

Image Processing

Project5 Report

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code

```
import numpy as np
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import os
import math

def read_file():
    img = cv2.imread('violet (color).tif', cv2.IMREAD_COLOR) # BGR
    rgb_img = img[:, :, ::-1]
    hsv_img = cv2.cvtColor(rgb_img, cv2.COLOR_RGB2HSV)
    return rgb_img, hsv_img

output_dir = os.path.join('output')
if not os.path.exists(output_dir):
    os.makedirs(output_dir)

def show_img(img, figname):
    plt.figure(figname)
    # plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
    plt.imshow(img)
    path = os.path.join(output_dir, figname+'.png')
    plt.show()
    cv2.imwrite(path, img)
    return

def HSI_split(hsv_img):
    H, S, I = cv2.split(hsv_img)
    show_img(H, 'Hue')
    show_img(S, 'Saturation')
    show_img(I, 'Intensity')
    return

def color_slicing(rgb_img):
    R0 = 30
```

```

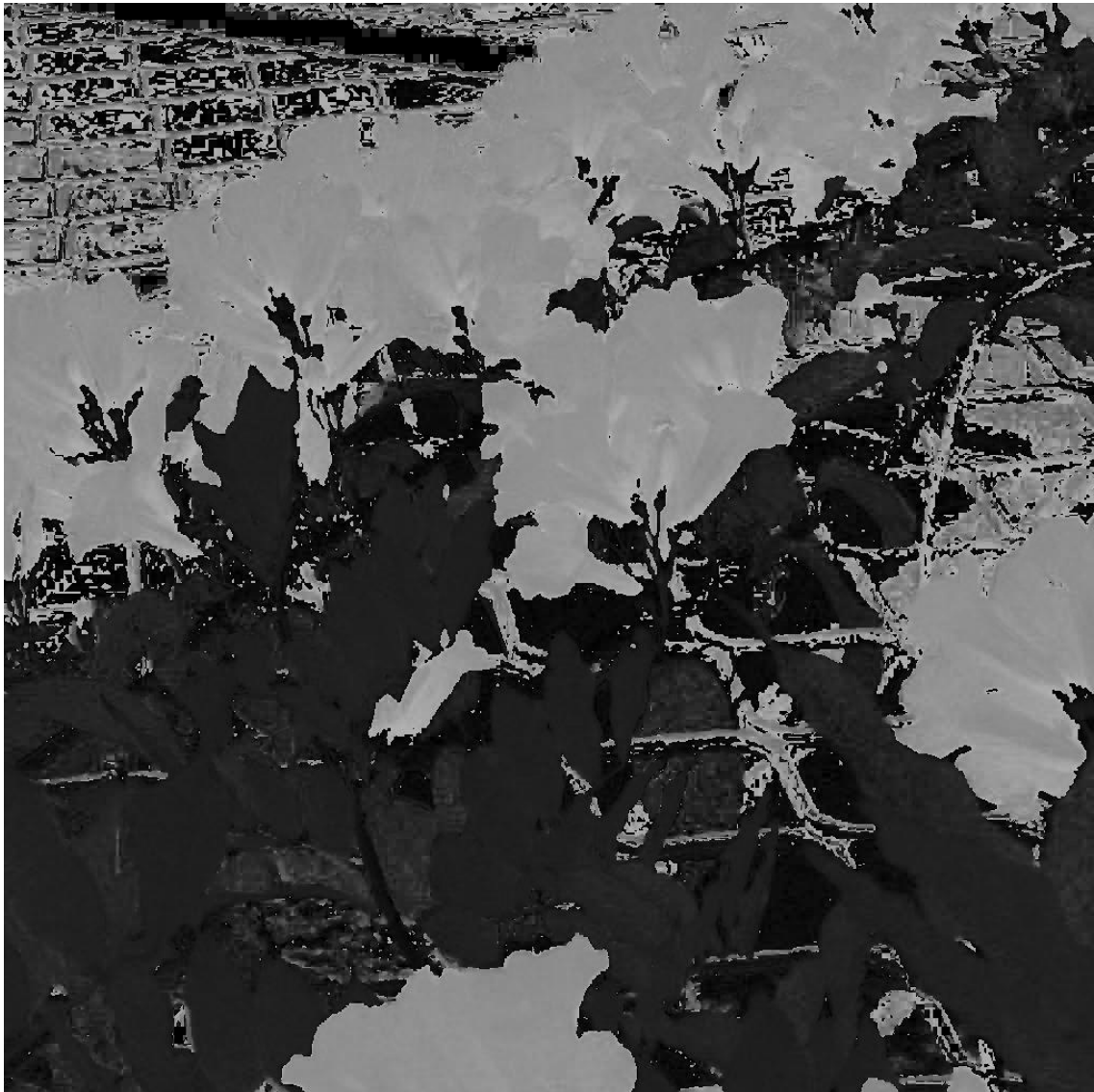
a1 = [134, 51, 143]
a2 = [131, 132, 4]
# print(rgb_img.shape) # 1024x1024x3
a1_img = rgb_img.copy()
a2_img = rgb_img.copy()
for i in range(rgb_img.shape[0]):
    for j in range(rgb_img.shape[1]):
        r1 = 0
        r2 = 0
        for k in range(3):
            r1 += pow(rgb_img[i,j,k]-a1[k], 2)
            r2 += pow(rgb_img[i,j,k]-a2[k], 2)
        if r1 > R0*R0:
            a1_img[i,j,0] = a1_img[i,j,1] = a1_img[i,j,2] = 0.5
        if r2 > R0*R0:
            a2_img[i,j,0] = a2_img[i,j,1] = a2_img[i,j,2] = 0.5
a1_bgr = cv2.cvtColor(a1_img, cv2.COLOR_RGB2BGR)
a2_bgr = cv2.cvtColor(a2_img, cv2.COLOR_RGB2BGR)
show_img(a1_bgr, 'a1 image')
show_img(a2_bgr, 'a2 image')
return

if __name__ == "__main__":
    rgb_img, hsv_img = read_file()
    HSI_split(hsv_img)
    color_slicing(rgb_img)

