link null title: 珠峰架构师成长计划 description: null keywords: null author: null date: null publisher: 珠峰架构师成长计划 stats: paragraph=244 sentences=675, words=3733

1. 什么是同构#

- 同构的项目支持客户端渲染和服务器端渲染
- 客户端渲染缺点
 - 首屏速度加载慢

 - 不支持SEO和搜索引擎优化首页需要通过请求初始化数据

2.Next.js

- Next.js英文文档 (https://nextjs.org/docs).Next.js中文文档 (https://nextjs.frontendx.cn/docs/) 是一个轻量级的 React 服务编渲染应用框架
 數认支持服务编渲染
 自动根据页面进行代码分割

- 基于页面的客户端路由方案
 基于 Webpack 的开发环境,支持热模块替换
- 可以跟 Koa或者其它 Node. js服务器进行集成 支持 Babel 和 Webpack 的配置项定制 静态文件服务 public

3.项目初始化

3.1 创建项目 **#**

```
mkdir zhufengnextjs
cd zhufengnextjs
npm init -y
yarn add --dev react react-dom next axios redux react-redux express body-parser cors express-session connect-mongo mongoose koa koa-router
mkdir pages
```

3.2 添加脚本#

package.json

```
"scripts": {
  "dev": "next dev",
"build": "next build",
  "start": "next start"
```

.gitignore (https://github.com/zeit/next.js/blob/canary/.gitignore)

3.3 访问服务

- 以./pages作为服务端的渲染和索引的根目录
- pages 是 next.js 中非常重要的一个目录,其中每一个 js 文件就代表一个页面,但是有两个例外, _app.js 和 _document.js
- next.js会将pages下的js文件根据其路径名和文件名自动生成对应的路由
- pages组件代码自动分割next.js项目运行之后会自动生成.next目录

3.3.1 index.js

```
export default function () {
```

3.3.2 访问

curl http:

4.跑通路由和样式

4.1 知识点 <u>#</u>

- 绑定 styled-jsx 来生成独立作用域的 CSS
 如何支持本地和全局 css
- 路由的使用和两种跳转路径的方法

- App组件是每个页面的根组件,页面切换时 App 不会销毁,但是里面的页面组件会销毁,因此可以利用这个来设置全局属性和样式
- 全局 css 只能写在这里, 否则会报错
 - 当页面变化时保持页面布局
 - 当路由变化时保持页面状态注入额外数据到页面里

pages app.js

```
import App, { Container } from 'next/app';
import Link from 'next/link';
import _appStyle from './_app.module.css';
import './styles/global.css';
class LayoutApp extends App(
    render() {
        let { Component } = this.props;
        return (
               <div>
                    <style jsx>
                                display:inline-block;
margin-left:10px;
                                line-height:31px;
                     <div>
                               <img src="/images/jglogo.png" className={_appStyle.logo}/>

                                  header>
                          <Component />
              div>
                          <footer style={{ textAlign: 'center' }} >@copyright 珠峰架构footer>
export default LayoutApp;
```

4.3 pages_app.module.css

pages_app.module.css

```
height: 31px;
float: left;
```

4.4 global.css

styles\global.css

```
body {
 padding: 0;
 margin: 0;
```

4.5 pages\index.js

pages\index.js

```
export default function () {
   return (
      <div>
          Homep>
      div>
```

4.6 pages\user.js

pages\user.js

```
import Link from 'next/link'
export default function () {
        <div>
           Userp>
<Link href="/">首页Link>
```

4.7 pages\profile.js

pages\profile.js

```
import router from 'next/router'
export default function () {
   return (
      <div>
          Userp>
          <button onClick={() => router.back()}>返回button>
```

