EMOOPIC

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Chapter 1

Hierarchical Index

1.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

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2 Hierarchical Index

Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

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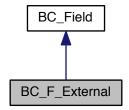
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Chapter 3

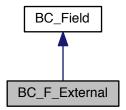
Class Documentation

3.1 BC_F_External Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for BC_F_External:



Collaboration diagram for BC_F_External:



Public Member Functions

- BC_F_External (int side, Domain *domain, Grid *grids, Input_Info_t *info)
- int completeBC (int fieldID, int option)

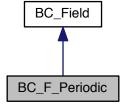
Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

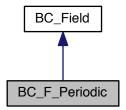
• src/boundaries/b_fields/bc_f_external.cpp

3.2 BC_F_Periodic Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for BC_F_Periodic:



Collaboration diagram for BC_F_Periodic:



Public Member Functions

- BC_F_Periodic (int side, Domain *domain, Grid *grids, Input_Info_t *info)
- int completeBC (int fieldID, int option)

complete periodic field boundary condition

Additional Inherited Members

3.2.1 Member Function Documentation

3.2.1.1 completeBC()

complete periodic field boundary condition

option = 0: load physical of the other side replace ghost on this side option = 1: load ghost on this side sum ghost to physical on this side

Implements BC_Field.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

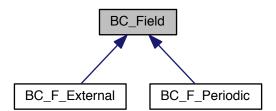
• src/boundaries/b_fields/bc_f_periodic.cpp

3.3 BC_Field Class Reference

Class which defines a field boundary condition.

```
#include <fields_boundary.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for BC_Field:



Public Member Functions

• virtual int completeBC (int sendID, int option)=0

Protected Attributes

• int side_

3.3.1 Detailed Description

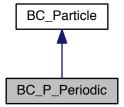
Class which defines a field boundary condition.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

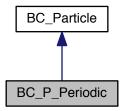
• src/boundaries/fields_boundary.hpp

3.4 BC_P_Periodic Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for BC_P_Periodic:



Collaboration diagram for BC_P_Periodic:



Public Member Functions

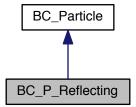
- BC P Periodic (Domain *domain, int dim Index, short isRight, std::string type)
- void computeParticleBCs (std::vector< Particle > *pl)
- int completeBC (std::vector< Particle > *pl)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

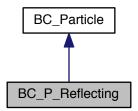
• src/boundaries/b_particles/bc_p_periodic.cpp

3.5 BC_P_Reflecting Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for BC_P_Reflecting:



Collaboration diagram for BC_P_Reflecting:



Public Member Functions

- BC_P_Reflecting (Domain *domain, int dim_Index, short isRight, std::string type)
- void computeParticleBCs (std::vector< $\frac{Particle}{Particle} > *pl$)
- int completeBC (std::vector< Particle > *pl)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

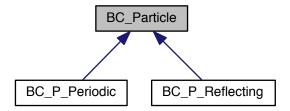
src/boundaries/b_particles/bc_p_reflecting.cpp

3.6 BC_Particle Class Reference

Class which defines a particle boundary condition.

#include <particles_boundary.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for BC_Particle:



Public Member Functions

• int computeParticleBCs (std::vector< Particle > *pl)

3.6.1 Detailed Description

Class which defines a particle boundary condition.

Boundary conditions have two stages.

1st stage: Cycling through particle list and determining which particles need to have boundary conditions applied, then applies them.

2nd stage: Perform any more auxilliary computations, including MPI calls, creating new ghost particles, shuffling particles ETC...

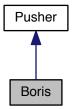
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · src/boundaries/particles_boundary.hpp
- src/boundaries/particles_boundary.cpp

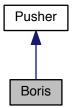
3.7 Boris Class Reference 11

3.7 Boris Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for Boris:



Collaboration diagram for Boris:



Public Member Functions

• int Step (Particle *part, Field_part *field, double dt)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/pusher/boris.hpp
- src/pusher/boris.cpp

3.8 Depositor Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- void deposit_particle_J (Particle *part, double *lcell, double *cellverts, double *JObj)
- void deposit_particle_Rho (Particle *part, double *lcell, double *cellverts, double *RhoObj)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/particles/deposit.hpp
- src/particles/deposit.cpp

3.9 Domain Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- Domain (const int *nCell_global, const int *nProc, const double *xyz0_global, const double *Lxyz_global)
- int getnGhosts (void)
- int * getnxyz (void)
- int * getn2xyz (void)
- double * getxyz0 (void)
- double * getLxyz (void)
- double getmindx (void)

Find minimum grid size.

double GetMaxValueAcrossDomains (double send_val)

Find maximum of values across MPI domains.

- int * getnProcxyz (void)
- int * getmyijk (void)
- int * getNeighbours ()
- int getxl (void)
- int getyl (void)
- int getzl (void)
- int getxr (void)
- int getyr (void)
- int **getzr** (void)
- int ijkToRank (int i, int j, int k)

return rank for assigned i,j,k

void RankToijk (int rank, int *myijk)

assign value to allocated myijk[3]

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

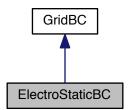
- src/domain/domain.hpp
- src/domain/domain.cpp

3.10 ElectroStaticBC Class Reference

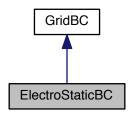
Class for supplying electrostatic boundary conditions in a single field to field grid.

```
#include <estaticBC.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ElectroStaticBC:



Collaboration diagram for ElectroStaticBC:



Public Member Functions

- **ElectroStaticBC** (int side, lnput_Info_t *input_info)
- void applyBCs (double t, double dt, Grid *grids)

Inject electrostatic wave boundary condition to grid.

Additional Inherited Members

3.10.1 Detailed Description

Class for supplying electrostatic boundary conditions in a single field to field grid.

```
Boundary conditions are of linear superpositions of the wave and constant The wave is of the form: peakamp * cos( omega * t + phase) * exp(-(t-delay)^2invWidth^2) along plane perpendicular to side side = -1: x left, side = +1: x right side = -2: y left, side = +2: y right side = -3: z left, side = +3: y right
```

3.10.2 Member Function Documentation

3.10.2.1 applyBCs()

```
void ElectroStaticBC::applyBCs ( \label{eq:condition} \mbox{double } t, \\ \mbox{double } dt, \\ \mbox{Grid * grids }) \mbox{ [virtual]}
```

Inject electrostatic wave boundary condition to grid.

Uses setFieldAlongEdge method in grid to add field to grid.

