ACPL-227/ACPL-247



DC Input, Multi-Channel Half-Pitch Phototransistor Optocoupler

Data Sheet

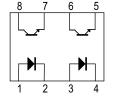
Description

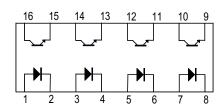
The ACPL-227 is a DC-input dual-channel half-pitch phototransistor optocoupler that contains two light-emitting diodes optically coupled to two separate phototransistors. It is packaged in an 8-pin SO package.

Likewise, the ACPL-247 is a DC-input quad-channel half-pitch phototransistor optocoupler that contains four light-emitting diodes optically coupled to four separate phototransistors. It is packaged in a 16-pin SO package.

For both devices, the input-output isolation voltage is rated at $3750V_{RMS}$. Response time, t_r , is 2 µs typically, while minimum CTR is 50 percent at input current of 5 mA.

ACPL-227 and ACPL-247 Pin Layout





Pin 1	Anode
Pin 2	Cathode
Pin 3	Emitter
Pin 4	Collector

Pin 1, 3, 5, 7	Anode
Pin 2, 4, 6, 8	Cathode
Pin 9, 11, 13, 15	Emitter
Pin 10, 12, 14, 16	Collector

Features

- Current transfer ratio
 (CTR: 50% (min) at I_F = 5 mA, V_{CF} = 5V)
- High input-output isolation voltage

$$(V_{ISO} = 3750V_{RMS})$$

- Non-saturated response time $(t_r: 2 \mu s (typ) \text{ at } V_{CC} = 10V, I_C = 2 \text{ mA}, R_L = 100\Omega)$
- SO package
- CMR 10 kV/µs (typical)
- Safety and regulatory approvals
 - cUL
 - IEC/EN/DIN EN 60747-5-5
- Options available:
 - CTR Ranks 0, B, and C for ACPL-227 and Rank 0 only for ACPL-247

Applications

- I/O Interface for programmable controllers, computers
- Sequence controllers
- System appliances, measuring instruments
- Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances

Ordering Information

ACPL-2x7-xxxx is UL Recognized with 3750V_{RMS} for 1 minute per UL1577 and Canadian Component Acceptance Notice #5.

	RoHS Compliant Option									
Part Number	Rank 0 50% < CTR < 600%, I _F = 5 mA, V _{CE} = 5V	Rank 0 100% < CTR < 600%, I _F = 5 mA, V _{CE} = 5V	Rank B 130% < CTR < 260%, I _F = 5 mA, V _{CE} = 5V	Rank C 200% < CTR < 400%, I _F = 5 mA, V _{CE} = 5V	Package	Number of Channels	Surface Mount	Tape and Reel	IEC/EN/DIN EN 60747-5-5	Quantity
ACPL-227	-500E		-50BE	-50CE	SO-8	Dual	X	Χ		2000 pcs per reel
	-560E		-56BE	-56CE	SO-8	Dual	Х	Х	Х	2000 pcs per reel
ACPL-247		-500E			SO-16	Quad	Х	Х		2000 pcs per reel
		-560E			SO-16	Quad	Х	Х	Х	2000 pcs per reel

To order, choose a part number from the part number column and combine with the desired option from the option column to form an order entry.

Example 1:

ACPL-227-56CE to order product of Dual Channel SO-8 Surface Mount package in Tape and Reel with IEC/EN/DIN EN 60747-5-5 Safety Approval, 200% < CTR < 400% and RoHS compliant.

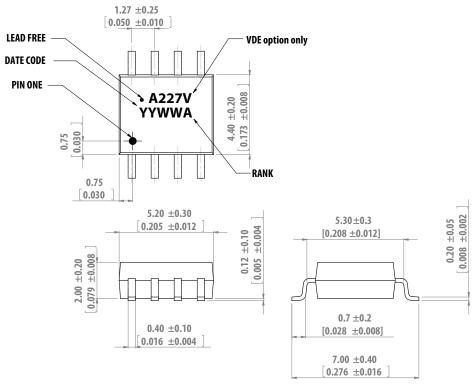
Example 2:

ACPL-247-500E to order product of Quad Channel SO-16 Surface Mount package in Tape and Reel packaging with 100% < CTR < 600% and RoHS compliant.

