上
                prevSibling.sibling = newFiber;
            prevSibling = newFiber;//然后newFiber变成了上一个哥哥了
        prevSibling = newFiber;//然后newFiber变成了上一个哥哥了
         newChildIndex++;
   }
 unction updateDOM(stateNode, oldProps, newProps) {
    setProps(stateNode, oldProps, newProps);
function completeUnitOfWork(currentFiber) {
   const returnFiber = currentFiber.return;
if (returnFiber) {
        if (!returnFiber.firstEffect) {
            returnFiber.firstEffect = currentFiber.firstEffect;
        if (!!currentFiber.lastEffect) {
            if (!!returnFiber.lastEffect) {
    returnFiber.lastEffect.nextEffect = currentFiber.firstEffect;
             returnFiber.lastEffect = currentFiber.lastEffect;
        const effectTag = currentFiber.effectTag;
if (effectTag) {
            if (!!returnFiber.lastEffect) {
                 returnFiber.lastEffect.nextEffect = currentFiber;
             } else {
                returnFiber.firstEffect = currentFiber;
            returnFiber.lastEffect = currentFiber;
   }
  nction workLoop(deadline) {
    let shouldYield = false;
   while (nextUnitOfWork && !shouldYield) {
        le (nextUnitUnwork we :Snouldileid)
nextUnitOfWork = performUnitOfWork(nextUnitOfWork);//执行一个任务并返回下一个任务
shouldYield = deadline.timeRemaining() < 1;//如果剩余时间小于1毫秒就说明没有时间了,需要把控制权让给浏览器
   //如果没有下一个执行单元了,并且当前渲染树存在,则进行提交阶段
if (!nextUnitOfWork && workInProgressRoot) {
        commitRoot();
    requestIdleCallback(workLoop);
.
//开始在空闲时间执行workLoop
requestIdleCallback(workLoop);
```

4.实现类组件#

4.2 src\react.js

src\react.js

```
import { ELEMENT_TEXT } from './constants';
+import { Update, UpdateQueue } from './updateQueue';
+import { scheduleRoot } from './scheduler';
function createElement(type, config, ...children) {
    delete config.__self;
    delete config.__source;
    return {
        type,
        props: {
            { type: ELEMENT_TEXT, props: { text: child, children: [] } })
        }
    }
 +class Component {
     constructor(props) {
          this.props = props;
this.updateQueue = new UpdateQueue();
          this.internalFiber.updateQueue.enqueueUpdate(new Update(payload));
          scheduleRoot();
+Component.prototype.isReactComponent = true;
let React = {
    createElement,
export default React;
```

4.3 constants.js

src\constants.js

```
export const ELEMENT_TEXT = Symbol.for('ELEMENT_TEXT');

export const TAG_ROOT = Symbol.for('TAG_ROOT');

export const TAG_HOST = Symbol.for('TAG_HOST');

export const TAG_TEXT = Symbol.for('TAG_TEXT');

+export const TAG_CLASS = Symbol.for('TAG_CLASS');

export const UPDATE = Symbol.for('UPDATE');

export const PLACEMENT = Symbol.for('PLACEMENT');

export const DELETION = Symbol.for('DELETION');
```

4.4 updateQueue.js

src\updateQueue.js

```
export class Update
   constructor(payload) {
       this.payload = payload;
 xport class UpdateQueue {
   constructor() {
        this.firstUpdate = null;
        this.lastUpdate = null;
   enqueueUpdate(update) {
       if (this.lastUpdate === null) {
            this.firstUpdate = this.lastUpdate = update;
           this.lastUpdate.nextUpdate = update;
this.lastUpdate = update;
   forceUpdate(state) {
        let currentUpdate = this.firstUpdate;
        while (currentUpdate) {
            state = typeof currentUpdate.payload == 'function' ? currentUpdate.payload(state) : currentUpdate.payload;
            currentUpdate = currentUpdate.nextUpdate;
        this.firstUpdate = this.lastUpdate = null;
        return state;
```

4.5 utils.js

src\utils.js