```

HSI image

1) Hue image



2) Saturation image



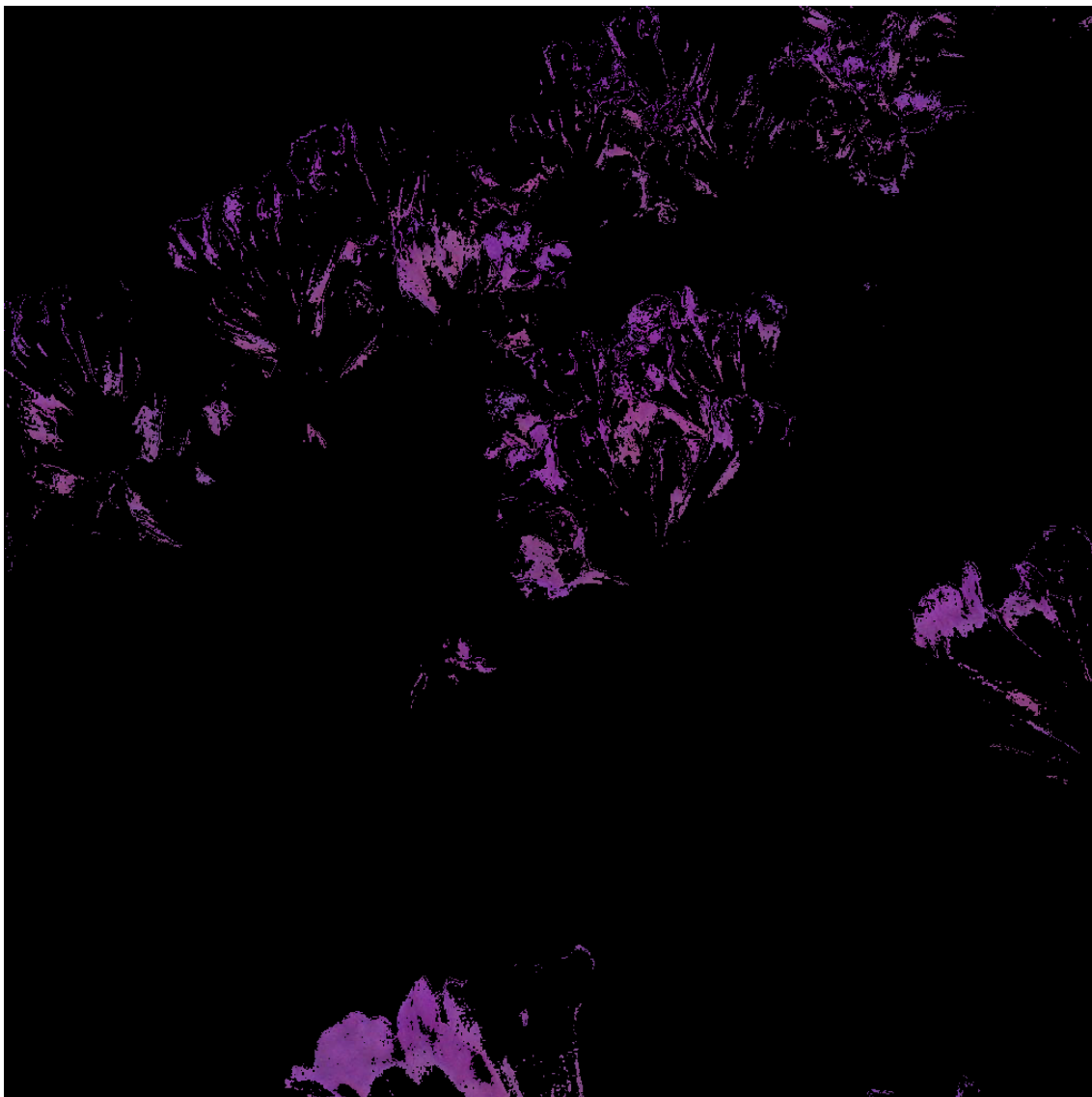