Option data sheets are available. Contact your Broadcom sales representative or authorized distributor for information.

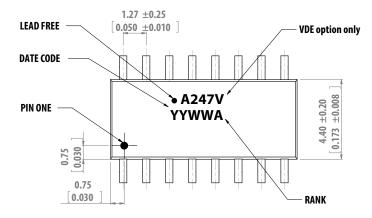
Package Outline Drawings

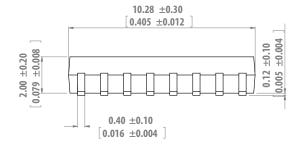
ACPL-227 PACKAGE OUTLINE

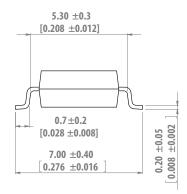


DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES]

ACPL-247 PACKAGE OUTLINE







DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS[INCHES]

Solder Reflow Temperature Profile

Recommended reflow condition as per JEDEC Standard, J-STD-020 (latest revision). Non-Halide Flux should be used.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

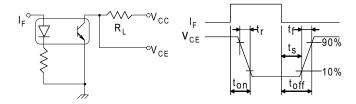
Parameter	Symbol	ACPL-227	ACPL-247	Unit	Note		
Storage Temperature	T _S	-55 <i>r</i>	~125	°C			
Operating Temperature	T _A	-55 <i>r</i>	~110	°C			
Average Forward Current	I _{F(AVG)}	5	0	mA			
Pulse Forward Current	I _{FSM}		1	А			
Reverse Voltage	V _R	(5	V			
LED Power Dissipation (1 channel)	P _I	6	5	mW			
Collector Current	I _C	5	0	mA			
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V _{CEO}	80		V			
Emitter-Collector Voltage	V _{ECO}	7		V			
Isolation Voltage (AC for 1 minute, R.H. 40%~60%)	V _{ISO}	3750		V _{RMS}	1 minute		
Collector Power Dissipation (1 channel)	P _C	150	100	mW			
Total Power Dissipation	P _{TOT}	200	170	mW			
Lead Solder Temperature	260°C for 10 seconds						

Electrical Specifications

Over recommended ambient temperature at 25°C unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	Note	
Forward Voltage	V _F	_	1.2	1.4	V	I _F = 20 mA	Figure 6	
Reverse Current	I _R	_	_	10	μΑ	$V_R = 5V$		
Terminal Capacitance	C _t	_	30	_	pF	V = 0, f = 1 MHz		
Collector Dark Current	I _{CEO}	_	_	100	nA	$V_{CE} = 48V, I_F = 0 \text{ mA}$	Figure 12	
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	BV _{CEO}	80	_	_	V	$I_C = 0.5 \text{ mA}, I_F = 0 \text{ mA}$		
Emitter-Collector Breakdown Voltage	BV _{ECO}	7	_	_	V	$I_E = 100 \mu A, I_F = 0 mA$		
Current Transfer Ratio (ACPL-227 Only)	CTR	50	_	600	%	$I_F = 5 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5V$	$CTR = (I_C / I_F) \times 100\%$	
Current Transfer Ratio (ACPL-247 Only)	CTR	100	_	600	%	$I_F = 5 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5V$	$CTR = (I_C / I_F) \times 100\%$	
Saturated CTR	CTR _(sat)	_	60	_	%	$I_F = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 0.4V$		
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V _{CE(} sat)	_	_	0.4	V	$I_F = \pm 8 \text{ mA}, I_C = 2.4 \text{ mA}$	Figure 14	
Isolation Resistance	R _{iso}	5 × 10 ¹⁰	1×10 ¹¹	_	Ω	DC500V, R.H. 40%~60%		
Floating Capacitance	C _F	_	0.6	1	pF	V = 0, f = 1 MHz		
Cut-off Frequency (–3 dB)	F _C	_	80	_	kHz	$V_{CC} = 5V$, $I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$, $R_L = 100\Omega$	Figure 2, Figure 19	
Response Time (Rise)	t _r	_	2	_	μs	$V_{CC} = 10V, I_C = 2 \text{ mA},$	Figure 1	
Response Time (Fall)	t _f	_	3	_	μs	$R_L = 100\Omega$		
Turn-on Time	t _{on}	_	3	_	μs			
Turn-off Time	t _{off}	_	3	_	μs			
Turn-ON Time	t _{ON}	_	2	_	μs	$V_{CC} = 5V, I_F = 16 \text{ mA},$	Figure 1, Figure 17	
Storage Time	T _S	_	25	_	μs	$R_L = 1.9 \text{ k}\Omega$		
Turn-OFF Time	t _{OFF}	_	40	_	μs			
Common Mode Rejection Voltage	CMR	_	10	_	kV/μs	$\begin{split} & T_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, R_{L} = 470\Omega, \\ & V_{CM} = 1.5 \text{kV(peak)}, \\ & I_{F} = 0 \text{mA}, V_{CC} = 9\text{V}, \\ & V_{np} = 100 \text{mV} \end{split}$	Figure 20	