Implements GridBC.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/grid/estaticBC.hpp
- src/grid/estaticBC.cpp

3.11 Field_BC_Factory Class Reference

A singleton class to handle registration of field boundaries/.

```
#include <field_bc_factory.hpp>
```

Public Types

• typedef BC_Field *(* Factory) (int side, Domain *domain, Grid *grids, Input_Info_t *info)

Public Member Functions

- void Construct (Domain *domain, Grid *grids, Input_Info_t *input_info)
- void **declare** (const std::string &type, Factory factory)
- Factory lookup (const std::string &type)
- std::vector< const std::string * > types () const

Static Public Member Functions

• static Field_BC_Factory & getInstance ()

3.11.1 Detailed Description

A singleton class to handle registration of field boundaries/.

3.11.2 Member Function Documentation

3.11.2.1 Construct()

Construct the boundary condition array (must be freed!) Takes in an array of size 6.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · src/boundaries/field_bc_factory.hpp
- src/boundaries/field_bc_factory.cpp

3.12 Field_part Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- double e1
- double e2
- double e3
- double b1
- double b2
- double b3

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

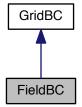
• src/particles/particle.hpp

3.13 FieldBC Class Reference

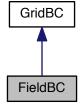
Class for supplying boundary conditions in a single field to field grid.

#include <fieldBC.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for FieldBC:



Collaboration diagram for FieldBC:



Public Member Functions

- FieldBC (std::string &fieldStr, int dim, bool edge, double amp, double omega, double phase)
- void applyBCs (double t, double dt, Grid &grid)

Apply boundary condition to grid.

Additional Inherited Members

3.13.1 Detailed Description

Class for supplying boundary conditions in a single field to field grid.

```
Boundary conditions are of form: 
 amp * cos(omega * t + phase) 
 along plane perpendicular to dimension dim (0 = x, 1 = y, 2 = z) on edge (false = left, true = right) 
 fieldStr one of Ex, Ey, Ez, Bx, By, Bz
```

3.13.2 Member Function Documentation

3.13.2.1 applyBCs()

Apply boundary condition to grid.

Uses setFieldAlongEdge method in grid to add field to grid.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · src/grid/fieldBC.hpp
- · src/grid/fieldBC.cpp

3.14 FieldTimeseriesIO Class Reference

```
#include <hdf5io.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- FieldTimeseriesIO (Hdf5IO *io, Grid *grid, Domain *domain, std::string fieldname)
- int writeField (double ***data)

write a field timeseries to hdf5 file

3.14.1 Detailed Description

Class for writing fields in time series to hdf5

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/IO/hdf5io.hpp
- src/IO/hdf5io.cpp

3.15 Gaussian_Pulses_t Struct Reference

#include <GaussianPulse.hpp>

Public Attributes

- · int nwaves
- double * peakamps
- double * omegas
- double * phases
- double * delays
- double * invWidths

3.15.1 Detailed Description

This parameter struct generating field boudary values. The values are superpositions of Gaussian pulses of the form: peakamps $\cos(\cos x + \sin x) \exp(-(t-delays)^2 + \sin x)$ The coefficients peakamps, omegas, phases, delays, and invWidths are double arrays of length nwaves.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

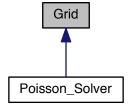
• src/utils/GaussianPulse.hpp

3.16 Grid Class Reference

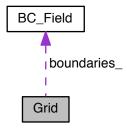
Class representing grid on which E and B fields and currents are defined.

#include <grid.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for Grid:



Collaboration diagram for Grid:



Public Member Functions

• Grid (int *nxyz, int nGhosts, double *xyz0, double *Lxyz)

Grid constructor.

virtual ∼Grid ()

Grid destructor.

• int evolveFields (double dt)

Evolve Electric and Magnetic fields in time.

• int evolveFieldsES (double dt)

Evolve Electric Fields Electrostatically.

virtual void InitializeFields (Input_Info_t *input_info)

Initialize E and B fields.

void constJ (double vx, double vy, double vz)

sets J to a constant value

void constE (double vx, double vy, double vz)

sets E to a constant value

void constB (double vx, double vy, double vz)

sets B to a constant value

• void constRho (double v)

sets rho to a constant value

int addJ (int cellID, double *Jvec)

Add currents from particle to grid.

• int addRho (int celIID, double *Rhovec)

Add charge from particle to grid.

• int getFieldInterpolatorVec (int cellID, double *InterpolatorVec)

Return vector for field interpolation.

• int getCellID (double x, double y, double z)

Get cell ID based on particle position.

• int getCellVertex (int cellID, double *xyz)

Returns vertex corresponding to cell ID.

int getNumberOfCells ()

Get total number of cells in grid.

int getNumCells3D (double *nvec)

Get # of cells in each dimension of grid.

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```
    double getStepSize (int dimension)

           Get step size along dimension in grid.
    • double getCellVolume ()
           Return volume of a single cell.

    int getnxyzTot (int *nxyzTot)

          get total dimensions

    int getnxyzPhys (int *nxyzPhys)

          get Phys dimensions

    void getRealIndices (int fieldID, int *ind)

           gets the x,y,z indices of the first and last physical points of field

    int setFieldAlongEdge (std::string &fieldStr, int dim, bool edge, double fieldVal)

           Set field along a certain edge.

    virtual int getGhostVecSize (const int sendID)

           returns size of ghost cell data to send

    virtual void getGhostVec (const int side, double *ghostVec, int sendID, int option)

          bundles the data in the ghost cells to send
    • virtual void setGhostVec (const int side, double *ghostVec, int sendID, int option)
           unbundles the data in the ghost cells to send

    double **** getFieldPtr ()

    virtual int getFieldID (const std::string &fieldStr)

    void getDimPhys (const int fieldID, int *dim)

           get dimensions of physical region of field

    void getGridPhys (const int fieldID, double *x, double *y, double *z)

           gets physical coordinates of each point on the grid for a given field type
    • int getnGhosts ()
    • void AvgB ()
           averages two timesteps of B (for output)
    • void executeBC (int sendID, int option)
           Execute field boundary conditions.

    void setBoundaries (BC Field **bc)

    void freeBoundaries (void)

Protected Member Functions

    double *** newField_ (int ifield)

           allocates memory for a single field
    • void deleteField_ (double ***fieldPt, int ifield)
           frees memory for a single field
    int ** setFieldSize_ ()
           constructs and returns fieldSize_ array

    void deleteFieldSize_()

          deletes fieldSize_ array
    int * setFieldType_ ()
          constructs and returns fieldType_ array

    void deleteFieldType ()

          deletes fieldType_ array

    double **** setFieldPtr ()

          constructs and returns fieldPtr__ array
```

void deleteFieldPtr ()

deletes fieldPtr array

- void constField_ (const int fieldID, const double val)
 - sets field corresponding to fieldID to specified value
- int sideToIndex (const int side, const int fieldID)

function to convert (-/+)(1,2,3) side indicator into (left/right)(x,y,z) index of boundary physical data point