```
function setProp(dom, key, value) {
  if (/^on/.test(key)) {
     dom[key.toLowerCase()] = value;
} else if (key
          if (value) {
               for (let styleName in value) {
                    if (value.hasOwnProperty(styleName)) {
    dom.style[styleName] = value[styleName];
          dom.setAttribute(key, value);
     return dom:
 export function setProps(elem, oldProps, newProps) {
     for (let key in oldProps) {
   if (key !== 'children') {
      if (newProps.hasOwnProperty(key)) {
      }
}
                     setProp(elem, key, newProps[key]);
                    elem.removeAttribute(kev);
         }
     for (let key in newProps) {
         if (key !== 'children') {
               setProp(elem, key, newProps[key])
     }
 export function deepEquals(obj1, obj2) {
     let { children: oldChildren, ...oldProps } = obj1;
let { children: newChildren, ...newProps } = obj2;
      return JSON.stringify(oldProps) === JSON.stringify(newProps);
```

4.6 scheduler.js

arc\scheduler.js

```
import { setProps,deepEquals } from './utils';
import { UpdateQueue } from './updateQueue';
import _ from 'lodash';
import _
import
     ELEMENT_TEXT, TAG_ROOT, TAG_HOST, TAG_TEXT, TAG_CLASS, PLACEMENT, DELETION, UPDATE
 from './constants';
                                    //当前的根Fiber
 let currentRoot = null;
 let workInProgressRoot = null; //正在渲染中的根Fiber
let nextUnitOfWork = null; //下一个工作单元
let deletions = []; //要删除的fiber节点
 let deletions = [];
 export function scheduleRoot(rootFiber) {
      if (currentRoot && currentRoot.alternate) {
    workInProgressRoot = currentRoot.alternate;
           workInProgressRoot.alternate = currentRoot;
               workInProgressRoot.props = rootFiber.props;
     } else if (currentRoot) {
          if (rootFiber) {
               rootFiber.alternate = currentRoot;
                workInProgressRoot = rootFiber;
          } else {
               workInProgressRoot = {
                     ...currentRoot,
                    alternate: currentRoot
```

```
} else {
        workInProgressRoot = rootFiber;
     workInProgressRoot.firstEffect = workInProgressRoot.lastEffect = workInProgressRoot.nextEffect = null;
    nextUnitOfWork = workInProgressRoot;
 function commitRoot() {
    deletions.forEach(commitWork);
    let currentFiber = workInProgressRoot.firstEffect;
    while (currentFiber) {
        commitWork(currentFiber);
       currentFiber = currentFiber.nextEffect;
   deletions.length = 0;//先把要删除的节点清空掉
    workInProgressRoot.firstEffect = workInProgressRoot.lastEffect = null;//清除effect list
   currentRoot = workInProgressRoot;
    workInProgressRoot = null;
 unction commitWork(currentFiber) {
     if (!currentFiber) {
    let returnFiber = currentFiber.return;//先获取父Fiber
    while (returnFiber.tag !== TAG_ROST && returnFiber.tag !== TAG_ROST && returnFiber.tag !== TAG_TEXT) {//如果不是DOM节点就一直向上找,比如ClassCounter
        returnFiber = returnFiber.return;
    const domReturn = returnFiber.stateNode;//获取父的DOM节点
    if (currentFiber.effectTag
         let nextFiber = currentFiber;
        while (nextFiber.tag !== TAG_HOST && nextFiber.tag !== TAG_TEXT) {
    nextFiber = nextFiber.child;//必须向下找到一个DOM节点 比如Class Counter
        domReturn.appendChild(nextFiber.stateNode);
    } else if (currentFiber.effectTag
         commitDeletion(currentFiber, domReturn);
    } else if (currentFiber.effectTag
        if (currentFiber.type
            if (currentFiber.alternate.props.text !== currentFiber.props.text) {
                currentFiber.stateNode.textContent = currentFiber.props.text;
        } else {
           updateDOM(currentFiber.stateNode, currentFiber.alternate.props, currentFiber.props);
    currentFiber.effectTag = null;
 function commitDeletion(currentFiber, domReturn) {
if (currentFiber.tag === TAG_HOST || currentFiber.tag === TAG_TEXT) {
         domReturn.removeChild(currentFiber.stateNode);
    } else {
        commitDeletion(currentFiber.child, domReturn);
function performUnitOfWork(currentFiber) {
    beginWork(currentFiber);//开始渲染前的Fiber,就是把子元素变成子fiber
   if (currentFiber.child) {//如果子节点就返回第一个子节点 return currentFiber.child;
   while (currentFiber) {//如果没有子节点说明当前节点已经完成了渲染工作
        completeUnitOfWork(currentFiber);//可以结束此fiber的渲染了
        if (currentFiber.sibling) {//如果它有弟弟就返回弟弟
            return currentFiber.sibling;
        currentFiber = currentFiber.return;//如果没有弟弟让爸爸完成,然后找叔叔
 function beginWork(currentFiber) {
   if (currentFiber.tag
        updateHostRoot(currentFiber);
    } else if (currentFiber.tag
        updateHostText(currentFiber);
    } else if (currentFiber.tag
        updateHostComponent(currentFiber);
    } else if (currentFiber.tag === TAG CLASS) {//如果是类组件
        updateClassComponent(currentFiber)
+function updateClassComponent(currentFiber) {
    if (currentFiber.stateNode === null) {
    currentFiber.stateNode = new currentFiber.type(currentFiber.props);
    currentFiber.stateNode.internalFiber = currentFiber;
         currentFiber.updateQueue = new UpdateQueue();
    currentFiber.stateNode.state = currentFiber.updateQueue.forceUpdate(currentFiber.stateNode.state);
    const newChildren = [currentFiber.stateNode.render()];
    reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren);
function updateHostText(currentFiber) {
   if (!currentFiber.stateNode) {
        currentFiber.stateNode = createDOM(currentFiber);//先创建真实的DOM节点
function updateHostRoot(currentFiber) {//如果是根节点
    const newChildren = currentFiber.props.children://直接渲染子节点
   reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren);
function updateHostComponent(currentFiber) {//如果是原生DOM节点
```