Figure 1 Switching Time Test Circuit



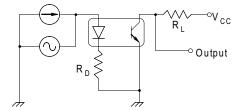


Figure 2 Frequency Response Test Circuit

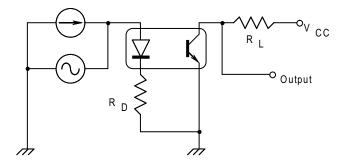


Figure 3 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

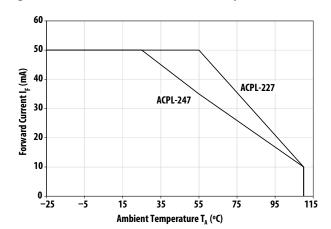


Figure 4 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

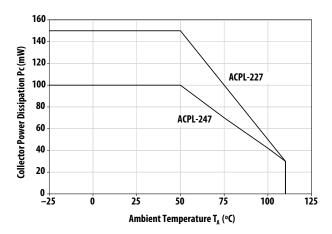


Figure 5 Pulse Forward Current vs. Duty Cycle Ratio

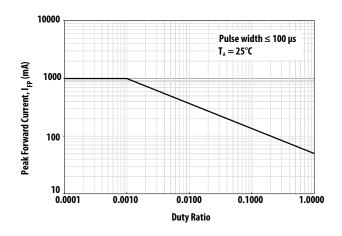


Figure 6 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

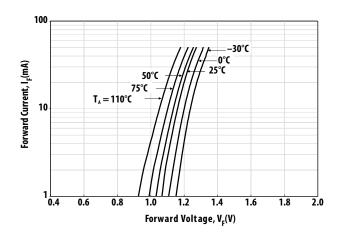


Figure 7 Forward Voltage Temperature Coefficient vs. Forward Current

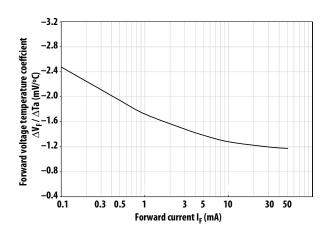


Figure 8 Pulse Forward Current vs. Pulse Forward Voltage

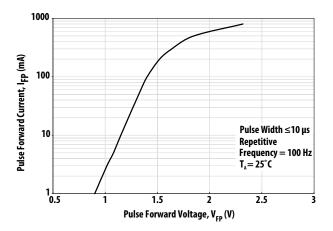


Figure 9 Collector Current vs. Collector-Emitter Voltage

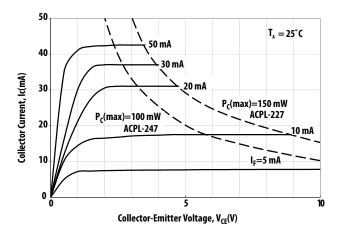


Figure 10 Collector Current vs. Small Collector-Emitter Voltage

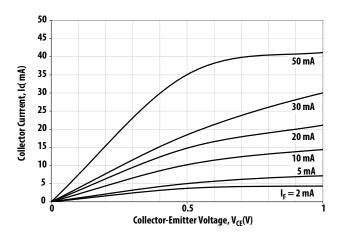


