

APC\_524

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# Chapter 1

## Hierarchical Index

### 1.1 Class Hierarchy

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## Chapter 2

# Class Index

### 2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

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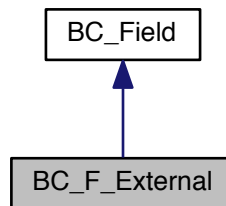
<a href="#">Particle_Compare</a> . . . . .	39
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## Chapter 3

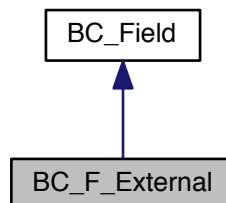
# Class Documentation

### 3.1 BC\_F\_External Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for BC\_F\_External:



Collaboration diagram for BC\_F\_External:



#### Public Member Functions

- **BC\_F\_External** (int side, [Domain](#) \*domain, [Grid](#) \*grids, [Input\\_Info\\_t](#) \*info)
- int **completeBC** (int fieldID, int option)

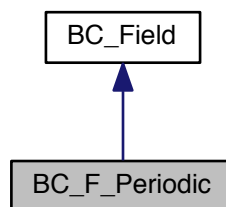
## Additional Inherited Members

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

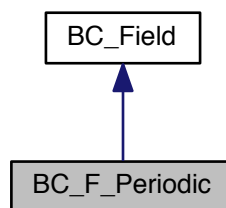
- `src/boundaries/b_fields/bc_f_external.cpp`

## 3.2 BC\_F\_Periodic Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for BC\_F\_Periodic:



Collaboration diagram for BC\_F\_Periodic:



## Public Member Functions

- **BC\_F\_Periodic** (int side, [Domain](#) \*domain, [Grid](#) \*grids, [Input\\_Info\\_t](#) \*info)
- int [completeBC](#) (int fieldID, int option)  
*complete periodic field boundary condition*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 3.2.1 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.2.1.1 completeBC()

```
int BC_F_Periodic::completeBC (
    int fieldID,
    int option ) [virtual]
```

complete periodic field boundary condition

option = 0: load physical of the other side replace ghost on this side  
option = 1: load ghost on this side sum ghost to physical on this side

Implements [BC\\_Field](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

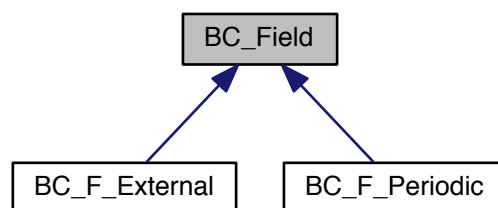
- src/boundaries/b\_fields/bc\_f\_periodic.cpp

## 3.3 BC\_Field Class Reference

Class which defines a field boundary condition.

```
#include <fields_boundary.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for BC\_Field:



### Public Member Functions

- virtual int **completeBC** (int sendID, int option)=0

### Protected Attributes

- int **side\_**

### 3.3.1 Detailed Description

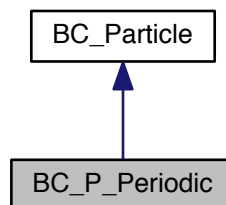
Class which defines a field boundary condition.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

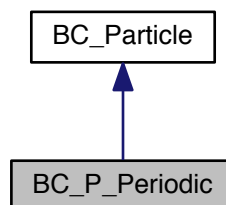
- `src/boundaries/fields_boundary.hpp`

## 3.4 BC\_P\_Periodic Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for BC\_P\_Periodic:



Collaboration diagram for BC\_P\_Periodic:



### Public Member Functions

- **BC\_P\_Periodic** ([Domain](#) \*domain, int dim\_Index, short isRight, std::string type)
- void **computeParticleBCs** (std::vector< [Particle](#) > \*pl)
- int **completeBC** (std::vector< [Particle](#) > \*pl)

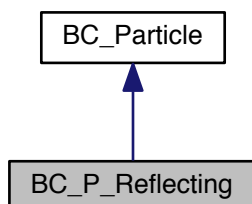
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `src/boundaries/b_particles/bc_p_periodic.cpp`

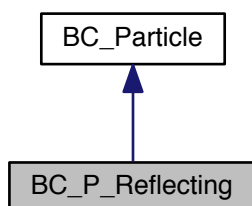


## 3.5 BC\_P\_Reflecting Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for BC\_P\_Reflecting:



Collaboration diagram for BC\_P\_Reflecting:



### Public Member Functions

- **BC\_P\_Reflecting** ([Domain](#) \*domain, int dim\_Index, short isRight, std::string type)
- void **computeParticleBCs** (std::vector< [Particle](#) > \*pl)
- int **completeBC** (std::vector< [Particle](#) > \*pl)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

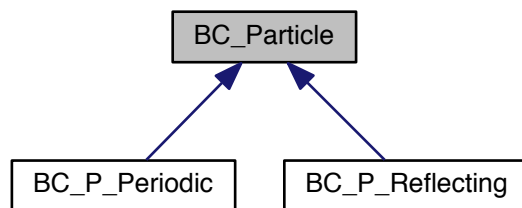
- src/boundaries/b\_particles/bc\_p\_reflecting.cpp

## 3.6 BC\_Particle Class Reference

Class which defines a particle boundary condition.

```
#include <particles_boundary.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for BC\_Particle:



### Public Member Functions

- int **computeParticleBCs** (std::vector< [Particle](#) > \*pl)

#### 3.6.1 Detailed Description

Class which defines a particle boundary condition.

Boundary conditions have two stages.

1st stage: Cycling through particle list and determining which particles need to have boundary conditions applied, then applies them.

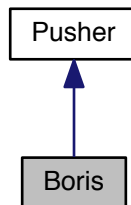
2nd stage: Perform any more auxilliary computations, including MPI calls, creating new ghost particles, shuffling particles ETC...

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

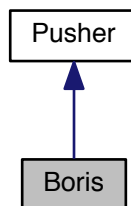
- src/boundaries/particles\_boundary.hpp
- src/boundaries/particles\_boundary.cpp

## 3.7 Boris Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for Boris:



Collaboration diagram for Boris:



### Public Member Functions

- int **Step** ([Particle](#) \*part, [Field\\_part](#) \*field, double dt)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/pusher/boris.hpp
- src/pusher/boris.cpp

## 3.8 Depositor Class Reference

### Public Member Functions

- void **deposit\_particle\_J** ([Particle](#) \*part, double \*lcell, double \*cellverts, double \*JObj)
- void **deposit\_particle\_Rho** ([Particle](#) \*part, double \*lcell, double \*cellverts, double \*RhoObj)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/particles/deposit.hpp
- src/particles/deposit.cpp

### 3.9 Domain Class Reference

#### Public Member Functions

- **Domain** (const int \*nCell\_global, const int \*nProc, const double \*xyz0\_global, const double \*Lxyz\_global)
- int **getnGhosts** (void)
- int \* **getnxyz** (void)
- int \* **getn2xyz** (void)
- double \* **getxyz0** (void)
- double \* **getLxyz** (void)
- double **getmindx** (void)  
*Find minimum grid size.*
- double **GetMaxValueAcrossDomains** (double send\_val)  
*Find maximum of values across MPI domains.*
- int \* **getnProcxyz** (void)
- int \* **getmyijk** (void)
- int \* **getNeighbours** ()
- int **getxl** (void)
- int **getyl** (void)
- int **getzl** (void)
- int **getxr** (void)
- int **getyr** (void)
- int **getzr** (void)
- int **ijkToRank** (int i, int j, int k)  
*return rank for assigned i,j,k*
- void **RankToijk** (int rank, int \*myijk)  
*assign value to allocated myijk[3]*

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

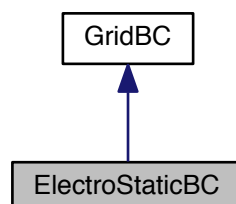
- src/domain/domain.hpp
- src/domain/domain.cpp

### 3.10 ElectroStaticBC Class Reference

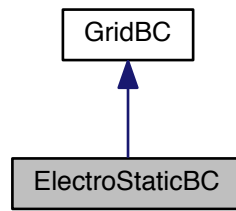
Class for supplying electrostatic boundary conditions in a single field to field grid.

```
#include <estaticBC.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for ElectroStaticBC:



Collaboration diagram for ElectroStaticBC:



### Public Member Functions

- **ElectroStaticBC** (int side, [Input\\_Info\\_t](#) \*input\_info)
- void [applyBCs](#) (double t, double dt, [Grid](#) \*grids)  
*Inject electrostatic wave boundary condition to grid.*

### Additional Inherited Members

#### 3.10.1 Detailed Description

Class for supplying electrostatic boundary conditions in a single field to field grid.

Boundary conditions are of linear superpositions of the wave and constant  
 The wave is of the form:  $\text{peakamp} * \cos(\omega * t + \text{phase}) * \exp(-(t-\text{delay})^2 * \text{invWidth}^2)$   
 along plane perpendicular to side side = -1: x left, side = +1: x right  
 side = -2: y left, side = +2: y right  
 side = -3: z left, side = +3: y right

### 3.10.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.10.2.1 `applyBCs()`

```

void ElectroStaticBC::applyBCs (
    double t,
    double dt,
    Grid * grids ) [virtual]
  
```

Inject electrostatic wave boundary condition to grid.

Uses `setFieldAlongEdge` method in `grid` to add field to grid.

Implements [GridBC](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- `src/grid/estaticBC.hpp`
- `src/grid/estaticBC.cpp`

### 3.11 Field\_BC\_Factory Class Reference

A singleton class to handle registration of field boundaries/.

