

## 829. Consecutive Numbers Sum

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Given a positive integer N, how many ways can we write it as a sum of consecutive positive integers?

### Example 1:

**Input:** 5

**Output:** 2

**Explanation:**  $5 = 5 = 2 + 3$

### Example 2:

**Input:** 9

**Output:** 3

**Explanation:**  $9 = 9 = 4 + 5 = 2 + 3 + 4$

### Example 3:

**Input:** 15

**Output:** 4

**Explanation:**  $15 = 15 = 8 + 7 = 4 + 5 + 6 = 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5$

**Note:**  $1 \leq N \leq 10^9$ .

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Let the sequence first number is a, the last number is b;

so  $n = (a+b) * (b-a+1) / 2$ ;

$2n = (a+b) * (b-a+1)$ ;

now, enumerate the factor of  $2*n$ , they are i and j;

$b = (j + i - 1)/2$ ,  $a = (j - i + 1)/2$ ;

so j + i shoule be odd, this is the code following:

```
int consecutiveNumbersSum(int n)
{
    int ret = 1;
    n *= 2;
    int bound = (int)sqrt(n);
    for (int i = 2 ; i <= bound; ++i)
    {
        if (n % i != 0) continue;

        int j = n / i;
        if (((i + j - 1) & 1) == 0) ++ret;
    }
    return ret;
}
```