

\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{Y}

$$f: \mathcal{X} \rightarrow \mathcal{Y}$$

$$\mathcal{X} \subset \mathcal{X} \quad \{(x_i, y_i) \in \mathcal{X} \times \mathcal{Y}\}$$

$$\hat{f}$$

1) $|\mathcal{Y}| = \text{const.}$ classification.

2) $|\mathcal{Y}| = |\mathbb{R}|$ $[0, 130]$

3) $|\mathcal{Y}| = \text{const.}$ clustering.

$$\{x_i \in \mathcal{X}\}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} x \in \mathbb{R} \\ 4) \quad x_i \sim N(0, 1), \quad y_i \in \mathbb{R}^{h \times w \times d} \end{array}}$$

$$\hat{t} = \hat{f}(x, \theta) \text{ - model.}$$

$$\arg \min_{\theta} \underline{L(\hat{t}_{\theta}, t_i)}$$

$$\hat{f}(x, \theta) = \theta_0 x + \theta_1$$

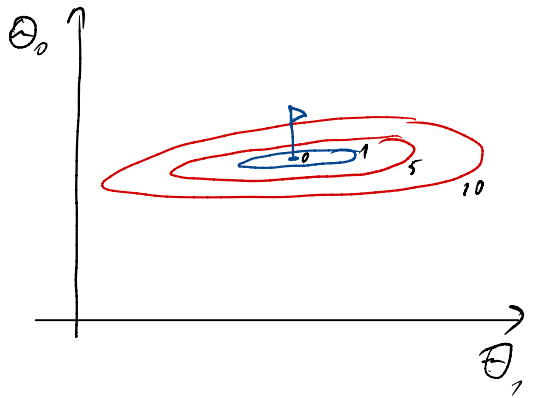
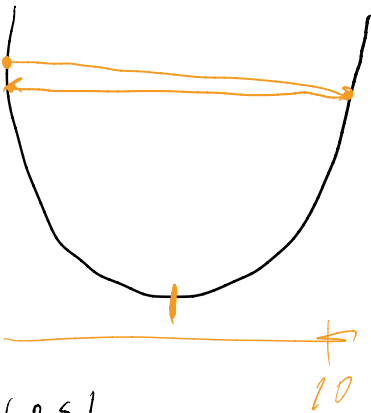
1) train/val/test split.

2) loss function; $MSE = \|\hat{t}_i - t_i\|_2$
 $MAE = \|\hat{t}_i - t_i\|_1$

3) $L \rightarrow \min$.

I) $\theta_0 \sim N(0, 1)$.

II) $\theta_i = \theta_{i-1} - \alpha \nabla_{\theta} L(\hat{f}(\mathbb{X}), f(\mathbb{X}))$



III) test.

$$\hat{f}(x, \theta) = \sigma(\theta^T x)$$