- int getGhostOffset_ (const int side, const int fieldID)
- void checkInput ()
 - checks validity of input parameters for Grid constructor
- void sliceMatToVec (const int fieldID, const int side, const int offset, double *vec)
 - Gets offset of ghost points.
- void unsliceMatToVec_ (const int fieldID, const int side, const int offset, double *vec, const int op)
 - unslices a physical plane in the specified direction (excludes ghosts)
- int setFieldInPlane_ (int dim, int indx, double ***field, double fieldVal)
 - Internal method to set field along a plane.
- FRIEND_TEST (oGridInternalTest, EMWave)
- FRIEND_TEST (oGridInternalTest, EMWaveLong)
- FRIEND TEST (GridPrivateTest, fieldSizeTest)
- FRIEND TEST (GridPrivateTest, fieldPtrTest)
- FRIEND_TEST (GridPrivateTest, zeroFields)
- FRIEND TEST (GridPrivateTest, sideToIndexTest)
- FRIEND_TEST (GridPrivateTest, periodicUpdateTest)
- FRIEND TEST (GridPrivateTest, ghostVecSizeTest)
- FRIEND_TEST (FieldIOTest, writeField)
- FRIEND_TEST (DepositJTest, sumOverJandRho)

Protected Attributes

- BC Field ** boundaries
- const int nxReal
- const int nyReal
- const int nzReal_
- · const int nGhosts_
- const int nx
- · const int ny_
- const int nz
- const int nxTot_
- const int nvTot
- const int nzTot
- const double x0
- const double y0_
- const double z0
- const double Lx
- · const double Ly_
- const double Lz
- const int iBeg const int iBeg
- const int kBeg
- const double dx
- · const double dy_
- · const double dz_ const double idx
- const double idy_
- const double idz const int maxPointsInPlane

- const int nFieldsTotal_
- const int ExID_
- · const int EyID_
- const int EzID
- const int BxID
- · const int ByID_
- const int BzID
- const int JxID_
- · const int JyID_
- const int JzID
- const int rholD
- const int Bx tm1ID
- · const int By_tm1ID_
- const int Bz_tm1ID_
- const int Bx_avgID_
- · const int By avgID
- const int Bz_avgID_
- const int nTypes
- const int edgeXID_
- · const int edgeYID_
- const int edgeZID_
- · const int faceXID_
- const int faceYID
- · const int faceZID_
- const int vertID_
- double *** Ex_
- double *** Ey_
- double *** **Ez**_
- double *** Bx_
- double *** By_
- double *** $\mathbf{Bz}_{\underline{\ }}$
- double *** Bx_tm1_
 double *** By_tm1_
- double *** Bz tm1_
- double *** Bx_avg_
- double *** By_avg_
- double *** Bz_avg_
- double *** **Jx**_
- double *** Jy_
- double *** Jz
- double *** rho
- int * fieldType_
- int ** fieldSize
- double **** fieldPtr_
- int * fieldIsContiguous_
- double * sliceTmp_
- double * ghostTmp_

Friends

- · class oGridInternalTest
- class GridPrivateTest
- class FieldIOTest
- · class DepositJTest

3.16.1 Detailed Description

Class representing grid on which E and B fields and currents are defined.

Grid has ghost cells on each face. The ghost cell updating in y and z arises from periodic boundary conditions. x-direction ghost cells allow communication between MPI domains.

Following Yee (1966), electric fields and currents reside on edges, and magnetic fields on faces. Fields are updated using a set of finite-difference equations approximating Ampere's and Faraday's Laws.

A set of getters are available to allow particles to interpolate electric fields based on their position.

3.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.16.2.1 Grid()

```
Grid::Grid (
    int * nxyz,
    int nGhosts,
    double * xyz0,
    double * Lxyz )
```

Grid constructor.

Input arguments:

nxyz: integer array [nx,ny,nz] where nx is the number of physical cells in the x direction in the simulation, and the same for ny,nz.

nGhosts: integer number of ghost cells on each side of the domain. This should always be at least 1. Currently the code does not support nGhosts>1, though it may in the future (to take advantage of higher order finite difference and interpolation methods, for instance).

xyz0: integer array [x0,y0,z0] where x0 is the initial x position, and the same for y0,z0

Lxyz0: double array [Lx,Ly,Lz] where Lx is the physical length of each cell in the x direction, and the same for Ly,Lz

Grid destructor.

calls deleteField_ on each of the double*** fields

3.16.3 Member Function Documentation

Add currents from particle to grid.

Currents added to cell with ID cellID via input vector of form:

3.16 Grid Class Reference 23

3.16.3.2 AvgB()

```
void Grid::AvgB ( )
```

averages two timesteps of B (for output)

returns all elements of array (including ghosts and dummies)

3.16.3.3 checkInput_()

```
void Grid::checkInput_ ( ) [protected]
```

checks validity of input parameters for Grid constructor

asserts necessary conditions on each input (mainly positivity of many parameters). Terminates program if inputs are incorrect.

3.16.3.4 deleteField_()

frees memory for a single field

Uses fieldIsContiguous_ to determine contiguous or noncontiguous deltion method

3.16.3.5 evolveFields()

Evolve Electric and Magnetic fields in time.

Uses Yee algorithm to advance E and B fields. Assumes Gaussian-style Maxwell equation, with c = 1.

3.16.3.6 evolveFieldsES()

Evolve Electric Fields Electrostatically.

Ignores "light wave" contribution (curl terms), effectively only solves poisson equation.

3.16.3.7 getCellID()

Get cell ID based on particle position.

Cell ID is uniquely given by (ny_*nz_)*ix + nz_*iy + iz. If particle is in a ghost cell or off the grid entirely, returns -1 if off (-z), -2 if off (+z) -3 if off (-y), -4 if off (+y) -5 if off (-x), -6 if off (+x)

3.16.3.8 getFieldInterpolatorVec()

Return vector for field interpolation.