```
#include <field_bc_factory.hpp>
```

#### Public Types

- typedef [BC\\_Field](#) \*(\* **Factory**) (int side, [Domain](#) \*domain, [Grid](#) \*grids, [Input\\_Info\\_t](#) \*info)

#### Public Member Functions

- void [Construct](#) ([Domain](#) \*domain, [Grid](#) \*grids, [Input\\_Info\\_t](#) \*input\_info)
- void **declare** (const std::string &type, Factory factory)
- Factory **lookup** (const std::string &type)
- std::vector< const std::string \* > **types** () const

#### Static Public Member Functions

- static [Field\\_BC\\_Factory](#) & **getInstance** ()

#### 3.11.1 Detailed Description

A singleton class to handle registration of field boundaries/.

#### 3.11.2 Member Function Documentation

##### 3.11.2.1 Construct()

```
void Field_BC_Factory::Construct (
    Domain * domain,
    Grid * grids,
    Input\_Info\_t * input_info )
```

Construct the boundary condition array (must be freed!) Takes in an array of size 6.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/boundaries/field\_bc\_factory.hpp
- src/boundaries/field\_bc\_factory.cpp

## 3.12 Field\_part Struct Reference

### Public Attributes

- double **e1**
- double **e2**
- double **e3**
- double **b1**
- double **b2**
- double **b3**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

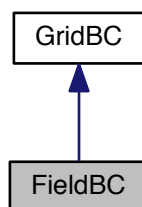
- src/particles/particle.hpp

## 3.13 FieldBC Class Reference

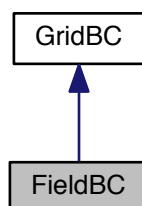
Class for supplying boundary conditions in a single field to field grid.

```
#include <fieldBC.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for FieldBC:



Collaboration diagram for FieldBC:



## Public Member Functions

- **FieldBC** (std::string &fieldStr, int dim, bool edge, double amp, double omega, double phase)
- void **applyBCs** (double t, double dt, [Grid](#) &grid)

*Apply boundary condition to grid.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 3.13.1 Detailed Description

Class for supplying boundary conditions in a single field to field grid.

Boundary conditions are of form:

$\text{amp} * \cos(\text{omega} * t + \text{phase})$

along plane perpendicular to dimension dim (0 = x, 1 = y, 2 = z) on edge ( false = left, true = right)

fieldStr one of Ex, Ey, Ez, Bx, By, Bz

### 3.13.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.13.2.1 applyBCs()

```
void FieldBC::applyBCs (
    double t,
    double dt,
    Grid & grid )
```

Apply boundary condition to grid.

Uses setFieldAlongEdge method in grid to add field to grid.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/grid/fieldBC.hpp
- src/grid/fieldBC.cpp

## 3.14 FieldTimeseriesIO Class Reference

```
#include <hdf5io.hpp>
```

## Public Member Functions

- **FieldTimeseriesIO** ([Hdf5IO](#) \*io, [Grid](#) \*grid, [Domain](#) \*domain, std::string fieldname)
- int **writeField** (double \*\*\*data)

*write a field timeseries to hdf5 file*



### 3.14.1 Detailed Description

Class for writing fields in time series to hdf5

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/IO/hdf5io.hpp
- src/IO/hdf5io.cpp

## 3.15 Gaussian\_Pulses\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <GaussianPulse.hpp>
```

### Public Attributes

- int **nwaves**
- double \* **peakamps**
- double \* **omegas**
- double \* **phases**
- double \* **delays**
- double \* **invWidths**

### 3.15.1 Detailed Description

This parameter struct generating field boudary values. The values are superpositions of Gaussian pulses of the form:  $\text{peakamps} \cos(\text{omegas} * t + \text{phases}) \exp(-(t-\text{delays})^2 * \text{invWidths}^2)$  The coefficients peakamps, omegas, phases, delays, and invWidths are double arrays of length nwaves.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

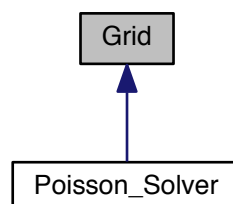
- src/utils/GaussianPulse.hpp

## 3.16 Grid Class Reference

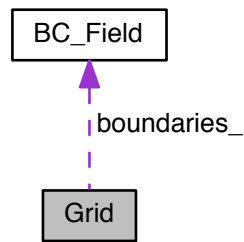
Class representing grid on which E and B fields and currents are defined.

```
#include <grid.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Grid:



Collaboration diagram for Grid:



## Public Member Functions

- [Grid](#) (int \*nxyz, int nGhosts, double \*xyz0, double \*Lxyz)  
*Grid constructor.*
- virtual [~Grid](#) ()  
*Grid destructor.*
- int [evolveFields](#) (double dt)  
*Evolve Electric and Magnetic fields in time.*
- int [evolveFieldsES](#) (double dt)  
*Evolve Electric Fields Electrostatically.*
- virtual void [InitializeFields](#) ([Input\\_Info\\_t](#) \*input\_info)  
*Initialize E and B fields.*
- void [constJ](#) (double vx, double vy, double vz)  
*sets J to a constant value*
- void [constE](#) (double vx, double vy, double vz)  
*sets E to a constant value*
- void [constB](#) (double vx, double vy, double vz)  
*sets B to a constant value*
- void [constRho](#) (double v)  
*sets rho to a constant value*
- int [addJ](#) (int cellID, double \*Jvec)  
*Add currents from particle to grid.*
- int [addRho](#) (int cellID, double \*Rhovec)  
*Add charge from particle to grid.*
- int [getFieldInterpolatorVec](#) (int cellID, double \*InterpolatorVec)  
*Return vector for field interpolation.*
- int [getCellID](#) (double x, double y, double z)  
*Get cell ID based on particle position.*
- int [getCellVertex](#) (int cellID, double \*xyz)  
*Returns vertex corresponding to cell ID.*
- int [getNumberOfCells](#) ()  
*Get total number of cells in grid.*
- int [getNumCells3D](#) (double \*nvec)  
*Get # of cells in each dimension of grid.*

- double [getStepSize](#) (int dimension)  
*Get step size along dimension in grid.*
- double [getCellVolume](#) ()  
*Return volume of a single cell.*
- int [getnxyzTot](#) (int \*nxyzTot)  
*get total dimensions*
- int [getnxyzPhys](#) (int \*nxyzPhys)  
*get Phys dimensions*
- void [getRealIndices](#) (int fieldID, int \*ind)  
*gets the x,y,z indices of the first and last physical points of field*
- int [setFieldAlongEdge](#) (std::string &fieldStr, int dim, bool edge, double fieldVal)  
*Set field along a certain edge.*
- virtual int [getGhostVecSize](#) (const int sendID)  
*returns size of ghost cell data to send*
- virtual void [getGhostVec](#) (const int side, double \*ghostVec, int sendID, int option)  
*bundles the data in the ghost cells to send*
- virtual void [setGhostVec](#) (const int side, double \*ghostVec, int sendID, int option)  
*unbundles the data in the ghost cells to send*
- double \*\*\*\* [getFieldPtr](#) ()
- virtual int [getFieldID](#) (const std::string &fieldStr)
- void [getDimPhys](#) (const int fieldID, int \*dim)  
*get dimensions of physical region of field*
- void [getGridPhys](#) (const int fieldID, double \*x, double \*y, double \*z)  
*gets physical coordinates of each point on the grid for a given field type*
- int [getnGhosts](#) ()
- void [AvgB](#) ()  
*averages two timesteps of B (for output)*
- void [executeBC](#) (int sendID, int option)  
*Execute field boundary conditions.*
- void [setBoundaries](#) ([BC\\_Field](#) \*\*bc)
- void [freeBoundaries](#) (void)