```
if (!currentFiber.stateNode) {
                                     createDOM(currentFiber);//先创建真实的DOM节点
   const newChildren = currentFiber.props.children;
   reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren);
function createDOM(currentFiber) {
   if (currentFiber.type
        return document.createTextNode(currentFiber.props.text);
   const stateNode = document.createElement(currentFiber.type);
   updateDOM(stateNode, {}, currentFiber.props);
   return stateNode;
function reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren) {
    let newChildIndex = 0;//新虚拟DOM数组中的索引
   let oldFiber = currentFiber.alternate & currentFiber.alternate.child;//\sqrt{2}Fiber + oldFiber if (oldFiber) oldFiber.firstEffect = oldFiber.lastEffect = oldFiber.nextEffect = null;
   let prevSibling;
   while (newChildIndex < newChildren.length || oldFiber) {
        const newChild = newChildren[newChildIndex];
        let newFiber;
        const sameType = oldFiber && newChild && newChild.type
        let tag:
         let tag;
if (newChild && typeof newChild.type === 'function' && newChild.type.prototype.isReactComponent) {
    tag = TAG_CLASS; // 类组件
} else if (newChild && newChild.type === ELEMENT_TEXT) {
    tag = TAG_TEXT; // 文本
        } else if (newChild && typeof newChild.type
tag = TAG HOST;//原生DOM组件
        if (sameType) {
              let { children: oldChildren, ...oldProps } = oldFiber.props;
let { children: newChildren, ...newProps } = newChild.props;
              newFiber = {
tag,//标记Fiber类型,例如是函数组件或者原生组件
                  type: oldFiber.type,//具体的元素类型 props: newChild.props,//新的属性对象
                  stateNode: oldFiber.stateNode,//原生组件的话就存放DOM节点,类组件的话是类组件实例,函数组件的话为空,因为没有实例return: currentFiber,//父Fiber
                  updateQueue: oldFiber.updateQueue || new UpdateQueue(),alternate: oldFiber,//上一个Fiber 指向旧树中的节点
                   effectTag: deepEquals(oldProps, newProps) ? null : UPDATE,//副作用标识
        } else {
             if (newChild) {//类型不一样,创建新的Fiber,旧的不复用了
                 newFiber = {
tag,//原生DOM组件
                      type: newChild.type,//具体的元素类型
                      props: newChild.props,//新的属性对象
                      stateNode: null,//stateNode肯定是空的
return: currentFiber,//父Fiber
                      effectTag: PLACEMENT//副作用标识
             if (oldFiber) {
                 oldFiber.effectTag = DELETION;
deletions.push(oldFiber);
        if (oldFiber) { //比较完一个元素了,老Fiber向后移动1位
             oldFiber = oldFiber.sibling;
       if (newFiber) {
             if (newChildIndex
                 currentFiber.child = newFiber;//第一个子节点挂到父节点的child属性上
             } else {
                prevSibling.sibling = newFiber;
             prevSibling = newFiber;//然后newFiber变成了上一个哥哥了
function updateDOM(stateNode, oldProps, newProps) {
   setProps(stateNode, oldProps, newProps);
unction completeUnitOfWork(currentFiber) {
   const returnFiber = currentFiber.return;
   if (returnFiber) {
        if (!returnFiber.firstEffect) {
             returnFiber.firstEffect = currentFiber.firstEffect;
        if (!!currentFiber.lastEffect) {
             if (!!returnFiber.lastEffect) {
                 returnFiber.lastEffect.nextEffect = currentFiber.firstEffect;
             returnFiber.lastEffect = currentFiber.lastEffect;
        const effectTag = currentFiber.effectTag;
        if (effectTag) {
            if (!!returnFiber.lastEffect) {
                 returnFiber.lastEffect.nextEffect = currentFiber;
                 returnFiber.firstEffect = currentFiber;
             returnFiber.lastEffect = currentFiber:
   }
```