Based on cellID, return relevant edge E and face B fields and cell origin, in format:

```
[x, y, z, ...

Ex(ix, iy, iz), Ex(ix, iy+1, iz), Ex(ix, iy+1, iz+1), Ex(ix, iy, iz+1), ...

Ey(ix, iy, iz), Ey(ix, iy, iz+1), Ey(ix+1, iy, iz+1), Ey(ix+1, iy, iz), ...

Ez(ix, iy, iz), Ez(ix+1, iy, iz), Ez(ix+1, iy+1, iz), Ez(ix, iy+1, iz), ...

Bx(ix, iy, iz), Bx(ix+1, iy, iz), ...

By(ix, iy, iz), By(ix, iy+1, iz), ...

Bz(ix, iy, iz), Bz(ix, iy, iz+1), ...]
```

where ix, iy, and iz are the row indices for each of the three dimensions (calculated from the cellID)

3.16.3.9 getGhostVec()

bundles the data in the ghost cells to send

```
side = -/+ 1 for left/right x direction, -/+ 2 for y, -/+ 3 for z
```

ghostVec is the vector to store the data in, which must be of length ghostVecSize_ (can be determined with get ← GhostVecSize)

sendID = -2 to get Jrho fields, -1 to get EB fields, or sendID = an individual field ID (e.g. ExID_) to get just that field (used for Poisson updating for example)

Gets the data of the E,B,J fields along the specified boundary plane from the 1D array ghostVec to be sent with a single MPI call. If sendID = -1 (as used in each time step update), stores in order: Ex,Ey,Ez,Bx,By,Bz. If sendID = -2, stores in order: Jx,Jy,Jz,rho.

option is a flag determining where the ghostVec will get from. option = 0: get physical values on this side. option = 1: get ghost values on this side.

ghostVec can (and should) be unpacked with setGhostVec function

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3.16.3.10 getGhostVecSize()

returns size of ghost cell data to send

sendID is an integer specifying which fields are intended to be packaged into the ghost vector.

-2: for J/rho package, -1 for E/B package, fieldID for any individual field (e.g. ExID_)

It is of length equal to the number of fields being sent times the maximum number of total points in any plane, so that it will be large enough to send the maximum amount of data in a single plane of any of the fields.

Reimplemented in Poisson Solver.

3.16.3.11 getNumberOfCells()

```
int Grid::getNumberOfCells ( )
```

Get total number of cells in grid.

Includes ghost cells.

3.16.3.12 getNumCells3D()

Get # of cells in each dimension of grid.

Includes ghost cells.

3.16.3.13 getRealIndices()

gets the x,y,z indices of the first and last physical points of field

fieldID is a field's fieldID, which can be gotten with public method getFieldID ind is an int array of length 6 where the values will be stored in order: xfirst,yfirst,zfirst,xlast,ylast,zlast

3.16.3.14 getStepSize()

Get step size along dimension in grid.

Returns step size along dimension according to; dimension = 0: x dimension = 1: y dimension = 2: z Returns -1 if invalid dimension.

3.16.3.15 InitializeFields()

Initialize E and B fields.

Use restart file to set values of initial E,B,J fields

Reimplemented in Poisson Solver.

3.16.3.16 newField_()

allocates memory for a single field

Returns double*** of size [nx_+1][ny_+1][nz_+1].

First attempts to allocate contiguously. If that fails, issues a warning and attempts to allocate with several calls to new.

3.16.3.17 setFieldAlongEdge()

Set field along a certain edge.

Inputs:

fieldStr: string of format "Ex", "Bz", etc

dim: dimension along which to apply boundary condition edge: side along which to apply boundary condition

3.16.3.18 setFieldInPlane_()

Internal method to set field along a plane.

Inputs:

dimension perpendicular to plane.

For example, if dim=0 (x direction), then this program set field in one yz plane.

indx along dimenstion perpendicular to plane.

For example, if dim=0 and indx =14, then set field for the 14th yz plane.

field to set along dimension

value to set field

3.16 Grid Class Reference 27

```
3.16.3.19 setFieldPtr_()
double **** Grid::setFieldPtr_ ( ) [protected]
constructs and returns fieldPtr array
fieldPtr_ is an nFieldsTotal_ array storing each field, so that they can be accessed via fieldID
e.g. int fieldID = ExID_;
double*** field = fieldPtr [fieldID];
3.16.3.20 setFieldSize_()
int ** Grid::setFieldSize_ ( ) [protected]
constructs and returns fieldSize_ array
fieldSize_ is an ntypes by ndim array storing the number of physical + ghost points in each direction. This is
necessary because although all field arrays are allocated to be the same size (nx+1,ny+1,nz+1), due to the different
locations of each type of field on the grid (3 types of edge locations, 3 types of face locations, vertices) which leads
to differences in the number of points needed for nx,ny,nz cells.
rows correspond to fieldType: 0: x edge (Ex/Jx), 1: y edge (Ey/Jy), 2: z edge (Ez/Jz),
3: x face (Bx), 4: y face (By), 5: z face (Bz),
6: vertices (rho)
columns correspond to the direction (0,1,2)=(x,y,z)
3.16.3.21 setFieldType_()
int * Grid::setFieldType_ ( ) [protected]
constructs and returns fieldType_ array
fieldType_ is an nFieldsTotal_ array of ints storing the type of each field (edgeX, faceZ, vertex, etc).
e.g. int typeOfBx = fieldType_[BxID_];
3.16.3.22 setGhostVec()
void Grid::setGhostVec (
               const int side,
               double * ghostVec,
               int sendID,
               int option ) [virtual]
unbundles the data in the ghost cells to send
side = -/+ 1 for left/right x direction, -/+ 2 for y, -/+ 3 for z
```

ghostVec is the vector to read the data from, which must be of length ghostVecSize_ (can be determined with get
GhostVecSize)

sendID = -2 to set Jrho fields, -1 to set EB fields, or sendID = an individual field ID (e.g. ExID_) to set just that field (used for Poisson updating for example)

Sets the data of the E,B,J fields along the specified boundary plane from the 1D array ghostVec to be received with a single MPI call. If sendID = -1 (as used in each time step update), fields are read and set in order \leftarrow : Ex,Ey,Ez,Bx,By,Bz. If sendID = -2, fields are read and set in order: Jx,Jy,Jz,rho.

option is a flag determining how the field will be set. option = 0: replaces ghost values on this side with values in ghostVec. option = 1: sums physical values on this side by ghostVec.

ghostVec can (and should) be generated with getGhostVec function

Reimplemented in Poisson_Solver.

3.16.3.23 sideToIndex_()

function to convert (-/+)(1,2,3) side indicator into (left/right)(x,y,z) index of boundary physical data point

Helper function for public ghost cell methods which accept side indicator as argument.

Side < 0 will return index of first physical point, side > 0 will return index of last physical point abs(side) == 1 returns value in x direction, 2 in y, 3 in z

This function is necessary because different field types have a different number of physical grid points in each direction.

fieldID is a private fieldID such as ExID_

3.16.3.24 sliceMatToVec_()

Gets offset of ghost points.