### Protected Member Functions

- double \*\*\* [newField\\_](#) (int ifield)  
*allocates memory for a single field*
- void [deleteField\\_](#) (double \*\*\*fieldPt, int ifield)  
*frees memory for a single field*
- int \*\* [setFieldSize\\_](#) ()  
*constructs and returns fieldSize\_ array*
- void [deleteFieldSize\\_](#) ()  
*deletes fieldSize\_ array*
- int \* [setFieldType\\_](#) ()  
*constructs and returns fieldType\_ array*
- void [deleteFieldType\\_](#) ()  
*deletes fieldType\_ array*
- double \*\*\*\* [setFieldPtr\\_](#) ()  
*constructs and returns fieldPtr\_\_ array*
- void [deleteFieldPtr\\_](#) ()  
*deletes fieldPtr\_ array*

- void `constField_` (const int fieldID, const double val)  
*sets field corresponding to fieldID to specified value*
- int `sideToIndex_` (const int side, const int fieldID)  
*function to convert (-/+) (1,2,3) side indicator into (left/right) (x,y,z) index of boundary physical data point*
- int `getGhostOffset_` (const int side, const int fieldID)
- void `checkInput_` ()  
*checks validity of input parameters for `Grid` constructor*
- void `sliceMatToVec_` (const int fieldID, const int side, const int offset, double \*vec)  
*Gets offset of ghost points.*
- void `unsliceMatToVec_` (const int fieldID, const int side, const int offset, double \*vec, const int op)  
*unslices a physical plane in the specified direction (excludes ghosts)*
- int `setFieldInPlane_` (int dim, int indx, double \*\*\*field, double fieldVal)  
*Internal method to set field along a plane.*
- **FRIEND\_TEST** (oGridInternalTest, EMWave)
- **FRIEND\_TEST** (oGridInternalTest, EMWaveLong)
- **FRIEND\_TEST** (GridPrivateTest, fieldSizeTest)
- **FRIEND\_TEST** (GridPrivateTest, fieldPtrTest)
- **FRIEND\_TEST** (GridPrivateTest, zeroFields)
- **FRIEND\_TEST** (GridPrivateTest, sideToIndexTest)
- **FRIEND\_TEST** (GridPrivateTest, periodicUpdateTest)
- **FRIEND\_TEST** (GridPrivateTest, ghostVecSizeTest)
- **FRIEND\_TEST** (FieldIOTest, writeField)
- **FRIEND\_TEST** (DepositJTest, sumOverJandRho)

## Protected Attributes

- `BC_Field` \*\* **boundaries\_**
- const int **nxReal\_**
- const int **nyReal\_**
- const int **nzReal\_**
- const int **nGhosts\_**
- const int **nx\_**
- const int **ny\_**
- const int **nz\_**
- const int **nxTot\_**
- const int **nyTot\_**
- const int **nzTot\_**
- const double **x0\_**
- const double **y0\_**
- const double **z0\_**
- const double **Lx\_**
- const double **Ly\_**
- const double **Lz\_**
- const int **iBeg\_**
- const int **jBeg\_**
- const int **kBeg\_**
- const double **dx\_**
- const double **dy\_**
- const double **dz\_**
- const double **idx\_**
- const double **idy\_**
- const double **idz\_**
- const int **maxPointsInPlane\_**

- const int **nFieldsTotal\_**
- const int **ExID\_**
- const int **EyID\_**
- const int **EzID\_**
- const int **BxID\_**
- const int **ByID\_**
- const int **BzID\_**
- const int **JxID\_**
- const int **JyID\_**
- const int **JzID\_**
- const int **rhold\_**
- const int **Bx\_tm1ID\_**
- const int **By\_tm1ID\_**
- const int **Bz\_tm1ID\_**
- const int **Bx\_avgID\_**
- const int **By\_avgID\_**
- const int **Bz\_avgID\_**
- const int **nTypes\_**
- const int **edgeXID\_**
- const int **edgeYID\_**
- const int **edgeZID\_**
- const int **faceXID\_**
- const int **faceYID\_**
- const int **faceZID\_**
- const int **vertID\_**
- double \*\*\* **Ex\_**
- double \*\*\* **Ey\_**
- double \*\*\* **Ez\_**
- double \*\*\* **Bx\_**
- double \*\*\* **By\_**
- double \*\*\* **Bz\_**
- double \*\*\* **Bx\_tm1\_**
- double \*\*\* **By\_tm1\_**
- double \*\*\* **Bz\_tm1\_**
- double \*\*\* **Bx\_avg\_**
- double \*\*\* **By\_avg\_**
- double \*\*\* **Bz\_avg\_**
- double \*\*\* **Jx\_**
- double \*\*\* **Jy\_**
- double \*\*\* **Jz\_**
- double \*\*\* **rho\_**
- int \* **fieldType\_**
- int \*\* **fieldSize\_**
- double \*\*\*\* **fieldPtr\_**
- int \* **fieldsIsContiguous\_**
- double \* **sliceTmp\_**
- double \* **ghostTmp\_**

## Friends

- class **oGridInternalTest**
- class **GridPrivateTest**
- class **FieldIOTest**
- class **DepositJTest**

### 3.16.1 Detailed Description

Class representing grid on which E and B fields and currents are defined.

[Grid](#) has ghost cells on each face. The ghost cell updating in y and z arises from periodic boundary conditions. x-direction ghost cells allow communication between MPI domains.

Following Yee (1966), electric fields and currents reside on edges, and magnetic fields on faces. Fields are updated using a set of finite-difference equations approximating Ampere's and Faraday's Laws.

A set of getters are available to allow particles to interpolate electric fields based on their position.

### 3.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 3.16.2.1 Grid()

```
Grid::Grid (
    int * nxyz,
    int nGhosts,
    double * xyz0,
    double * Lxyz )
```

[Grid](#) constructor.

[Input](#) arguments:

nxyz: integer array [nx,ny,nz] where nx is the number of physical cells in the x direction in the simulation, and the same for ny,nz.

nGhosts: integer number of ghost cells on each side of the domain. This should always be at least 1. Currently the code does not support nGhosts>1, though it may in the future (to take advantage of higher order finite difference and interpolation methods, for instance).

xyz0: integer array [x0,y0,z0] where x0 is the initial x position, and the same for y0,z0

Lxyz0: double array [Lx,Ly,Lz] where Lx is the physical length of each cell in the x direction, and the same for Ly,Lz

#### 3.16.2.2 ~Grid()

```
Grid::~~Grid ( ) [virtual]
```

[Grid](#) destructor.

calls deleteField\_ on each of the double\*\*\* fields

### 3.16.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.16.3.1 addJ()

```
int Grid::addJ (
    int cellID,
    double * Jvec )
```

Add currents from particle to grid.

Currents added to cell with ID cellID via input vector of form:

[Jx((0,0,0) -> (1,0,0)), Jx((0,1,0) -> (1,1,0)), Jx((0,1,1) -> (1,1,1)), Jx((0,0,1) -> (1,0,1)),...  
 Jy((0,0,0) -> (0,1,0)), Jy((0,0,1) -> (0,1,1)), Jy((1,0,1) -> (1,1,1)), Jy((1,0,0) -> (1,1,0)),...  
 Jz((0,0,0) -> (0,0,1)), Jz((1,0,0) -> (1,0,1)), Jz((1,1,0) -> (1,1,1)), Jz((0,1,0) -> (0,1,1))]

### 3.16.3.2 AvgB()

```
void Grid::AvgB ( )
```

averages two timesteps of B (for output)

returns all elements of array (including ghosts and dummies)

### 3.16.3.3 checkInput\_()

```
void Grid::checkInput_ ( ) [protected]
```

checks validity of input parameters for [Grid](#) constructor

asserts necessary conditions on each input (mainly positivity of many parameters). Terminates program if inputs are incorrect.

### 3.16.3.4 deleteField\_()

```
void Grid::deleteField_ (
    double *** fieldPt,
    int fieldID ) [protected]
```

frees memory for a single field

Uses `fieldsContiguous_` to determine contiguous or noncontiguous deletion method

### 3.16.3.5 evolveFields()

```
int Grid::evolveFields (
    double dt )
```

Evolve Electric and Magnetic fields in time.

Uses Yee algorithm to advance E and B fields. Assumes Gaussian-style Maxwell equation, with  $c = 1$ .

