```
link null
title: 珠峰架构师成长计划
description: null
keywords: null
author. null
date: null
publisher: 珠峰架构师成长计划
stats paragraph=54 sentences=276, words=1360
```

1. 原生JS实现计数器

```
cbody>
cbutton id="counter-btn">
button>

<script>
let counterBtn = document.getElementById('counter-btn');
let number = 0;
counterBtn.addEventListener('click', function() {
    counterBtn.innerHTML = ++number;
});
script>
body>
```

2. HTML结构的复用

2.1 index.html

2.2 index.js

3.生成DOM元素并添加事件

3.1 index.html

```
let counterApp = document.getElementById('counter-app');
counterApp.appendChild(new Counter().render());
```

3.2 index.js

```
class Counter{
    constructor(){
        this.state = {number:0};
    }
} createDOMFromString(domString){
    const div = document.oreateElement('div');
    div.innerHTML = domString;
    return div.children[0];
} increment (){
        this.state = {number:this.state.number+1};
    let oldElement = this.domElement;
    let newElement = this.render();
    oldElement.parentElement.replaceChild(newElement);
}
render(){
    this.domElement = this.createDOMFromString('
        ${this.state.number}

        ');
        this.domElement.addEventListener('click',this.increment.bind(this));
        return this.domElement;
}
```

4.抽象Component

4.1 index.html

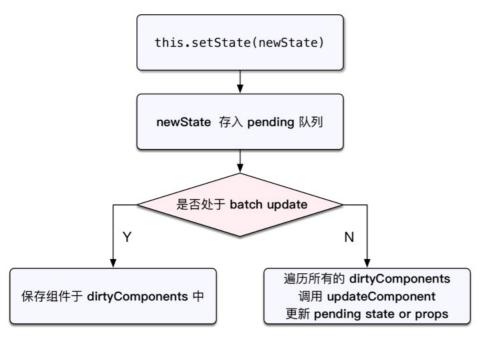
```
<body>
<div id="counter-app">div>
<script src="index.js">script>
<script>
```

4.2 index.js

```
window.trigger = function(event,name) {
   let component = event.target.component;
   component[name].call(component,event);
class Component {
    constructor (props) {
          this.props = props;
     createDOMFromString(domString) {
          const div = document.createElement('div');
           div.innerHTML = domString;
           return div.children[0];
     setState (partialState) {
          this.state = Object.assign(this.state,partialState);
let oldElement = this.domElement;
let newElement = this.renderElement();
oldElement.parentElement.replaceChild(newElement,oldElement);
          let renderString = this.render();
this.domElement = this.createDOMFromString(renderString);
          this.domElement.component = this;
return this.domElement;
           container.appendChild(this.renderElement());
  class Counter extends Component(
   constructor (props) {
        super(props);
        this.state = {number:0};
   increment(){
    this.setState({number:this.state.number+1});
    console.log(this.state);
    this.setState({number:this.state.number+1});
    console.log(this.state);
     this.setState({number:this.state.number+1});
     console.log(this.state);
     this.setState({number:this.state.number+1});
     console.log(this.state);
  render(){
           ${this.props.name}:${this.state.number}
```

5.setState可能是异步的

• 運時 (https://github.com/facebook/react/blob/35962a00084382b49d1f9e3bd36612925f360e5b/src/renderers/shared/reconciler/ReactUpdates.js#L199)



```
let counterApp = document.getElementById('counter-app');
new Counter({name:'珠峰架杓'}).mount(counterApp);
```

5.2 index.js

```
let batchingStrategy = {
    isBatchingUpdates:false,
    updaters:[].
    batchedUpdates() {
         updater.component.updateComponent();
});
class Updater{
    constructor (component) {
         this.component = component;
         this.pendingStates = [];
    addState (particalState) {
         \textbf{this.}. \texttt{pendingStates.} \texttt{push} \, (\texttt{particalState}) \; ;
         batchingStrategy.isBatchingUpdates?batchingStrategy.updaters.push(this):this.component.updateComponent();
let transaction = new Transaction({
    initialize() {
         batchingStrategy.isBatchingUpdates = true;
         batchingStrategy.isBatchingUpdates = false;
         batchingStrategy.batchedUpdates();
window.trigger = function(event, name) {
   batchingStrategy.isBatchingUpdates = true;
let component = event.target.component;
    component[name].bind(component,event);
batchingStrategy.isBatchingUpdates = false;
    batchingStrategy.batchedUpdates();
class Component{
    constructor (props) {
         this.props = props;
this.$updater = new Updater(this);
    createDOMFromString(domString) {
         const div = document.createElement('div');
div.innerHTML = domString;
         return div.children[0];
    setState (particalState) {
         this. Supdater.addState(particalState);
    updateComponent(){
         let pendingStates = this.Supdater.pendingStates;
pendingStates.forEach(particalState=>Object.assign(this.state,particalState));
         this.$updater.pendingStates.length = 0;
let oldElement = this.domElement;
let newElement = this.renderElement();
         oldElement.parentElement.replaceChild(newElement,oldElement);
        let renderString = this.render();
this.domElement = this.createDOMFromString(renderString);
         this.domElement.component = this;
return this.domElement;
         \verb|container.appendChild(\verb|this.renderElement())|;
class Counter extends Component(
  constructor(props) {
      super (props);
       this.state = {number:0};
  increment(){
   this.setState({number:this.state.number+1});
   console.log(this.state);
   this.setState({number:this.state.number+1});
   console.log(this.state);
   setTimeout(()=>{
    this.setState({number:this.state.number+1});
    console.log(this.state);
    this.setState({number:this.state.number+1});
    console.log(this.state);
  render(){
      return (
          ${this.props.name}:${this.state.number}
```