Called by getGhostVec. Returns the index of the value you want to get with getGhostVec side is the usual -/+ 1,2,3 for -/+ x,y,z boundaries fieldID is a fieldID (e.g. ExID_ from Grid)slices a physical plane in the specified direction (excludes ghosts)

mat is 3D array whose real (non-ghost) data on one side will be stored in vec as a 1D array. vec must be of size maxPointsInPlane_. side is an integer -/+ 1 to indicate the location on the left/right side in the x direction, -/+ 2 in y, -/+ 3 in z. offset is an integer offset from the first/last physical index determined by side (e.g. side=-1 and offset=0 gives the yz plane of the 1st physical grid points in x direction, whereas offset=-1 would have returned the adjacent ghost cells and offset = 3 would have returned the 4th physical yz plane from the left). unsliceMatToVec_ is the inverse function.

3.16.3.25 unsliceMatToVec_()

unslices a physical plane in the specified direction (excludes ghosts)

mat is 3D array whose real (non-ghost) data on one side will be replaced by data in the 1D array vec. vec must be of size maxPointsInPlane_. side is an integer -/+ 1 to indicate the location on the left/right side in the x direction, -/+ 2 in y, -/+ 3 in z. offset is an integer offset from the first/last physical index determined by side (e.g. side=-1 and offset=0 gives the yz plane of the 1st physical grid points in x direction, whereas offset=-1 would have returned the adjacent ghost cells and offset = 3 would have returned the 4th physical yz plane from the left). op=0 replaces the values in mat with those in vec, op=1 adds the values in vec to thos in mat. sliceMatToVec_ is the inverse function.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

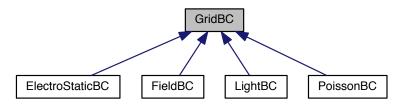
- src/grid/grid.hpp
- src/grid/grid.cpp
- src/grid/gridOutput.cpp
- src/grid/oGrid.cpp
- src/grid/spookyGrid.cpp

3.17 GridBC Class Reference

Abstract class for supplying boundary conditions to field grid.

```
#include <gridBC.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for GridBC:



Public Member Functions

• virtual void applyBCs (double t, double dt, Grid *grids)=0

Protected Attributes

- int side_
- int dim_

3.17.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class for supplying boundary conditions to field grid.

```
side = -1: x left, side = +1: x right
side = -2: y left, side = +2: y right
side = -3: z left, side = +3: y right
dim_ = abs(side_)-1 dim_ = 0: x boundaries dim_ = 1: y boundaries dim_ = 2: z boundaries
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

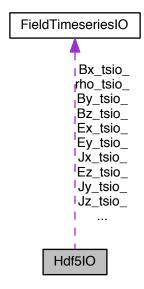
src/grid/gridBC.hpp

3.18 Hdf5IO Class Reference

Class for handling hdf5 IO.

```
#include <hdf5io.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for Hdf5IO:



Public Member Functions

- Hdf5IO (const char *filename, Grid *grid, Domain *domain, const int which_fields)
- hid_t getFileID ()
- hid_t getFileAccessPlist ()
- hid_t getDataXferPlist ()
- hid_t getFieldsGroupID ()
- int * getnProcxyz ()
- int * getmyijk ()
- int writeFields (Grid *grid, double time)

write all field timeseries to hdf5 file

int writeTime (double time)

write time data to hdf5 file

Protected Attributes

- hid_t file_id_
- hid_t file_access_plist_
- hid_t data_xfer_plist_
- hid_t t_dataset_

```
    hid_t t_dataspace_

• hid_t t_memspace_
• hid_t fields_group_id_

    const int which fields

int * nProcxyz_
• int * myijk_

    FieldTimeseriesIO * Ex tsio

    FieldTimeseriesIO * Ey_tsio_

• FieldTimeseriesIO * Ez_tsio_

    FieldTimeseriesIO * Bx tsio

    FieldTimeseriesIO * By tsio

    FieldTimeseriesIO * Bz_tsio_

• FieldTimeseriesIO * Jx_tsio_

    FieldTimeseriesIO * Jy_tsio_

• FieldTimeseriesIO * Jz_tsio_

    FieldTimeseriesIO * rho_tsio_
```

3.18.1 Detailed Description

Class for handling hdf5 IO.

Creates an hdf5 file, and sets up field diagnostics

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/IO/hdf5io.hpp
- src/IO/hdf5io.cpp

3.19 Input Class Reference

```
#include <input.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

```
• int readinfo (char *inputname)
```

• int checkinfo (void)

Check input self-consistency and sufficiency.

Input_Info_t * getinfo (void)

3.19.1 Detailed Description

Class handeling input information

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · src/IO/input.hpp
- src/IO/check.cpp
- src/IO/input.cpp
- src/IO/readinfo.cpp

3.20 Input_Info_t Struct Reference

Structure storing info in the input file.

```
#include <input.hpp>
```

Public Attributes

- int nCell [NDIM]
- int nProc [NDIM]
- int nt
- · int restart
- int debug
- · int relativity
- · int electrostatic
- · int nspecies
- · int nstep fields
- int nstep_parts
- int nstep_restart
- · int which_fields
- int output_pCount
- · int nwaves

how many particles per core to print

- int inSide [NWAVE]
- int inPolE [NWAVE]
- int isTestParticle [NSPEC]
- long np
- double t0

number of particles in each domain

· double dens_phys

start time of simulation

- double mass_ratio [NSPEC]
- double charge_ratio [NSPEC]
- double dens frac [NSPEC]
- double temp [NSPEC]
- double peakamps [NWAVE]
- double omegas [NWAVE]
- double phases [NWAVE]
- double invWidths [NWAVE]
- double delays [NWAVE]
- double E0 [NDIM]
- double B0 [NDIM]

background electric field

double bound_phi [2 *NDIM]

background magnetic field

• double bound_Ax [2 *NDIM]

boundary conditions for poisson initialization

double bound_Ay [2 *NDIM]

boundary conditions for poisson initialization

double bound Az [2 *NDIM]

boundary conditions for poisson initialization

• double xyz0 [NDIM]

boundary conditions for poisson initialization

- double Lxyz [NDIM]
- char distname [NCHAR]
- char parts_init [NCHAR]

name of file containing distribution function

• char fields_init [NCHAR]

particle initialization method

char parts_bound [2 *NDIM][NCHAR]

field initialization method

• char fields_bound [2 *NDIM][NCHAR]

particle boundary conditions for 6 sides of box

3.20.1 Detailed Description

Structure storing info in the input file.