5.二级路由

5.1 知识点 <u>#</u>

- 支持二级路由实现二级布局组件
- 路由跳转传递参数页面组件通过 getInitialProps获取数据

5.2 执行顺序 **#**

5.2.1 后台顺序

- LayoutApp getInitialPropsUseList getInitialProps
- LayoutApp constructor
- UseList constructor 5.2.2 前台顺序#
- 初次渲染
 - LayoutApp constructor
 - UseList constructor
- 路由切换
 - LayoutApp getInitialProps
 - UseList getInitialPropsUseList constructor

** 5.2.3 pages_app.js#**

pages_app.js

```
let pageProps = {};
        if (Component.getInitialProps)
pageProps = await Component.getInitialProps(ctx);
        return { pageProps };
    render() {
   let { Component,pageProps } = this.props;
        return (
                      {
`li{
                          display:inline-block;
margin-left:10px;
line-height:31px;
                             首页
用户管理
个人中心
                     @copyright 珠峰架构
export default LayoutApp;
```

** 5.2.4 user\index.js #**

```
import Link from 'next/link';
function UserLayout (props) {
    return (
         <div>
                       <!i><Link href="/user/list"><a>用户列表a>Link>li></i><Link href="/user/add"><a>添加用户a>Link>li>
                   ul>
<div>
                      {props.children}
        div>
                   div>
export default UserLayout;
```

** 5.2.5 user\list.js #**

pages\user\list.js

```
import Link from 'next/link';
import UserLayout from './';
function UseList(props) {
     return (
           <UserLayout>
                props.list.map((user)=>(
                               --- ....y-quser.iu}>
     <Link href={`/user/detail/${user.id}``}>{user.name}Link>
li>
               ul>
          UserLayout>
 ,
UseList.getInitialProps = async (ctx) => {
let list = [{ id: 1, name: '张三'}, { id: 2, name: '李四'}];
return { list };
export default UseList;
```

** 5.2.6 user\add.js <u>#</u>**

pages\user\add.js

```
import Link from 'next/link';
import UserLayout from './';
import React from 'react';
function UserAdd(props) {
   let nameRef = React.useRef();
     let passwordRef = React.useRef();
let handleSubmit = (event)=>{
          event.preventDefault();
          let user = {name:nameRef.current.value,password:passwordRef.current.value};
           console.log('添加',user);
     return (
          <UserLayout>
               <form onSubmit={handleSubmit}>
                   用户名:<input ref={nameRef}/>
密码:<input ref={passwordRef}/>
<button type="submit">添加button>
               form>
          UserLayout>
export default UserAdd;
```

** 5.2.7 user\detail[id].js #**

pages\user\detail[id].js

```
import React from 'react';
import UserLayout from '../';
function UserDetail (props) {
 return (
   <UserLayout>
      ID: {props.user.id}p>
   UserLayout>
UserDetail.getInitialProps = async (ctx) => {
 return { user:{id:ctx.query.id}};
export default UserDetail;
```

6.调用接口

- 当服务渲染时, getInitialProps将会把数据序列化,就像 JSON.stringify

- getInitialProps将不能使用在子组件中。只能使用在 pages页面中

6.1 utils\axios.js

utils\axios.js

```
import axios from 'axios';
axios.defaults.withCredentials = true

const instance = axios.create({

baseURL: 'http://localhost:4000'
export default instance;
```

6.2 pages\user\add.js

pages\user\add.js

6.3 user\list.js

pages\user\list.js

6.4 [id].js <u>#</u>

pages\user\detail[id].js

7.懒加载

7.1 知识点 <u>#</u>

- 组件懒加载
- 模块懒加载

7.2 pages\user\detail[id].js

pages\user\detail[id].js

7.3 components\UserInfo.js

components\UserInfo.js

8.用户登录

8.1 pages_app.js

pages_app.js

```
首页
用户管理
个人中心
+ 登录
```

8.2 pages\login.js

```
import React from 'react';
import axios from '../utils/axios';
import router from 'next/router';
import {connect} from 'react-redux';
import * as types from '../store/action-types';
function Login() {
    let nameRef = React.useRef();
     let passwordRef = React.useRef();
    let handleSubmit = async (event) => {
    event.preventDefault();
         let user = {name:nameRef.current.value,password:passwordRef.current.value};
          let response = await axios.post('/api/login', user).then(res=>res.data);
         if (response.success) {
              props.dispatch({type:types.SET_USER_INFO,payload:response.data});
               router.push('/');
         } else {
             alert('登录失败');
         <form onSubmit={handleSubmit}>
                   用户名:<input ref={nameRef}/>
密码:<input ref={passwordRef}/>
<button type="submit">登录button>
         form>
export default connect(state=>state)(Login);
```