### 3.16.3.6 evolveFieldsES()

```
int Grid::evolveFieldsES (
    double dt )
```

Evolve Electric Fields Electrostatically.

Ignores "light wave" contribution (curl terms), effectively only solves poisson equation.

### 3.16.3.7 getCellID()

```
int Grid::getCellID (
    double x,
    double y,
    double z )
```

Get cell ID based on particle position.

Cell ID is uniquely given by  $(ny\_nz\_)*ix + nz\_iy + iz$ .

If particle is in a ghost cell or off the grid entirely, returns

-1 if off (-z), -2 if off (+z)

-3 if off (-y), -4 if off (+y)

-5 if off (-x), -6 if off (+x)

### 3.16.3.8 getFieldInterpolatorVec()

```
int Grid::getFieldInterpolatorVec (
    int cellID,
    double * InterpolatorVec )
```

Return vector for field interpolation.

Based on cellID, return relevant edge E and face B fields and cell origin, in format:

[x, y, z, ...

Ex( ix, iy, iz ), Ex( ix, iy+1, iz ), Ex( ix, iy+1, iz+1 ), Ex( ix, iy, iz+1 ), ...

Ey( ix, iy, iz ), Ey( ix, iy, iz+1 ), Ey( ix+1, iy, iz+1 ), Ey( ix+1, iy, iz ), ...

Ez( ix, iy, iz ), Ez( ix+1, iy, iz ), Ez( ix+1, iy+1, iz ), Ez( ix, iy+1, iz ), ...

Bx( ix, iy, iz ), Bx( ix+1, iy, iz ), ...

By( ix, iy, iz ), By( ix, iy+1, iz ), ...

Bz( ix, iy, iz ), Bz( ix, iy, iz+1 ), ...]

where ix, iy, and iz are the row indices for each of the three dimensions (calculated from the cellID)

### 3.16.3.9 getGhostVec()

```
void Grid::getGhostVec (
    const int side,
    double * ghostVec,
    int sendID,
    int option ) [virtual]
```

bundles the data in the ghost cells to send

side = -/+ 1 for left/right x direction, -/+ 2 for y, -/+ 3 for z

ghostVec is the vector to store the data in, which must be of length ghostVecSize\_ (can be determined with getGhostVecSize)

sendID = -2 to get Jrho fields, -1 to get EB fields, or sendID = an individual field ID (e.g. ExID\_) to get just that field (used for Poisson updating for example)

Gets the data of the E,B,J fields along the specified boundary plane from the 1D array ghostVec to be sent with a single MPI call. If sendID = -1 (as used in each time step update), stores in order: Ex,Ey,Ez,Bx,By,Bz. If sendID = -2, stores in order: Jx,Jy,Jz,rho.

option is a flag determining where the ghostVec will get from. option = 0: get physical values on this side. option = 1: get ghost values on this side.

ghostVec can (and should) be unpacked with setGhostVec function



**3.16.3.10 getGhostVecSize()**

```
int Grid::getGhostVecSize (
    const int sendID ) [virtual]
```

returns size of ghost cell data to send

sendID is an integer specifying which fields are intended to be packaged into the ghost vector.

-2: for J/rho package, -1 for E/B package, fieldID for any individual field (e.g. ExID\_)

It is of length equal to the number of fields being sent times the maximum number of total points in any plane, so that it will be large enough to send the maximum amount of data in a single plane of any of the fields.

Reimplemented in [Poisson\\_Solver](#).

**3.16.3.11 getNumberOfCells()**

```
int Grid::getNumberOfCells ( )
```

Get total number of cells in grid.

Includes ghost cells.

**3.16.3.12 getNumCells3D()**

```
int Grid::getNumCells3D (
    double * nvec )
```

Get # of cells in each dimension of grid.

Includes ghost cells.

**3.16.3.13 getRealIndices()**

```
void Grid::getRealIndices (
    int fieldID,
    int * ind )
```

gets the x,y,z indices of the first and last physical points of field

fieldID is a field's fieldID, which can be gotten with public method getFieldID

ind is an int array of length 6 where the values will be stored in order:

xfirst,yfirst,zfirst,xlast,ylast,zlast

**3.16.3.14 getStepSize()**

```
double Grid::getStepSize (
    int dimension )
```

Get step size along dimension in grid.

Returns step size along dimension according to; dimension = 0: x dimension = 1: y dimension = 2: z Returns -1 if invalid dimension.

### 3.16.3.15 InitializeFields()

```
void Grid::InitializeFields (
    Input_Info_t * input_info ) [virtual]
```

Initialize E and B fields.

Use restart file to set values of initial E,B,J fields

Reimplemented in [Poisson\\_Solver](#).

### 3.16.3.16 newField\_()

```
double *** Grid::newField_ (
    int fieldID ) [protected]
```

allocates memory for a single field

Returns double\*\*\* of size [nx\_+1][ny\_+1][nz\_+1].

First attempts to allocate contiguously. If that fails, issues a warning and attempts to allocate with several calls to new.

### 3.16.3.17 setFieldAlongEdge()

```
int Grid::setFieldAlongEdge (
    std::string & fieldStr,
    int dim,
    bool edge,
    double fieldVal )
```

Set field along a certain edge.

Inputs:

fieldStr: string of format "Ex", "Bz", etc

dim: dimension along which to apply boundary condition

edge: side along which to apply boundary condition

### 3.16.3.18 setFieldInPlane\_()

```
int Grid::setFieldInPlane_ (
    int dim,
    int indx,
    double *** field,
    double fieldVal ) [protected]
```

Internal method to set field along a plane.

Inputs:

dimension perpendicular to plane.

For example, if dim=0 (x direction), then this program set field in one yz plane.

indx along dimension perpendicular to plane.

For example, if dim=0 and indx =14, then set field for the 14th yz plane.

field to set along dimension

value to set field

## 3.16.3.19 setFieldPtr\_()

```
double **** Grid::setFieldPtr_ ( ) [protected]
```

constructs and returns fieldPtr\_\_ array

fieldPtr\_ is an nFieldsTotal\_ array storing each field, so that they can be accessed via fieldID

e.g. int fieldID = ExID\_;

double\*\*\* field = fieldPtr\_[fieldID];

## 3.16.3.20 setFieldSize\_()

```
int ** Grid::setFieldSize_ ( ) [protected]
```

constructs and returns fieldSize\_ array

fieldSize\_ is an ntypes by ndim array storing the number of physical + ghost points in each direction. This is necessary because although all field arrays are allocated to be the same size (nx+1,ny+1,nz+1), due to the different locations of each type of field on the grid (3 types of edge locations, 3 types of face locations, vertices) which leads to differences in the number of points needed for nx,ny,nz cells.

rows correspond to fieldType: 0: x edge (Ex/Jx), 1: y edge (Ey/Jy), 2: z edge (Ez/Jz),

3: x face (Bx) , 4: y face (By) , 5: z face (Bz),

6: vertices (rho)

columns correspond to the direction (0,1,2)=(x,y,z)

## 3.16.3.21 setFieldType\_()

```
int * Grid::setFieldType_ ( ) [protected]
```

constructs and returns fieldType\_ array

fieldType\_ is an nFieldsTotal\_ array of ints storing the type of each field (edgeX, faceZ, vertex, etc).

e.g. int typeOfBx = fieldType\_[BxID\_];

## 3.16.3.22 setGhostVec()

```
void Grid::setGhostVec (
    const int side,
    double * ghostVec,
    int sendID,
    int option ) [virtual]
```

unbundles the data in the ghost cells to send

side = +/- 1 for left/right x direction, +/- 2 for y, +/- 3 for z

ghostVec is the vector to read the data from, which must be of length ghostVecSize\_ (can be determined with getGhostVecSize)

sendID = -2 to set Jrho fields, -1 to set EB fields, or sendID = an individual field ID (e.g. ExID\_) to set just that field (used for Poisson updating for example)

Sets the data of the E,B,J fields along the specified boundary plane from the 1D array ghostVec to be received with a single MPI call. If sendID = -1 (as used in each time step update), fields are read and set in order: Ex,Ey,Ez,Bx,By,Bz. If sendID = -2, fields are read and set in order: Jx,Jy,Jz,rho.

option is a flag determining how the field will be set. option = 0: replaces ghost values on this side with values in ghostVec. option = 1: sums physical values on this side by ghostVec.

ghostVec can (and should) be generated with getGhostVec function

Reimplemented in [Poisson\\_Solver](#).

