# Expanding Freight Business Unit

### Demond Love

### **Business Use**

Customer is looking to extend their freight business unit and are looking for the areas with the most success thus far, and would customer segmentation analysis also. Ultimately settling on 4 questions:

- 1. Which are the most profitable freight surcharges?
- 2. Who are the most profitable freight customers?
- 3. Which customers have the highest proportion of freight to total revenue?
- 4. Which counties have the highest freight per load in Indiana, Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee, & Missouri?

# Gather Data from a SQL Database

```
ProfitableSurcharges = sqlQuery(con, "
       TaxID AS Surcharge
        , CAST(SUM(TaxAmt) AS Money) AS TotalSurchargeAmt
   FROM ARInvoiceItemCompTax
   WHERE CreatedBy = 'F'
   GROUP BY TaxID
       HAVING SUM(TaxAmt) != 0
   ORDER BY TotalSurchargeAmt DESC
                      ")
ProfitableCustomers = sqlQuery(con, "
   SELECT TOP 50
        via.StandardAcctNo
        , CAST(SUM(arict.TaxAmt) AS Money) AS TotalSurchargeAmt
   FROM ARInvoiceItemCompTax arict
        JOIN vInvoiceAll via ON arict.SysTrxNo = via.SysTrxNo
    GROUP BY via.StandardAcctNo
       HAVING SUM(arict.TaxAmt) != 0
    ORDER BY TotalSurchargeAmt DESC
ProportionFreight = sqlQuery(con, "
   SELECT TOP 50
        inv.StandardAcctNo
        , SUM(TotalFrtAmt) AS TotalFrtAmt
        , SUM(InvoiceTotal) AS InvoiceTotal
        , (SUM(TotalFrtAmt)/SUM(InvoiceTotal)) * 100 AS ProportionFrt
   FROM vInvoiceAll inv
        JOIN ARStandardAcct asa ON inv.StandardAcctID = asa.StandardAcctID
   WHERE asa. Active = 'Y'
   GROUP BY inv.StandardAcctNo
       HAVING SUM(TotalFrtAmt) != 0
   ORDER BY ProportionFrt DESC
                                ")
```

```
FrtPerLoad = sqlQuery(con, "
   SELECT
       sp.Code AS State
        , County.Code AS County
        , COUNT(via.SysTrxNo) as NumberofInvoices
        , CAST(SUM(arict.TaxAmt) AS Money) AS TotalSurchargeAmt
        , CAST(SUM(arict.TaxAmt)/COUNT(via.SysTrxNo) AS decimal(24,2)) AS FrtPerLoad
   FROM ARInvoiceItemCompTax arict
       JOIN vInvoiceAll via ON arict.SysTrxNo = via.SysTrxNo
        JOIN ARShipToAddress on via.ShipToID = ARShipToAddress.ShipToID
       JOIN StateProv sp on ARShipToAddress.StateProvID = sp.ID
       JOIN County on ARShipToAddress.CountyID = County.ID
   WHERE Status != 'A'
       AND Status = 'C'
       AND sp.Code IN ('IN', 'IL', 'KY', 'TN', 'MO')
   GROUP BY sp.Code, county.Code
       HAVING SUM(arict.TaxAmt) != 0
       AND COUNT(via.SysTrxNo) > 8
   ORDER BY FrtPerLoad DESC
                             ")
```

# ${\bf Analysis/Visualization}$

Which are the most profitable freight surcharges?

Table 1: Profitable Surcharges

Surcharge	TotalSurchargeAmt
1654	\$32,767
1677	\$28,718
4268	\$5,180
1658	\$2,605
4287	\$657
2017	\$595
4215	\$350
1670	\$246
1656	\$159
4213	\$150
1705	\$137
3850	\$117
2029	\$117
3872	\$26
3847	\$24

## Who are the most profitable freight customers?

Table 2: Profitable Customers

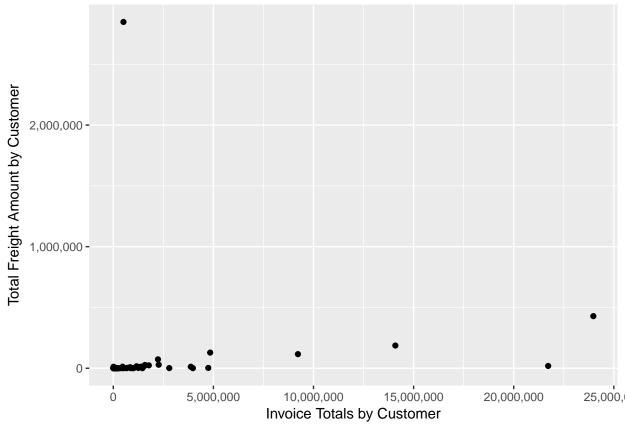
${\bf Standard Acct No}$	Total Surcharge Amt
101087	\$9,440,871
101113	\$8,356,297
103733	\$6,961,498
101103	\$5,801,152
101140	\$5,470,746
101098	\$5,161,752
104612	\$4,266,046
103528	\$3,965,452
103789	\$3,785,234
102565	\$3,432,772