3.20.2 Member Data Documentation

3.20.2.1 charge_ratio

```
double Input_Info_t::charge_ratio[NSPEC]
```

mass of each type of particle in unit of electron mass array of length nspecies eg. in electron-proton plasma mass ← _ratio[0]=1; mass_ratio[1]=1830;

3.20.2.2 debug

```
int Input_Info_t::debug
```

How many previous runs? restart = 0: initial run

3.20.2.3 dens_frac

```
double Input_Info_t::dens_frac[NSPEC]
```

charge of each type of particle in unit of |e| array of length nspecies eq. in electron-proton plasma chargeratio[0]=-1; chargeratio[1]=1

3.20.2.4 electrostatic

```
int Input_Info_t::electrostatic
```

1: use relativistic pusher 0: use nonrelativistic pusher

3.20.2.5 inPolE

```
int Input_Info_t::inPolE[NWAVE]
```

from which sides are waves injected eg. inSide[0]=-1: 1st wave injected in x direction(1) from left(-) inside[1]=+3: 2nd wave injected in z direction(3) from right(+)

3.20.2.6 inSide

```
int Input_Info_t::inSide[NWAVE]
```

How many waves to inject into the system nwave<=NWAVE

3.20.2.7 isTestParticle

```
int Input_Info_t::isTestParticle[NSPEC]
```

polarization of E field of injected waves eg. inPolE[0]=2: 1st wave E field is in y direction(2) inPolE[1]=3: 2nd wave E field is in Z direction(3) inPolE should only take value of 1,2,3

3.20.2.8 mass_ratio

```
double Input_Info_t::mass_ratio[NSPEC]
```

physical number density of all particles used to scale mass, charge and temperature of super particles.

3.20.2.9 np

```
long Input_Info_t::np
```

is the species a test particle species i.e. it feels fields but does not influence them 0 for no, 1 for yes

3.20.2.10 nProc

```
int Input_Info_t::nProc[NDIM]
```

number of cells in each direction

3.20.2.11 nspecies

```
int Input_Info_t::nspecies
```

1: use electrostatic field solve 0: use electromagnetic field solve

3.20.2.12 nstep_fields

```
int Input_Info_t::nstep_fields
```

How many species of particles eg. nspecies=2 in electron-proton plasma nspecies <=NSPEC

3.20.2.13 nt

```
int Input_Info_t::nt
```

number of processors to use in each direction

3.20.2.14 output_pCount

```
int Input_Info_t::output_pCount
```

flag determine which fields to write 0: write components of rho 1: write components of E 2: write components of B 3: write components of J 4: write all fields

3.20.2.15 peakamps

```
double Input_Info_t::peakamps[NWAVE]
```

Maxwellian temperature in unit of eV if specified array of length nspecies eq. in cold ion and hot electron plasma, possible value temp[0]=100; temp[1]=1.2;

3.20.2.16 relativity

```
int Input_Info_t::relativity
```

0: do not print debug statements 1: print minimal debug statements 2: print more debug statements 3: write debug files

3.20.2.17 restart

```
int Input_Info_t::restart
```

number of time steps

3.20.2.18 temp

```
double Input_Info_t::temp[NSPEC]
```

fractional density, array of length nspecies eg. in quasineutral electron-proton plasma frac_dens[0]=0.5; frac_ \leftarrow dens[1]=0.5;

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/IO/input.hpp

3.21 Interpolator Class Reference

Public Member Functions

• void interpolate_fields (double *pos, double *lcell, double *cellvars, Field_part *field)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

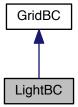
- src/particles/interpolate.hpp
- src/particles/interpolate.cpp

3.22 LightBC Class Reference

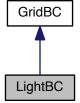
Class for supplying light-wave boundary conditions to field grid.

```
#include <lightBC.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for LightBC:



Collaboration diagram for LightBC:



Public Member Functions

- LightBC (int side, Input_Info_t *input_info)
- void applyBCs (double t, double dt, Grid *grids)

Apply transverse light wave boundary condition to grid.

Additional Inherited Members

3.22.1 Detailed Description

Class for supplying light-wave boundary conditions to field grid.

Boundary conditions are of linear superpositions of the wave and constant The wave is of the form: peakamp * cos(omega * t + phase) * exp(-(t-delay)^2*invWidth^2) along plane perpendicular to side side = -1: x left, side = +1: x right side = -2: y left, side = +2: y right side = -3: z left, side = +3: y right

3.22.2 Member Function Documentation

3.22.2.1 applyBCs()

```
void LightBC::applyBCs ( \label{eq:condition} \mbox{double } t, \\ \mbox{double } dt, \\ \mbox{Grid * grids }) \mbox{ [virtual]}
```

Apply transverse light wave boundary condition to grid.

Uses setFieldAlongEdge method in grid to add field to grid.

Implements GridBC.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/grid/lightBC.hpp
- · src/grid/lightBC.cpp

3.23 OutputBoxQuantities Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- OutputBoxQuantities (const char *fname, Grid *grid, Particle_Handler *handler, Input_Info_t *info)
- void setParticleHandler (Particle_Handler *handler)
- void setGrid (Grid *grid)
- void output (double t, long i)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/IO/output.hpp
- src/IO/output.cpp

3.24 Part_BC_Factory Class Reference

```
#include <particle_bc_factory.hpp>
```

Public Types

• typedef BC_Particle *(* Factory) (Domain *domain, int dim_Index, short isRight, std::string type)

Public Member Functions

- BC_Particle ** constructConditions (Domain *domain, Input_Info_t *info)
- void declare (const std::string &type, Factory factory)
- Factory lookup (const std::string &type)
- std::vector< const std::string * > types () const
- Input_Info_t * getInfo ()
- void setInfo (Input_Info_t *info)

Static Public Member Functions

• static Part_BC_Factory & getInstance ()

3.24.1 Detailed Description

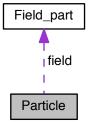
A singleton class to handle registration of particle boundaries

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/boundaries/particle_bc_factory.hpp
- src/boundaries/particle_bc_factory.cpp

3.25 Particle Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for Particle:



Public Attributes

- double x [3]
- double v [3]
- · double gamma
- int type
- long my_id
- int initRank
- double q
- double m
- short isGhost
- short isTestParticle
- double **xo** [3]
- double **vo** [3]
- double **dx** [3]
- · Field part field

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· src/particles/particle.hpp

Particle_Compare Class Reference 3.26

```
#include <particle_utils.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- Particle_Compare (Grid *grid)
- bool operator() (Particle const a, Particle const b) const

3.26.1 Detailed Description

Function to use are a comparator in std::sort for std::vec<Particle> Idea: Particle is sorted by outer index first (i.e. particle at [2][12][43] should be closer to beginning of array than particle at [24][12][43])

At the moment, implemented very slowly!!! Should be modified two ways:

```
1) Instead of comparing cell ID, compare i,j,k indice locations individually
   to save time
2) Bring the code to calculating i,j,k into the comparison routine
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

src/particles/particle_utils.hpp

3.27 Particle_Handler Class Reference

Class that handles all particle-relevant operations.