### 3.16.3.23 sideToIndex\_()

```
int Grid::sideToIndex_ (
    const int side,
    const int fieldID ) [protected]
```

function to convert  $(-/+)(1,2,3)$  side indicator into (left/right)(x,y,z) index of boundary physical data point

Helper function for public ghost cell methods which accept side indicator as argument.

Side < 0 will return index of first physical point, side > 0 will return index of last physical point

abs(side) == 1 returns value in x direction, 2 in y, 3 in z

This function is necessary because different field types have a different number of physical grid points in each direction.

fieldID is a private fieldID such as ExID\_

### 3.16.3.24 sliceMatToVec\_()

```
void Grid::sliceMatToVec_ (
    const int fieldID,
    const int side,
    const int offset,
    double * vec ) [protected]
```

Gets offset of ghost points.

Called by getGhostVec. Returns the index of the value you want to get with getGhostVec

side is the usual  $-/+ 1,2,3$  for  $-/+ x,y,z$  boundaries

fieldID is a fieldID (e.g. ExID\_ from [Grid](#)) slices a physical plane in the specified direction (excludes ghosts)

mat is 3D array whose real (non-ghost) data on one side will be stored in vec as a 1D array. vec must be of size maxPointsInPlane\_. side is an integer  $-/+ 1$  to indicate the location on the left/right side in the x direction,  $-/+ 2$  in y,  $-/+ 3$  in z. offset is an integer offset from the first/last physical index determined by side (e.g. side=-1 and offset=0 gives the yz plane of the 1st physical grid points in x direction, whereas offset=-1 would have returned the adjacent ghost cells and offset = 3 would have returned the 4th physical yz plane from the left). unsliceMatToVec\_ is the inverse function.

### 3.16.3.25 unsliceMatToVec\_()

```
void Grid::unsliceMatToVec_ (
    const int fieldID,
    const int side,
    const int offset,
    double * vec,
    const int op ) [protected]
```

unslices a physical plane in the specified direction (excludes ghosts)

mat is 3D array whose real (non-ghost) data on one side will be replaced by data in the 1D array vec. vec must be of size maxPointsInPlane\_. side is an integer  $-/+ 1$  to indicate the location on the left/right side in the x direction,  $-/+ 2$  in y,  $-/+ 3$  in z. offset is an integer offset from the first/last physical index determined by side (e.g. side=-1 and offset=0 gives the yz plane of the 1st physical grid points in x direction, whereas offset=-1 would have returned the adjacent ghost cells and offset = 3 would have returned the 4th physical yz plane from the left). op=0 replaces the values in mat with those in vec, op=1 adds the values in vec to those in mat. sliceMatToVec\_ is the inverse function.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

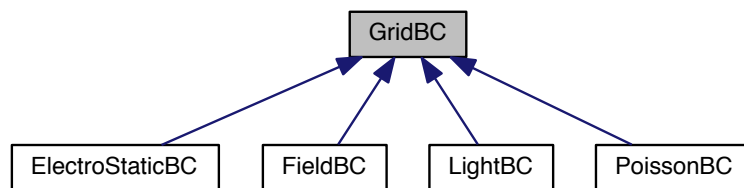
- src/grid/grid.hpp
- src/grid/grid.cpp
- src/grid/gridOutput.cpp
- src/grid/oGrid.cpp
- src/grid/spookyGrid.cpp

## 3.17 GridBC Class Reference

Abstract class for supplying boundary conditions to field grid.

```
#include <gridBC.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for GridBC:



### Public Member Functions

- virtual void **applyBCs** (double t, double dt, [Grid](#) \*grids)=0

### Protected Attributes

- int **side\_**
- int **dim\_**

#### 3.17.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class for supplying boundary conditions to field grid.

side = -1: x left, side = +1: x right

side = -2: y left, side = +2: y right

side = -3: z left, side = +3: y right

dim\_ = abs(side\_)-1 dim\_ = 0: x boundaries dim\_ = 1: y boundaries dim\_ = 2: z boundaries

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

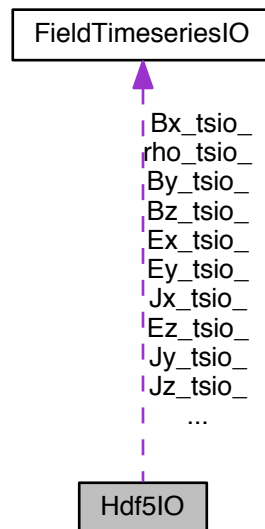
- src/grid/gridBC.hpp

### 3.18 Hdf5IO Class Reference

Class for handling hdf5 IO.

```
#include <hdf5io.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for Hdf5IO:



#### Public Member Functions

- **Hdf5IO** (const char \*filename, [Grid](#) \*grid, [Domain](#) \*domain, const int which\_fields)
- hid\_t **getFileID** ()
- hid\_t **getFileAccessPlist** ()
- hid\_t **getDataXferPlist** ()
- hid\_t **getFieldsGroupID** ()
- int \* **getnProcxzyz** ()
- int \* **getmyijk** ()
- int **writeFields** ([Grid](#) \*grid, double time)  
*write all field timeseries to hdf5 file*
- int **writeTime** (double time)  
*write time data to hdf5 file*

#### Protected Attributes

- hid\_t **file\_id\_**
- hid\_t **file\_access\_plist\_**
- hid\_t **data\_xfer\_plist\_**
- hid\_t **t\_dataset\_**

- `hid_t t_dataspace_`
- `hid_t t_memspace_`
- `hid_t fields_group_id_`
- `const int which_fields_`
- `int * nProxyz_`
- `int * myijk_`
- `FieldTimeseriesIO * Ex_tsio_`
- `FieldTimeseriesIO * Ey_tsio_`
- `FieldTimeseriesIO * Ez_tsio_`
- `FieldTimeseriesIO * Bx_tsio_`
- `FieldTimeseriesIO * By_tsio_`
- `FieldTimeseriesIO * Bz_tsio_`
- `FieldTimeseriesIO * Jx_tsio_`
- `FieldTimeseriesIO * Jy_tsio_`
- `FieldTimeseriesIO * Jz_tsio_`
- `FieldTimeseriesIO * rho_tsio_`

### 3.18.1 Detailed Description

Class for handling hdf5 IO.

Creates an hdf5 file, and sets up field diagnostics

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- `src/IO/hdf5io.hpp`
- `src/IO/hdf5io.cpp`

## 3.19 Input Class Reference

```
#include <input.hpp>
```

### Public Member Functions

- `int readinfo (char *inputname)`
- `int checkinfo (void)`  
*Check input self-consistency and sufficiency.*
- `Input_Info_t * getinfo (void)`

### 3.19.1 Detailed Description

Class handling input information

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- `src/IO/input.hpp`
- `src/IO/check.cpp`
- `src/IO/input.cpp`
- `src/IO/readinfo.cpp`

### 3.20 Input\_Info\_t Struct Reference

Structure storing info in the input file.

```
#include <input.hpp>
```

#### Public Attributes

- int **nCell** [NDIM]
- int **nProc** [NDIM]
- int **nt**
- int **restart**
- int **debug**
- int **relativity**
- int **electrostatic**
- int **nspecies**
- int **nstep\_fields**
- int **nstep\_parts**
- int **nstep\_restart**
- int **which\_fields**
- int **output\_pCount**
- int **nwaves**
  - how many particles per core to print*
- int **inSide** [NWAVE]
- int **inPoE** [NWAVE]
- int **isTestParticle** [NSPEC]
- long **np**
- double **t0**
  - number of particles in each domain*
- double **dens\_phys**
  - start time of simulation*
- double **mass\_ratio** [NSPEC]
- double **charge\_ratio** [NSPEC]
- double **dens\_frac** [NSPEC]
- double **temp** [NSPEC]
- double **peakamps** [NWAVE]
- double **omegas** [NWAVE]
- double **phases** [NWAVE]
- double **invWidths** [NWAVE]
- double **delays** [NWAVE]
- double **E0** [NDIM]
- double **B0** [NDIM]
  - background electric field*
- double **bound\_phi** [2 \*NDIM]
  - background magnetic field*
- double **bound\_Ax** [2 \*NDIM]
  - boundary conditions for poisson initialization*
- double **bound\_Ay** [2 \*NDIM]
  - boundary conditions for poisson initialization*
- double **bound\_Az** [2 \*NDIM]
  - boundary conditions for poisson initialization*
- double **xyz0** [NDIM]



- boundary conditions for poisson initialization*
- double **Lxyz** [NDIM]
- char **distname** [NCHAR]
- char **parts\_init** [NCHAR]
- name of file containing distribution function*
- char **fields\_init** [NCHAR]
- particle initialization method*
- char **parts\_bound** [2 \*NDIM][NCHAR]
- field initialization method*
- char **fields\_bound** [2 \*NDIM][NCHAR]
- particle boundary conditions for 6 sides of box*

### 3.20.1 Detailed Description

Structure storing info in the input file.