```
function workLoop(deadline) {
    let shouldYield = false;
    while (nextUnitOfWork && !shouldYield) {
        nextUnitOfWork = performUnitOfWork(nextUnitOfWork); //执行一个任务并返回下一个任务
        shouldYield = deadline.timeRemaining() < 1; //如果剩余时间小于1毫秒就说明没有时间了,需要把控制权让给浏览器
    }
    //如果没有下一个执行单元了,并且当前追染树存在,则进行提全阶段
    if (!nextUnitOfWork && workInProgressRoot) {
        commitRoot();
    }
    requestIdleCallback(workLoop);
}
//开始在空闲时间执行workLoop
requestIdleCallback(workLoop);
```

5.实现函数组件#

5.1 src\index.js

src\index.js

5.2 constants.js

src\constants.js

```
export const ELEMENT_TEXT = Symbol.for('ELEMENT_TEXT');

export const TAG_ROOT = Symbol.for('TAG_ROOT');

export const TAG_HOST = Symbol.for('TAG_HOST');

export const TAG_TEXT = Symbol.for('TAG_TEXT');

export const TAG_CLASS = Symbol.for('TAG_CLASS');

+export const TAG_CLASS = Symbol.for('TAG_TEXT');

export const TAG_FUNCTION = Symbol.for('TAG_FUNCTION');

export const UPDATE = Symbol.for('UPDATE');

export const DFLACEMENT = Symbol.for('UPLACEMENT');

export const DELETION = Symbol.for('DELETION');
```

5.3 scheduler.js

src\scheduler.js

```
import { setProps, deepEquals } from './utils';
import { UpdateQueue } from './updateQueue';
     ELEMENT_TEXT, TAG_ROOT, TAG_HOST, TAG_TEXT, TAG_CLASS, TAG_FUNCTION, PLACEMENT, DELETION, UPDATE
+} from './constants';
let currentRoot = null;
                               //当前的根Fiber
let workInProgressRoot = null; //正在渲染中的根序iber let nextUnitofWork = null; //下一个工作单元 let deletions = []; //要删除的fiber节点
 xport function scheduleRoot(rootFiber) {
    if (rootFiber) {
        workInProgressRoot = rootFiber; //把当前树设置为nextUnitOfWork开始进行调度
        if (currentRoot.alternate) {
            workInProgressRoot = currentRoot.alternate;
             workInProgressRoot.alternate = currentRoot;
            workInProgressRoot =
                 ...currentRoot,
                 alternate: currentRoot
        }
    deletions.length = 0;
nextUnitOfWork = workInProgressRoot;
  unction commitRoot() {
    deletions.forEach(commitWork);
    let currentFiber = workInProgressRoot.firstEffect;
    while (currentFiber) {
        commitWork(currentFiber);
currentFiber = currentFiber.nextEffect;
    deletions.length = 0;//先把要删除的节点清空掉
    workInProgressRoot.lastEffect = null;
currentRoot = workInProgressRoot;
    workInProgressRoot = null;
 unction commitWork(currentFiber) {
    if (!currentFiber) {
        return;
    let returnFiber = currentFiber.return;//先获取父Fiber
    while (returnFiber.tag !== TAG_BOST && returnFiber.tag !== TAG_ROOT && returnFiber.tag !== TAG_TEXT) (//如果不是DOM节点就一直向上找
        returnFiber = returnFiber.return;
    const domReturn = returnFiber.stateNode;//获取父的DOM节点
```