9.集成redux

- 初次渲染的执行顺序是
 - 后台 LayoutApp.getInitialProps LayoutApp.constructor
 - 前台 LayoutApp.getInitialProps
- 切换路由时的执行顺序
 - 前台 LayoutApp.getInitialProps

9.1 安装依赖

yarn add redux react-redux

9.2 pages_app.js

pages_app.js

```
import App from 'next/app;
import Link from 'next/link';
import _appStyle from './_app.module.css';
import '../styles/global.css';
import 'Provider ) from 'react-redux';
+import daxios from '../utils/axios';
#.import axios from '../utis/axios';
#import createStore from '../store/;
#import * as types from '../store/action-types';
#function getStore(initialState) {
# if (typeof window == 'undefined') {
              return createStore(initialState);//如果是服务器端,每次都返回新的仓库
       } else {
            if (!window._REDUX_STORE_) {
    window._REDUX_STORE_ = createStore(initialState);
             return window._REDUX_STORE_;
 class LayoutApp extends App{
       constructor (props) {
              super(props);
             this.store = getStore(props.initialState);//3.后台用新状重新创建新仓库//4.初始状态序列化后发给了客户端,在客户端重新创建新的仓库
     static async getInitialProps({ Component, ctx }) {
  let store = getStore();//1.后台创建新仓库 5.每次切换路由都会执行此方法获取老仓库
  if (typeof window == 'undefined') {//2.后台获取用户信息
  let options = { url: '/api/currentUser' };
                   if (ctx.req&&ctx.req.headers.cookie) {
                         options.headers = options.headers || {};
options.headers.cookie = ctx.req.headers.cookie;
                   let response = await axios(options).then(res=>res.data);
                   if (response.success) {
                         store.dispatch({ type: types.SET_USER_INFO, payload: response.data });
           let pageProps = {};
          if (Component.getInitialProps)
  pageProps = await Component.getInitialProps(ctx);
          pageriops - await component.getHiltarrops(ct/),
let props = { pageProps};
if (typeof window == 'undefined') {//后台获取用赋值状态
props.initialState=store.getState();
           return props;
      render() {
            let { Component,pageProps} = this.props;
let state = this.store.getState();
            return (
                                        display:inline-block;
margin-left:10px;
                                        line-height:31px;
                                              首页
用户管理
                                              个人中心
                                                        state.currentUser ? {state.currentUser.name}:登录
                                @copyright 珠峰架构
export default LayoutApp;
```

9.3 store\action-types.js

store\action-types.js

export const SET_USER_INFO = 'SET_USER_INFO';

9.4 store\reducer.js

store\reducer.js

```
import * as types from './action-types';
let initState = {
    currentUser: null
}
const reducer = (state = initState, action) => {
    switch (action.type) {
        case types.SET_USET_INFO:
            return { currentUser: action.payload }
        default:
            return state;
    }
}
export default reducer;
```

9.5 store\index.js

store\index.is

```
import { createStore } from 'redux';
import reducer from './reducer';

export default function (initialState) {
    return createStore(reducer, initialState);
}
```

10.loading效果

• 路由事件 (https://nextjs.frontendx.cn/docs/#%E8%B7%AF%E7%94%B1)