### 3.20.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 3.20.2.1 charge\_ratio

```
double Input_Info_t::charge_ratio[NSPEC]
```

mass of each type of particle in unit of electron mass array of length nspecies eg. in electron-proton plasma mass\_ratio[0]=1; mass\_ratio[1]=1830;

#### 3.20.2.2 debug

```
int Input_Info_t::debug
```

How many previous runs? restart = 0: initial run

#### 3.20.2.3 dens\_frac

```
double Input_Info_t::dens_frac[NSPEC]
```

charge of each type of particle in unit of |e| array of length nspecies eq. in electron-proton plasma chargeratio[0]=-1; chargeratio[1]=1

#### 3.20.2.4 electrostatic

```
int Input_Info_t::electrostatic
```

1: use relativistic pusher 0: use nonrelativistic pusher

**3.20.2.5 inPolE**

```
int Input_Info_t::inPolE[NWAVE]
```

from which sides are waves injected eg. inSide[0]=-1: 1st wave injected in x direction(1) from left(-) inside[1]=+3: 2nd wave injected in z direction(3) from right(+)

**3.20.2.6 inSide**

```
int Input_Info_t::inSide[NWAVE]
```

How many waves to inject into the system nwave<=NWAVE

**3.20.2.7 isTestParticle**

```
int Input_Info_t::isTestParticle[NSPEC]
```

polarization of E field of injected waves eg. inPolE[0]=2: 1st wave E field is in y direction(2) inPolE[1]=3: 2nd wave E field is in Z direction(3) inPolE should only take value of 1,2,3

**3.20.2.8 mass\_ratio**

```
double Input_Info_t::mass_ratio[NSPEC]
```

physical number density of all particles used to scale mass, charge and temperature of super particles.

**3.20.2.9 np**

```
long Input_Info_t::np
```

is the species a test particle species i.e. it feels fields but does not influence them 0 for no, 1 for yes

**3.20.2.10 nProc**

```
int Input_Info_t::nProc[NDIM]
```

number of cells in each direction

**3.20.2.11 nspecies**

```
int Input_Info_t::nspecies
```

1: use electrostatic field solve 0: use electromagnetic field solve

**3.20.2.12 nstep\_fields**

```
int Input_Info_t::nstep_fields
```

How many species of particles eg. nspecies=2 in electron-proton plasma nspecies <=NSPEC

**3.20.2.13 nt**

```
int Input_Info_t::nt
```

number of processors to use in each direction

**3.20.2.14 output\_pCount**

```
int Input_Info_t::output_pCount
```

flag determine which fields to write 0: write components of rho 1: write components of E 2: write components of B 3: write components of J 4: write all fields

**3.20.2.15 peakamps**

```
double Input_Info_t::peakamps[NWAVE]
```

Maxwellian temperature in unit of eV if specified array of length nspecies eq. in cold ion and hot electron plasma, possible value temp[0]=100; temp[1]=1.2;

**3.20.2.16 relativity**

```
int Input_Info_t::relativity
```

0: do not print debug statements 1: print minimal debug statements 2: print more debug statements 3: write debug files

**3.20.2.17 restart**

```
int Input_Info_t::restart
```

number of time steps

**3.20.2.18 temp**

```
double Input_Info_t::temp[NSPEC]
```

fractional density, array of length nspecies eg. in quasineutral electron-proton plasma frac\_dens[0]=0.5; frac\_↔dens[1]=0.5;

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- src/IO/input.hpp

## 3.21 Interpolator Class Reference

### Public Member Functions

- void **interpolate\_fields** (double \*pos, double \*lcell, double \*cellvars, [Field\\_part](#) \*field)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

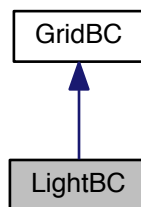
- src/particles/interpolate.hpp
- src/particles/interpolate.cpp

## 3.22 LightBC Class Reference

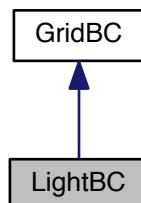
Class for supplying light-wave boundary conditions to field grid.

```
#include <lightBC.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for LightBC:



Collaboration diagram for LightBC:



## Public Member Functions

- **LightBC** (int side, [Input\\_Info\\_t](#) \*input\_info)
- void **applyBCs** (double t, double dt, [Grid](#) \*grids)  
*Apply transverse light wave boundary condition to grid.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 3.22.1 Detailed Description

Class for supplying light-wave boundary conditions to field grid.

Boundary conditions are of linear superpositions of the wave and constant  
 The wave is of the form:  $\text{peakamp} * \cos(\omega * t + \text{phase}) * \exp(-(t-\text{delay})^2 * \text{invWidth}^2)$   
 along plane perpendicular to side side = -1: x left, side = +1: x right  
 side = -2: y left, side = +2: y right  
 side = -3: z left, side = +3: y right

### 3.22.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.22.2.1 applyBCs()

```
void LightBC::applyBCs (
    double t,
    double dt,
    Grid * grids ) [virtual]
```

Apply transverse light wave boundary condition to grid.

Uses setFieldAlongEdge method in grid to add field to grid.

Implements [GridBC](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/grid/lightBC.hpp
- src/grid/lightBC.cpp

## 3.23 OutputBoxQuantities Class Reference

## Public Member Functions

- **OutputBoxQuantities** (const char \*fname, [Grid](#) \*grid, [Particle\\_Handler](#) \*handler, [Input\\_Info\\_t](#) \*info)
- void **setParticleHandler** ([Particle\\_Handler](#) \*handler)
- void **setGrid** ([Grid](#) \*grid)
- void **output** (double t, long i)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/IO/output.hpp
- src/IO/output.cpp

## 3.24 Part\_BC\_Factory Class Reference

```
#include <particle_bc_factory.hpp>
```

### Public Types

- typedef [BC\\_Particle](#) \*(\* **Factory**) ([Domain](#) \*domain, int dim\_Index, short isRight, std::string type)

### Public Member Functions

- [BC\\_Particle](#) \*\* **constructConditions** ([Domain](#) \*domain, [Input\\_Info\\_t](#) \*info)
- void **declare** (const std::string &type, [Factory](#) factory)
- [Factory](#) **lookup** (const std::string &type)
- std::vector< const std::string \* > **types** () const
- [Input\\_Info\\_t](#) \* **getInfo** ()
- void **setInfo** ([Input\\_Info\\_t](#) \*info)

### Static Public Member Functions

- static [Part\\_BC\\_Factory](#) & **getInstance** ()

#### 3.24.1 Detailed Description

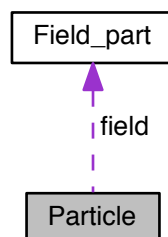
A singleton class to handle registration of particle boundaries

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/boundaries/particle\_bc\_factory.hpp
- src/boundaries/particle\_bc\_factory.cpp

## 3.25 Particle Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for Particle:



## Public Attributes

- double **x** [3]
- double **v** [3]
- double **gamma**
- int **type**
- long **my\_id**
- int **initRank**
- double **q**
- double **m**
- short **isGhost**
- short **isTestParticle**
- double **xo** [3]
- double **vo** [3]
- double **dx** [3]
- [Field\\_part](#) field

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- src/particles/particle.hpp

## 3.26 Particle\_Compare Class Reference

```
#include <particle_utils.hpp>
```

## Public Member Functions

- **Particle\_Compare** ([Grid](#) \*grid)
- bool **operator()** ([Particle](#) const a, [Particle](#) const b) const

### 3.26.1 Detailed Description

Function to use are a comparator in `std::sort` for `std::vec<Particle>` Idea: [Particle](#) is sorted by outer index first (i.e. particle at [2][12][43] should be closer to beginning of array than particle at [24][12][43])

At the moment, implemented very slowly!!! Should be modified two ways:

- 1) Instead of comparing cell ID, compare *i,j,k* indice locations individually to save time
- 2) Bring the code to calculating *i,j,k* into the comparison routine

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/particles/particle\_utils.hpp

## 3.27 Particle\_Handler Class Reference

Class that handles all particle-relevant operations.