- <u>源码 (https://github.com/facebook/react/blob/6d5fe44c8602f666a043a4117ccc3bdb29b86e78/src/shared/utils/Transaction.is</u>)
 一个所谓的 Transaction 競長格需要执行的 method 使用 wrapper 封装起来, 再通过 Transaction 提供的 perform 方法执行
 而在 perform 之前, 先执行所有 wrapper 中的 initialize 方法; perform 完成之后(即 method 执行后) 再执行所有的 close 方法
 一组 initialize 及 close 方法称为一个 wrapper

```
wrappers (injected at creation time)
            +--| wrapper1 |---++ v |
               | v v | wrapper
| +---+ +---+ | invariants
| initialize
                          close |
```

6.1 transaction

```
function setState() {
   console.log('setState')
class Transaction {
   constructor (wrappers) {
      this.wrappers = wrappers;
   perform(func) {
       this.wrappers.forEach(wrapper=>wrapper.initialize())
       func.call();
       this.wrappers.forEach(wrapper=>wrapper.close())
let transaction = new Transaction([
       console.log('beforel');
},
      console.log('afterl');
}
       initialize() {
       console.log('before2');
},
       close() {
          console.log('after2');
transaction.perform(setState);
```

6.2 index.js

```
class Transaction
     constructor(wrapper) {
         this.wrapper = wrapper;
     perform(func) {
         this.wrapper.initialize();
         func.call();
this.wrapper.close();
let batchingStrategy = {
    isBatchingUpdates:false,
     updaters:[],
    batchedUpdates() {
         updater.component.updateComponent();
});
class Updater
    constructor(component) {
         this.component = component;
this.pendingStates = [];
    addState(particalState) {
         this.pendingStates.push(particalState);
batchingStrategy.isBatchingUpdates?batchingStrategy.updaters.push(this):this.component.updateComponent();
let transaction = new Transaction({
    initialize() {
         batchingStrategy.isBatchingUpdates = true;
     close() {
          batchingStrategy.isBatchingUpdates = false;
         batchingStrategy.batchedUpdates();
window.trigger = function(event, name) {
    let component = event.target.component;
transaction.perform(component[name].bind(component,event));
    constructor(props) {
         this.Supdater = new Updater(this);
     createDOMFromString(domString) {
         const div = document.createElement('div');
div.innerHTML = domString;
          return div.children[0];
     setState(particalState) {
         this. Supdater.addState(particalState);
     updateComponent(){
         let pendingStates = this.$updater.pendingStates;
         let pendingStates = this.Supdater.pendingStates;
pendingStates.forEach (particalState>)Object.assign(this.state,particalState));
this.Supdater.pendingStates.length = 0;
let oldElement = this.domElement;
let newElement = this.renderElement();
oldElement.parentElement.replaceChild(newElement,oldElement);
     renderElement(){
         let renderString = this.render();
this.domElement = this.createDOMFromString(renderString);
         this.domElement.component = this;
return this.domElement;
    mount(container) {
          \verb|container.appendChild(this.renderElement());|\\
 lass Counter extends Component(
  constructor(props) {
      super(props);
       this.state = {number:0};
  increment(){
   this.setState({number:this.state.number+1});
   console.log(this.state);
   this.setState({number:this.state.number+1});
    console.log(this.state);
   setTimeout(() => {
     this.setState({number:this.state.number+1});
     console.log(this.state);
     this.setState({number:this.state.number+1});
     console.log(this.state);
  render(){
      return (
          \{this.props.name\}: \{this.state.number\}
      )
```