事件 触发时机 routeChangeStart(urt) 路由开始切换时触发 routeChangeComplete(urt) 完成路由切换时触发 routeChangeError(err, urt) 路由切换报错时触发 beforeHistoryChange(urt) 浏览器 history 模式开始切换时触发 hashChangeStart(urt) 开始切换 hash 值但是没有切换页面路由时触发 hashChangeComplete(urt) 完成切换 hash 值但是没有切换页面路由时触发

11.1 pages_app.js

```
import App from 'next/app';
import Link from 'next/link';
amport Link from 'next/link';
import _appStyle from './_app.module.css';
import '../styles/global.css';
import { Provider } from 'react-redux';
import axios from '../utils/axios';
import createStore from '../store';
import * as types from '../store/action-types';
+import router from 'next/router';
function getStore(initialState) {
    if (typeof window == 'undefined') {
           return createStore(initialState);//如果是服务器端,每次都返回新的仓库
     } else {
          if (!window._REDUX_STORE_) {
                window._REDUX_STORE_ = createStore(initialState);
           return window._REDUX_STORE_;
,
class LayoutApp extends App{
     state = { loading: false }
constructor(props) {
          super(props);
this.store = getStore(props.initialState);//3.后台用新状重新创建新仓库
//4.初始状态序列化后发给了客户端。在客户端重新创建新的仓库
    static async getInitialProps({ Component, ctx }) {
   let store = getStore();//1.后台创建新仓库 5.每次切换路由都会执行此方法获取老仓库
   if (typeof window == 'undefined') {//2.后台获取用户信息
    let options = { url: '/api/currentUser' };
                if (ctx.req&&ctx.req.headers.cookie) {
    options.headers = options.headers || {};
                      options.headers.cookie = ctx.req.headers.cookie;
                let response = await axios(options).then(res=>res.data);
                     store.dispatch({ type: types.SET_USER_INFO, payload: response.data });
         let pageProps = {};
        ret pagerrops = ();
if (Component.getInitialProps)
pageProps = await Component.getInitialProps(ctx);
let props = { pageProps);
if (typeof window = 'undefined') (//后台获取用赋值状态
props.initialState=store.getState();
         return props;
     componentDidMount() {
           this.routeChangeStart = (url) => {
               this.setState({ loading: true });
           router.events.on('routeChangeStart', this.routeChangeStart);
           this.routeChangeComplete = (url) => {
    this.setState({ loading: false });
           router.events.on('routeChangeComplete', this.routeChangeComplete);
     componentWillUnmount() {
          router.events.off('routeChangeStart', this.routeChangeStart)
router.events.off('routeChangeStart', this.routeChangeComplete)
     render() {
           let { Component,pageProps} = this.props;
           let state = this.store.getState();
           return (
                             {
`li{
                                   display:inline-block;
                                   margin-left:10px;
                                   line-height:31px;
                                       首页
用户管理
                                       个人中心
                                              state.currentUser ? {state.currentUser.name}:登录
                                  this.state.loading ? 切换中.....:
                            @copyright 珠峰架构
export default LayoutApp;
```

11.受保护路由

11.1 pages\profile.js

pages\profile.js

```
+import router from 'next/router';
+import { connect } from 'react-redux';
+import axios from '../utils/axios';
+function Profile(props) {
      let { currentUser } = props;
      return (
                  当前登录用户:{currentUser.name}
                    router.back()}>返回
+ Profile.getInitialProps = async function (ctx) {
+ let options = { url: '/api/currentUser' };
+ if (ctx.req && ctx.req.headers.cookie) {
+ options.headers = options.headers || {};
            options.headers.cookie = ctx.req.headers.cookie;
     let response = await axios(options).then(res=>res.data);
if (response.success) {
            return {currentUser:response.data};
      } else {
            if (ctx.req) {
   ctx.res.writeHead(303, { Location: '/login' })
                  ctx.res.end()
                  router.push('/login');
            return {};
+const WrappedProfile = connect(
      state => state
+)(Profile);
+export default WrappedProfile;
```