```
let nextFiber = currentFiber;
       while (nextFiber.tag !== TAG_HOST && nextFiber.tag !== TAG_TEXT) {//必须向下找到一个DOM节点
           nextFiber = nextFiber.child;
       domReturn.appendChild(nextFiber.stateNode);
   } else if (currentFiber.effectTag
       commitDeletion(currentFiber, domReturn);
   } else if (currentFiber.effectTag
      if (currentFiber.type
           if (currentFiber.alternate.props.text !== currentFiber.props.text) {
               currentFiber.stateNode.textContent = currentFiber.props.text;
       } else {
           updateDOM(currentFiber.stateNode, currentFiber.alternate.props, currentFiber.props);
       }
   currentFiber.effectTag = null;
function commitDeletion(currentFiber, domReturn) {
   if (currentFiber.tag
       domReturn.removeChild(currentFiber.stateNode);
   } else {
      commitDeletion(currentFiber.child, domReturn);
 nction performUnitOfWork(currentFiber) {
  beginWork(currentFiber);//开始渲染前的Fiber,就是把子元素变成子fiber
   if (currentFiber.child) {//如果子节点就返回第一个子节点
      return currentFiber.child;
  while (currentFiber) {//如果没有子节点说明当前节点已经完成了渲染工作
       completeUnitOfWork(currentFiber);//可以结束此fiber的渲染了
if (currentFiber.sibling) {//如果它有弟弟就返回弟弟
          return currentFiber.sibling;
       currentFiber = currentFiber.return;//如果没有弟弟让爸爸完成,然后找叔叔
  }
unction beginWork(currentFiber) {
  if (currentFiber.tag
       updateHostRoot(currentFiber);
   } else if (currentFiber.tag
   updateHostText(currentFiber);
} else if (currentFiber.tag
      updateHostComponent(currentFiber);
   } else if (currentFiber.tag
   updateClassComponent(currentFiber)
} else if (currentFiber.tag === TAG_FUNCTION) {//如果是函数组件
        updateFunctionComponent(currentFiber);
+function updateFunctionComponent(currentFiber) {
   const newChildren = [currentFiber.type(currentFiber.props)];
reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren);
function updateClassComponent(currentFiber) {
   if (currentFiber.stateNode
      currentFiber.stateNode = new currentFiber.type(currentFiber.props);
       currentFiber.stateNode.internalFiber = currentFiber;
       currentFiber.updateQueue = new UpdateQueue();
   currentFiber.stateNode.state = currentFiber.updateQueue.forceUpdate(currentFiber.stateNode.state);
   const newChildren = [currentFiber.stateNode.render()];
   reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren);
function updateHostText(currentFiber) {
  if (!currentFiber.stateNode) {
    currentFiber.stateNode = createDOM(currentFiber);//先创建真实的DOM节点
function updateHostRoot(currentFiber) {//如果是根节点
   const newChildren = currentFiber.props.children;//直接渲染子节点
   reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren);
function updateHostComponent(currentFiber) {//如果是原生DOM节点
   if (!currentFiber.stateNode) {
      currentFiber.stateNode = createDOM(currentFiber);//先创建真实的DOM节点
   const newChildren = currentFiber.props.children;
   reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren);
function createDOM(currentFiber) {
   if (currentFiber.type
       return document.createTextNode(currentFiber.props.text);
   const stateNode = document.createElement(currentFiber.type);
   updateDOM(stateNode, {}, currentFiber.props);
   return stateNode;
function reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren) {
   let newChildIndex = 0;//新虚拟DOM数组中的索引
   let oldFiber = currentFiber.alternate && currentFiber.alternate.child;//父Fiber中的第一个子Fiber
   let prevSibling;
   while (newChildIndex < newChildren.length || oldFiber) {
       const newChild = newChildren[newChildIndex];
       let newFiber;
       const sameType = oldFiber && newChild && newChild.type
       if (newChild && typeof newChild.type
```