### Which customers have the highest proportion of freight to total revenue?

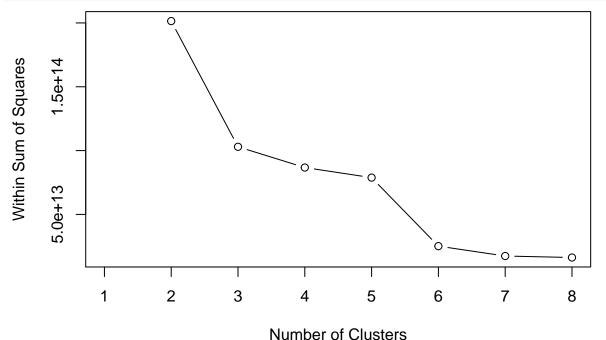
Table 3: Highest Proportion Freight

StandardAcctNo	${\bf TotalFrtAmt}$	${\bf Invoice Total}$	ProportionFrt
201029	\$2,847,896	\$509,208	559%
201020	\$5,955	\$5,939	100%
201013	\$925	\$924	100%
201001	\$12,422	\$13,087	94%
201003	\$2,989	\$3,723	80%
105544	\$73,261	\$2,232,792	3%
101676	\$12,932	\$468,729	2%
101096	\$128,813	\$4,839,895	2%
103769	\$111	\$4,183	2%
101649	\$2,835	\$132,057	2%

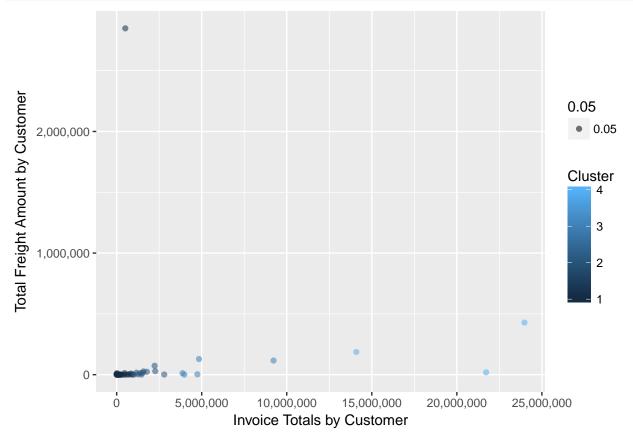
```
ggplot(ProportionFreight, aes(x = InvoiceTotal, y = TotalFrtAmt)) +
    geom_point() +
    scale_y_continuous(name="Total Freight Amount by Customer", labels = scales::comma) +
    scale_x_continuous(name="Invoice Totals by Customer", labels = scales::comma)
```



```
kmeansdata = data.frame(ProportionFreight$InvoiceTotal, ProportionFreight$TotalFrtAmt)
wss = (nrow(file)-1)*sum(apply(kmeansdata,2,var))
for (i in 2:8) wss[i] = sum(kmeans(kmeansdata, centers = i)$withinss)
plot(1:8, wss, type = 'b', xlab="Number of Clusters", ylab = "Within Sum of Squares")
```



```
clusters = kmeans(kmeansdata, centers = 4)
kmeansdata$Cluster = clusters$cluster
names(kmeansdata) = c('InvoiceTotal','TotalFrtAmt', 'Cluster')
ggplot(kmeansdata, aes(x = InvoiceTotal, y = TotalFrtAmt)) +
    geom_point(aes(alpha = 0.05,color = Cluster)) +
    scale_y_continuous(name="Total Freight Amount by Customer", labels = scales::comma) +
    scale_x_continuous(name="Invoice Totals by Customer", labels = scales::comma)
```



### clusters\$size

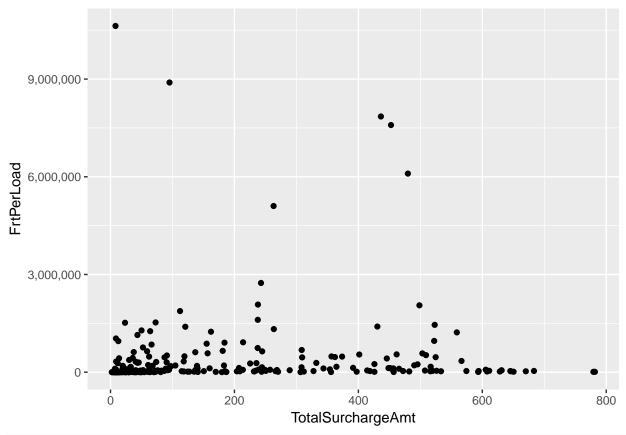
## [1] 30 12 5 3

Which counties have the highest freight per load between Indiana, Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee, & Missouri?

