108. Convert Sorted Array to Binary Search Tree

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Difficulty: Easy
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```

Given an array where elements are sorted in ascending order, convert it to a height balanced BST.

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/**
 * Definition for a binary tree node.
 * struct TreeNode {
      int val;
      TreeNode *left;
      TreeNode *right;
      TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(NULL), right(NULL) {}
 * };
*/
class Solution {
public:
   TreeNode* sortedArrayToBST(vector<int>& nums) {
       if(nums.size()==0) return NULL;
       if(nums.size()==1) return new TreeNode(nums[0]);
       int middle = nums.size()/2;
       TreeNode *root = new TreeNode(nums[middle]);
       vector<int> leftarr =
vector<int>(nums.begin(),nums.begin()+middle);
       vector<int> rightarr =
vector<int>(nums.begin()+middle+1,nums.end());
       root->left = sortedArrayToBST(leftarr);
       root->right = sortedArrayToBST(rightarr);
```

```
return root;
}
```