```
tag = TAG CLASS;//类组件
        } else if (newChild && typeof newChild.type === 'function') {
  tag = TAG_FUNCTION;//函数组件
        } else if (newChild && newChild.type === ELEMENT_TEXT) {
       tag = TAG_TEXT;//文本
} else if (newChild && typeof newChild.type
tag = TAG_HOST;//原生DOM组件
       if (sameType) {
           newFiber = {
    tag, //标记Fiber类型,例如是函数组件或者原生组件
               type: oldFiber.type,//具体的元素类型
               props: newChild.props,//新的属性对象
                stateNode: oldFiber.stateNode,//原生组件的话就存放DOM节点,类组件的话是类组件实例,函数组件的话为空,因为没有实例
               return: currentFiber,//父Fiber
               updateQueue: oldFiber.updateQueue || new UpdateQueue(), alternate: oldFiber,//上一个Fiber 指向旧树中的节点
               effectTag: deepEquals(oldFiber.props, newChild.props) ? null : UPDATE,//副作用标识
       } else {
           if (newChild) {//类型不一样,创建新的Fiber,旧的不复用了
               newFiber = {
tag,//原生DOM组件
                    type: newChild.type,//具体的元素类型
                   props: newChild.props,//新的属性对象
stateNode: null,//stateNode肯定是空的
                   return: currentFiber,//父Fiber
                    effectTag: PLACEMENT //副作用标识
           if (oldFiber) {
                oldFiber.effectTag = DELETION;
               deletions.push(oldFiber);
       if (oldFiber) { //比较完一个元素了,老Fiber向后移动1位 oldFiber = oldFiber.sibling;
       if (newFiber) {
           if (newChildIndex
               currentFiber.child = newFiber;//第一个子节点挂到父节点的child属性上
           } else {
               prevSibling.sibling = newFiber;
           prevSibling = newFiber;//然后newFiber变成了上一个哥哥了
       newChildIndex++;
function updateDOM(stateNode, oldProps, newProps) {
   setProps(stateNode, oldProps, newProps);
function completeUnitOfWork(currentFiber) {
   const returnFiber = currentFiber.return;
   if (returnFiber) {
       if (!returnFiber.firstEffect) {
           returnFiber.firstEffect = currentFiber.firstEffect;
       if (!!currentFiber.lastEffect) {
   if (!!returnFiber.lastEffect) {
               returnFiber.lastEffect.nextEffect = currentFiber.firstEffect;
           returnFiber.lastEffect = currentFiber.lastEffect;
       const effectTag = currentFiber.effectTag;
       if (effectTag) {
   if (!!returnFiber.lastEffect) {
               returnFiber.lastEffect.nextEffect = currentFiber;
               returnFiber.firstEffect = currentFiber;
           returnFiber.lastEffect = currentFiber:
   }
 unction workLoop(deadline) {
   let shouldYield = false;
   while (nextUnitOfWork && !shouldYield) {
       nextUnitOfWork = performUnitOfWork(nextUnitOfWork)://执行一个任务并返回下一个任务
       shouldYield = deadline.timeRemaining() < 1;//如果剩余时间小于1毫秒就说明没有时间了,需要把控制权让给浏览器
   ·
//如果没有下一个执行单元了,并且当前渲染树存在,则进行提交阶段
   if (!nextUnitOfWork && workInProgressRoot)
       commitRoot();
   requestIdleCallback(workLoop);
/开始在空闲时间执行workLoop
equestIdleCallback(workLoop);
```

6.实现hooks#

6.1 src\index.js

src\index.js

6.2 src\react.js

src\react.js

```
import { ELEMENT_TEXT } from './constants';
import { Update, UpdateQueue } from './updateQueue';
+import { scheduleRoot,useState,useReducer} from './scheduler';
function createElement(type, config, ...children) {
    delete config.__self;
     delete config.__source;
    return {
         type,
         props: {
              ...config,
             children: children.map(
   child => typeof child
        child:
                       { type: ELEMENT_TEXT, props: { text: child, children: [] } })
    constructor(props) {
         this.props = props;
         this.updateQueue = new UpdateQueue();
    setState(payload) {
         this.internalFiber.updateQueue.enqueueUpdate(new Update(payload));
         scheduleRoot();
  omponent.prototype.isReactComponent = true;
 let React = {
    createElement,
    Component,
     useState,
     useReducer
export default React;
```

6.3 src\scheduler.js

src\scheduler.js

```
import { setProps, deepEquals } from './utils';
+import { UpdateQueue, Update } from './updateQueue';
     ELEMENT_TEXT, TAG_ROOT, TAG_HOST, TAG_TEXT, TAG_CLASS, TAG_FUNCTION, PLACEMENT, DELETION, UPDATE
from './constants';
let currentRoot = null;
                                        //当前的根Fiber
let workInProgressRoot = null; //正在渲染中的根Fiber let nextUnitOfWork = null; //下一个工作单元 let deletions = []; //要删除的fiber节点
 let deletions = []; //要删除的fiber节点
+let workInProgressFiber = null; //正在工作中的fiber
 +let hookIndex = 0; //hook索
export function scheduleRoot(rootFiber) {
                                            //hook索引
    if (rootFiber) {
           workInProgressRoot = rootFiber; //把当前树设置为nextUnitOfWork开始进行调度
     } else {
         if (currentRoot.alternate) {
                workInProgressRoot = currentRoot.alternate;
workInProgressRoot.alternate = currentRoot;
          } else {
               workInProgressRoot = {
                     ...currentRoot,
                    alternate: currentRoot
     deletions.length = 0;
     nextUnitOfWork = workInProgressRoot;
```