```
#include <particle_handler.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- void Load (Input_Info_t *input_info, Domain *domain)
 - Load and initialize the particle handler. Should be called at the beginning of the run.
- void Push (double dt)
- · long nParticles ()
- void incrementNParticles (int inc)
- void SortParticles (Particle Compare comp)

Sort particles based on grid location.

- void setPusher (Pusher *pusher)
- void clearGhosts ()

Clear all ghost particles. Uses a swap-to-back and pop-last-element for speed.

- void InterpolateEB (Grid *grid)
- void depositRhoJ (Grid *grid, bool depositRho, Domain *domain, Input_Info_t *input_info)
- std::vector< Particle > * getParticleVector ()
- double computeCFLTimestep (Domain *domain)
- void setParticleBoundaries (BC_Particle **bc)
- void executeParticleBoundaryConditions ()
- void outputParticles (const char *basename, long nstep, Input_Info_t *input_info)

Output particles.

• void outputParticleVel ()

3.27.1 Detailed Description

Class that handles all particle-relevant operations.

Particle handler handles all the particle operations. This includes deposition, boundary conditions, particle pushing, and communication between MPI nodes if needed

3.27.2 Member Function Documentation

3.27.2.1 outputParticles()

Output particles.

Output particles. Currently outputs time, position and velocity.

Can work with either cadencing on time (output every dT) or cadencing on steps (output ever dsteps), or both. Either are optional parameters in the input file and will default to -1.

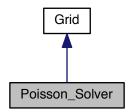
Particles are written to the same directory as the program input file and named with initial rank and id.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

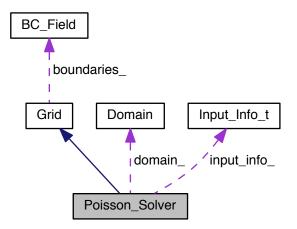
- src/particles/particle_handler.hpp
- src/particles/particle_handler.cpp

3.28 Poisson_Solver Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for Poisson_Solver:



Collaboration diagram for Poisson_Solver:



Public Member Functions

- Poisson_Solver (Domain *domain, Input_Info_t *input_info)
- void InitializeFields (Input_Info_t *input_info)

Initialize E and B fields.

• int getGhostVecSize (const int sendID)

returns size of ghost cell data to send

void getGhostVec (const int side, double *ghostVec, int sendID)

bundles the data in the ghost cells to send

void setGhostVec (const int side, double *ghostVec, int sendID, int op)

unbundles the data in the ghost cells to send

```
    void phiToE ()
```

derives E from scalar potential phi: E = -grad phi

• void AToB ()

derives A from vector potential A: B = curl A

void constA (const double vx, const double vy, const double vz)

Set vector potential to constant values.

• void constPhi (const double v)

Set scalar potential to constant value.

int getFieldID (const std::string &fieldStr)

return fieldID for phi and Ax,Ay,Az

Protected Member Functions

- void run_poisson_solver_ (const int fieldID1, const int fieldID2, double ***u1, double ***u2, double ***R, double convergenceTol, double sourceMult)
- void setPoissonFieldType_()

Same as Grid::setFieldType_ for phi,A arrays unique to Poisson.

void setPoissonFieldPtr ()

Same as Grid::setFieldPtr_ for phi,A arrays unique to Poisson.

void phiToESingleComp_ (const int fieldID, const int dir)

Calculates a single component of E from phi.

void AToBSingleComp_ (const int fieldID, const int dir)

calculates a single component of B from A

- FRIEND_TEST (ConvertPrivateTest, constantPhiTest)
- FRIEND_TEST (PoissonTest, testPoisson)

Protected Attributes

- double conv_phi_
- double conv A
- Domain * domain
- Input Info t * input info
- double *** phi1_
- double *** phi2_
- double *** Ax1_
- double *** Ay1_
- double *** Az1_
- double *** Ax2_
- double *** Ay2_
- double *** Az2_
- · const int nFieldsPoisson_
- · const int phi1ID_
- const int Ax1ID_
- const int Ay1ID_
- const int Az1ID_
- · const int phi2ID_
- const int Ax2ID
- const int Ay2ID
- · const int Az2ID_
- · const int xdir_
- const int ydir_
- const int zdir_

Friends

- · class ConvertPrivateTest
- · class PoissonTest

3.28.1 Member Function Documentation

```
3.28.1.1 ATOB()

void Poisson_Solver::ATOB ( )
```

derives A from vector potential A: B = curl A

Makes three separate calls to AToBSingleComp to perform calculation

3.28.1.2 AToBSingleComp_()

calculates a single component of B from A

fieldID is the field ID of the component to be solved for (BxID_, ByID_, or BzID_) dir is the direction corresonding to the component being solved for

3.28.1.3 getGhostVec()

bundles the data in the ghost cells to send

```
side = -/+ 1 for left/right x direction, -/+ 2 for y, -/+ 3 for z
```

ghostVec is the vector to store the data in, which must be of length ghostVecSize_ (can be determined with get ← GhostVecSize)

sendID = -1 to get EB fields, -2 for rho/J sources, -3 for phi/A potentials, or sendID = an individual field ID (e.g. ExID_) to get just that field (used for Poisson updating for example)

Stores the data of the E,B,J fields along the specified boundary plane into a 1D array to be sent with a single MPI call.

```
If sendID = -1 (as used in each time step update), stores in order: Ex,Ey,Ez,Bx,By,Bz,Jx,Jy,Jz.
```

If sendID = -2 (as used in Poisson iteration), stores in order: phi1,phi2,Ax1,Ay1,Az1,Ax2,Ay2,Az2

If sendID = -3 (as used in Poisson initialization), stores in order: Jx,Jy,Jz,rho

ghostVec can (and should) be unpacked with setGhostVec function

3.28.1.4 getGhostVecSize()

returns size of ghost cell data to send

sendID is an integer specifying which fields are intended to be packaged into the ghost vector. -3 for potentials (phi,A), -2 for sources (rho,J), -1 for fields (EB), fieldID for any individual field (e.g. ExID_)
It is of length equal to the number of fields being sent times the maximum number of total points in any plane, so that it will be large enough to send the maximum amount of data in a single plane of any of the fields.

Reimplemented from Grid.

3.28.1.5 InitializeFields()

Initialize E and B fields.

Use restart file to set values of initial E,B,J fields

Reimplemented from Grid.