3)Intensity image



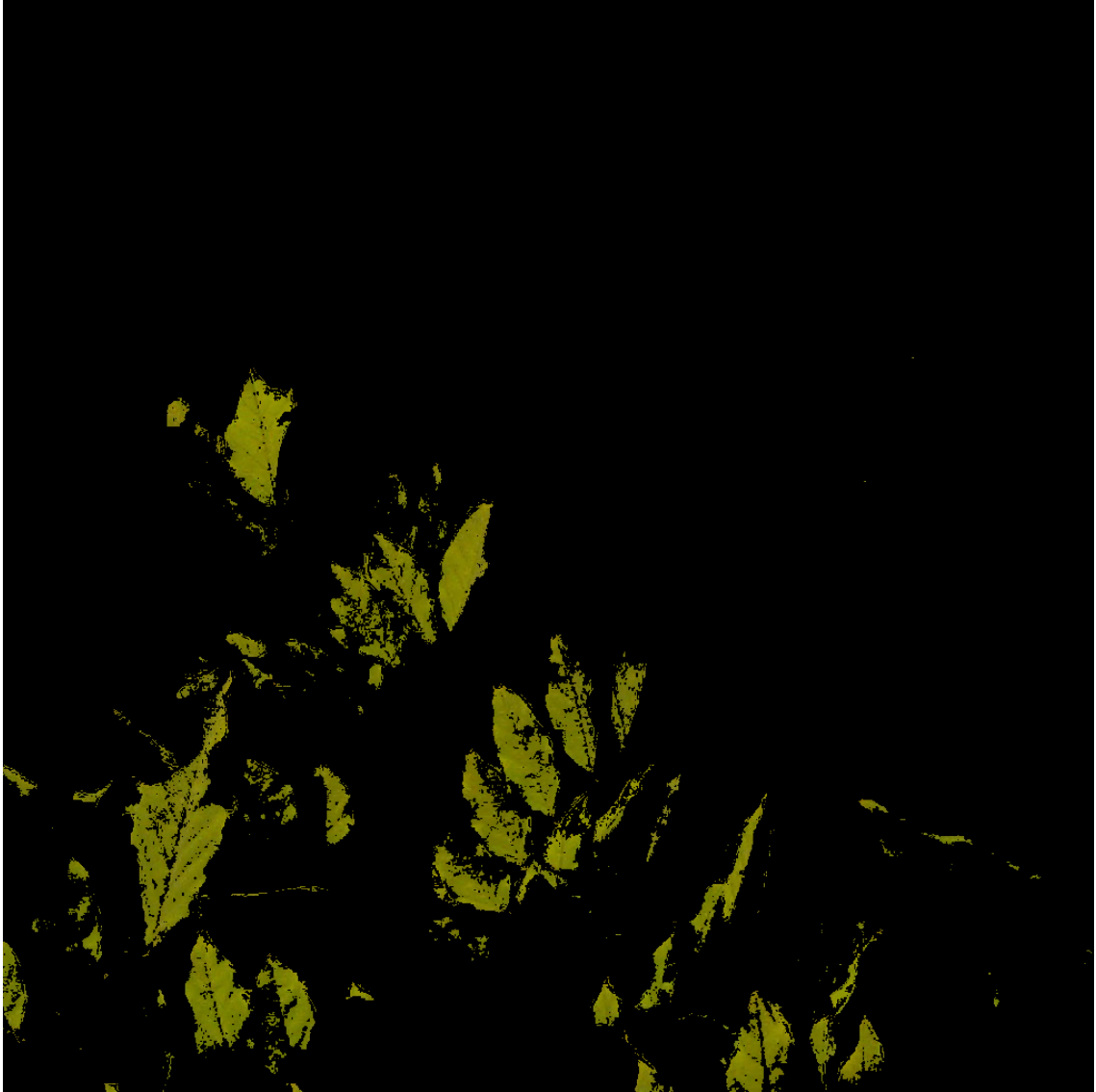
Color Slicing Image

將超過R0的值設成0.5(黑色)