Figure 11 Collector Current vs. Forward Current

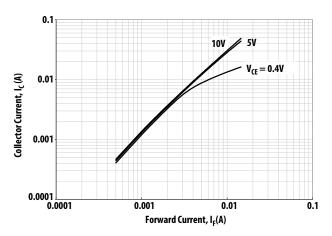


Figure 12 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

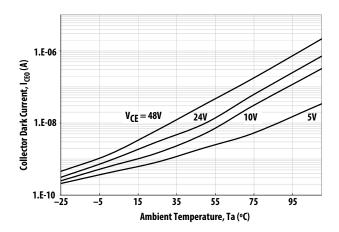


Figure 13 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

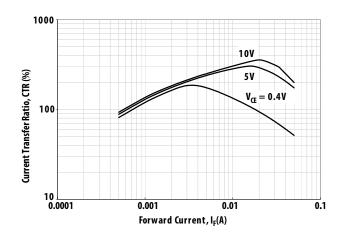


Figure 14 Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

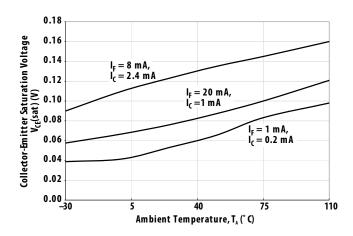


Figure 15 Collector Current vs. Ambient Temperature

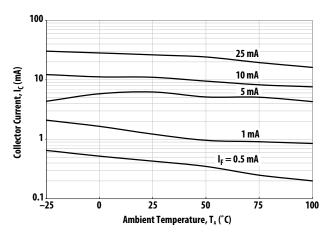


Figure 16 Switching Time vs. Load Resistance

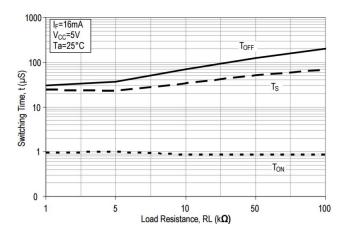


Figure 17 Switching Time vs. Ambient Temperature

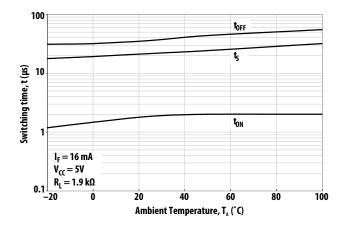


Figure 18 Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward Current

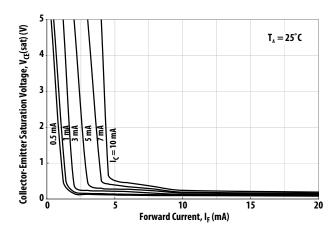


Figure 19 Frequency Response

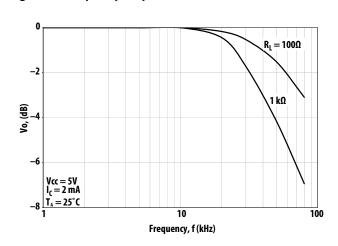
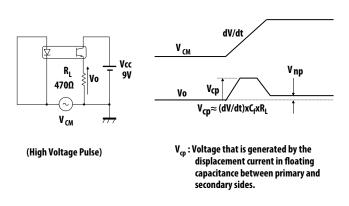


Figure 20 CMR Test Circuit



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