```
#include <particle_handler.hpp>
```

### Public Member Functions

- void **Load** ([Input\\_Info\\_t](#) \*input\_info, [Domain](#) \*domain)  
*Load and initialize the particle handler. Should be called at the beginning of the run.*
- void **Push** (double dt)
- long **nParticles** ()
- void **incrementNParticles** (int inc)
- void **SortParticles** ([Particle\\_Compare](#) comp)  
*Sort particles based on grid location.*
- void **setPusher** ([Pusher](#) \*pusher)
- void **clearGhosts** ()  
*Clear all ghost particles. Uses a swap-to-back and pop-last-element for speed.*
- void **InterpolateEB** ([Grid](#) \*grid)
- void **depositRhoJ** ([Grid](#) \*grid, bool depositRho, [Domain](#) \*domain, [Input\\_Info\\_t](#) \*input\_info)
- std::vector< [Particle](#) > \* **getParticleVector** ()
- double **computeCFLTimestep** ([Domain](#) \*domain)
- void **setParticleBoundaries** ([BC\\_Particle](#) \*\*bc)
- void **executeParticleBoundaryConditions** ()
- void **outputParticles** (const char \*basename, long nstep, [Input\\_Info\\_t](#) \*input\_info)  
*Output particles.*
- void **outputParticleVel** ()

### 3.27.1 Detailed Description

Class that handles all particle-relevant operations.

[Particle](#) handler handles all the particle operations. This includes deposition, boundary conditions, particle pushing, and communication between MPI nodes if needed

### 3.27.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.27.2.1 outputParticles()

```
void Particle_Handler::outputParticles (
    const char * basename,
    long step,
    Input\_Info\_t * input_info )
```

Output particles.

Output particles. Currently outputs time, position and velocity.

Can work with either cadencing on time (output every dT) or cadencing on steps (output ever dsteps), or both. Either are optional parameters in the input file and will default to -1.

Particles are written to the same directory as the program input file and named with initial rank and id.

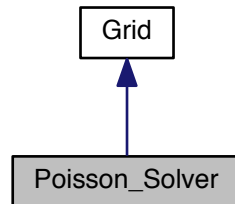
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/particles/particle\_handler.hpp
- src/particles/particle\_handler.cpp

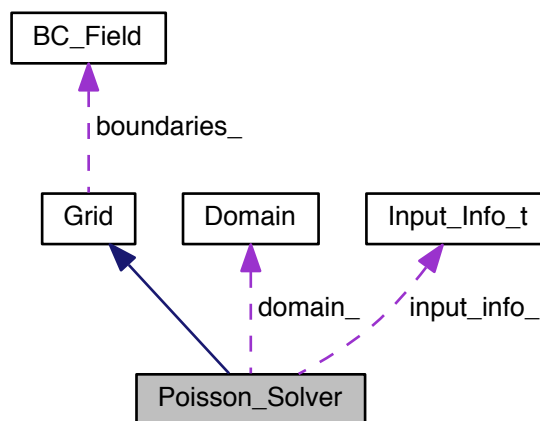


## 3.28 Poisson\_Solver Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for Poisson\_Solver:



Collaboration diagram for Poisson\_Solver:



### Public Member Functions

- **Poisson\_Solver** ([Domain](#) \*domain, [Input\\_Info\\_t](#) \*input\_info)
- void [InitializeFields](#) ([Input\\_Info\\_t](#) \*input\_info)  
*Initialize E and B fields.*
- int [getGhostVecSize](#) (const int sendID)  
*returns size of ghost cell data to send*
- void [getGhostVec](#) (const int side, double \*ghostVec, int sendID)  
*bundles the data in the ghost cells to send*
- void [setGhostVec](#) (const int side, double \*ghostVec, int sendID, int op)  
*unbundles the data in the ghost cells to send*

- void [phiToE](#) ()  
*derives E from scalar potential phi:  $E = -\text{grad } \phi$*
- void [AToB](#) ()  
*derives A from vector potential A:  $B = \text{curl } A$*
- void [constA](#) (const double vx, const double vy, const double vz)  
*Set vector potential to constant values.*
- void [constPhi](#) (const double v)  
*Set scalar potential to constant value.*
- int [getFieldID](#) (const std::string &fieldStr)  
*return fieldID for phi and Ax,Ay,Az*

## Protected Member Functions

- void [run\\_poisson\\_solver\\_](#) (const int fieldID1, const int fieldID2, double \*\*\*u1, double \*\*\*u2, double \*\*\*R, double convergenceTol, double sourceMult)
- void [setPoissonFieldType\\_](#) ()  
*Same as [Grid::setFieldType\\_](#) for phi,A arrays unique to Poisson.*
- void [setPoissonFieldPtr\\_](#) ()  
*Same as [Grid::setFieldPtr\\_](#) for phi,A arrays unique to Poisson.*
- void [phiToESingleComp\\_](#) (const int fieldID, const int dir)  
*Calculates a single component of E from phi.*
- void [AToBSingleComp\\_](#) (const int fieldID, const int dir)  
*calculates a single component of B from A*
- **FRIEND\_TEST** (ConvertPrivateTest, constantPhiTest)
- **FRIEND\_TEST** (PoissonTest, testPoisson)

## Protected Attributes

- double **conv\_phi\_**
- double **conv\_A\_**
- [Domain](#) \* **domain\_**
- [Input\\_Info\\_t](#) \* **input\_info\_**
- double \*\*\* **phi1\_**
- double \*\*\* **phi2\_**
- double \*\*\* **Ax1\_**
- double \*\*\* **Ay1\_**
- double \*\*\* **Az1\_**
- double \*\*\* **Ax2\_**
- double \*\*\* **Ay2\_**
- double \*\*\* **Az2\_**
- const int **nFieldsPoisson\_**
- const int **phi1ID\_**
- const int **Ax1ID\_**
- const int **Ay1ID\_**
- const int **Az1ID\_**
- const int **phi2ID\_**
- const int **Ax2ID\_**
- const int **Ay2ID\_**
- const int **Az2ID\_**
- const int **xdir\_**
- const int **ydir\_**
- const int **zdir\_**

## Friends

- class **ConvertPrivateTest**
- class **PoissonTest**

## 3.28.1 Member Function Documentation

### 3.28.1.1 AToB()

```
void Poisson_Solver::AToB ( )
```

derives A from vector potential A:  $B = \text{curl } A$

Makes three separate calls to AToBSingleComp to perform calculation

### 3.28.1.2 AToBSingleComp\_()

```
void Poisson_Solver::AToBSingleComp_ (
    const int fieldID,
    const int dir ) [protected]
```

calculates a single component of B from A

fieldID is the field ID of the component to be solved for (BxID\_, ByID\_, or BzID\_)

dir is the direction corresponding to the component being solved for

### 3.28.1.3 getGhostVec()

```
void Poisson_Solver::getGhostVec (
    const int side,
    double * ghostVec,
    int sendID )
```

bundles the data in the ghost cells to send

side = +/- 1 for left/right x direction, +/- 2 for y, +/- 3 for z

ghostVec is the vector to store the data in, which must be of length ghostVecSize\_ (can be determined with getGhostVecSize)

sendID = -1 to get EB fields, -2 for rho/J sources, -3 for phi/A potentials, or sendID = an individual field ID (e.g. ExID\_) to get just that field (used for Poisson updating for example)

Stores the data of the E,B,J fields along the specified boundary plane into a 1D array to be sent with a single MPI call.

If sendID = -1 (as used in each time step update), stores in order: Ex,Ey,Ez,Bx,By,Bz,Jx,Jy,Jz.

If sendID = -2 (as used in Poisson iteration), stores in order: phi1,phi2,Ax1,Ay1,Az1,Ax2,Ay2,Az2

If sendID = -3 (as used in Poisson initialization), stores in order: Jx,Jy,Jz,rho

ghostVec can (and should) be unpacked with setGhostVec function

### 3.28.1.4 getGhostVecSize()

```
int Poisson_Solver::getGhostVecSize (
    const int sendID ) [virtual]
```

returns size of ghost cell data to send

sendID is an integer specifying which fields are intended to be packaged into the ghost vector. -3 for potentials (phi,A), -2 for sources (rho,J), -1 for fields (EB), fieldID for any individual field (e.g. ExID\_)

It is of length equal to the number of fields being sent times the maximum number of total points in any plane, so that it will be large enough to send the maximum amount of data in a single plane of any of the fields.

Reimplemented from [Grid](#).

### 3.28.1.5 InitializeFields()

```
void Poisson_Solver::InitializeFields (
    Input_Info_t * input_info ) [virtual]
```

Initialize E and B fields.

Use restart file to set values of initial E,B,J fields

Reimplemented from [Grid](#).

### 3.28.1.6 phiToE()