1)a1 image



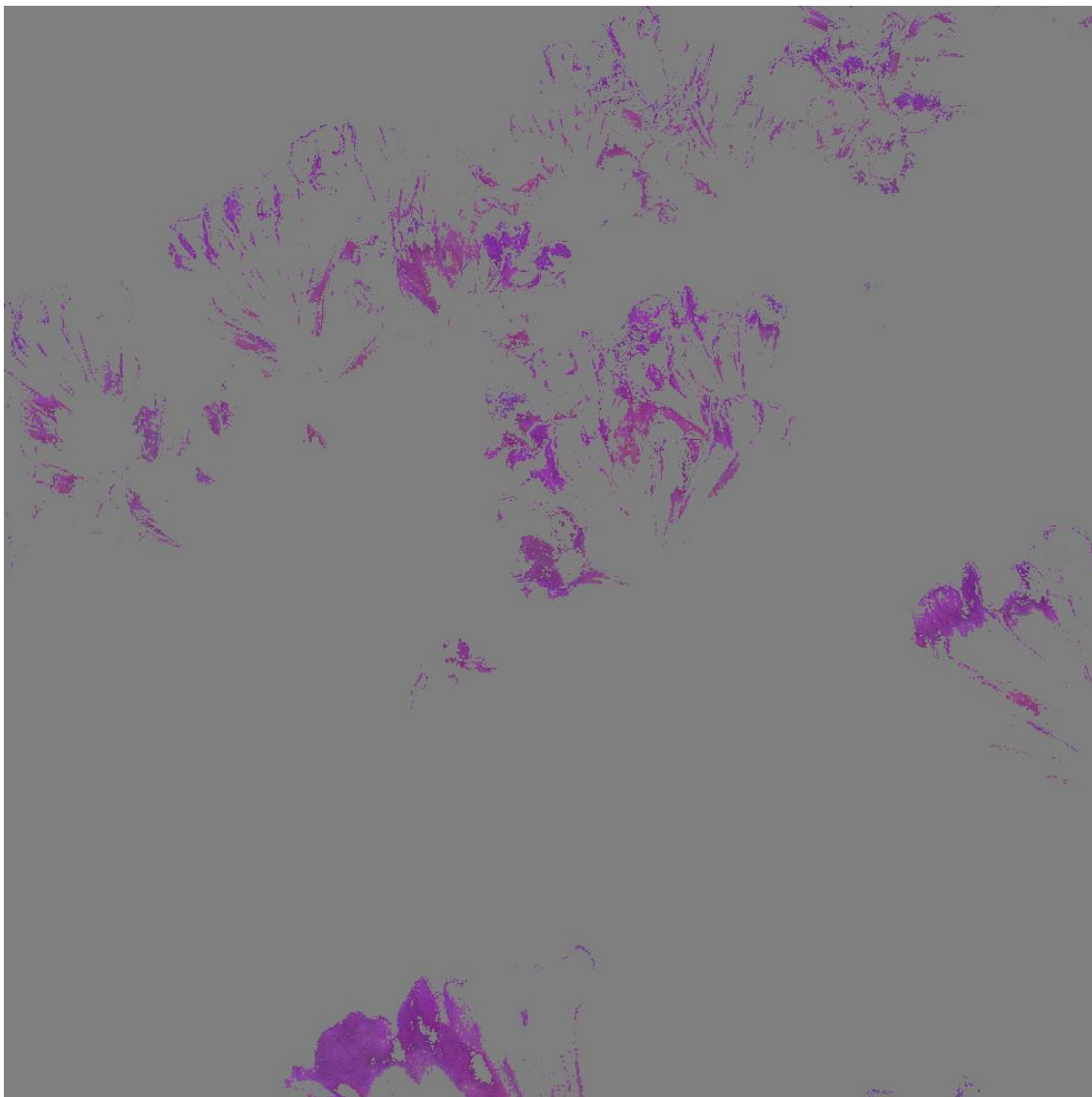
2) a2 image



Color Slicing Image

將超過R0的值設成0.5x255(灰色)

1)a1 image



2) a2 image