3.28.1.6 phiToE()

```
void Poisson_Solver::phiToE ( )
```

derives E from scalar potential phi: E = -grad phi

Makes three calls to phiToESingleComp which performs actual computation

3.28.1.7 phiToESingleComp_()

Calculates a single component of E from phi.

```
fieldID is a field's fieldID (ExID_, EyID_, or EzID_) dir is (0,1,2) for (x,y,z) which must match the component of the fieldID being solved for
```

3.28.1.8 setGhostVec()

unbundles the data in the ghost cells to send

```
side = -/+ 1 for left/right x direction, -/+ 2 for y, -/+ 3 for z
```

ghostVec is the vector to read the data from, which must be of length ghostVecSize_ (can be determined with get
GhostVecSize)

sendID = -1 to set JEB fields, or sendID = an individual field ID (e.g. ExID_) to set just that field (used for Poisson updating for example)

Sets the data of the E,B,J fields along the specified boundary plane from the 1D array ghostVec to be received with a single MPI call.

```
If sendID = -1 (as used in each time step update), fields are read and set in order: Ex,Ey,Ez,Bx,By,Bz,Jx,Jy,Jz.
```

If sendID = -2 (as used in Poisson iteration), fields are read and set in order: phi1,phi2,Ax1,Ay1,Az1,Ax2,Ay2,Az2

If sendID = -3 (as used in Poisson initialization), stores in order: Jx,Jy,Jz,rho

ghostVec can (and should) be generated with getGhostVec function

Reimplemented from Grid.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

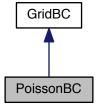
- src/poisson/poisson.hpp
- src/poisson/convertFields.cpp
- src/poisson/poisson.cpp

3.29 PoissonBC Class Reference

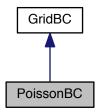
Class for supplying boundary conditions for poisson solver.

```
#include <poissonBC.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for PoissonBC:



Collaboration diagram for PoissonBC:



Public Member Functions

- PoissonBC (int side, Input_Info_t *input_info)
- void applyBCs (double fieldID, double option, Grid *grids)

Additional Inherited Members

3.29.1 Detailed Description

Class for supplying boundary conditions for poisson solver.

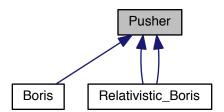
```
side = -1: x left, side = +1: x right
side = -2: y left, side = +2: y right
side = -3: z left, side = +3: y right
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/poisson/poissonBC.hpp
- src/poisson/poissonBC.cpp

3.30 Pusher Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for Pusher:



Public Member Functions

virtual int Step (Particle *part, Field_part *field, double dt)=0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· src/pusher/pusher.hpp

3.31 Random Number Generator Class Reference

Class that provides methods to generate random numbers.

```
#include <RNG.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- Random_Number_Generator (long seed)
- double getUniform ()

Get a random number in the range (0,1), exclusive.

long getInteger (long min, long max)

Draw a random number, inclusive of both min and max.

double getStandardNormal ()

Draw a number from a standard normal distribution.

double getGaussian (double mu, double sigma)

Draw a number from a normal distribution.

- RNG State * getRNGState ()
- void setRNGState (RNG_State *state)
- void setUserPDF (bool isDiscrete, long size, double *userVal, double *userProb)
- void loadUserPDFfromFile (const bool isDiscrete, const char *fname)

Load a user distribution from file.

• double getUserNumber ()

Get a random number from the user distribution.

3.31.1 Detailed Description

Class that provides methods to generate random numbers.

The Random Number generator class uses the ran2 algorithm from Numerical recipes. The algorithm provides fast random numbers over (0,1) exclusive with a period of over 10^{15} .

This is then used in the implementation for numerous other distrituions (standard normal, integer...)

This class can also be loaded with a user defined PDF, either discrete or continuous. User provided PDF does not need to be normalized, but must be positive everywhere.

Discrete PDF is treat as a histogram, while the continuous PDF is treated as piecewise linear and continuous. The CDF is calculated (simple partial sum for discrete, triangle rule for continuous) and then used for value sampling. This is done using a binary search.

3.31.2 Member Function Documentation

3.31.2.1 getGaussian()

Draw a number from a normal distribution.

Adapted from Wikipedia, annotated by Denis St-Onge Box Mueller generates numbers in pairs, so store both, return one at a time.

3.31.2.2 getUniform()

```
double Random_Number_Generator::getUniform ( )
```

Get a random number in the range (0,1), exclusive.

Uses Numerical Recipes ran2 algorithm.

3.31.2.3 getUserNumber()

```
double Random_Number_Generator::getUserNumber ( )
```

Get a random number from the user distribution.

Uses binary search (O(log n)) and quadratic interpolation for continuous distributions.

3.31.2.4 loadUserPDFfromFile()

Load a user distribution from file.

File is in ascii format with two columns. First column representes the value while the second column represents the probability associated with that value.

Values do not need to be equally spaced.

Continous PDFs are treated as piecewise linear between points. Therefore the resulting CDFs are continuous in both the zeroth and first derivatives.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/utils/RNG.hpp
- src/utils/RNG.cpp

3.32 RegisterFieldBoundary Struct Reference

An object which, when instantiated, registers a field boundary condition.

```
#include <field_bc_factory.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

• RegisterFieldBoundary (const std::string &type, Field_BC_Factory::Factory factory)

3.32.1 Detailed Description

An object which, when instantiated, registers a field boundary condition.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/boundaries/field_bc_factory.hpp

3.33 RegisterParticleBoundary Struct Reference

Public Member Functions

• RegisterParticleBoundary (const std::string &type, Part_BC_Factory::Factory factory)

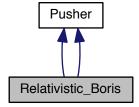
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/boundaries/particle_bc_factory.hpp

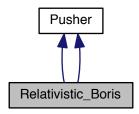
3.34 Relativistic Boris Class Reference

Relativistic Boris pusher.

Inheritance diagram for Relativistic_Boris:



Collaboration diagram for Relativistic_Boris:



Public Member Functions

- int Step (Particle *part, Field_part *field, double dt)
- int Step (Particle *part, Field_part *field, double dt)

3.34.1 Detailed Description

Relativistic Boris pusher.

Uses the pusher described in "Simulation of beams or plasmas crossing at relativistic velocity"

J.-L. Vay, Phys. Plasmas 15 (5) 2007

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/pusher/relativisticBoris.cpp
- src/pusher/relativisticBoris.hpp

3.35 RNG_State Struct Reference

#include <RNG.hpp>

Public Attributes

- · long int initialSeed
- long int idum
- long int idum2
- long int iy
- long int iv [RNG_NTAB]
- double **z0**
- double z1
- · bool generate

3.35.1 Detailed Description

Structure that contains all the infomration for a random number generator. Can be written/read using fwrite/fread.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

src/utils/RNG.hpp