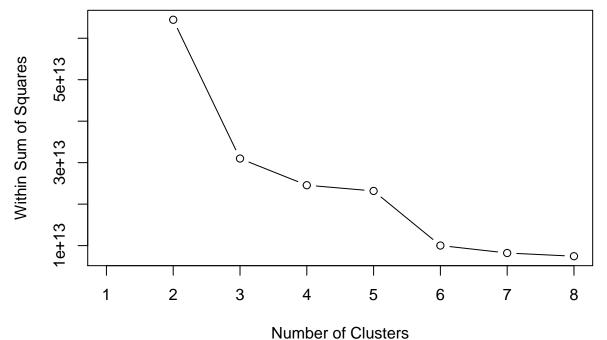
Table 4: Highest Freight Per Load

State	County	NumberofInvoices	${\bf Total Surcharge Amt}$	FrtPerLoad
IN	Franklin	14	\$10,944	\$782
IN	Cass	14	\$10,910	\$779
KY	Madison	56	\$38,269	\$683
IN	Washington	42	\$28,149	\$670
KY	Marion	22	\$14,310	\$650
KY	Anderson	44	\$28,421	\$646
KY	Mercer	55	\$35,489	\$645
KY	Carroll	90	\$56,804	\$631
KY	Jessamine	90	\$56,779	\$631
KY	Barren	34	\$21,362	\$628
KY	Harrison	69	\$42,166	\$611
KY	Grayson	34	\$20,659	\$608
$\operatorname{IL}$	Kendall	125	\$75,690	\$606
$\operatorname{IL}$	Whiteshield	61	\$36,242	\$594
IN	Tipton	43	\$25,528	\$594
IN	Steuben	12	\$7,121	\$593
KY	Shelby	62	\$35,608	\$574
IN	Clay	609	\$344,955	\$566
IN	Johnson	2186	\$1,221,686	\$559
KY	Simpson	53	\$28,268	\$533

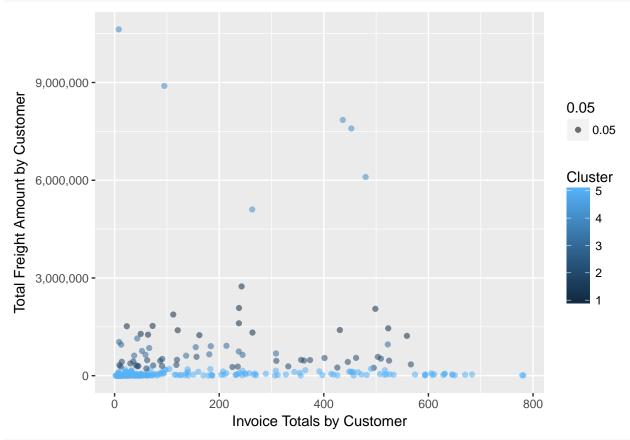
```
ggplot(FrtPerLoad, aes(x = FrtPerLoad, y = TotalSurchargeAmt)) +
    geom_point() +
    scale_y_continuous(name="FrtPerLoad", labels = scales::comma) +
    scale_x_continuous(name="TotalSurchargeAmt", labels = scales::comma)
```



```
kmeansdata = data.frame(FrtPerLoad$FrtPerLoad, FrtPerLoad$TotalSurchargeAmt)
wss = (nrow(file)-1)*sum(apply(kmeansdata,2,var))
for (i in 2:8) wss[i] = sum(kmeans(kmeansdata, centers = i)$withinss)
plot(1:8, wss, type = 'b', xlab="Number of Clusters", ylab = "Within Sum of Squares")
```



```
clusters = kmeans(kmeansdata, centers = 5)
kmeansdata$Cluster = clusters$cluster
names(kmeansdata) = c('FrtPerLoad','TotalSurchargeAmt', 'Cluster')
ggplot(kmeansdata, aes(x = FrtPerLoad, y = TotalSurchargeAmt)) +
    geom_point(aes(alpha = 0.05,color = Cluster)) +
    scale_y_continuous(name="Total Freight Amount by Customer", labels = scales::comma) +
    scale_x_continuous(name="Invoice Totals by Customer", labels = scales::comma)
```



### clusters\$size

## [1] 15 33 16 6 194