12.自定义Document

12.1 pages_document.js

pages_document.js

```
import Document, { Html, Head, Main, NextScript } from 'next/document';
class CustomDocument extends Document {
   static async getInitialProps(ctx) {
        const props = await Document.getInitialProps(ctx);
        return { ...props };
    render() {
        return (
           <Html>
                <Head>
                    <style>
                               padding:0;
                                margin:0;
                   style>
               <body>
<Main />
                   <NextScript />
                body>
           Html>
       )
export default CustomDocument;
```

13.2 pages\index.js

pages\index.js

13. 新版初始化函数

- data-fetching (https://nextjs.org/docs/basic-features/data-fetching)
 - getStaticProps (Static Generation): Fetch data at build time
 - getStaticPaths (Static Generation): Specify dynamic routes to pre-render based on data
 getServerSideProps (Server-side Rendering): Fetch data on each request

13.1 pages\user.js

pages\user.js

13.2 pages\user\list.js

pages\user\list.js

13.3 pages\user\detail[id].js

pages\user\detail[id].js

14. 布署

14.1 直接布署

```
npm run build
npm run start
```

14.2 集成 express布署

npm run build

** 14.2.1 start.js#**

start.js

```
const next = require('next');
const app = next({ dev:false });
 const handler = app.getRequestHandler();
app.prepare().then(() => {
    let express = require("express");
let bodyParser = require("body-parser");
    let {UserModel} = require('./model');
let session = require("express-session");
let config = require('./config');
    let MongoStore = require('connect-mongo')(session);
    let app = express();
    app.use(bodyParser.urlencoded({ extended: false }));
    app.use(bodyParser.json());
    app.use(
         session({
             secret: config.secret,
              resave: false,
              saveUninitialized: true,
              store: new MongoStore({
   url: config.dbUrl,
                  mongoOptions: {
                       useNewUrlParser: true,
                       useUnifiedTopology: true
             })
        })
    app.get('/api/users', async (req, res) => {
   let users = await UserModel.find();
   users = users.map(user=>user.toJSON());
         res.send({ success:true, data: users });
    app.get('/api/users/:id', async (req, res) => {
   let user = await UserModel.findById(req.params.id);
         res.send({ success:true, data: user.toJSON() });
    app.post('/api/register', async (req, res) => {
         let user = req.body;
         user = await UserModel.create(user);
         res.send({ success:true, data: user.toJSON() });
    app.post('/api/login', async (req, res) => {
        let user = req.body;
let dbUser = await UserModel.findOne(user);
         if (dbUser) {
              req.session.currentUser = dbUser.toJSON();
              res.send({ success:true, data: dbUser.toJSON() });
             res.send({ success:false, error: '登录失败' });
    });
    app.get('/api/currentUser', async (req, res) => {
         let currentUser = req.session.currentUser;
         if (currentUser) {
              res.send({ success:true, data: currentUser });
         } else {
            res.send({ success:false, error: '当前用户未登录' });
        }
    app.get('*', async (req, res) => {
         await handler(req, res);
    app.listen(3000, () => {
         console.log('服务器在3000端口启动!');
    });
```

** 14.2.2 config.js #**

config.js

```
module.exports = {
    secret: 'zhufeng',
    dbUrl: "mongodb://127.0.0.1/zhufengnext2"
}
```

** 14.2.3 model.js<u>#</u>**

model.js

13.服务端

13.1 安装 <u>#</u>

yarn add express body-parser cors express-session connect-mongo mongoose

13.2 接口文档

** 13.2.1 注册 <u>#</u>**

13.2.1.1接口地址

POST /api/register

13.2.1.2参数

** JSON请求体参数 <u>#</u>**

变量名 类型 说明 name 字符串 用户名 password 字符串 密码

13.2.1.3返回值

13.2.1.4返回结果

变量名 类型 说明 success 布尔值 是否成功 data 对象 注册成功之后的对象

示例

```
{
    "success": true,
    "data": {
        "id": 1,
        "name": "张三",
        "password": "123456"
    }
}
```