```
deletions.forEach(commitWork);
   let currentFiber = workInProgressRoot.firstEffect;
   while (currentFiber) {
       commitWork(currentFiber);
      currentFiber = currentFiber.nextEffect;
   deletions.length = 0;//先把要删除的节点清空掉
   workInProgressRoot.firstEffect = workInProgressRoot.lastEffect = null;
   currentRoot = workInProgressRoot;
   workInProgressRoot = null;
 nction commitWork(currentFiber) {
  if (!currentFiber) {
   let returnFiber = currentFiber.return;//先获取父Fiber
   while (returnFiber.tag !== TAG_HOST && returnFiber.tag !== TAG_ROOT && returnFiber.tag !== TAG_TEXT) {//如果不是DOM节点就一直向上找
       returnFiber = returnFiber.return;
   const domReturn = returnFiber.stateNode;//获取父的DOM节点
  if (currentFiber.effectTag
       let nextFiber = currentFiber;
       while (nextFiber.tag !== TAG HOST && nextFiber.tag !== TAG TEXT) {//必须向下找到一个DOM节点
          nextFiber = nextFiber.child;
       domReturn.appendChild(nextFiber.stateNode);
   } else if (currentFiber.effectTag
       commitDeletion(currentFiber, domReturn);
   } else if (currentFiber.effectTag
       if (currentFiber.type
          if (currentFiber.alternate.props.text !== currentFiber.props.text) {
               currentFiber.stateNode.textContent = currentFiber.props.text;
       } else {
          updateDOM(currentFiber.stateNode, currentFiber.alternate.props, currentFiber.props);
   currentFiber.effectTag = null;
 unction commitDeletion(currentFiber, domReturn) {
  if (currentFiber.tag
       domReturn.removeChild(currentFiber.stateNode);
   } else {
      commitDeletion(currentFiber.child, domReturn);
function performUnitOfWork(currentFiber) {
  beginWork(currentFiber);//开始渲染前的Fiber,就是把子元素变成子fiber
  if (currentFiber.child) {//如果子节点就返回第一个子节点 return currentFiber.child;
  while (currentFiber) {//如果没有子节点说明当前节点已经完成了渲染工作
      completeUnitOfWork(currentFiber);//可以结束此fiber的渲染了
       if (currentFiber.sibling) {//如果它有弟弟就返回弟弟
           return currentFiber.sibling;
       currentFiber = currentFiber.return;//如果没有弟弟让爸爸完成,然后找叔叔
function beginWork(currentFiber) {
  if (currentFiber.tag
    updateHostRoot(currentFiber);
   } else if (currentFiber.tag
      updateHostText(currentFiber);
   } else if (currentFiber.tag
       updateHostComponent(currentFiber);
  } else if (currentFiber.tag
      updateClassComponent(currentFiber)
  } else if (currentFiber.tag
      updateFunctionComponent(currentFiber);
function updateFunctionComponent(currentFiber) {
   workInProgressFiber = currentFiber;
   hookIndex = 0;
   workInProgressFiber.hooks = [];
  const newChildren = [currentFiber.type(currentFiber.props)];
   reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren);
function updateClassComponent(currentFiber) {
  if (currentFiber.stateNode
      currentFiber.stateNode = new currentFiber.type(currentFiber.props);
       currentFiber.stateNode.internalFiber = currentFiber:
      currentFiber.updateQueue = new UpdateQueue();
  currentFiber.stateNode.state = currentFiber.updateQueue.forceUpdate(currentFiber.stateNode.state);
   const newChildren = [currentFiber.stateNode.render()];
   reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren);
function updateHostText(currentFiber) {
  if (!currentFiber.stateNode) {
       currentFiber.stateNode = createDOM(currentFiber);//先创建真实的DOM节点
function updateHostRoot(currentFiber) {//如果是根节点
   const newChildren = currentFiber.props.children;//直接渲染子节点
   reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren);
```