```
void Poisson_Solver::phiToE ( )
```

derives E from scalar potential phi:  $E = -\text{grad } \phi$

Makes three calls to phiToESingleComp which performs actual computation

### 3.28.1.7 phiToESingleComp\_()

```
void Poisson_Solver::phiToESingleComp_ (
    const int fieldID,
    const int dir ) [protected]
```

Calculates a single component of E from phi.

fieldID is a field's fieldID (ExID\_, EyID\_, or EzID\_)

dir is (0,1,2) for (x,y,z) which must match the component of the fieldID being solved for

## 3.28.1.8 setGhostVec()

```
void Poisson_Solver::setGhostVec (
    const int side,
    double * ghostVec,
    int sendID,
    int op ) [virtual]
```

unbundles the data in the ghost cells to send

side = +/- 1 for left/right x direction, +/- 2 for y, +/- 3 for z

ghostVec is the vector to read the data from, which must be of length ghostVecSize\_ (can be determined with getGhostVecSize\_)

sendID = -1 to set JEB fields, or sendID = an individual field ID (e.g. ExID\_) to set just that field (used for Poisson updating for example)

Sets the data of the E,B,J fields along the specified boundary plane from the 1D array ghostVec to be received with a single MPI call.

If sendID = -1 (as used in each time step update), fields are read and set in order: Ex,Ey,Ez,Bx,By,Bz,Jx,Jy,Jz.

If sendID = -2 (as used in Poisson iteration), fields are read and set in order: phi1,phi2,Ax1,Ay1,Az1,Ax2,Ay2,Az2

If sendID = -3 (as used in Poisson initialization), stores in order: Jx,Jy,Jz,rho

ghostVec can (and should) be generated with getGhostVec function

Reimplemented from [Grid](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

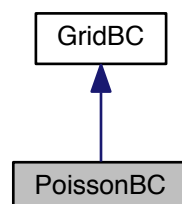
- src/poisson/poisson.hpp
- src/poisson/convertFields.cpp
- src/poisson/poisson.cpp

## 3.29 PoissonBC Class Reference

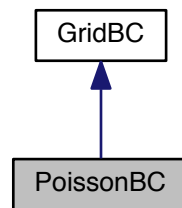
Class for supplying boundary conditions for poisson solver.

```
#include <poissonBC.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for PoissonBC:



Collaboration diagram for PoissonBC:



### Public Member Functions

- **PoissonBC** (int side, [Input\\_Info\\_t](#) \*input\_info)
- void **applyBCs** (double fieldID, double option, [Grid](#) \*grids)

### Additional Inherited Members

#### 3.29.1 Detailed Description

Class for supplying boundary conditions for poisson solver.

side = -1: x left, side = +1: x right

side = -2: y left, side = +2: y right

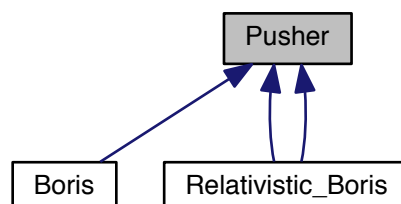
side = -3: z left, side = +3: y right

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- `src/poisson/poissonBC.hpp`
- `src/poisson/poissonBC.cpp`

## 3.30 Pusher Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for Pusher:



## Public Member Functions

- virtual int **Step** ([Particle](#) \*part, [Field\\_part](#) \*field, double dt)=0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/pusher/pusher.hpp

## 3.31 Random\_Number\_Generator Class Reference

Class that provides methods to generate random numbers.

```
#include <RNG.hpp>
```

## Public Member Functions

- **Random\_Number\_Generator** (long seed)
- double [getUniform](#) ()  
*Get a random number in the range (0,1), exclusive.*
- long [getInteger](#) (long min, long max)  
*Draw a random number, inclusive of both min and max.*
- double [getStandardNormal](#) ()  
*Draw a number from a standard normal distribution.*
- double [getGaussian](#) (double mu, double sigma)  
*Draw a number from a normal distribution.*
- [RNG\\_State](#) \* [getRNGState](#) ()
- void [setRNGState](#) ([RNG\\_State](#) \*state)
- void [setUserPDF](#) (bool isDiscrete, long size, double \*userVal, double \*userProb)
- void [loadUserPDFFromFile](#) (const bool isDiscrete, const char \*fname)  
*Load a user distribution from file.*
- double [getUserNumber](#) ()  
*Get a random number from the user distribution.*

### 3.31.1 Detailed Description

Class that provides methods to generate random numbers.

The Random Number generator class uses the ran2 algorithm from Numerical recipes. The algorithm provides fast random numbers over (0,1) exclusive with a period of over  $10^{15}$ .

This is then used in the implementation for numerous other distributions (standard normal, integer...)

This class can also be loaded with a user defined PDF, either discrete or continuous. User provided PDF does not need to be normalized, but must be positive everywhere.

Discrete PDF is treat as a histogram, while the continuous PDF is treated as piecewise linear and continous. The CDF is calculated (simple partial sum for discrete, triangle rule for continuous) and then used for value sampling. This is done using a binary search.

### 3.31.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.31.2.1 getGaussian()

```
double Random_Number_Generator::getGaussian (
    double mu,
    double sigma )
```

Draw a number from a normal distribution.

Adapted from Wikipedia, annotated by Denis St-Onge Box Mueller generates numbers in pairs, so store both, return one at a time.

#### 3.31.2.2 getUniform()

```
double Random_Number_Generator::getUniform ( )
```

Get a random number in the range (0,1), exclusive.

Uses Numerical Recipes ran2 algorithm.

#### 3.31.2.3 getUserNumber()

```
double Random_Number_Generator::getUserNumber ( )
```

Get a random number from the user distribution.

Uses binary search (  $O(\log n)$  ) and quadratic interpolation for continuous distributions.

#### 3.31.2.4 loadUserPDFfromFile()

```
void Random_Number_Generator::loadUserPDFfromFile (
    const bool isDiscrete,
    const char * fname )
```

Load a user distribution from file.

File is in ascii format with two columns. First column represents the value while the second column represents the probability associated with that value.

Values do not need to be equally spaced.

Continuous PDFs are treated as piecewise linear between points. Therefore the resulting CDFs are continuous in both the zeroth and first derivatives.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/utls/RNG.hpp
- src/utls/RNG.cpp



## 3.32 RegisterFieldBoundary Struct Reference

An object which, when instantiated, registers a field boundary condition.

```
#include <field_bc_factory.hpp>
```

### Public Member Functions

- **RegisterFieldBoundary** (const std::string &type, Field\_BC\_Factory::Factory factory)

#### 3.32.1 Detailed Description

An object which, when instantiated, registers a field boundary condition.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- src/boundaries/field\_bc\_factory.hpp

## 3.33 RegisterParticleBoundary Struct Reference

### Public Member Functions

- **RegisterParticleBoundary** (const std::string &type, Part\_BC\_Factory::Factory factory)

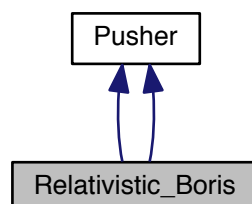
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- src/boundaries/particle\_bc\_factory.hpp

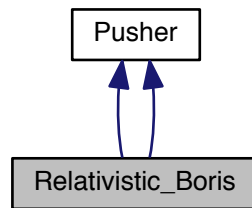
## 3.34 Relativistic\_Boris Class Reference

Relativistic [Boris](#) pusher.

Inheritance diagram for Relativistic\_Boris:



Collaboration diagram for Relativistic\_Boris:



### Public Member Functions

- int **Step** ([Particle](#) \*part, [Field\\_part](#) \*field, double dt)
- int **Step** ([Particle](#) \*part, [Field\\_part](#) \*field, double dt)

#### 3.34.1 Detailed Description

Relativistic [Boris](#) pusher.

Uses the pusher described in "Simulation of beams or plasmas crossing at relativistic velocity"

J.-L. Vay, Phys. Plasmas 15 (5) 2007

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/pusher/relativisticBoris.cpp
- src/pusher/relativisticBoris.hpp

### 3.35 RNG\_State Struct Reference

```
#include <RNG.hpp>
```

#### Public Attributes

- long int **initialSeed**
- long int **idum**
- long int **idum2**
- long int **iy**
- long int **iv** [RNG\_NTAB]
- double **z0**
- double **z1**
- bool **generate**

#### 3.35.1 Detailed Description

Structure that contains all the information for a random number generator. Can be written/read using fwrite/fread.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- src/utils/RNG.hpp