** 13.2.2 登录 <u>#</u>**

13.2.2.1接口地址

POST /api/login

13.2.2.2参数#

** JSON请求体参数 #**

变量名 类型 说明 name 字符串 用户名 password 字符串 密码

13.2.2.3 返回值

13.2.2.4 返回结果

变量名 类型 说明 success 布尔值 是否成功 data 对象 登录成功之后的对象

示例

```
{
    "success": true,
    "data": {
        "id": 1,
        "name": "%K=",
        "password": "123456"
    }
}
```

** 13.2.3 查看当前登录的用户信息 #**

13.2.3.1接口地址

GET /api/currentUser

13.2.3.2 参数

13.2.3.3返回值

13.2.3.4返回结果#

变量名 类型 说明 success 布尔值 是否成功 data 对象 当前用户对象

示例

```
{
    "success": true,
    "data": {
        "id": 1,
        "name": "张三",
        "password": "123456"
    }
}
```

** 13.2.4 查看用户列表 #**

13.2.4.1接口地址

GET /api/users

13.2.4.2参数

13.2.4.3返回值

13.2.4.4 返回结果

变量名 类型 说明 success 布尔值 是否成功 data 对象数组 用户对象数组

示例

```
"id": 2,
"id": 2,
"name": "李岡",
"password": "123456"
]
```

** 13.2.5 查看某个用户信息 <u>#</u>**

13.2.5.1接口地址

GET /api/users/:id

13.2.5.2参数

13.2.5.3 返回值 #

13.2.5.4返回结果#

变量名 类型 说明 success 布尔值 是否成功 data 对象 用户对象

示例

```
"success": true,

"data": {
        "id": 1,
        "name": "张三",
        "password": "123456"
```

13.1 api\index.js #

```
let express = require("express");
let bodyParser = require("body-parser");
let cors = require("cors");
let {UserModel} = require('./model');
let session = require("express-session");
let config = require('./config');
let MongoStore = require('connect-mongo') (session);
let app = express();
app.use(
    cors({
         origin: ['http://localhost:3000'],
         credentials: true,
         allowedHeaders: "Content-Type, Authorization", methods: "GET, HEAD, PUT, PATCH, POST, DELETE, OPTIONS"
    })
app.use(bodyParser.urlencoded({ extended: false }));
app.use(bodyParser.json());
app.use(
    session({
         secret: config.secret,
         resave: false,
         saveUninitialized: true.
         store: new MongoStore({
             url: config.dbUrl,
              mongoOptions: {
                   useNewUrlParser: true.
                  useUnifiedTopology: true
        })
    })
app.get('/api/users', async (req, res) => {
   let users = await UserModel.find();
    users = users.map(user=>user.toJSON());
res.send({ code: 0, data: users });
app.get('/api/users/:id', async (req, res) => {
    let user = await UserModel.findBvId(reg.params.id);
    res.send({ code: 0, data: user.toJSON() });
app.post('/api/register', async (req, res) => {
    let user = req.body;
     user = await UserModel.create(user);
     res.send({ code: 0, data: user.toJSON() });
app.post('/api/login', async (req, res) => {
    let user = req.body;
let dbUser = await UserModel.findOne(user);
     if (dbUser) {
        req.session.currentUser = dbUser.toJSON();
         res.send({ code: 0, data: dbUser.toJSON() });
     } else {
         res.send({ code: 1, error: '登录失败' });
app.get('/api/currentUser', async (req, res) => {
    let currentUser = req.session.currentUser;
if (currentUser) {
         res.send({ code: 0, data: currentUser });
        res.send({ code: 1, error: '当前用户未登录' });
    }
app.listen(4000, () => {
            console.log('服务器在4000端口启动!');
```

13.2 api\config.js

api\config.js

```
module.exports = {
   secret: 'zhufeng',
   dbUrl: "mongodb://127.0.0.1/zhufengnext2"
}
```

13.3 server\model.js

server\model.is