```
function updateHostComponent(currentFiber) {//如果是原生DOM节点
    if (!currentFiber.stateNode) {
        currentFiber.stateNode = createDOM(currentFiber);//先创建真实的DOM节点
    const newChildren = currentFiber.props.children;
    reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren);
 unction createDOM(currentFiber) {
   if (currentFiber.type
        return document.createTextNode(currentFiber.props.text);
    const stateNode = document.createElement(currentFiber.type);
   updateDOM(stateNode, {}, currentFiber.props);
    return stateNode;
 function reconcileChildren(currentFiber, newChildren) {
    let newChildIndex = 0;//新虚拟DOM数组中的索引
    let oldFiber = currentFiber.alternate && currentFiber.alternate.child;//父Fiber中的第一个子Fiber
    let prevSibling;
    while (newChildIndex < newChildren.length || oldFiber) {
        const newChild = newChildren[newChildIndex];
        let newFiber;
        const sameType = oldFiber && newChild && newChild.type
        let tag:
        let tag;
if (newChild && typeof newChild.type
tag = TAG_CLASS;//类组件
} else if (newChild && typeof newChild.type
tag = TAG_FUNCTION;//函数组件
        } else if (newChild && newChild.type
tag = TAG TEXT;//文本
        } else if (newChild && typeof newChild.type
tag = TAG_HOST;//原生DOM组件
        if (sameType) {
            newFiber = {
tag,//标记Fiber类型,例如是函数组件或者原生组件
                type: oldFiber.type,//具体的元素类型 props: newChild.props,//新的属性对象
                stateNode: oldFiber.stateNode,//原生组件的话藏存放DOM节点,类组件的话是类组件实例,函数组件的话为空,因为没有实例return: currentFiber,//父Fiber
                updateQueue: oldFiber.updateQueue || new UpdateQueue(),alternate: oldFiber,//上一个Fiber 指向旧树中的节点
                 effectTag: deepEquals(oldFiber.props, newChild.props) ? null : UPDATE,//副作用标识
        } else {
            if (newChild) {//类型不一样,创建新的Fiber,旧的不复用了
                newFiber = {
tag,//原生DOM组件
                     type: newChild.type,//具体的元素类型
                     props: newChild.props,//新的属性对象
                     stateNode: null,//stateNode肯定是空的
return: currentFiber,//父Fiber
                     effectTag: PLACEMENT //副作用标识
            if (oldFiber) {
                oldFiber.effectTag = DELETION;
deletions.push(oldFiber);
        if (oldFiber) { //比较完一个元素了,老Fiber向后移动1位 oldFiber = oldFiber.sibling;
            if (newChildIndex
                currentFiber.child = newFiber;//第一个子节点挂到父节点的child属性上
            } else {
                prevSibling.sibling = newFiber;
            prevSibling = newFiber;//然后newFiber变成了上一个哥哥了
 function updateDOM(stateNode, oldProps, newProps) {
    setProps(stateNode, oldProps, newProps);
 unction completeUnitOfWork(currentFiber) {
    const returnFiber = currentFiber.return;
    if (returnFiber) {
        if (!returnFiber.firstEffect) {
            returnFiber.firstEffect = currentFiber.firstEffect;
        if (!!currentFiber.lastEffect) {
                returnFiber.lastEffect.nextEffect = currentFiber.firstEffect;
            returnFiber.lastEffect = currentFiber.lastEffect;
        const effectTag = currentFiber.effectTag;
        if (effectTag) {
            if (!!returnFiber.lastEffect) {
                returnFiber.lastEffect.nextEffect = currentFiber;
                returnFiber.firstEffect = currentFiber;
            returnFiber.lastEffect = currentFiber:
+export function useReducer(reducer, initialValue) {
```

```
let oldHook =
          workInProgressFiber.alternate &&
          workInProgressFiber.alternate.hooks &&
workInProgressFiber.alternate.hooks[hookIndex];
    let newHook = oldHook;
    if (oldHook) {
          oldHook.state = oldHook.updateQueue.forceUpdate(oldHook.state);
         newHook = {
             state: initialValue,
updateQueue: new UpdateQueue()
    const dispatch = action => {
         newHook.updateQueue.enqueueUpdate(
    new Update(reducer ? reducer(newHook.state, action) : action)
);
          scheduleRoot();
    workInProgressFiber.hooks[hookIndex++] = newHook;
    return [newHook.state, dispatch];
+export function useState(initState) {
    return useReducer(null, initState)
function workLoop(deadline) {
   let shouldYield = false;
while (nextUnitOfWork && !shouldYield) {
    nextUnitOfWork = performUnitOfWork(nextUnitOfWork);//执行一个任务并返回下一个任务
    shouldYield = deadline.timeRemaining() < 1;//如果剩余时间小于1毫秒就说明没有时间了,需要把控制权让给浏览器
   //如果没有下一个执行单元了,并且当前渲染树存在,则进行提交阶段
if (!nextUnitOfWork && workInProgressRoot) {
       commitRoot();
   requestIdleCallback(workLoop);
,
//开始在空闲时间执行workLoop
requestIdleCallback(workLoop);
```